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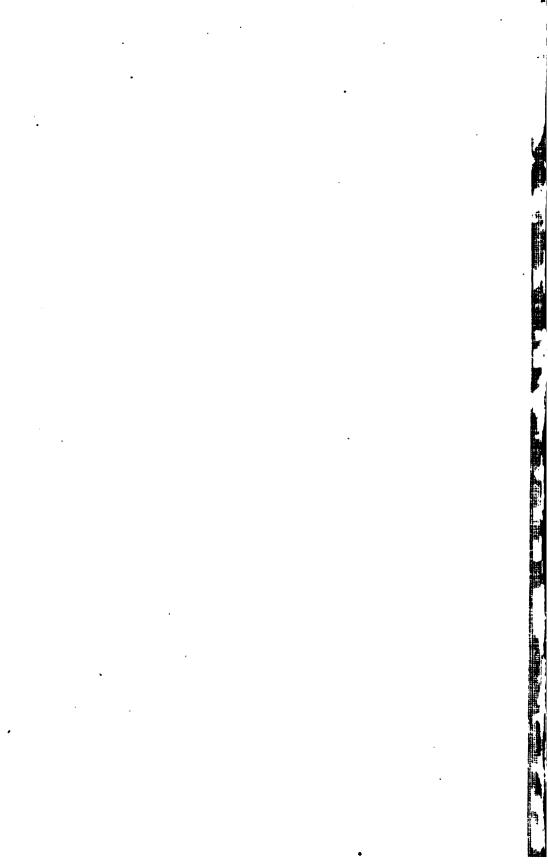
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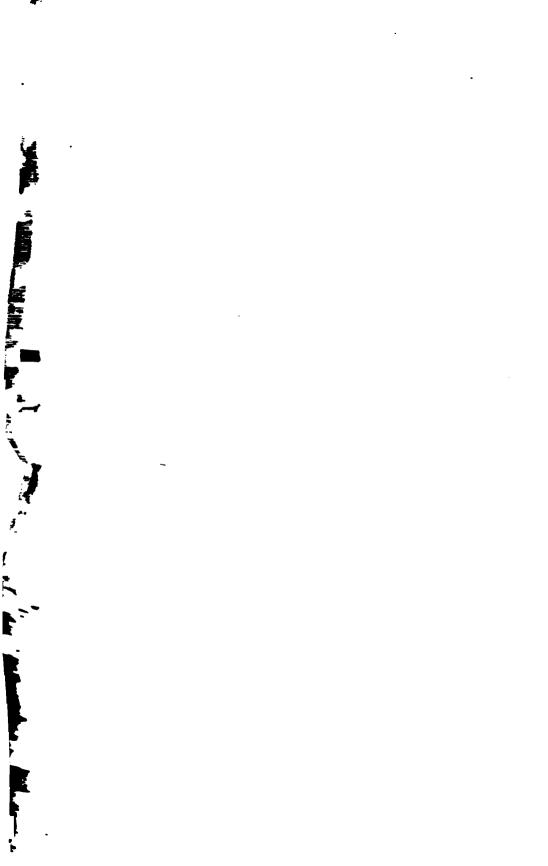
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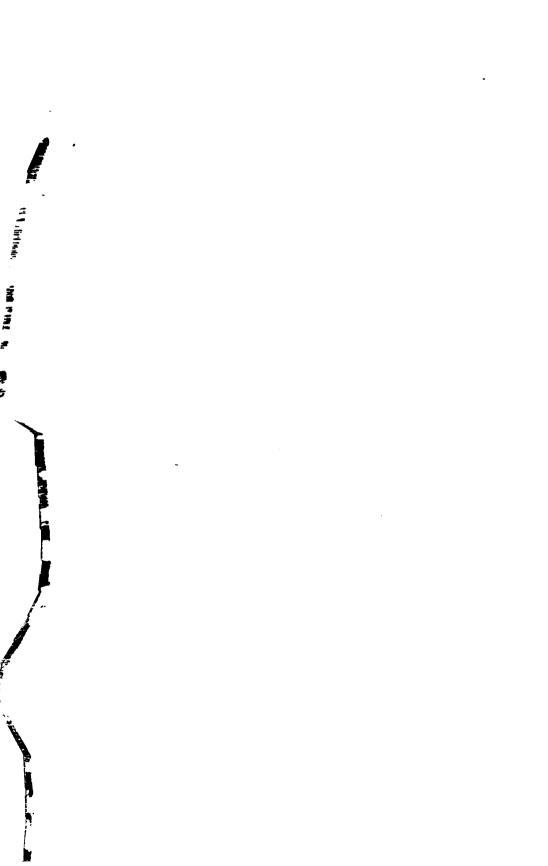
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THE FISHES

OF

NORTH AND MIDDLE AMERICA:

A DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

OF THE

SPECIES OF FISH-LIKE VERTEBRATES FOUND IN THE WATERS OF NORTH AMERICA, NORTH OF THE ISTHMUS OF PANAMA.

BY

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PREFACE.

This volume is fourth and last of a descriptive catalogue of the fishes and fish-like vertebrates of North and Middle America. Part I, Branchiostomatidæ to Priacanthidæ inclusive (pp. 1 to 1240), was published October 3, 1896; Part II, Lutianidæ to Cephalicanthidæ inclusive (pp. 1241 to 2183), was published October 3, 1898; Part III, Cultionymidæ to Ogcocephalidæ inclusive including also "Addenda," an "Artificial Key to the Families of the True Fishes," a "Glossary of Technical Terms," and an "Index" complete for Parts I, II, and III (pp. 2183a to 3136), was published November 28, 1898; and Part IV, the present volume, appears on June 26, 1900.

Since the publication of Part III, investigations by Dr. Jordan, in Mexico, and by Dr. Evermann, in Puerto Rico, have added greatly to our knowledge of the fishes of those regions, and have made it desirable to incorporate in the present volume still further addenda.

Recent studies by Dr. Günther, of certain Linnæan types, show that some changes in nomenclature are necessary, which are also included.

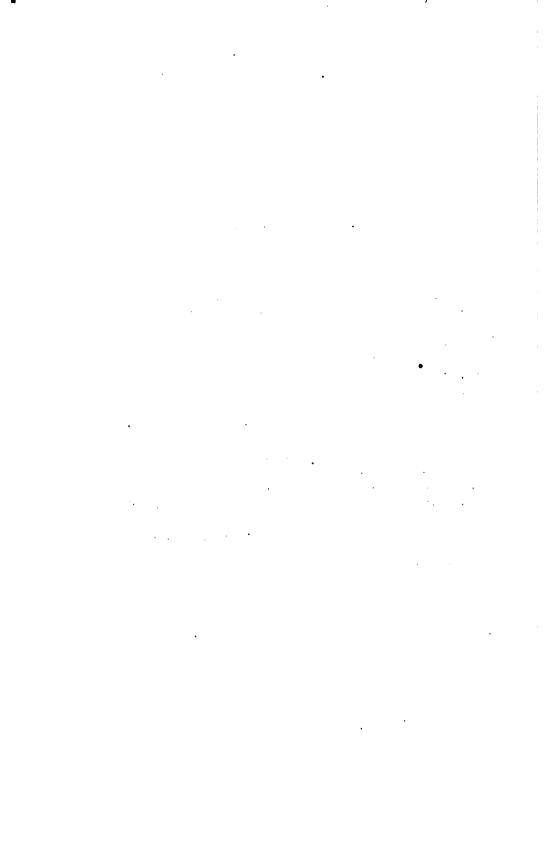
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March 15, 1900.

(III)



A SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF THE FISHES OF NORTH AND MIDDLE AMERICA.

In these pages the authors exhibit, as clearly as the method will permit, their present views as to the genetic relations of the fishes and fish-like vertebrates of North and Middle America. This list is, in fact, a Table of Contents complete for the four volumes and corrected to include the Addenda (pp. 2745-2873 of Part III and pp. 3137-8197 of Part IV). From this Systematic Arrangement it is seen that the fish fauna of North and Middle America, as now understood by the present authors, embraces 3 classes, 30 orders, 225 families, 1113 genera, 325 subgenera, 3263 species, and 133 subspecies.

	rago.
CLASS LEPTOCARDII	2
ORDER AMPHIOXI	2
Family Branchiostomidæ	2
Genus Branchiostoma, Costa	3
lanceolatum (Pallas)	3
caribæum, Sundevall.	
californiense, Gill	4
Genus Asymmetron, Andrews	4
lucayanum, Andrews	
CLASS MARSIPOBRANCHII	
Order Hyperotreti	
Family Heptatremidæ	
Genus Polistotrema, Gill.	
atouti (Lockington)	
Family Myzin dæ	
Genus Myxine, Linnæus	
glutinosa, Linnæus	
Order Hyperoartii	
Family Petromyzonidæ	
Genus Bathymyzon, Gill	
bairdii (Gill)	
Genus Petromyzon (Artedi) Linnæus	
marinus, Linnæus	
unicolor (De Kay)	
Genus Ichthyomyzon, Girard	
concolor (Kirtland)	
castaneus, Girard	
Genus Entosphenus, Gill	
tridentatus (Gairdner)	
camtschaticus (Tilesius)	
Genus Lampetra, Gray	
aurea (Bean)	
spadices, Bean	
cibaria (Girard;	
wilderi, Gage	
CLASS PISCES	
SUBCLASS SELACHII	16
ORDER DIPLOSPONDYLI	
Family Chlamydoselachidæ	
Genus Chlamydoselachus, Garman	
anguinena. Garman	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS SELACHII—Continued.	
ORDER DIPLOSPONDYLI-Continued.	
Family Hezanchida	17
Genus Notorhynchus, Ayres	17
maculatus, Ayres	17
Genus Hexanchus, Rafinesque	18
corinus, Jordan & Gilbert	18
griseus (Gmelin)	19
ORDER ASTEROSPONDYLI	19
SUBORDER PROARTHE:	19
Family Heterodontida	19
Genus Gyropleurodus, Gill	
francisci (Girard)	
quoyi (Fréminville)	
Suborder Galri	
Family Scylliorhinida	
Genus Scylliorhinus, Blainville	
profundorum, Goode & Bean	
Genus Catulus, Smith	
Subgenus Catulus	
xaniurus, Gilbert	
brunneus, Gilbert	
cephalus, Gilbert	
retifer (Garman)	
Subgenus Cephaloscyllium, Gill	
uter, Jordan & Gilbert	
Family Ginglymostomida	
Genus Ginglymostoma, Müller & Henle	
cirratum (Gmelin)	
Family Pseudotriakidæ	
Genus Pseudotriakis, Capello	
microdon, Capello	
Family Galeidæ	
Genus Mustelus, Cuvier	
lunulatus, Jordan & Gilbert	
canis (Mitchill)	
Genus Galeus, Rafinesque	
dorsalis (Gill)	
californicus (Gill)	
Genus Rhinotriacis, Gill	
henlei, Gill	
Genus Triakis, Müller & Henle	
semifasciatum, Girard	31
Genus Galeorhinus, Blainville	31
zyopterus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Galeocerdo, Müller & Henle	32
tigrinus, Müller & Henle	32
Genus Prionace, Cantor	33
glauca (Linnæus)	
Genus Carcharhinus, Blainville	33
Subgenus Platypodon, Gill	
obscurus (Le Sueur)	
platyrhynchus (Gilbert)	
falciformis (Bibron)	36
acronotus (Poey)	
perezi (Poey)	

	Page.
SUBCLASS SELACHII—Continued.	
ORDER ASTEROSPONDYLI—Continued.	
SUBORDER GALEI—Continued.	
Family Galeida—Continued.	
Genus Carcharhinus, Blainville—Continued.	
Subgenus Platypodon, Gill—Continued.	
remotus (Valenciennes)	
henlei (Valenciennes)	37
cerdale, Gilbert	
Subgenus Carcharhinus	37
milberti (Müller & Henle)	37
lamiella (Jordan & Gilbert)	37
lamia (Rafinesque)	38
platyodon (Poey)	39
fronto (Jordan & Gilbert)	39
nicaraguensis (Gill & Bransford)	
Subgenus Isogomphodon, Gill	
æthalorus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
limbatus (Müller & Henle)	
oxyrhynchus (Müller & Henle)	
velox. Gilbert.	
Genus Hypoprion, Müller & Henle	
brevirostris, Poey	
signatus, Poey	
Genus Aprionodon, Gill	
•	
isodon (Müller & Henle)	
Genus Scoliodon, Müller & Henle	
longurio (Jordan & Gilbert)	
terræ-novæ (Richardson)	
Family Sphyrnida	
Genus Sphyrna, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Reniceps, Gill	
tiburo (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Platysqualus, Swamson	
tudes (Cuvier)	44
Subgenus Sphyrna	45
zygæna (Linnæus)	45
Family Alopiida	45
Genus Alopias, Rafinesque	45
vulpes (Gmelin)	45
Family Carcharida	
Genus Carcharias, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Eugomphodus, Gill	
littoralis (Mitchill)	
Family Lamnida	
Genus Isurus, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Isuropeis, Gill	
dekayi (Gill)	
Subgenus Isurus	
oxyrhynchus, Rafinesque	
Genus Lamna, Cuvier	
cornubics (Gmelin)	
Genus Carcharodon, Smith	•
carcharias (Linnæus)	
Family Cetorhinida	
Genus Cetorhinus, Blainville	51

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS SELACHII—Continued.	•
ORDER ASTEROSPONDYLI—Continued.	
SUBORDER GALEI-Continued.	
Family Rhinodontidæ	52
Genus Micristodus Gill	52
punctatus, Gill	
Order Cyclospondyli	
SUBORDER CYCLOSPONDYLI	
Family Squalida	
Genus Squalus (Artedi) Linnæus	
acanthias, Linnæus	
sucklii (Girard)	
Genus Centroscymnus, Bocage & Capello	
cœlolepis, Bocage & Capello	
Genus Etmopterus, Rafinesque	
pusillus (Lowe)	
Genus Centroscyllium, Müller & Henle	
fabricii (Reinhardt)	
Family Dalatiidæ	
Genus Somniosus, Le Sueur	
microcephalus (Bloch)	
Family Echinorhinida	
Genus Echinorhinus, Blainville	
spinosus (Gmelin)	
SUBORDER TECTOSPONDYLI	
Family Squatinidæ	
Genus Squatina, Dumérilsquatina (Linnæus)	
Order Batoidei.	
SUBORDER SARCURA.	
Family Pristida	
Genus Pristis, Latham	
zephyreus, Jordan & Starks	
pectinatus, Latham	
Family Rhinobatidæ	
Genus Rhinobatus, Bloch & Schneider	
lentiginosus, Garman	
stellio, Jordan & Rutter	
glaucostigma, Jordan & Gilbert	
leucorhynchus, Günther	
productus, Ayres	
percellens (Walbaum)	63
spinosus, Günther	63
planiceps, Garman	
Genus Zapteryx, Jordan & Gilbert	64
exasperatus (Jordan & Gilbert)	64
xyster, Jordan & Evermann	65
Genus Platyrhinoidis, Garman	65
triseriatus (Jordan & Gilbert)	65
Family Rajidæ	66
Genus Raja (Artedi) Linnæus	
erinacea, Mitchill	
ocellata, Mitchill	
fyllæ, Lütken	
radiata, Donovan	
plutonia, Garman	
ackleyi, Garman	
ornata, Garman	70

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS SELACHII—Continued.	Page.
ORDER BATOIDEI—Continued.	
SUBORDER SARCURA—Continued.	
Family Rajidæ—Continued.	
Genus Raja (Artedi) Linnseus-Continued.	
eglanteria, Bosc	71
senta, Garman	
lævis (Mitchill)	
rhina, Jordan & Gilbert	
binoculata, Girard	
inornata, Jordan & Gilbert	
equatorialis, Jordan & Bollman	
rosispinis, Gill & Townsend	
interrupta, Gill & Townsend	
. parmifera, Bean	
stellulata, Jordan & Gilbert	75
aleutica, Gilbert	75
trachura. Gilbert	75
abvasicola, Gilbert	76
Family Nareobatida	76
Genus Tetroparce, Gill	
occidentalis (Storer)	
californica (Ayres).	
Genus Narcine, Henle	
bracilionsis (Ölfers)	
eutemedor, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Discopyge, Tschudi	
ommata, Jordan & Gilbert	78
SUBORDER MASTICURA	79
Family Daryatidæ	79
Genus Urolophus, Müller & Henle	79
halleri, Cooper	
nebulceus, Garman	
umbrifer, Jordan & Starks	
jamaiconsis (Cuvier)	
mundus (Gill)	
goodei, Jordan & Bollman	
aspidurus, Jordan & Gilbert	
rogersi, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Dasyatis, Rainesque	
Subgenus Hemitrygon, Müller & Henle	83
centrura (Mitchill)	83
Subgenus Dasyatis	83
hastata (De Kay)	
gymnura (Müller)	
sabina (Le Sueur)	
longa, Garman	
dipterura, Jordan & Gilbert	
Say (Le Sueur)	
Genus Pteroplatea, Müller & Henle	
maclura (Le Sueur)	
crebripunctata, Peters	
marmorata, Cooper	
rava, Jordan & Starks	
Family Myliobatida	87
Genus Actobatus, Blainville	88
narinari (Euphrason)	88

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS SELACHII—Continued.	
ORDER BATOIDEI—Continued.	
SUBORDER MASTICURA—Continued.	
Family Myliobatida—Continued.	
Genus Myliobatis, Duméril	89
Subgenus Myliobatis	89
freminvillel, Le Sueur	89
Subgenus Holorhinus, Gill	89
californicus, Gill	89
aspertimus, Gilbert	2754
goodei, Garman	2755
Genus Rhinoptera, Kuhl	90
Subgenus Rhinoptera	90
bonasus (Mitchill)	90
steindachneri, Evermann & Jenkins	91
Subgenus Micromesus, Gill	91
ensenadæ, Rosa Smith	91
Family Aodontida	1: 2756
Genus Aodon, Lacépède	91
hypostomus (Bancroft)	
Genus Ceratobatis, Boulenger	
robertaii, Boulenger	
Genus Manta, Bancroft	
birostris (Walbaum)	
SUBCLASS HOLOCEPHALI	
Order Chimæroidei	
Family Chimæridæ	
Genus Chimæra. Linnæus	
monstross, Linnæus	
affinis, Capello	
Genus Hydrolagus, Gill	
colliei (Lay & Bennett)	
Genus Harriotta, Goode & Bean	
raleighana, Goode & Bean	
SUBCLASS TELEOS IOML.	
Series Ganoidei	
Chondroganoidea.	
Order Selachostomi	
Family Polyodontidæ	
spathula (Walbaum)	
Order Chondrostei	
Family Acipenserida	
Genus Acipenser, Linnæus.	
transmontanus, Richardson	
medirostris, Ayres	
sturio, Linnæus	
rubicundus, Le Sueur	
brevirostrum, Le Sueur	
Genus Scaphirhynchus, Heckel	
platorynchus (Rafinesque)	
Holostei	
ORDER RHOMBOGANOIDEA	
Family Lepisosteida	
Genus Lepisoateus, Lacépède	
Subgenus Lepisosteus	
osseus (Linnæus)	109

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER RHOMBOGANOIDEA—Continued.	
Family Lepisosteidæ—Continued.	
Genus Lepisosteus, Lacépède—Continued.	
Subgenus Cylindrosteus, Rafinesque	110
platostomus, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Atractosteus, Rafinesque	
tristochus (Bloch & Schneider)	
tropicus (Gill)	
ORDEE CYCLOGANOIDEA.	
Family Amiida	
Genus Amia, Linnæus	
calva, Linnæus	
Series Teleostei	
Ostariophysi	
ORDER NEMATOGNATHI	
Family Silurida	
Genus Felichthys, Swainson	
panamensis (Gill)	
bagre (Linnæus)	
pinnimaculatus (Steindachner)	
eydouxii (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
filamentosus, Swainson	
felis (Linnæus)	118; 3197
bahiensis (Castelnau)	
Genus Galeichthys, Cuvier & Valenciennes	122; 2770
Subgenus Galeichthys	2771
lentiginosus (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	122; 2771
peruanus, Lütken	122; 2771
Subgenus Hexanematichthys, Bleeker	128; 2772
milberti (Cuvier & Valenciennea)	128; 3197
seemanni (Günther)	
gilberti, Jordan & Williams	
jordani (Elgenmann & Eigenmann)	
azureus, Jordan & Williams	
cærulescens (Günther)	
xenauchen, Gilbert	
guatemalenais (Günther)	
surinamensis (Bleeker)	
dasycephalus (Günther)	
longicephalus (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	
rugispinis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
labiatus (Boulenger)	
phrygiatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Sciadeichthys, Bleeker	
• •	
troscheli (Gill)	
emphysetus (Müller & Troschel)	
temminckianus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
flavescens (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
mesops (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
proops (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
passany (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
albicans (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Aspistor, Jordan & Evermann	
luniscutis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Selenaspis, Bleeker	
herzbergii (Bloch)	124

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	P	age.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMIContinued.		
ORDER NEMATOGNATHI—Continued.		
Family Silurida—Continued.		
Genus Selenaspis, Bleeker—Continued.		
dowi (Gill)		. 125
parkeri (Traill)		
Genus Netuma, Bleeker		
Subgenus Notarius, Gill		
grandicassis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
stricticassis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	126:	2765
Subgenus Netuma	,	2765
dubia (Bleeker)		
keasleri (Steindachner)		
insculpta (Jordan & Gilbert)		
planiceps (Steindachner)		
platypogon (Günther)		
oscula (Jordan & Gilbert)		
elattura (Jordan & Gilbert)		
insularum, Flora Hartley Greene		
Genus Tachysurus, Lacépède		
nuchalis (Günther)		
fissus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
spixii (Agassiz)		
melanopus (Günther)		
festæ, Boulenger		
liropus, Susan B. Bristol		
emmelane, Gilbert		
furthii (Steindachner)		
variolosus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
multiradiatus (Günther)		
Genus Cathorops, Jordan & Gilbert		
hypophthalmus (Steindachner)	133:	2788
gulosus (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)		
Genus Ictalurus, Rafinesque		
furcatus (Le Sueur)	134:	2788
anguilla, Evermann & Kendall		
punctatus (Rafinesque)	134;	2788
meridionalis (Günther)		. 135
Genus Istlarius, Jordan & Snyder		3138
balsanus, Jordan & Snyder		3139
Genus Ameiurus, Rafinesque		. 135
Subgenus Haustor, Jordan & Evermann	187;	3197
lacustris (Walbaum)		. 137
lupus (Girard)		. 137
catus (Linnæus)	· · · · ·	. 138
pricei (Rutter)		2790
dugesi Bean	138;	2789
okeechobeensis (Heilprin)		. 138
Subgenus Ameiurus		. 139
erebennus, Jordan		
natalis (Le Sueur)		
vulgaris (Thompson)		
nebulosus (Le Sueur)		
catulus (Girard)		
marmoratus (Holbrook)		
melas (Rafinesque)		
platycephalus (Girard)		. 142

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER NEMATOGNATHI—Continued. Family Siluridæ—Continued.	
Genus Ameiurus, Rafinesque—Continued.	
Subgenus Gronias, Cope	140
nigrilabris (Cope)	
Genus Leptope, Rafinesque	
olivaris (Rafinesque)	
Genus Noturus, Rafinesque	
flavus, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Schilbeodes	
gyrinus (Mitchill)	
leptacanthus (Jordan)	
Subgenus Rabida, Jordan & Evermann	
nocturnus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
funebris (Gilbert & Swain)	
exilis (Nelson)	
insignis (Richardson)	
gilberti (Jordan & Evermann)	
eleutherus (Jordan)	
miufua (Jordan)	
furiosus (Jordan & Meek)	
Genus Rhamdia, Bleeker	
Subgenus Rhamdia	
wagneri (Günther)	
Subgenus Rhamdella, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
baronis-mulleri (Troschel)	
motaguensis (Günther)	
brachyptera (Cope)	
salvini (Günther)	
hypeolurus (Günther)	
laticauda (Heckel)	
godmani (Günther)	
guatemalensis (Günther)	
nicaraguensis (Günther)	
micropters (Günther)	
managuensis (Günther)	
polycaulus (Günther)	
petenensis (Günther)	
parryi (Eigenmann)	
Genus Pimelodella, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
chagresi (Steindachner)	
modesta (Günther)	
Genus Pimelodus, Lacépède	
maculatus, Lacépède	
Family Loricariida	
Genus Loricaria, Linnæus	
Subgenus Hemiodon, Kner	
panamensis, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
Subgenus Sturisoma, Swainson	
rostrata, Spix	
Subgenus Rineloricaria, Bleeker	
lima, Kner	
bransfordi, Gill	
Subgenus Parahemiodon, Bleeker	158
uracantha, Kner & Steindachner	158

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued. ORDER NEMATOGNATHI—Continued.	Page.
Family Loricariida—Continued.	
Genus Loricaria, Linnæus—Continued.	
	150
Subgenus Loricaria	
variegata, Steindachner	
Genus Hemiancistrus, Bleeker	
guacharote (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
aspidolepis (Günther)	
Genus Chætostomus, Kner	
fischeri, Steindachner	
Genus Ancistrus, Kner	
chagresi, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
Order Plectospondyli	160
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI	161
Family Catostomidæ	161
Genus Ictiobus, Rafinesque	163
Subgenus Sclerognathus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	163
cyprinella (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	163
Subgenus Ictiobus	
urus (Agassiz)	
meridionalis (Günther)	
bubalus (Rafinesque)	
Genus Carpiodes, Rafinesque	
carpio (Rafinesque)	
difformis, Cope	
thompsoni, Agassiz	
velifer (Rafinesque)	
cyprinus (Le Sueur)	
Genus Cycleptus, Rafinesque	
elongatus (Le Sueur)	
Genus Pantosteus, Cope	
arizonæ, Gilbert	
generosus (Girard)	
plebeius (Baird & Girard)	
delphinus (Cope)	
guzmaniensis (Girard)	
jordani, Evermann	
aræopus (Jordan)	
clarki (Baird & Girard)	
Genus Catostomus, Le Sueur	
Subgenus Catostomus	
latipinnis, Baird & Girard	
discobolus, Cope	
griseus (Girard)	
retropinnis, Jordan	2791
pocatello, Gilbert & Evermann	
catostomus (Forster)	176
rimiculus, Gitbert & Snyder	
snyderi, Gilbert	2792
tahoensis, Gill & Jordan	177
Subgenus Decactylus, Rafinesque	
occidentalis, Ayres	
tsiltcoosensis, Evermann & Meek	
bernardini, Girard	
macrocheilus, Girard	
commersonii, Lacépède	
ardens, Jordan & Gilbert	

	•
CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Catostomida—Continued.	
Genus Catostomus, Le Sueur—Continued.	
Subgenus Decactylus, Rafinesque—Continued.	
	100
gila, Kirsch	
insignis, Baird & Girard	
Subgenus Hypentelium, Rafinesque	
nigricans, Le Sueur	
rhothœcus, Thoburn	
Genus Deltistes, Seale	2794
luxatus (Cope)	
Genus Chasmistes	182
fecundus (Cope & Yarrow)	180 - 2704
liorus, Jordan	
cujus, Cope	
brevirostris, Cope	
stomias, Gilbert	
copei, Evermann & Meek	
Genus Xyrauchen, Eigenmann & Kirsch	
cypho (Lockington)	
uncompangre, Jordan & Evermann	184
Genus Erimyzon, Jordan	
sucetta (Lacépède)	
oblongus (Mitchill)	
Genus Minytrema, Jordan	
melanops (Rafinesque)	
Genus Moxostoma, Rafinesque	
papillosum (Cope)	
anisurum (Rafinesque)	
collapsum (Cope)	
bucco (Cope)	
pidiense (Cope)	
coregonus (Cope)	
album (Cope)	191
thalassinum (Cope)	191
congestum (Baird & Girard)	
austrinum, Bean	
aureolum (Le Sueur)	
robustum (Cope)	
macrolepidotum (Le Sueur)	
crassilabre (Cope)	
lesucuri (Richardson)	
breviceps (Cope)	
conus (Cope)	
pœcilurum (Jordan)	
rupiscartes, Jordan & Jenkins	196
cervinum (Cope)	
Genus Placopharynx, Cope	
duquesnii (Le Sueur)	
Genus Lagochila, Jordan & Brayton	
lacera, Jordan & Brayton	
Family Cyprinida	
Genus Campostoma, Agassiz	
ornatum, Girard	
anomalum (Rafinesque)	
formosulum, Girard	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	
Genus Orthodon, Girard	
microlepidotus (Ayres)	
Genus Oxygeneum, Forbes	
pulverulentum, Forbes	207
Genus Acrocheilus, Agassiz	207
alutaceus, Agassis & Pickering	208
Genus Lavinia, Girard	208
exilicauda, Baird & Girard	209
Genus Chrosomus, Rafinesque	209
erythrogaster, Rafinesque	200
eos (Cope)	210
dakotensis, Evermann & Cox	210
oreas, Cope	2 11
Genus Algansea, Girard	211
tincella (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
lacustris, Steindachner	3140
tarascorum, Steindachner	
dugesi, Bean	
sallæi (Günther)	
Genus Hybognathus, Agassis	
Subgenus Hybognathus	
nuchalis, Agaesiz	
argyritis, Girard	
hayi, Jordan	
Subgenus Dionda, Girard	
serena (Girard)	
episcopa (Girard)	
nubila (Forbes)	
amara (Girard)	
melanops (Girard)	
plumbea (Girard)	
Genus Pimephales, Rafinesque	
promelas, Rafinesque	
maculosus (Girard)	
confertus (Girard)	
notatus (Rafinesque)	
Genus Mylopharodon, Ayres	
conocephalus (Baird & Girard)	
Genus Mylocheilus, Agassiz	
caurinus (Richardson)	
Genus Stypodon, Garman	
signifer, Garman	
Genus Semotilus, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Leucosomus, Heckel	
corporalis (Mitchill)	
Subgenus Semotilus	
atromaculatus (Mitchell)	
thoreauianus (Jordan)	
Genus Pogonichthys, Girard	
macrolepidotus (Ayres)	
Genus Ptychocheilus, Agassiz	
oregonensis (Richardson)	
grandis (Ayres)	
lucius, Girard	225

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SURCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOSPONDYLI-Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	
Genus Gila, Baird & Girard.	
elegans, Baird & Girard	
robusta, Baird & Girard	
seminuda, Cope & Yarrow	
Genus Leuciscus, Cuvier	
Subgenus Siboma, Girard	
crassicauda (Baird & Girard) Subgenus Tigoma, Girard	
conformis (Baird & Girard)	
bicolor (Girard)	
lineatus (Girard).	
nigrescens (Girard)	
purpureus (Girard)	
intermedius (Girard)	
niger (Cope)	
alicim (Jony)	
Subgenus Cheonda, Girard	
cooperi (Girard)	
humboldti (Girard)	
egregius (Girard)	
hydrophlox (Cope)	
Subgenus Richardsonius, Girard	
balteatus (Richardson)	238
siuslawi, Evermann & Meek	2797
Subgenus Clinostomus, Girard	239
vandoisulus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	239
elongatus (Kirtland)	240
nachtriebi, Cox	
Subgenus Phoxinus, Rafinesque	240
neogæus (Cope)	
margarita (Cope)	
orcutti (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	
Subgenus Hemitremia, Cope	
milnerianus (Cope)	
flammeus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Subgenua Iotiohthya, Jordan & Evermann	
phlegethontis (Cope)	
Genus Rutilus, Rafinesque	
olivaceus (Cope)	
symmetricus (Beird & Girard)	
boucardi (Günther)	
Genus Opsopæodus, Hay	
Subgenus Opsopæodus	
osculus, Evermann	
emiliæ. Hay	
megalops (Forbes)	
Subgenus Opsopæa, Jordan & Evermann.	
bollmani, Gilbert	
Genus Abramis, Cuvier	
Subgenus Notemigonus, Rafinesque	
crysoleucas (Mitchill)	
bosci (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	251
gardoneus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Rull No 47 nt 4	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.	
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	-	
ORDER PLECTOSPONDYLI—Continued.		
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.		
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	•	
Genus Cochlognathus, Baird & Girard	25	ı
ornata, Baird & Girard	25	2
biguttata. Cope	25	2
Genus Cliola, Girard	25	2
vigilax (Baird & Girard)	25	3
smithii, Evermann & Cox	25	3
Genus Notropis, Rafinesque		
Subgenus Aztecula, Jordan & Evermann 2		
aztecus, Woolman		
Subgenus Chriope, Jordan		
bifrenatus (Cope)		
jordani, Eigenmann & Eigenmann		
maculatus (Hay)		
anogenus, Forbes		
cayuga, Meek		
atrocaudalis, Evermann		
heterodon (Cope)		
calientis, Jordan & Snyder		
muskoka, Meek		
welaka, Evermann & Kendall.		
Subgenus Alburnope, Girard		
fretensis (Cope)		
blennius (Girard)		
buchanani, Meek		
sabinæ, Jordan & Gilbert		
volucellus (Cope)		
acylla (Cope)		
procne (Cope)		
rasconis, Jordan & Snyder		
nigrotæniatus (Günther)		
kanawha, Jordan & Jenkins.		
braytoni, Jordan & Evermann		
spectrunculus (Cope)		
osarcanus, Meek		
chihuahua, Woolman		
topeka, Gilbert		
Subgenus Hudsonius, Girard		
gilberti, Jordan & Meek		
piptolepis (Cope)		
simus (Cope)		
longirostris (Hay)		
nux, Evermann.		
nocomis. Evermann		
shumardi (Girard)		
illecebrosus (Girard)		
hudsonius (De Witt Clinton)		
selene (Jordan)		
amarus (Girard)		
saludanus (Jordan & Brayton)		
Subgenus Codoma, Girard		
ornatus (Girard)		
Subgenus Moniana, Girard		
formosus (Girard)		
frigidua (Girard)	27	n

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TRLEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER PLECTOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	
Genus Notropis, Rafinesque—Continued.	
Subgenus Moniana, Girard—Continued.	
lutrensis (Baird & Girard)	971
proserpina (Girard)	
callisema (Jordan)	
Subgenus Cyprinella, Girard	
bubelinus (Baird & Girard)	
ludibundus (Girard)	
macrostomus (Girard)	
texanus (Girard)	
notatus (Girard)	
venustus (Girard)	
cercostigms (Cope)	
stigmaturus (Jordan)	
trichroistius (Jordan & Gilbert)	
callistius (Jordan)	
eurystomus (Jordan)	
cæruleus (Jordan)	
niveus (Cope)	
chloristius (Jordan & Brayton)	
whipplii (Girard)	
analostanus (Girard)	
galacturus (Cope)	
camurus (Jordan & Meek)	
xænurus (Jordan)	
hypeolopterus (Günther)	
pyrthomelas (Cope)	
garmani, Jordan	
Subgenus Luxilus, Rafinesque	
cornutus (Mitchill)	
frontalis (Agassiz)	
cyaneus (Cope)	
cerasinus (Cope)	
albeolus (Jordan)	
lacertosus (Cope)	
Subgenus Hydrophlex, Jordan	
macdonaldi, Jordan & Jenkins	
coccogenia (Cope)	
sonatus (Agassiz)	
zonistius (Jordan)	
rubricroceus (Cope)	
chlorecephalus (Cope)	
lutipinnis (Jordan & Brayton)	
chamberlaini, Evermann	
chiliticus (Cope)	
altipinnis (Cope)	
rosens (Jordan)	
chalybæus (Cope)	
chrosomus (Jordan)	
xenocephalus (Jordan)	
Subgenus Orcula, Jordan & Evermann	
orca, Woolman	
Subgenus Notropis	
ariommus (Cope)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOSPUNDYLI-Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	
Genus Notropis, Rafinesque—Continued.	
Subgenus Notropis—Continued.	
scabriceps (Cope)	290
jejunus (Forbes)	290
awaini, Jordan	
amabilis (Girard)	
leuciodus (Cope)	
telescopus (Cope)	
arcansanus, Meek	
socius (Girard)	
notemigonoides, Evermann.	
stilbius, Jordan	
atherinoides, Rafinesque	
arge (Cope)	
dilectus (Girard)	
louisianse, Evermann	
•	
fumeus, Evermann	
rubrifrons (Cope)	
photogenia (Cope)	
amœnus (Abbott)	
scepticus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
micropteryx (Cope)	
metallicus, Jordan & Meek	
Subgenus Lythrurus, Jordan	
bellus (Hay)	
lirus (Jordan)	
roseipinnis, Hay	298
umbratilis (Girard)	298
umbratilis (Gırard)	299
atripes (Jordan)	300
lythrurus (Jordan)	300
cyanocephalus (Copeland)	
ardens (Cope)	301
fasciolaris, Gilbert	
matutinus (Cope)	
punctulatus (Hay)	
Genus Xystrosus, Jordan & Snyder	
popoche, Jordan & Snyder	
Genus Ericymba, Cope	
buccata, Cope	
Genus Phenacobius, Cope	
teretulus, Cope	
mirabilis (Girard).	
scopifer (Cope)	
uranope, Cope	
catostomus Jordan	
Genus Evarra, Woolman	
eigenmanni, Woolman	
Genus Falcula, Jordan & Snyder	
chapalie, Jordan & Snyder	
Genus Tiaroga, Girard	
cobitis, Girard	
Genus Rhinichthys, Agassiz	
cataractæ (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
dulcis (Girard)	306

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued. ORDER PLECTOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	
Genus Rhinichthys, Agassiz—Continued.	
simus, Garman	207
atronasus (Mitchill)	
croceus (Storer)	
lunatus (Cope)	
meleagris (Agassiz)	
Genus Agosia, Girard	
Subgenus Apocope, Cope	
oscula (Girard)	
yarrowi, Jordan & Evermann	
conesii (Yarrow)	
adobe Jordan & Evermann	
nevadensis (Gilbert)	
nubila (Girard)	
carringtonii (Cope)	
klamathensis, Evermann & Meek	
velifera (Gilbert)	
umatilla. Gilbert & Evermann	
falcata, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
Subgenus Agosia	
chrysogaster, Girard	
Genus Hybopsis, Agassiz	
Subgenus Erimystax, Jordan	
tetranemus, Gilbert	
sestivalis (Girard)	
marconis, Jordan & Gilbert	
hyostomus (Gilbert)	
gelidus (Girard).	
meeki. Jordan & Evermann	
montanus, Meek	
cumingii (Günther)	
monacus (Cope)	
dissimilis (Kirtland)	
watauga, Jordan & Evermann	
Subgenus Hybopsis	
labrosus (Cope)	
hypsinotus (Cope)	
rubrifrons (Jordan)	
amblops (Rafinesque)	
storerianus (Kirtland)	
Subgenus Yuriria, Jordan & Evermann	
altus (Jordan)	
Subgenus Nocomis, Girard	
kentuckiensis (Rafinesque)	
Genus Couesius, Jordan	
squamilentus (Cope)	
plumbeus (Agassiz)	
dissimilis (Girard)	
greeni. Jordan	
adustus, Woolman	
Genus Platygobio, Gill	
physignathus (Cope)	
gracilis (Richardson)	

LASS PISCES—Continued.	Page
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
Order Plectospondyli—Continued.	
SUBORDER EVENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Cyprinida—Continued.	
Genus Exoglossum, Rafinesque	32
maxillingua (Le Sueur)	32
Genus Lepidomeda, Cope	32
vittata, Cope	32
jarrovii, Cope	32
Genus Meda, Girard	
fulgida, Girard	32
Genus Plagopterus, Cope	
argentissimus, Cope	32
SUBORDER HETEROGNATHI	
Family Erythrinidæ	
Genus Macrodon, Müller	
microlepis, Günther	33
Family Characinida	3 3
Genus Curimata (Cuvier) Cloquet	
magdalenæ, Steindachner	
Genus Piabucina, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
panamensis, Gill	
festæ, Boulenger	
Genus Tetragonopterus, Cuvier	
Subgenus Astyanax, Baird & Girard	
æneus, Günther	
rutilus, Jenyns	
panamensis, Günther	
microphthalmus, Günther	
œrstedii, Kröyer	
petenensis, Günther	
scabripinnis, Jenyns	
humilis, Günther	
brevimanus, Günther	
mexicanus, Filippi	
argentatus (Baird & Girard)	
Genus Brycon, Müller & Troschel	
Subgenus Chalcinopsis, Kner	
dentex, Günther	
striatulus (Kner)	
Genus Gasteropelecus (Gronow) Pallas	
maculatus, Steindachner	
Genus Rœboides, Günther	
guatemalensis (Günther)	
Genus Bramocharax, Gill	
bransfordi. Gill.	
Genus Luciocharax, Steindachner	
insculptus, Steindachner	
Suborder Gymnonoti	
Family Gymnotidæ	
Genus Giton, Kaup	
fasciatus (Pallas)	
Genus Eigenmannia, Jordan & Evermann	
humboldti (Steindachner)	
ORDER SYMBRANCHIA.	
Family Symbranchidæ	
Genus Symbranchus, Bloch	
marmoratus, Bloch	
marmoratus, Dioch	342

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Pa	ge.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI-Continued.		
ORDER CARENCHELYI		
Family Derichthyidæ		
Genus Derichthys, Gill		
serpentinus, Gill		
Onder Apodes		
SUBORDER ENCHELYCEPHALI		
Family Anguillida		
Genue Anguilla, Shaw		
chrysypa, Rafinesque		
Family Simenchelyidæ. Genus Simenchelvs, Gill.		
parasiticus, Gill		
Family Ilyophida.		
Genus Ilyophis, Gilbert		
brunneus, Gilbert		
Family Synaphobranchida		
Genus Synaphobranchus, Johnson		
pin natus (Gronow)		
Genus Histiobranchus, Gill		
bathy bius, Günther		
infernalis, Gill		
Family Leptocephalida		
Genus Leptocephalus (Gronow) Scopoli		
conger (Linnæus)		
caudilimbatus (Poey)		
Genus Congrellus, Ogilby		
balearicus (De la Roche)		
macrurus (Gilbert)		356
prorigera (Gilbert)		357
nitens (Jordan & Bollman)		357
flavus (Goode & Bean)		
Genus Uroconger, Kaup		358
vicinus, Vaillant		
Family Murænesocidæ		
Genus Murænesox, McClelland		
Subgenus Murænesox		
coniceps, Jordan & Gilbert		
savanna (Cuvier)		
Genus Xenomystax, Gilbert		
atrarius, Gilbert		
Genus Hoplunnis, Kaup		
schmidtii, Kaup		
diomedianus, Goode & Bean		
mucronatus, Girard		
vermiformis, Gilbert		
Genus Leptoconger, Poey		
perlongus (Poey)		
Genus Stilbiscus, Jordan & Bollman		
edwardsi, Jordan & Bollman		
Genus Gordiichthys, Jordan & Davis		
irretitus, Jordan & Davis		
Family Nettastomidæ		
Genus Chlopsis, Rafinesque		
equatorialis, Gilbert		
Genus Venefica, Jordan & Davis		
procera, Goode & Bean		

	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER APODES—Continued.	
SUBORDER ENCHELYCEPHALI—Continued.	204
Family Nemichthyida	
Genus Serrivomer, Gill & Ryderbeanii, Gill & Ryder	
Genus Spinivomer, Gill & Ryder	
goodei, Gill & Ryder	
Genus Avocettina, Jordan & Davis	
infans (Günther)	
gilli (Bean)	
elongata (Gill & Ryder)	
Genus Labichthys, Gill & Ryder	
carinatus, Gill & Ryder	
Genus Nemichthys, Richardson	
scolopaceus, Richardson	
avocetta, Jordan & Gilbert	
Family Myrida:	
Genus Ahlia, Jordan & Davis	
egmontis (Jordan)	
Genus Myrophis, Lütken	371
punctatus, Lütken	271
vafer, Jordan & Gilbert	372
Genus Chilorhinus, Lütken	372
suensonii, Lütken	372
Family Ophichthyidæ	372
Genus Sphagebranchus, Bloch	378
anguiformis (Peters).	
selachops (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Verma, Jordan & Evermann	
kendalli (Gilbert)	375
Genus Letharchus, Goode & Bean	
velifer, Goode & Bean	
Genus Myrichthys, Girard	
tigrinus, Girard	
xysturus, Jordan & Gilbert	
pantostigmius, Jordan & McGregor	
oculatus (Kaup)	
acuminatus (Gronow)	
Genus Piscodonophis, Kaup	
cruentifer, Goode & Bean daspilotus, Gilbert	
Genus Callechelys, Kaup	
muræna, Jordan & Evermann	
Genus Bascanichthys, Jordan & Davis	
scuticaris (Goode & Bean)	
peninsulæ (Gilbert)	
bascanium (Jordan)	
Genus Quassiremus, Jordan & Davis	
nothochir (Gilbert)	
evionthas (Jordan & Bollman)	
Genus Ophichthus, Thunberg & Ahl	
Subgenus Cryptopterus, Kaup	
puncticeps (Kanp)	
Subgenus Ophichthus	
ophis (Linnæus)	; 2804
retropinnis (Eigenmann)	883

ASS PISCES—Continued. UBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER APODES—Continued.	
SUBORDER EXCHELYCEPHALI—Continued.	
Family Ophichthyida—Continued.	
Genus Ophichthus, Thunberg & Ahl—Continued.	
Subgeous Murenopsis, Kaup	202
guttifer (Bean & Dresel)	
oceilatus (Le Sueur)	
triserialis (Kaup)	
Subgenus Scytalophis, Kaup	
gomesii (Castelnau)	
sophochir (Jordan & Gilbert)	
magnioculis (Kaup)	
parilis (Richardson)	
Genus Mystriophis, Kaup	
Subgenus Echiopsis, Kaup	
intertinctus (Richardson)	
Genus Scytalichthys, Jordan & Davis	
miurus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Brachysomophis, Kaup	
crocodilinus (Bennett)	
SCHORDER COLOCEPHALI	
Family Muranida	888
Genus Enchelycore, Kaup	
nigricans (Bonnaterre)	
Genus Pythonichthys, Poey	390
sanguineus, Poey	890
Genus Rabula, Jordan & Davis	390
aquæ-dulcis (Cope)	
marmorea (Valenciennes)	
panamensis (Steindachner)	
longicanda (Peters)	
Genus Lycodontis, McClelland	
Subgenus Lycodontis	
verrilli (Jordan & Gilbert)	
vicinus (Castelnau)	
virescens (Poey)	
polygonius (Poey)	
moringa (Cuvier)	
mordax (Ayres)	
funebris (Ranzani)	
castaneus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
pictus (Ahl)	
dovii (Günther)	
conspersus (Poey)	
miliaris (Kaup)	
elaboratus (Poey).	
obscuratus (Poey)	
jordani, Evermann & Marsh	
chlevastes (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Subgenus Priodonophis, Kaup	
ocellatus (Agassiz)	
saxicola (Jordan & Davis)	
nigromarginatus (Girard)	
Genus Muræna (Artedi), Linnæus	
insularum, Jordan & Davis	400

LASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
Order Apodes—Continued.	
SUBORDER COLOCEPHALI—Continued.	
Family Muranida—Continued.	
Genus Muræna (Artedi) Linnæus—Continued.	
argus (Steindachner)	
clepsydra, Gilbert	2805
retifera, Goode & Bean	401
melanotia (Kaup)	401
lentiginosa. Jenyns	402
Genus Echidna, Forster	402
nocturna (Cope)	402
catenata (Bloch)	403
Genus Uropterygius, Rüppell	403
Subgenus Scutica, Jordan & Evermann	
necturus (Jordan & Gilbert)	404
Genus Channomuræna, Richardson	
vittata (Richardson)	404
ORDER LYOMERI	
Family Saccopharyngidæ	405
Genus Saccopharynx, Mitchill	
ampullaceus (Harwood)	
Family Eurypharyngidæ	
Genus Gastrostomus, Gill & Ryder	
bairdii, Gill & Ryder	
ORDER ISOSPONDYLI	
Family Elopidæ	408
Genus Tarpon, Jordan & Evermann	
atlanticus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Elops, Linnæus	
saurus, Linnæus	410
Family Albulida	410
Genus Albula (Gronow) Scopoli	411: 2807
vulpes (Linnæus)	411
Family Hiodontidæ	
Genus Hiodon, Le Sueur	
Subgenus Amphiodon, Rafinesque	
alosoides (Rafinesque)	
Subgenus Hiodon	413
tergisus, Le Sueur	413
selenops, Jordan & Bean	414
Family Chanida	
Genus Chanos, Lacépède	414
chanos (Forskål)	414
Family Dorocomida	415
Genus Dorosoma, Rafinesque	415
cepedianum (Le Sueur)	416
exile, Jordan & Gilbert	
mexicanum (Günther)	
petenense (Günther)	417
Genus Signalosa, Evermann & Kendall	2809
achafalayæ, Evermann & Kendall	2809
Family Cluperdæ	
Genus Jenkinsia, Jordan & Evermann	418
acuminata (Gilbert)	
lamprotænia (Gosse)	419
stolifera (Jordan & Gilbert)	419

CLASS PISCES-Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ISOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
Family Clupeidæ—Continued.	
Genus Etrumeus, Bleeker	419
sadina (Mitchill)	420
Genus Perkinsia, Rosa Smith Eigenmann	420
othonope, R. S. Eigenmann	420
Genus Clupea (Artedi) Linnæus	421
harengus, Linnæus	421
pallasii, Cuvier & Valenciennes	422
Genus Clupanodon, Lacépède	422
cæruleus (Girard)	423
pseudohiapanicus (Poey)	423
Genus Pomolobus, Rafinesque	424
chrysochloris, Rafinesque	425
mediocris, Mitchill	425
pseudoharengus (Wilson)	426
æstivalis (Mitchill)	426
Genus Alosa, Cuvier	427
sapidissima (Wilson)	427
alabamæ, Jordan & Evermann	2810
Genus Sardinella, Cuvier & Valenciennes	428
Subgenus Sardinella	429
anchovia (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	429
clupeola (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	429
apicalis (Müller & Troschel)	429
bishopi (Müller & Troschel)	430
Subgenus Harengula, Cuvier & Valenciennes	430
sardina (Poey)	430
macrophthalmus (Ranzani)	430
thriseina (Jordan & Gilbert)	430
humeralis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	431
Subgenus Lile, Jordan & Evermann	431
stolifera (Jordan & Gilbert)	431
Genus Opisthonema, Gill	432
oglinum (Le Sueur)	432
libertate (Günther)	433
Genus Brevoortis, Gill	433
tyrannus (Latrobe)	433
aurea (Agassiz)	434
brevicaudata, Goode	434
patronus, Goode	434
Genus Chirocentrodon, Günther	48 5
tæniatus, Günther	435
Genus Ilisha, Gray	435
flavipinnis (Valenciennes)	
bleekeriana (Poey)	436
furthi (Steindschner)	
Genus Opisthopterus, Gill	
lutipinnis (Jordan & Gilbert)	
dovii (Günther)	437
macrope (Günther)	
Genus Odontognathus, Lacépède	
mucronata, Lacépède	
panamensis (Steindachner)	
Genus Prietigaster, Cuvier	
cavanna Cuvier	428

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEUSTOMI—Continued.	•
ORDER ISOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
Family Engraulididæ	439
Genus Stolephorus, Lacépède	
miarchus, Jordan & Gilbert	
perfasciatus (Poey)	
exiguus, Jordan & Gilbert	
cubanus (Poey)	
perthecatus, Goode & Bean	
ischanus, Jordan & Gilbert	
brownii (Gmelin)	
cultratus, Gilbert	
delicatissimus (Girard)	
chœrostomus (Goode)	
argyrophanus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
curtus, Jordan & Gilbert	
opercularis, Jordan & Gilbert	
mitchilli (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
lucidus, Jordan & Gilbert	
rastralis, Gilbert & Pierson	
mundeolus, Gilbert & Pierson	
naso, Gilbert & Pierson	
starksii, Gilbert & Pierson	
clupeoides (Swainson)	
productus (Poey)	
gilberti, Evermann & Marsh	
garmani, Evermann & Marsh	
compressus (Girard)	
panamensis (Steindachner)	
spinifer (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
scofieldi, Jordan & Culver	2814
astilbe, Jordan & Rutter	
robertei, Jordan & Rutter	2815
macrolepidotus (Kner & Steindachner) 44	
Genus Engraulis, Cuvier	448
mordax, Girard	
Genus Cetengraulis, Günther	
mysticetus (Günther)	
edentulus (Cuvier)	
engymen, Gilbert & Pierson	
Genus Pterengraulis, Günther	
atherinoides (Linnæus)	
Genus Lycengraulis, Günther	
grossidens (Cuvier)	
poeyi (Kner & Steindachner)	
Family Alepocepha'ida	
Genus Alepocephalus, Risso.	
productus, Gill	
agassizii, Goode & Bean	
tenebrosus, Gilbert	
Genus Mitchillina, Jordan & Evermann	
bairdii (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Bathytrootes, Günther	
stomias, Gilbert	
Genus Taliemania, Goode & Bean	
antillarum, Goode & Bean	
æquatoris, Goode & Bean	456

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	_
ORDER ISOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
Family Alepocephalide—Continued.	
Genus Conocara, Goode & Bean	456
macdonaldi, Goode & Bean	457
macroptera (Vaillant)	
Genus Platytroctes, Günther	458
apus, Günther	458
Genus Ericara, Gili & Townsend	
salmonea, Gill & Townsend	
Genus Aleposomus, Gili	
copei, Gill	
Family Salmonida	
Genus Coregonus (Artedi) Linnæus	
Subgenus Prosopium, Milner	
coulterii, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
williamsoni, Girard	
cismontanus, Jordan	
kennicotti, Milner	
richardsonii, Günther	
quadrilateralis, Richardson	
Subgenus Coregonus	
clupeiformis (Mitchill)	
nelsonii, Bean	
labradoricus, Richardson	
Genus Argyrosomus, Agassiz	
Subgenus Argyrosomus	
oemeriformis (H. M. Smith)	
artedi (Le Sueur)	
sieco, Jordan	
hoyi, GIII	
pusillus (Bean)	
lucidus (Richardson)	
lanrettæ (Bean)	
alascanus, Scoffeld	
prognathus (H. M. Smith)	
Subgenus Allosomus, Jordan	
tullibee (Richardson)	
bisselli, Bollman	
Genus Stenodus, Richardson.	
mackenzii (Richardson)	
Genus Oncorhynchus, Suckley	
Subgenus Oncorhynchus	
gorbuscha (Walbaum)	478
keta (Walbaum)	
tschawytscha (Walbaum)	
kisutch (Walbaum)	
Subgenus Hypeifario, Gill	
nerka (Walbaum)	48)
Genus Salmo (Artedi) Linnæus	
Subgenus Salmo	
salar, Linnæus	
sebago (Girard)	
ouananiche, McCarthy	487
Subgenus Trutta, Linnæus	487
mykine Welhaum	92 - 2818

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ISOSPONDYLI—Continued.	
Family Salmonidæ—Continued.	
Genus Salmo (Artedi) Linnseus—Continued.	
Subgenus Trutta, Linnæus—Continued.	
clarkii (Richardson)	492 - 2819
lewisi (Girard)	
gibbeli (Suckley)	
henshawi (Gill & Jordan)	
tahoensis, Jordan & Evermann	
virginalis (Girard)	
spilurus (Cope)	
pleuriticus (Cope)	
bouvieri (Bendire)	
stomias (Cope)	•
macdonaldi, Jordan & Evermann	
declivifrons, Meek	
jordani, Meek	
gairdneri, Richardson	
kamloope (Jordan)	
beardsleei, Jordan & Seale	
crescentis, Jordan & Beardslee	
bathœcetor, Meek	
irideus, Gibbons	
masoni (Suckley)	
shasta (Jordan)	
gilberti (Jordan)	
stonei (Jordan)	
agua-bonita (Jordan)	
Genus Cristivomer, Gill & Jordan	
namaycush (Walbaum)	
siscowet (Agassiz)	5 05
Genus Salvelinus (Nilsson) Richardson	506
fontinalis (Mitchill)	506
agassizii (Garman)	507
malma (Walbaum)	507; 2828
parkei (Suckley)	507; 2823
kundscha (Pallas)	2822
alpinus (Linnæus)	50R
alipes (Richardson)	
stagnalis (Fabricius)	510
arcturus (Günther)	
aureolus (Bean)	511
oquassa (Girard)	
naresi (Günther)	
marstoni, Garman	515
Family Thymallida	
Genus Thymallus, Cuvier	
signifer (Richardson)	
tricolor, Cope	
montanus (Milner)	
Family Argentinida	
Genus Mallotus, Cuvier	
villosus (Müller)	
Genus Thaleichthys, Girard	
pacificus (Richardson)	521

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
Order Isospondyli—Continued.	
Family Argentinida—Continued.	
Genus Osmerus (Artedi) Linnæus	800
Subgenus Spirinchus, Jordan & Evermann	
thaleichthys, Ayres	
attenuatus, Lockington	
Subgenus Osmerus	
mordax (Mitchill).	
spectrum (Cope)	
abbetti (Cope).	
dentex, Steindachner	
albatrosais, Jordan & Gilbert.	
Genus Mesopus, Gill	
pretiosus (Girard).	
olidus (Pallas)	
Genus Argentina (Artedi) Linnæus	
eilus, Ascanius	
sialis, Gilbert	
striata, Goode & Bean	
Genus Leuroglossus, Gilbert	
stilbius, Gilbert	
Family Microstomida.	
Genus Nansenia Jordan & Evermann	
grænlandica (Reinhardt)	
Genus Bathylagus, Günther benedicti, Goode & Bean	
euryope, Goode & Bean	
pacificus, Gilbert	
borealia, Gilbert	
milleri, Jordan & Gilbert.	
Order Inioni	
Family Synodontidæ	
Genus Trachinocephalus, Gill	
• •	
myops (Forster)	
intermedius (Agassiz)	
evermanni, Jordan & Boilman	
poeyi, Jordan	
synodus (Linnæus)	
lacertinus, Gilbert	
saurus (Linnæus)	
scituliceps, Jordan & Gilbert	
jenkinsi, Jordan & Bollman	
fætens (Linnæus)	
lucioceps (Ayres)	
Genus Bathysaurus, Günther	
ferox, Günther	
Genus Bathylaco, Goode & Bean	
nigricans, Goode & Bean	
Family Aulopidæ	
Genus Chlorophthalmus, Bonaparte	
agassisii, Bonaparte	
chalybeius (Goode)	
truculentus, Goode & Bean	
Family Benthosaurida.	
Genus Benthosaurus, Goode & Bean	
The Designation of the Control of th	040

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	. Pag	e.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		
ORDER INIOMI-Continued.		
Family Bathypteroidæ		
Genus Bathypterois, Günther		
Subgenus Synapteretmus, Goode & Bean		
longipes, Günther		
Family Ipnopidæ		
Genus Ipnops, Günther		
murrayi, Günther		
Family Rondelettidæ		
Genus Rondeletia, Goode & Bean		
bicolor, Goode & Bean		
Family Cetomimidæ		
Genus Cetomimus, Goode & Bean		
gillii. Goode & Bean		
storeri, Goods & Bean		
Family Myctophidæ		
Genus Macrostoma, Risso		
quercinum (Goode & Bean)		
margaritiferum (Goode & Bean)		
angustidens, Risso		
caudispinosum (Johnson)		
Genus Ceratoscopelus, Günther		
madeirensis (Lowe)		
Genus Lampanyctus, Bonaparte		
crocodilus (Risso)		
townsendi (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)		
alatus, Goode & Bean	5	559
guntheri, Goode & Bean	5	59
gemmifer, Goode & Bean		
, lacerta (Goode & Bean)		
Genus Lampadena, Goode & Bean		
speculigera, Goode & Bean		
Genus Nannobrachium, Günther		
leucopsarum (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)		
naunochir (Gilbert)		
regale (Gilbert)		
macdonaldi, (Goode & Bean)		
Genus Diaphus, Eigenmann & Eigenmann		
theta, Eigenmann & Eigenmann		
Genus Æthoprora, Goode & Bean		
lucida, Goode & Bean		
effulgens, Goode & Bean	5	566
Genus Collettia, Goode & Bean		
rafinesquei (Cocco)		
nocturns (Poey)		
Genus Rhinoscopelus, Lütken		
coccoi (Cocco)		
andreæ (Lütken)		
rarus (Lütken)		
Genus Myctophum, Rafinesquepunctatum, Rafinesque		
affine (Lütken)		
opalinum, Goode & Bean		
humboldti (Risso)		

ASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
UBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	- mBc.
ORDER IMONI-Continued.	
Family Myctophida—Continued.	
Genus Myctophum, Rafinesque—Continued.	
californiense, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	572
gracile (Lütken)	
benoiti (Cocco)	
hygomii (Lütken)	
Genus Benthosema, Goode & Bean	
mulleri (Gmelin)	
arcticum (Lütken)	
Genus Dasyscopelus, Günther	
apinosus (Steindachner)	
Genus Tarletonbeania, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	575
crenularis (Jordan & Gilbert)	
tenua, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
Family Maurolicidæ	
Genus Maurolicus. Cocco	576
pennanti (Walbaum)	5 7 7
Genus Vinciguerria, Jordan & Evermann	577
attenuata (Cocco)	577
Genus Valenciennellus, Jordan & Evermann	577
tripunctulatus (Esmark)	578
Family Chauliodontida:	578
Genus Gonostoma, Rafinesque	
denudatum, Rafinesque	579
brevidens, Kner & Steindachner	
Genus Zaphotias, Goode & Bean	
pedaliotus (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Cyclothone, Goode & Bean	581
Subgenus Cyclothone	582
microdon (Günther)	582
bathyphila (Vaillant)	582
Subgenus Sigmops, Gill	583
elongata (Günther)	583
megalops Lütken	3150
Genus Yarrella, Goode & Bean	583
blackfordi, Goode & Bean	
Genus Chauliodus, Bloch & Schneider	584
sloanei, Bloch & Schneider	
macouni, Bean	
Pamily Astronesthides	
Genus Astronesthes, Richardson	
niger, Richardson	
gemmifer, Goode & Bean	
richardsoni (Poey)	
Pamily Stomiatidæ	
Genus Stomias, Cuvier	
ferox, Reinhardt	588
affinis, Günther	
Genus Echiostoma, Lowe	
barbatum, Lowe	
margarita, Goode & Bean	
Genus Grammatostomias, Goode & Bean	
dentatus, Goode & Bean	
Genus. Photonectes, Günther	
gracilis, Goode & Bean	591
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——111	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
Order Inomi—Continued.	
Family Malacosteidæ	
Genus Malacosteus, Ayres	
niger, Ayres	593
Family Plagyodontidæ	593; 2826
Genus Plagyodus (Steller)	594; 2826
Subgenus Plagyodus	595
ferox (Lowe)	
æsculapius (Bean)	
Subgenus Caulopus, Gill	
altivelis (Poey)	
borealis (Gill)	
serra (Gill)	
Family Odontostomidæ	
Genus Omosudis, Günther	
lowii, Günther	
Family Paralepididæ	
Genus Sudis, Rafinesque	
intermedius (Poey)	
ringens, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Arctozenus, Gill	
borealis (Reinhardt),	
coruscans (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Paralepis, Risso	
coregonoides, Risso	
Family Sternoptychidæ	
Genus Sternoptyx, Hermann	
diaphana, Hermann	
Genus Argyropelecus, Cocco	
hemigymnus, Cocco	
olfersi (Cuvier)	
Family Idiacanthida	
Genus Idiacanthus, Peters	
ferox (Günther)	
antrostomus, Gilbert	
Order Lyopomi	
Family Halosauridæ	
Genus Halosaurus, Johnson	
oweni, Johnson	
guntheri, Goode & Bean	
Genus Halosauropeis, Collett	
rostrata (Günther)	
macrochir (Günther)goodei (Gill)	
gracilis (Goode & Bean)pallids (Goode & Bean)	
Panida (Goode & Desil)	
Family Notacanthida.	
Genus Notacanthus, Bloch	
·	
analis, Gillphasganorus, Goode	
Genus Macdonaldia, Goode & Bean	
rostrata (Collett)	
challengeri (Vaillant)	
alta, Gill & Townsend	
longa, Gill & Townsend	
tongs, Gill or ton nachd	4020

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	•
ORDER HETEROMI-Continued.	
Family Lipogenyidæ	619
Genus Lipogenys, Goode & Bean	
gillii, Goode & Bean	
ORDER XENOMI	620
Family Dalliidæ	620
Genus Dallia, Bean	621
pectoralis, Bean	621
ORDER HAPLOMI	622
Family Umbrida:	622
Genus Umbra (Krämer) Scopoli 6	
Subgenus Melanura, Agassiz	
limi (Kirtland)	
pygmæa (De Kay)	
Family Luciida	
Genus Lucius, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Kenoza, Jordan & Evermann	
americanus (Gmelin)	
vermiculatus (Le Sueur)	
reticulatus (Le Sueur)	
Subgenus Lucius	
lucius (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Mascalongus, Jordan	
masquinongy (Mitchill)	
ohiensis (Kirtland)	
immaculatus (Garrard)	
Family Paciliida	
Genus Fundulus, Lacépède	632
Subgenus Fundulus	
punctatus, Günther	
vinctus, Jordan & Gilbert	
pallidus, Evermann	
similis (Baird & Girard)	
parvipinnis, Girard	
macrolepidotus (Walbaum)	
badius, Garman	
grandis (Baird & Girard)6	
fonticola, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
bermudæ, Günther	
robustus, Bean	
labialis, Günther	
Subgenus Fontinus, Jordan & Evermann	
adinia, Jordan & Gilbert	
diaphanus (Le Sueur)	
menona (Jordan & Copeland)	
extensus, Jordan & Gilbert	
seminolis, Girard 6	
Subgenus Plancterus, Garman	2828
zebrinus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Subgenus Xenisma, Jordan	64 8
catenatus (Storer)	
stellifer (Jordan)	
Subgenus Gambusinus, Jordan & Evermann	
rathbuni, Jordan & Meek	649

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER HAPLONI-Continued.	
Family Paciliida—Continued.	
Genus Fundulus, Lacépède—Continued.	
Subgenus Gambusinus, Jordan & Evermann—Continued.	
albolineatus, Gilbert	
confluentus, Goode & Bean	
funduloides (Evermann)	
Subgenus Zygonectes, Agassiz	
dovii (Günther)	
floripinnis (Cope)	651
jenkinsi (Evermann)	651
pulvereus (Evermann)	652
scartes, Meek	654
sciadicus, Cope	649; 654; 2828
luciæ (Baird)	654
chrysotus, Holbrook	655 ; 2828
cingulatus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
nottii (Agassiz)	
dispar (Agassiz)	
notatus (Rafinesque)	
goodei (Jordan)	
Genus Aplocheilus, McClelland	
dovii (Günther)	
Genus Adinia, Girard	
gnatemalensis (Günther)	
pachycephala (Günther)	
dugesii (Bean)	
multifasciata, Girard	
Genus Rivulus, Poey	
cylindraceus, Poey	
isthmensis, Garman	
Genus Lucania. Girard	
ommata (Jordan)	
venusta, Girard	
parva (Baird & Girard)	
Genus Girardinichthys, Bleeker	
innominatus, Bleeker	
Genus Empetrichthys, Gilbert	
merriami, Gilbert	
Genus Characodon, Günther	
lateralis, Günther	
bilineatus, Bean	
variatus, Bean	
encaustus, Jordan & Snyder	
furcidens, Jordan & Gilbert	
eiseni, Rutter	
garmani, Jordan & Evermann	
Genus Cyprinodon, Lacépède	
variegatus, Lacépède	
riverendi (Poey)	
eximius, Girard	
bovinus, Baird & Girard	
macularius, Baird & Girard	
baileyi (Gilbert)	
martæ, Steindachner	675
carpio. Günther	675

CLASS PISCES	-Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS T	ELEOSTOMI—Continued.	J
ORDER HAPL	OMI—Continued.	
Family P	æcikidæ—Continued.	
Genu	s Cyprinodon, Lacépède—Continued.	
la	tifasciatus, Garman	676
Genu	Jordanella, Goode & Bean	677
£	oridæ, Goode & Bean	677
Genu	s Pseudoxiphophorus, Bleeker	678
bi	maculatus (Heckel)	678
Genu	s Gambusia, Poey	678
p	unctata, Poey	679
D.	uncticulata, Poey	680
at	finis (Baird & Girard)	680
tr	identigor, Garman	2833
ne	obilis (Baird & Girard)	682
n	caraguensis, Günther	682
g	racilis, Heckel	683; 2832
e)	piscopi, Steindachner	683
m	elapleura (Gosse)	659; 2830
Genn	s Belonesox, Kner	684
be	elizanus, Kner	684
Genu	s Anableps (Artedi) Scopoli	684; 2807
de	ovii, Gill	685
	s Goodea, Jordan	
	ripinnis, Jordan	
Genu	s Xenendum, Jordan & Snyder	3151
	ıliente, Jordan & Snyder	
	aliscone, Jordan & Snyder	
	itpoldii, Steindachner	
Genu	s Platypœcilus, Günther	685
m	aculatus, Günther	686
q	uitzeoensis, B. A. Bean	2873
	entalis, Gill	
Genu	s Heterandria, Agassiz	686
	ninotata (Poey)	
	netallica (Poey)	
	rmosa, Agassiz	
p !	eurospilus (Günther)	688
Genu	s Lebistes, De Filippi	689
p	medical De Filippi	689
	s Acropæcilia, Hilgendorf	
tr	idens (Hilgendorf)	690
Genu	s Pœcilia, Bloch & Schneider	690
	ivipara, Bloch & Schneider	
bı	atleri, Jordan	
	illii (Kner & Steindachner)	
	ttata, Guichenot	
	exicana, Steindachner	
	nermalis, Steindachner	
	nisoyensis, Günther	
	etenensis, Günther	
	phenops, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
d	ovii, Günther	695
	ouchiana (Girard)	
	oucardi, Steindachner	
	eticulata, Peters	
	arubensis, Van Lidth de Jeude	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
Order Haplomi—Continued.	
Family Paciliida—Continued.	
Genus Pœcilia, Bloch & Schneider—Continued.	
dominicensis, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
epilurus, Günther	
elongata, Günther	
presidionis, Jordan & Culver	697
versicolor (Günther)	688; 2833
occidentalis (Baird & Girard)	689; 2833
cuneata, Garman	2834
limantouri, Jordan & Snyder	3153
Genus Mollienisia, Le Sueur	69 8
jonesi, Günther	69 8
formosa (Girard)	699
latipinna, Le Sueur	699
petenensis, Günther	700
Genus Xiphophorus, Heckel	701
helleri, Heckel	
montezumæ, Jordan & Snyder	3154
guntheri, Jordan & Evermann	702
Family Amblyopsida	702
Genus Chologaster, Agassis	703
cornutus, Agassiz	703
agassizii, Putnam	704
papilliferus, Forbes	
Genus Typhlichthys, Girard	
subterraneus, Girard	
Genus Troglichthys, Eigenmann	
rosæ, Eigenmann	
Genus Amblyopsis, De Kay	
spelæus, De Kay	
Order Synentognathi	
Family Esocida	
Genus Tylosurus, Cocco	
notatus (Poey)	
scapularis, Jordan & Gilbert	711
timucu (Walbaum)	711
euryops, Bean & Dresel	711
diplotænia (Cope)	
microps (Günther)	
angusticeps (Günther)	
ardeola (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
stolzmanni (Steindachner)	
exilis (Girard)	
marinus (Walbaum)	
almeida (Quoy & Gaimard)	
fodiator, Jordan & Gilbert	
raphidoma (Ranzani)	
galeatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
pacificus (Steindachner)	
acus (Lacépède)	
caribbæus (Le Seuer)	
Genus Athlennes, Jordan & Fordice	
hians (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Family Hemiramphida	
Genus Chriodorus, Goode & Bean	
atherinoides, Goode & Bean	719

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	D
	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER SYNENTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Hemiramphida—Continued.	
Genus Hyporhamphus, Gill	
unifasciatus (Ranzani)	
roberti (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
rosæ (Jordan & Gilbert)	721
Genus Hemiramphus, Cuvier	723
brasiliensis (Linnæus)	722
balao, Le Sueur	723
Genus Euleptorhamphus, Gill	723
velox, Poey	
Family Scombresocidæ	
Genus Scombresox, Lacépède	
saurus (Walbaum)	
Genus Cololabis, Gill	
brevirostria (Peters)	
Family Exocatida	
Genus Fodiator, Jordan & Meek.	
acutus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Parexocœtus, Bleeker	
mesogaster (Bloch)	
Genus Exocœtus, Linnæus	
volitans, Linnæus	
Genus Cypeilurus, Swainson	
heterurus (Rafinesque)	
lutkeni (Jordan & Evermann)	. 736; 2836
furcatus (Mitchill)	. 737; 2836
nigricans (Bennett)	. 737; 2836
xenopterus (Gilbert)	. 738; 2836
lineatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	. 739; 2836
cyanopterus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
babiensis (Ranzani)	
californicus (Cooper)	
calliopterus (Günther)	
gibbifrons (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Exonautes, Jordan & Evermann	
exsiliens (P. L. S. Müller)	
rondeletii (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
vinciguerræ (Jordan & Meek)	
rufipinnis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
affinis (Günther)	
ORDER HEMIBRANCHII.	
Pamily Gosterosteidæ	
Genus Eucalia, Jordan	
inconstans (Kirtland)	
cayuga, Jordan	
pygmæa (Agassiz)	
Genus Pygosteus, Brevoort	
pungitius (Linnæus)	
brachypoda (Bean)	
Genus Gasterosteus (Artedi) Linnæus	746
aculeatus, Linnæus	747
bispinoeus, Walbaum	748
atkinsli (Bean)	748
cuvieri (Girard)	
gladiunculus, Kendall	
catenhractus (Pallas)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER HEMIBRANCHII—Continued.	
Family Gasterosteidæ—Continued.	
Genus Gasterosteus (Artedi) Linnæus—Continued.	
williamsoni, Girard	
microcephalus (Girard)	
Genus Apeltes, De Kay	
quadracus (Mitchill)	
Family Aulorhynchidæ	
Genus Aulorhynchus, Gill	
flavidus, Gill	
Family Aulostomida	
Genus Aulostomus, Lacépède	
maculatus, Valenciennes	
cinereus, Poey	
Family Fietulariida	
Genus Fistularia, Linnæus	
tabacaria, Linnæus	
depressa, Günther	
petimba, Lacépède	
Family Macrorhamphosida:	
Genus Macrorhamphosus, Lacépède	
scolopax (Linnæus)	
ORDER LOPHOBRANCHII	
SUBORDER SYNGNATHI	
Family Syngnathida	
Genus Siphostoms, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Dermatostethus, Gill	
punctipinne (Gill)	
Subgenus Siphostoma	
carinatum, Gilbert	
californieuse (Storer)	
griseolineatum (Ayres)	
leptorhynchum (Girard)	
fistulatum (Peters)	
barbaræ, Swain	
mackayi Swain & Meek	
floridæ, Jordan & Gilbert	
poeyi, Jordan & Evermann	
auliscus, Swain	
pelagicum (Osbeck)	
rousseau (Kaup)	
elucens (Poey)	
jonesi (Günther)	
robertsi, Jordan & Rutter	
sinaloæ, Jordan & Starks	
brachycephalum (Poey)	
affine (Günther)	
scovelli, Evermann & Kendall	
bairdianum (Duméril)	
louisianæ (Günther)	
fuscum (Storer)	
starksii, Jordan & Culver 7	
arctum, Jenkins & Evermann	
crinigerum, Bean & Dresel	
Genus Corythroichthys, Kaup 7	
albirostris, Heckel	
cayennensis (Sanvage) 7	72; 2838

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUSCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER LOPHOBRANCHII—Continued.	
SUBORDER SYNGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Syngnathide—Continued.	
Genus Corythroichthys, Kaup—Continued.	
cayorum, Evermann & Kendall	2838
Genus Doryrhamphus, Kaup	773
Subgenus Doryichthys, Kaup	773
lineatus (Valenciennes)	773
Subgenus Doryrhamphus	778
californiensis, Gill	773
Genus Syngnathus, Linnæus	774
Subgenus Syngnathus	774
heckeli (Kaup)	4; 2839
Genus Osphyolax, Cope	7 75
pellucidus, Cope	775
Genus Hippocampus, Rafinesque	
ingens, Girard	776
hudsonius, De Kay	
punctulatus, Guichenot	
stylifer, Jordan & Gilbert	
zoeterse, Jordan & Gilbert	
Order Acanthopteri	
SUBORDER SALMOPERCAS	
Family Percopeidæ	
Genus Percopsis, Agassiz	
guttatus, Agassiz	
Genus Columbia, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
transmontana, Eigenmann & Rigenmann	
SUBORDER XENARCHI	
Family Aphredoderidæ	
Genus Aphredoderus, Le Sueur	
savanus (Gilliams)	
Suborder Percesoces.	
Family Atherinida.	
Genus Atherina (Artedi) Linnæus.	
stipes, Müller & Troschel	
laticeps, Poey	
aræa, Jordan & Gilbert	
harringtonensis. Goode	
carolina, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
microps, Poey	
Genus Chiroetoma, Swainson 7	
chapalse, Jordan & Snyder	
promelas, Jordan & Snyder	
diazi, Jordan & Snyder	
crystallinum, Jordan & Snyder	
lermæ, Jordan & Snyder	
ocotlane, Jordan & Snyder	
estor, Jordan	
album (Steindachner)	
humboldtianum (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
grandocule (Steindachner)	
Genus Eslopsarum, Jordan & Evermann	
bartoni, (Jordan & Evermann)	
jordani, (Woolman)	
arge, Jordan & Snyder	3158

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.	
SUBORDER PERCESOCES—Continued.	
Family Atherinida—Continued.	
Genus Kirtlandia, Jordan & Evermann	
vagrans (Goode & Bean)	
laciniata (Swain)	
martinica (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Menidia (Bonaparte) Jordan & Gilbert	
peninsulæ (Goode & Bean)	
gracilis (Günther)	
beryllina (Cope)	
audens, Hay	
gilberti, Jordan & Bollman	
sardina (Jenkins & Evermann)	
menidia (Linnæus)	
notata (Mitchill)	
clara, Evermann & Jenkins	801
Genus Leuresthes, Jordan & Gilbert	
crameri, Jordan & Evermann	802
tenuis (Ayres)	802
Genus Eurystole, Jordan & Evermann	802
eriarcha (Jordan & Gilbert)	803
Genus Thyrina, Jordan & Culver	803
evermanni, Jordan & Culver	804
crystallina, Jordan & Culver	804
guatemalensia (Günther)	801; 2840
pachylepis (Günther)	801; 2840
Genus Atherinella, Steindachner	805
panamensis, Steindachner	805
Genus Labidesthes, Cope	805
sicculus (Cope)	805
Genus Atherinopsis, Girard	806
californiensis, Girard	806
Genus Atherinops, Steindachner	807
insularum, Gilbert	807
affinis (Ayres)	807
regis, Jenkins & Evermann	808
Family Mugilidæ	808
Genus Mugil (Artedi) Linnæus	809
brasiliensis. Agassiz	810
cephalus, Linnæus	811
incilia, Hancock	812
thoburni, Jordan & Starks	812
curema, Cuvier & Valenciennes	813
hospes, Jordan & Culver	814
gaimardianus, Desmarest	814
setosus, Gilbert	815
trichodon, Poey	
Genus Chænomugil, Gill	
proboscideus (Günther)	
Genus Querimana, Jordan & Gilbert	817
harengus (Günther)	
gyrans, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Agonostomus, Bennett	818
Subgenus Dajaus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	819
percoides, Günther	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTER!—Continued.	
SUBORDER PERCESOCES—Continued.	
Family Mugilidæ—Continued.	
Genus Agonostomus, Bennett—Continued.	
Subgenus Dajaus, Cuvier & Valenciennes—Continued.	010
monticola (Bancroft)	
nasutus, Günther microps, Günther	
Genus Joturus, Poey	
pichardi, Poey	
digueti, Vaillant	
Genus Sphyræna (Artedi) Bloch & Schneider	
barracuda (Walbaum)	
ensis, Jordan & Gilbert	•
guachancho, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
picudilla, Poey	
borealis, De Kay	
argentes, Girard	
aphyræna (Linnæus).	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI	
Family Polynemidæ	
Genus Polynemus (Gronow) Linnæus.	
quinquarius, Linnæus	
Genus Polydactylus, Lacépède	
approximans (Lay & Bennett)	
virginicus (Linnæus)	
octonemus (Girard)	
opercularie (Gill)	
Group Ammodytoidei	
Family Ammodytidæ	
Genus Ammodytes (Artedi) Linnæus.	
dubius, Reinhardt	
americanus, De Kay	
personatus, Girard	
Group Berycoidei	
Genus Rhynchias, Gill	
setipinnis (Pallas)	
Group Berycoidei	833
Family Bathyclupeida	834
Genus Bathyclupea, Alcock	834
argentea, Goode & Bean	835
Family Stephanoberycida	835
Genus Stephanoberyx, Gill	836
monæ, Gill	886
gillii, Goode & Bean	
Family Trachichthyida	
Genus Hoplostethus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
mediterraneus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Family Beryeidæ	
Genus Caulolepis, Gill	
longidens, Gill	
Genus Anoplogaster, Günther	
cornutus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genue Poromitra, Goode & Bean	
capito, Goode & Bean	840

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Berycidæ—Continued.	
Genus Plectromus, Gill	
suborbitalis, Gill	
lugubris (Gilbert)	
beanil (Günther)	
crassiceps, Günther	843
cristiceps (Gilbert)	843
Genus Beryx, Cuvier	844
decadactylus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	844
splendens, Lowe	844
Family Holocentrida	845
Genus Myripristis, Cuvier	
Subgenus Ostichthys (Langsdorf)	
trachypoma, Günther	
Subgenus Myripristis	
jacobus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
occidentalis, Gill	
pœcilopus (Gill)	
clarionensis, Gilbert	
Genus Holocentrus (Gronow) Scopoli	
ascensionis (Osbeck)	
rufus (Walbaum)	
siccifer, Cope	
suborbitalis, Gill	
coruscus, Poey	
brachypterus, Poey	
vexillarius, Poey	
osculus, Poey	
sancti-pauli, Günther	
Genus Flammeo, Jordan & Rvermann	
marianus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Plectrypops, Gill	
retrospinis (Guichenot)	
Family Polymixiidæ	
Genus Polymixia, Lowe	
lowei, Günther	
Family Mullidæ	
Genus Mullus, Linnæus	
auratus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Upeneus, Cuvier	
rathbuni, Evermann & Jenkins	
maculatus (Bloch)	
dentatus, Gill	859
parvus, Poey	859
martinicus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	859
xanthogrammus, Gilbert	860
grandisquamis, Gill	
Group Scombroidei	
Family Scombridæ	
Genus Scomber (Artedi) Linnæus	
Subgenus Scomber	
scombrus, Linnæus	
Subgenus Pneumatophorus, Jordan & Gilbert	
colina Gmelin	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.	
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.		
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.		
Family Scombride—Continued.		
Genus Auxis, Cuvier		
thazard (Lacépède)		
Genus Gymnosarda, Gill		
pelamis (Linnæus)		
alleterata (Rafinesque)		
Genus Thunnus, South		
thynnus (Linnæus)		
Genus Germo, Jordan		
alalunga (Gmelin)		
Genus Sarda, Cuvier		
aarda (Bloch)		
Genus Scomberomorus, Lacépède	010	
maculatus (Mitchill)		
sierra, Jordan & Starks		
regalis (Bloch)		
cavalla (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
Genus Acanthocybium, Gill.		
solandri (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
Family Gempylide		
Genus Escolar, Jordan & Evermann		
violaceus (Bean)		
Genus Ruvettus, Cocco		
pretiosus, Cocco		
Genus Epinnula, Poey		
magistralis, Poey		
Genus Nealotus, Johnson		
tripes, Johnson		
Genus Promethichthys, Gill	882	į
prometheus, Cuvier & Valenciennes		
parvipinnis (Goode & Bean)	883	i
Genus Gempylus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	883	i
serpens, Cuvier & Valenciennes	884	ļ
Family Lepidopida	884	ı
Genus Aphanopus, Lowe		
minor, Collett		
Genus Evoxymetopon, Poey		
tæniatus, Poey		
Genus Lepidopus, Gouan		
xantuai, Goode & Bean 8		
Genus Benthodesmus, Goode & Bean		
atlanticus, Goode & Bean		
Family Trickiurida		
Genus Trichiurus, Linnæus		
lepturus, Linnæus		
Family Istiophorida		
Genus Istiophorus, Lacépède		
nigricans (Lacépède)		
Genus Tetrapturus, Rafinesqueimperator (Bioch & Schneider)		
ampina, Poey		
munus 4 voj ***********************************	094	٠

NI ASS DISCUSS COMMISSION	D
CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Xiphiidæ	909
Genus Xiphias, Linnæus	
gladius, Linnæus	
Family Nematistiida	
Genus Nematistius, Gill	
pectoralis, Gill	
Family Carangida	
Genus Oligoplites, Gill	
saurus (Bloch & Schneider)	
saliens (Bloch)	
palometa (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
altus (Günther)	
mundus, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Naucrates, Rafinesque	
ductor, Linnæus	
Genus Seriola, Cuvier	
dorsalis (Gill)	
zonata (Mitchill)	
carolinensis, Holbrook	
lalandi, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
dumerili (Risso)	
Subgenus Zenichthys, Swainson	
masatlana, Steindachner	
fasciata (Bloch)	
rivoliana Cuvier & Valenciennes	
falcata, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Genus Elagatis, Bennett	
bipinnulatus (Quoy & Gaimard)	
Genus Decapterus, Bleeker	
punctatus (Agassiz)	
scombrinus (Valenciennes)	
sanctæ-helenæ (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
hypodus, Gill	
macarellus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Trachurus, Rafinesque	
symmetrious (Ayres)	•
trachurus (Linnæus)	
Genus Trachurops, Gill	
crumenophthalmus (Bloch)	
Genus Hemicaranx, Bleeker	
amblyrhynchus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
falcatus (Holbrook)	
zelotes, Gilbert	
atrimanus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
secundus (Poey)	
furthii (Steindachner)	
leucurus (Günther)	
Genus Caranx, Lacépède	
Subgenus Selar, Bleeker	
vinctus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Subgenus, Caranx	
ruber (Bloch)	
bartholomæi, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Subgenus Tricropterus Rafinesque	
hippos (Linnæus)	920

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Carangida—Continued.	
Genus Caranx, Lacépède—Continued.	
Subgenus Paratractus, Gill	
crysoe (Mitchill)	
piaquetus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
caballus (Günther)	
Subgenus Carangichthys, Bleeker	
marginatus, Gill	
latus, Agassiz	
medusicola, Jordan & Starks	
lugubris, Poey	
melampygus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Subgenus Uraspis, Bleeker	
guara (Bonnaterre)	
Genus Gnathanodon, Bleeker	
speciosus (Forskåi)	
Genus Carangoides, Bleeker	
orthogrammus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Citula, Cuvier	
dorsalis (Gill)	
Genus Alectis, Rafinesque	
ciliaris (Bloch)	
Genus Hynnis, Cuvier	
cubensis (Poey)	
hopkinsi, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Vomer, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
dorealis, Gill	
setipinnis (Mitchill)	
spixii (Swainson)	
gabonensis, Guichenot	
Genus Selene, Lacépède	
œrstedii, Lütken	
vomer (Linnæus)	
Genus Chloroscombrus, Girard	
orqueta, Jordan & Gilbert	
chrysurus (Linnæus)	
ectenurus, Jordan & Oegood	
Genus Trachinotus, Lacépède	
glaucus (Bloch)	
rhodopus, Gill	
falcatus (Linnæus)	
rhomboides (Bloch)	
culveri, Jordan & Starks	
kennedyi, Steindachner	
goodei, Jordan & Evermann	
argentous, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
carolinus (Linnæus)	
paloma, Jordan & Starks	
cayennensis, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Genus Zalocys, Jordan & McGregor	
stilbe, Jordan & McGregor	
Family Pomatomida	
Genus Pomatomus, Lacépède	
	240

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI-Continued.	
Family Rachycentridæ	947
Genus Rachycentron, Kaup	
canadus (Linnæus)	
Family Nomeidæ	
Genus Nomeus, Cuvier	
gronovii (Gmelin)	
Genus Psenes, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
pellucidus, Lütken	950
cyanophrys, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
maculatus, Lütken	
regulus, Poey	
Family Coryphanida	
Genus Coryphæna, Linnæus	
hippurus, Linnæus	
equisetis, Linnæus	
Family Lamprida	
Genus Lampris, Retzius	
luna (Gmelin)	
Family Pteraclidæ	
Genus Pteraclis, Gronow	
carolinus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Family Bramida	
Genus Taractes, Lowe	
saussurii (Lunel)	
Genus Brama, Bloch & Schneider	
agasaizii, Poey	
brevoortii, Poey	
raii (Bloch)	
Family Steinegeriida	
Genus Steinegeria, Jordan & Evermann	960
rubescens, Jordan & Evermann	961
Family Stromateida:	964
Genus Centrolophus, Lacépède 90	32; 3166
niger (Gmelin)	963
Genus Palinurichthys, Bleeker	963
perciformis (Mitchill)	964
Genus Peprilus, Cuvier9	85; 3197
paru (Linnæus)	
xanthurus (Quoy & Gaimard)	
Genus Palometa, Jordan & Evermann	
palometa (Jordan & Bollman)	
medius (Peters)	
simillimus (Ayres)	
Genus Poronotus, Gill	
triacanthus (Peck)	
Family Icosteida.	
Genus Icichthys, Jordan & Gilbert	
lockingtoni, Jordan & Gilbert.	
Genus Schedophilus, Cocco	
medusophagus, Cocco	
Genus Icostens, Lockington	
mnigmations Lockington	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Acrotida	973; 2849
Genus Acrotus, Bean	973
willoughbyi, Bean	
Family Zaprorida	
Genus Zaprora, Jordan	
eilenus, Jordan	
Family Grammicolepididæ	
Genus Grammicolepis, Poey	
brachiusculus, Poey	
Family Tetragonuridæ	
Genus Tetragonurus, Risso	975
cuvieri, Risso	976
Family Pempherida	
Genus Pempheris, Cuvier & Valenciennes	977
mexicanus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	978
schomburgki, Müller & Troschel	978
mulleri, Poey	978
poeyi, Bean	979
Group Percoidea	979
Family Elassomida	
Genus Elassoma, Jordan	982
zonatum, Jordan	982
evergladei, Jordan	982
Family Centrarchida	
Genus Pomoxis, Rafinesque	986
annularis, Rafinesque	
sparoides (Lacépède)	
Genus Centrarchus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
macropterus (Lacépède)	
Genus Acantharchus, Gill	
pomotis (Baird)	
Genus Ambloplites, Rafinesque	
rupestris (Rafinesque)	
cavifrons, Cope	
Genus Archoplites, Gill	
interruptus (Girard)	
Genus Chænobryttus, Gill	
gulosus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Enneacanthus, Gill	
obecus (Baird)	
gloriosus (Holbrook)	
Genns Mesogonistius, Gill	
chetodon (Baird)	
Genus Apomotis, Rafinesque	
cyanellus (Rafinesque)	
ischyrus (Jordan & Nelson)	
phenax (Cope & Jordan)	
punctatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
symmetricus (Forbes)	
Genus Lepomis, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Lepomis	
auritus (Linnæus)	
solis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
ministus, Jordan	
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——IV	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERIContinued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI-Continued.	
Family Centrarchida—Continued.	
Genus Lepomis, Rafinesque—Continued.	
Subgenus Xenotis, Jordan	1002
garmani, Forbes	
megalotis (Rafinesque)	
Subgenus Helioperca, Jordan	
humilis (Girard)	
haplognathus, Cope	
macrochirus, Rafinesque	
pallidus (Mitchill)	
Genus Eupomotis, Gill & Jordan	
Subgenus Xystroplites, Jordan	
pallidus (Agassiz)	
Subgenus Eupomotis	
heros (Baird & Girard)	
holbrooki (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
euryerus (McKay)	
gibbosus (Linnæus)	
Genus Micropterus, Lacépède	
dolomieu, Lacépède	
salmoides (Lacépède)	
Family Kuhliidæ	
Genus Kuhlia, Gill	
arge, Jordan & Bollman	
xenura (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Family Peroida	
Genus Stizostedion, Rafinesque	
Subgenus Stizostedion	
vitreum (Mitchill)	
Subgenus Cynoperca, Gill & Jordan	
canadense (Smith)	
griseum (De Kay)	
boreum (Girard)	
Genus Perca (Artedi) Linnæus	
flavescens (Mitchill)	
Genus Percina, Haldeman	
rex. Jordan & Evermann	
caprodes (Rafinesque)	
zebra (Agassiz)	
Genus Hadropterus, Agassiz	
Subgenus Alvordius, Girard	
phoxocephalus (Nelson)	
macrocephalus (Cope)	
maculatus (Girard)	
aspro (Cope & Jordan)	
guntheri (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	
peltatus (Stauffer)	
ouachitæ (Jordan & Gilbert)	
roanoka (Jordan & Jenkins)	
Subgenus Ericosma Jordan & Copeland	
evides (Jordan & Copeland)	
Subgenus Serraria, Gilbert.	
scierus. Swain	
serrula, Jordan & Gilbert	
maxinkuckiensis Evermann	

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGROPTERIContinued.	
Family Percide—Continued.	
Genus Hadropterus, Agassiz—Continued.	
Subgenus Hadropterus	1000
nigrofasciatus, Agassis	
Genus Hypohomus, Cope	
Subgenus Swainia, Jordan & Evermann	
squamatus (Gilbert & Swain)	
Subgenus Hypohomus	
aurantiacus (Cope)	
cymatotænia (Gilbert & Meek)	
nianguæ (Gilbert & Meek)	
spilotus (Gilbert)	
Genus Cottogaster, Putnam	
Subgenue Cottogaster	
uranidea (Jordan & Gilbert)	
copelandi (Jordan)	
Subgenus Imostoma, Jordan	
shumardi (Girard)	
cheneyi, Evermann & Kendall	
Genus Ulocentra, Jordan	
atigmæa (Jordan)	
gilberti, Evermann & Thoburn	
meadiæ, Jordan & Evermann	
verecunda (Jordan & Evermann)	1049
histrio (Jordan & Gilbert)	
simotera (Cope)	105
pblox (Cope)	
Genus Diplesion, Rafinesque	1055
plennioides (Rafinesque)	
Genus Boleosoma, De Kay	105
longimanus (Jordan)	1056
podostemone (Jordan & Jenkins)	105
nigrum (Rafinesque)	
olmatedi (Storer)	
effulgens (Girard)	
vexiliare (Jordan)	
maculaticeps (Cope)	
mesæum (Cope)	
susanæ (Jordan & Swain)	
Subgenus Vaillantia, Jordan	
camurum, Forbes	
Genus Crystallaria, Jordan & Gilbert	
asprella (Jordan)	
Genus Ammocrypta, Jordan	
pellucida (Baird)	
clara (Jordan & Meek)	
rivax (Hay)	
beanii, Jordan	
Genus Ioa, Jordan & Brayton	
vitres (Cope)	
vigil, Hay	
Genus Etheostoma, Rafinesque	
Subsenus Possilishibas Assault	1060
Subgenus Pecilichthys, Agassiz	

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Percide—Continued.	
Genus Etheostoma, Rafinesque—Continued.	
Subgenus Nanostoma, Putnam	1070
swannanoa, Jordan & Evermann	
thalassinum (Jordan & Brayton)	
inscriptum (Jordan & Brayton)	
blennius, Gilbert & Swain	
rupestre, Gilbert & Swain	
elegans (Hay)	
• • •	
zonale (Cope)	
arcansanum, Jordan & Gilbert	
Subgenus Nothonotus, Agassiz	
camurum (Cope)	
vulneratum (Cope)	
maculatum, Kirtland	
cinereum, Storer	
tessellatum, Storer	
rufilineatum (Cope)	
jordani, Gilbert	
Subgenus Torrentaria, Jordan & Evermann	
sagitta, Jordan & Swain	
australe, Jordan	
Subgenus Nivicola, Jordan & Evermann	1082
boreale (Jordan)	
Subgenus Rafinesquiellus, Jordan & Evermann	
pottsii (Girard)	
Subgenus Oligocephalus, Girard	
iowæ, Jordan & Meek	
aubeenaubei, Evermann	
jessiæ (Jordan & Brayton)	
luteovinctum, Gilbert & Swain	
lepidogenys, Evermann & Kendall	
cœruleum, Storer	1088
spectabile (Agassiz)	
lepidum (Baird & Girard)	1089
tippecanoe, Jordan & Evermann	1090
punctulatum (Agassiz)	1090
cragini, Gilbert	1091
obeyense, Kirsch	1092
pagel, Meek	1092
virgatum (Jordan)	1093
Subgenus Claricola, Jordan & Evermann	1093
juliæ, Meek	1093
astesiæ (Hay)	1094
alabamæ (Gilbert & Swain)	1095
whipplii (Girard)	1095
squamiceps, Jordan	1096
Subgenus Etheostoms	1097
flabellare, Rafinesque	
cumberlandicum, Jordan & Swain	
lineolatum (Agassiz)	
Genus Alvarius, Girard	
lateralis, Girard	
Genus Psychromaster, Jordan & Evermann	
tuscumbia (Gilbert & Swain)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI-Continued.	
Pamily Percida—Continued.	
Genus Copelandellus, Jordan & Evermann	1100
quiescens (Jordan)	
Genus Boleichthys, Girard	
fusiformis (Girard)	
exilis, Girard	
Genus Microperca, Putnam	
prœliaris, Hay	
punctulata, Putnam	
Family Cheilodipterida	
Genus Apogon Lacépède.	
imberbis (Linnæus)	
dovii, Günther	
retrosella (Gill)	
maculatus (Poey)	
binotatus (Poey)	
pigmentarius (Poey)	
atricandus, Jordan & McGregor	
Genus Apogonichthys, Bleeker	
alutus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
stellatus, Cope	
puncticulatus, Poey	
Genus Glossamia, Gill	1111
pandionis (Goode & Bean)	1111
Genus Epigonus, Rafinesque	1111
occidentalis, Goode & Bean	1112
Genus Cheilodipterus, Lacépède	
affinis, Poey	
Genus Amiichthys, Poey	
diapterus (Poey)	
Genus Sphyrænops, Gill	
bairdianus, Poey	
Genus Scombrops, Temminck & Schlegel	
Subgenus Latebrus, Poey	
oculatus (Poey)	
bella, Geode & Bean	
Family Centropomida	
Genus Centropomus, Lacépède	
viridis, Lockington	
undecimalis (Bloch)	
nigrescens, Günther	
pedimacula, Poey	
grandoculatus, Jenkins & Evermann	
cuvieri, Bocourt	
mexicanus, Bocourt	
parallelns, Poey	
pectinatus, Poey	
unionensis, Bocourt	1122
armatus, Gill	
robalito, Jordan & Gilbert	1123
ensiferus. Poev	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Serranidæ	1126
Genus Roccus, Mitchill	
Subgenus Lepibema, Rafinesque	
chrysops (Rafinesque)	
Subgenus Roccus	
lineatus (Bloch)	
Genus Morone, Mitchill	
interrupta, Gill	
americana (Gmelin)	
Genus Liopropoma, Gill	
aberrans (Poey)	
Genus Chorististium, Gill	
rubrum (Poey)	
Genus Stereolepis, Ayres	1137
gigas, ∆yres	
Genus Polyprion, Cuvier	1138
americanus (Bloch & Schneider)	1139
Genus Gonioplectrus, Gill	1139
hispanus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1140
Genus Petrometopon, Gill	1140
panamensis (Steindachner)	1141
cruentatus (Lacépède)	1141
coronatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1142
Genus Bodianus, Bloch	1143
tæniops (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1144
fulvus (Linnæus)	1144
ruber (Bloch & Schneider)	1145
punctatus (Linnæus)	1146
Subgenus Menephorus, Poey	1146
dubius (Poey)	1146
punctiferus (Poey)	1147
Subgenus Enneistus, Jordan & Evermann	1147
acanthistius (Gilbert)	1147
Genus Epinephelus, Bloch	1148
Subgenus Schistorus, Gill	1151
mystacinus (Poey)	
Subgenus Epinephelus	1152
analogus, Gill	
adacensionis (Osbeck)	1152
guaza (Linnæus)	1154
labriformis (Jenyns)	1155
flavolimbatus, Poey	1155
niphobles, Gilbert & Starks	2853
niveatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1156
striatus (Bloch)	1157
guttatus (Linnæus) 115	
drummond-hayi, Goode & Bean	
morio (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Garrups, Jordan	
nigrita (Holbrook)	
Genus Promicrops (Gill) Poey	
itaiara (Lichtenstein) 116	
Genus Alphestes, Bloch & Schneider	
chloropterus (Cuvier & Valenciennes) 116	
multiguttatus (Günther)	
•	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	•
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Serranidæ—Continued.	
Genus Dermatolepis, Gill	1166
Subgenus Lioperca, Gill	1167
inermis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	. 1167
sancius, Evermann & Kendall	. 2854
Subgenus Dermatolepis	. 1168
punctatus, Gill	1168
Genus Mycteroperca, Gill	
Subgenus Archoperca, Jordan & Evermann	1171
boulengeri. Jordan & Starks	
Subgenus Trisotropis, Gill	. 1172
venenosa (Linnæus)	1172
apua (Bloch)	
bonaci (Poey)	
xanthosticta, Jordan & Swain	
jordani (Jenkins & Evermann)	
microlepis (Goode & Bean)	
interstitialis (Poey)	
dimidiata (Poey)	
zenarcha, Jordan	1180
Subgenus Parepinephelus, Bleeker	1180
rubra (Bloch)	
Subgenus Xystroperca, Jordan & Evermann	
pardalis, Gilbert	
Subgenus Mycteroperca	
olfax (Jenyna)	
ruberrima, Jordan & Bollman	
rosacea (Streets)	
falcata (Poey)	
phenax, Jordan & Swain	
venadorum, Jordan & Starks	
calliura, Poey	
hopkinsi, Jordan & Rutter	
boulengeri, Jordan & Starks	
tigris (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
camelopardalis (Poey)	
agassizii, Steindachner	
Genus Hypoplectrus, Gill.	
lamprurus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
unicolor (Walbaum)	
puella (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
vitulinus (Poey)	
pinnivarius (Poey)	
guttavarius (Poey)	
gummigutta (Poey)	
crocotus (Cope)	
aberrane (Poey)	
accensus (Poey)	
affinis (Poey)	
chlorurus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
nigricans (Poey)	
indigo (Poey)	
bovinus (Poey)	
gemma, Goode & Bean	. 1193

	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI - Continued.	
Suborder Rhechofferi—Continued.	
Family Lutianida—Continued.	_
Genus Rhomboplites (Gill)	
aurorubens (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Apsilus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Subgenus Tropidinius, Gill	
dentatus, Guichenot	
Genus Aprion, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Subgenus Platyinius, Gill	
macrophthalmus (Müller & Troschel)	
Genus Etelis, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
oculatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
aquilonaris (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Verilus, Poey	
sordidus, Poey	
Genus Xenocys, Jordan & Bollman	
jessiæ, Jordan & Bollman Genus Xenistius, Jordan & Gilbert.	
californiensis (Stiendachner)	
Genus Xenichthys, Gill.	
agasaizii, Steindachner	
xanti, Gill	
Genus Nemipterus, Swainson	
macronemus (Günther)	
Family Hamulida	
Genus Hæmulon, Cuvier	
sexfasciatum, Gill	
album, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
macroetomum, Günther	
bonariense, Cuvier & Valenciennes	. 1297
parra (Desmarest)	. 1297
scudderi, Gill	. 1299
helenæ, Boulenger	. 3171
carbenarium, Poey	. 1300
steindachneri (Jordan & Gilbert)	. 1301
melanurum (Linnæus)	. 1302
sciurus (Shaw)	
plumieri (Lacépède)	
flavolineatum (Desmarest)	
Genus Brachygenys, Scudder	
chrysargyreus (Günther)	
Genus Bathystoma, Sondder	
rimator (Jordan & Swain)	
aurolineatum (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
striatum (Linnæus)	
Genus Lythrulon, Jordan & Swain	
flaviguttatum (Gill)opalescens, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Orthostæchus, Gill	
maculicauda, Gill	
Genus Anisotremus, Gill.	
Subgenus Paraconodon, Bleeker	
pacifici (Günther)	. 1316
cæsius (Jordan & Gilbert)	. 1315
dovii (Günther)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Hæmulidæ—Continued.	
Genus Anisotremus, Gill—Continued.	
Subgenus Anisotremus	
surinamensis (Bloch)	
interruptus (Gill)	
bicolor (Castelnau)	
scapularis (Tschudi)	
davidsonii (Steindachner)	
spleniatus (Poey)	
tæniatus, Gill	
virginicus (Linuæus)	
serrula (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Conodon, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
nobilis (Linnæus)	
serrifer, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Brachydenterus, Gill	
corvinæformis (Steindachner)	
leuciscus (Günther)	
axillaris (Steindachner)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Genus Pomadasis, Lacépède Subgenus Rhencus, Jordan & Evermann	
panamensis (Steindachner)	
Subgenus Pristipoma, Cuvier	
bayanus, Jordan & Evermann	
productus (Poey)	
macracanthus (Günther)	
andrei (Sanvage)	
Subgenus Rhonciscus, Jordan & Evermann	
crocro (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
branicki (Steindachner)	
ramoeus (Poey)	
labraciforme (Boulenger)	
Genus Orthopristis, Girard	
Subgenus Orthopristis	
forbesi, Jordan & Starks	
reddingi, Jordan & Richardson	
chalceus (Günther)	
chrysopterus (Linnæus)	
poeyi, Scudder	1339
cantharinus (Jenyns)	
Subgenus Evapristis, Jordan & Evermann	
lethopristis, Jordan & Fesler	1340
Genus Isaciella, Jordan & Feeler	1340
brevipinnis (Steindachner)	1341
Genus Microlepidotus, Gill	1341
inornatus, Gill	1341
Genus Genyatremus, Gill	1342
luteus (Bloch)	1342
Family Sparidæ	
Genus Otrynter, Jordan & Evermann	
caprinus (Bean)	
Genus Stenotomus, Gill	
chrysops (Linnæus)	
aculeatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1346

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI-Continued.	
Family Sparida—Continued.	
Genus Calamus, Swainson	1347
Subgenus Calamus	1349
· calamus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1349
proridens, Jordan & Gilbert	1350
kendalli, Evermann & Marsh	3172
pennatula, Guichenot	1351
bajonado (Bloch & Schneider)	1352
Subgenus Grammateus, Poey	
brachysomus (Lockington)	
leucosteus, Jordan & Gilbert	
macrops, Poey	
tauriqus (Jennys)	
penna (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
arctifrons, Goode & Bean	
medius (Poey)	
Genus Pagrus, Cuvier	
pagrus (Linnæus)	
Genus Lagodon, Holbrook	
rhomboides (Linnæus)	
Genus Archosargus, Gill	
Subgenus Salema, Jordan & Evermann	
unimaculatus (Bloch)	
pourtalesii (Steindachner)	
tridens (Poey)	
Subgenus Archosargus	
probatocephalus (Walbaum)	
aries (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
holbrookii (Bean)	
argenteus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
sargus (Linnæus)	
Family Manida	
Genus Spicara, Rafinesque.	
martinica (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Emmelichthys, Richardson	
Subgenus Inermia, Poey.	
vittatus (Poey)	
Family Gerrida	
Genus Eucinostomus, Baird & Girard	
dowi (Gill)	
pseudogula, Poey	
harengulus, Goode & Bean	
californiensis (Gill)	
gula (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1370
Genus Ulæma, Jordan & Evermann	
lefroyi (Goode)	
Genus Xystæma, Jordan & Evermann	1372
cinereum (Walbaum)	1372
Genus Gerres, Cuvier	1373
Subgenus Moharra, Poey	1374
rhombeus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Subgenus Diapterus, Ranzani	1375

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI - Continued.	
SCHORDER RHEGNOPTERI—Continued.	
Family Gerrida—Continued.	
Genus Gerres, Cuvier—Continued.	
Subgenus Diapterus, Ranzani—Continued.	
peruvianus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
olisthostomus, Goode & Bean	
Subgenus Gerres	
brevimanus, Günther	
lineatus (Humboldt)	
brasilianus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	1378
embryx, Jordan & Starks	. 1379
plumieri, Cuvier & Valenciennes	. 1379
mexicanus, Steindachner	. 1380
Pamilg Kyphosida	. 1380
Genus Girella, Gray	. 1381
nigricans (Ayres)	. 1382
Genus Doydixodon, Valenciennes	
freminvillei. Valenciennes	
Genus Hermosilla, Jenkins & Evermann	
azurea, Jenkins & Evermann	
Genus Kyphosus, Lacépède	
analogus (Gill)	
incisor (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
elegans (Peters).	
sectatrix (Linnæus)	
lutescens (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Sectator, Jordan & Fesler	
ocynrus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Medialuna, Jordan & Fesler	
californiensis (Steindachner)	
Femily Scianida	
Genus Seriphus, Ayres	
politus, Ayres	
Genus Isopisthus, Gill	
remifer, Jordan & Gilbert	
parvipinnis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Buccone, Jordan & Evermann	
prædatoria (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Cynoscion, Gill	
Subgenus Cynoscion	. 1403
acoupa (Lacépède)	. 1408
squamipinnis (Günther)	. 1404
othonopterus, Jordan & Gilbert	. 1404
obliquatus (Valenciennes)	. 1405
jamaicensis (Vaillant & Bocourt)	. 1406
nothus (Holbrook)	. 1406
regalis (Bloch & Schneider)	. 1407
thalassinus (Holbrook)	1407
reticulatus (Günther)	
nebulosus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
parvipinnis, Ayrea	
xanthulus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Abus (Günther)	
macdonaldi, Gilbert.	
stolsmanni (Steindachner)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERIContinued.	
Family Sciænidæ—Continued.	
Genus Cynoscion, Gill—Continued.	
Subgenus Atractoscion, Gill	1413
nobilis (Ayres)	1413
phoxocephalus, Jordan & Gilbert	1413
leiarchus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1414
virescens (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1415
microlepidotus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1415
Genus Sagenichthys, Berg	1416
ancylodon (Bloch & Schneider)	1416
Genus Nebris, Cuvier & Valenciennes	1416
microps, Cuvier & Valenciennes	1417
occidentalis, Vaillant141	7; 3173
Genus Plagioscion, Gill	1418
squamosissimus (Heckel)	1418
heterolepis (Bleeker)	1419
surinamensis (Bleeker)	1419
Genus Larimus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	1420
Subgenus Amblyscion, Gill	1421
argenteus (Gill)	1421
Subgenus Larimus	
effulgens, Gilbert	1421
acclivis, Jordan & Bristol	1422
breviceps, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
pacificus, Jordan & Bollman	
fasciatus, Holbrook	
Genus Odontoscion, Gill	
dentex (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
xanthops, Gilbert	1426
Genus Corvula, Jordan & Eigenmann	
macrops, (Steindachner)	
sialis, Jordan & Eigenmann	1428
subsequalis (Poey)	
sanctæ-luciæ, Jordan	
batabana (Poey)	
Genus Elattarchus, Jordan & Evermann	
archidium (Jordan & Gilbert)	1431
Genus Bairdiella, Gill	
Subgenus Bairdiella.	
chrysura (Lacépède)	
ensifera (Jordan & Gilbert)	
icistia (Jordan & Gilbert)	
ronchus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Subgenus Nector, Jordan & Evermann	
armata, Gill	
aluta, Jordan & Gilbert	
chrysoleuca (Günther)	
miscanths (Boulenger)	
Genus Stellifer (Cuvier) Oken	
Subgenus Zestis, Gilbert	
oscitans (Jordan & Gilbert)	
furthi (Steindachner)	
Subgenus Zestidium, Gilbert	
Marsham Office	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	_
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEUNOPTER1—Continued.	
Family Scianida—Continued.	
Genua Stellifer (Cuvier) Oken—Continued.	
Subgenus Stellifer	. 1448
atellifer (Bloch)	. 1443
lanceolatus (Holbrook)	. 1443
ericymba (Jordan & Gilbert)	
microps (Steindachner)	
Subgenus Stellicarens, Gilbert	
zestocarus, Gilbert	
Genus Ophicecion, Gill	
Subgenus Ophioscion	
adustus (Agassiz)	
typicus, Gill	
trabo, Gilbert	
simulus, Gilbert	
imiceps (Jordan & Gilbert)	
scierus (Jordan & Gilbert).	
Subgenus Sigmurus, Gilbert	
vermicularis (Günther)	
Genus Scizenops, Gill	
ocellatus (Linnæus)	
Genus Sciæna (Artedi) Linnæus	
Subgenus Callaus, Jordandeliciosa (Tsohudi)	
Subgenus Cheilotrema, Tachudi	
saturna (Girard)	
Genus Roncador, Jordan & Gilbert	
stearnsi (Steindachner)	
Genus Leiostomus, Lacépède	
xanthurus, Lacépède	
Genus Pachypope, Gill	
furcræus (Lacépède)	
Genus Genyonemus, Gill	
lineatus (Ayres)	
Genus Micropogon, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
undulatus (Linnæus)	
furnieri (Desmarest)	
megalops, Gilbert	
ectenes, Jordan & Gilbert	
altipinnis, Günther	
Genus Umbrina, Cuvier	
broussonetii, Cuvier & Valenciennes	. 1466
coroides, Cuvier & Valenciennes	. 1466
roncador, Jordan & Gilbert	. 1467
xanti, Gill	
sinalose, Scofield	. 1468
galapagorum, Steindachner	
dorealis, Gill	. 1469
Genus Menticirrhus, Gill	. 1469
simus, Jordan & Eigenmann	. 1472
nasus (Günther)	
panamensis (Steindachner)	
martinicensis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
americanus (Linnæus)	

LASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.	
SUBORDER RHEGNOPTERI-Continued.	
Family Scianida—Continued.	
Genus Menticirrhus, Gill-Continued.	
saxatilis (Bloch & Schneider)	1475
undulatus (Girard)	
Subgenus Umbrula, Jordan & Eigenmann	
elongatus (Günther)	1476
littoralis (Holbrook)	1477
Genus Paralonchurus, Bocourt	1477
Subgenus Polyclemus, Berg	1478
dumerili (Bocourt)	
Subgenus Zonoscion, Jordan & Evermann	1479
rathbuni (Jordan & Bollman)	1479
Subgenus Zaclemus, Gilbert	1480
goodei, Gilbert	1480
Subgenus Paralonchurus	
petersi, Bocourt	
Genus Lonchiurus, Bloch	1481
lanceolatus (Bloch)	1481
Genus Pogonias, Lacépède	
cromis (Linnæus)	
courbina (Lacépède)	
Genus Aplodinotus, Rafinesque	
grunniens, Rafinesque	
Genus Eques, Bloch	
Subgenus Pareques, Gill	
viola, Gilbert	
acuminatus (Bloch & Schneider)	
umbrosus, Jordan & Eigenmann	
punctatus, Bloch & Schneider	
pulcher, Steindachner	
Subgenue Eques	
lanceolatus (Linnæus)	
Group Cirrhitoidei	1490
Family Cirrhitidæ	
Genus Cirrhites, Lacépède	
rivulatus, Valenciennesbetaurus, Gill	
SUBORDER HOLCONOTI	
Family Embiotocidæ	
Genus Hysterocarpus, Gibbons	1405
traski, Gibbons	
Genus Abeona, Girard	
minima (Gibbons)	
aurora, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Cymatogaster, Gibbons	
aggregatus, Gibbons	
Genus Brachyistius, Gill.	
frenatus, Gill	
Genus Zalembius, Jordan & Evermann	
rosaceus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Hypocritichthys, Gill	
analia / Alexander A gausia)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
() RDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER HOLCONOTI—Continued.	
Family Embiotocida—Continued.	
Genus Hyperprosopon, Gibbons	
argenteus, Gibbons	1501
agasaizii, Gill	
Genus Holconotus, Agassiz	
rhodoterus, Agassiz	
Genus Amphisticus, Agassiz	1503
argenteus, Agassiz	1503
Genus Embiotoca, Agassiz	1504
jacksoni, Agassiz	
Genus Tæniotoca, Alexander Agassiz	1505
lateralis (Agassiz)	1505
Genus Phanerodon, Girard	
furcatus, Girard	
artipes (Jordan & Gilbert)	1507
Genus Rhacochilus, Agassiz	1507
toxotes, Agassiz	
Genus Hypeurus, Alexander Agassiz	
caryi (Agassiz)	
Genus Damalichthys, Girard	
argyrosomus (Girard)	
Suborder Chromides	
Family Cichlida	1512
Genus Petenia, Günther	
splendida, Günther	
Genus Æquidens, Eigenmann & Bray	
cœruleopunctatus (Kner & Steindachner)	
Genus Cichlasoma, Swainson	
Subgenus Cichlasoma	1515
rectangulare (Steindachner)	1515
bartoni (Bean)	
godmanni (Günther)	
sieboldii (Kner & Steindachner)	
intermedium (Günther)	
anguliferum (Günther)	
fenestratum (Günther)	
montezuma (Heckel)	
macracanthum (Günther)	
parma (Günther)	
margaritiferum (Günther)	
spilurum (Günther)	
longimanus (Günther)	
bifasciatum (Steindachner)	
helleri (Steindachner)	
balteatum (Gill & Bransford)	
rostratum (Gill & Bransford)	
melanopogun (Steindschner)	
melanurum (Günther)	
nebuliferum (Günther)	
lentiginosum (Steindachner)	
deppli (Heckel)	
Subgenus Archocentrus, Gill	
nigrofasciatum (Günther)	1525
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4v	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER CHROMIDES—Continued.	
Family Oichlidæ—Continued.	
Genus Cichlasoma, Swainson—Continued.	
Subgenus Archocentrus, Gill—Continued.	
multispinosum (Günther)	
centrarchus (Gill & Bransford)	
steindachneri, Jordan & Snyder	
Genus Heros, Heckel	
friedrichsthali, Heckel	
salvini, Günther	
affinis, Günther	
maculipinnis, Steindachner	
trimaculatus, Günther	
labiatus, Günther	
lobochilus, Günther	
erythræus, Günther	
basilaris, Gill & Bransford	
nicaraguensis, Günther	
managuensis, Günther	
aureus, Günther	
citrinellus, Günther	
motaguensis, Günther	
oblongus, Günther	
dovii, Günther	
gibbiceps, Steindachner	
microphthalmus, Günther	
urophthalmus, Günther	
troecheli, Steindachner	
cyanoguttatus (Baird & Girard)	
pavonaceus, Garman	
altifrons, Kner & Steindachner	
beani, Jordan	
tetracanthus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
istlanus, Jordan & Snyder	
Genus Theraps, Günther	
irregularis, Günther	
Genus Neetroplus, Günther	
nematopus, Günther	
nicaraguensis, Gill & Bransford	
carpintis, Jordan & Snyder	
Genus Satanoperca, Günther	
crassilabris (Steindachner)	
Family Pomacentrida	
Genus Azurina, Jordan & McGregor	
hirundo, Jordan & McGregor	
Genus Chromis, Cuvier	
Subgenus Furcaria, Poey	
atrilobatus, Gill	
cyaneus (Poey)	
multilineatus (Guichenot)	
Subgenus Ayresia, Cooper	
punctipinnis (Cooper)	. 1548
Subgenus Heliases, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
insolatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1548

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER CHROMIDES—Continued.	
Family Pomacentrida—Continued.	
Genus Eupomacentrus, Bleeker	
Subgenus Enpomacentrus	
leucorus (Gilbert)	
adustus (Troschel)	
fuscus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
diencæus, Jordan & Rutter	
rectifrænum (Gill)	
analis (Poey)	
otophorus (Poey)	
leucostictus (Müller & Troschel)	1555
flaviventer (Troschel)	1557
partitus (Poey)	1558
planifrons (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1559
Genus Nexilarius, Gilbert	1559
concolor (Gill)	
Genus Abudefduf, Forskål	
Subgenus Glyphisodon, Lacépède	
. saxatilis (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Euschistodus, Gill	
declivifrons (Gill)	
. analogus (Gill)	
taurus (Müller & Troschei)	
rudis (Poey)	
Genus Hypeypops, Gill	
rubicundus (Girard)	
Genus Microspathodon, Günther	
bairdii (Gill)	
chrysurus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
niveatus (Poey)	
dorsalis (Gill)	
SUBORDER PHARYNGOGNATHI	
Pamily Labrida	
Genus Centrolabrus, Günther	
exoletus (Linnæus)	
Genus Tautogolabrus, Günther	
adspersus (Walbaum)	
Genus Tautoga, Mitchill	
onitis (Linnæus)	1578
Genus Lachnolaimus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
maximus (Walbaum)	
Genus Harpe, Lacépède	
diplotænia, Gill	1582
rufa (Linnæus)	
eclancheri (Valenciennes)	1583
pulchella (Poey)	1584
Genus Decodon, Günther	1584
puellaris (Poey)	
Genus Pimelometopon, Gill	1585
pulcher (Ayres)	
darwinii (Jenyns)	
Genus Clepticus, Cuvier	
parræ (Bloch & Schneider)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	P	age.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		_
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.		
SUBORDER PHARYNGOGNATHI—Continued.		
Family Labrida—Continued.		
Genus Iridio, Jordan & Evermann		
radiatus (Linnæus)		
nicholsi (Jordan & Gilbert)		
sellifer (Gilbert)		
semicinctus (Ayres)		
garnoti (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
cyanocephalus (Bloch)		
maculipinna (Müller & Troschel)		
bivittatus (Bloch)		
dispilus (Günther)		
kirachii, Jordan & Evermann		
poeyi (Steindachner)		
caudalis (Poey)		
pictus (Poey)		
Genus Oxyjulis, Gill		
californicus (Günther)		
Genus Emmeekia, Jordan & Evermann		
venusta (Jenkins & Evermann)		
Genus Julidio, Jordan & Evermann		
adustus (Gilbert)		
notospilus (Günther)		
Genus Pseudojulis, Bleeker		
inornatus, Gilbert		
melanotis, Gilbert		
Genus Thalassoma, Swainson		
socorroense, Gilbert.		
nitidum (Günther)		
nitidissimum (Goode)		
steindachneri (Jordan)		
bifasciatum (Bloch)		
grammaticum, Gilbert		
virens, Gilbert		
Genus Doratonotus, Günther		
megalepia, Günther		
decoris, Evermann & Marsh		
Genus Xyrula, Jordan		
jessiæ (Jordan)		
Genus Novaculichthys, Bleeker		
rosipes (Jordan & Gilbert)		
ventralis (Bean)		
infirmus (Bean)		
martinicensis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
Genus Xyrichthys, Cuvier		1617
mundiceps, Gill		
psittacus (Linnæus)		
modestus, Poey		
Genus Iniistius, Gill		
mundicorpus, Gill		
Family Scarida		1620
Genus Cryptotomus, Cope		1621
dentiens (Poey)		
retractus (Poey)		1623
ustus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		1624

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.	
SUBORDER PHARYNGOGNATHI—Continued.	
Family Scarida—Continued.	
Genus Cryptetomus, Cope—Continued.	
auropunctatus (Cuvier & Valenciennee)	
beryllinus, Jordan & Swain	
roseus, Cope	
Genus Calotomus, Gilbert	
xenodon, Gilbert	-
Genus Sparisoma, Swainson	
Subgenus Sparisoma	
xystrodon, Jordan & Swain	
atomarium (Poey)	
radians (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
hoplomystax (Cope)	
niphobles, Jordan & Bollman	
aurofrenatum (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
oxybrachium (Poey)	
abildgaardi (Bloch)	
distinctum (Poey)	
chrysopterum (Bloch & Schneider)	
lorito, Jordan & Swain	
viride (Bonnaterre)	
strigatum (Günther)	
flavescens (Bloch & Schneider)	
rubripinne (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
brachiale (Poey)	
maschalespilos (Bleeker)	
frondosum (Cuvier)	
Genus Scarus, Forskål	
Subgenus Scarus	
punctulatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
bolimani, Jordan & Evermann	
tseniopterus, Desmarest	
aracanga (Günther)	
trispinosus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
cuzamilæ, Bean	
vetula, Bloch & Schneider	
gnathodus, Poey	
Subgenus Calliodon (Gronow) Schneider	
croicensis (Bloch)	
evermanni, Jordan	1651
flavomarginatus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	1652
acutus, Poey	1652
ceruleus (Bloch)	1652
emblematicus, Jordan & Rutter	1654
Genus Pseudoscarus, Bleeker	1655
Subgenus Pseudoscarus	1655
cœlestinus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	1655
simplex, Poey	1656
pleianus (Poey)	
Subgenus Loro, Jordan & Evermann	
guacamaia (Cuvier)	
perrico (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Group Zeoidea	1659

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	P	age.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		,
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI-Continued.		
SUBORDER PHARYNGOGNATHI-Continued.		
Family Zeida		1659
Genus Zenopsis, Gill		
ocellatus (Storer)		
Genus Zenion, Jordan & Evermann		
hololepis (Goode & Bean)		
Genus Oreosoma, Cuvier & Valenciennes		
atlanticum, Cuvier & Valenciennes		
Group Caproidea		
Family Caproida		
Genus Antigonia, Lowe.		
capros, Lowe		
Family Ephippida		
Genus Chatodipterus, Lacépède		
faber (Broussonet)		
zonatus (Girard)		
Genus Parapaettus, Steindachner		
panamensis, Steindachner		
Family Chætodontidæ		
Genus Prognathodes, Gill		
aculeatus (Poey)		167!
Genus Forcipiger, Jordan & McGregor	• • •	1671
flavissimus, Jordan & McGregor	•••	1671
Genus Chætodon (Artedi) Linnæus	• • •	1672
Subgenus Chætodontops, Bleeker		
nigrirostris (Gill)		
ocellatus, Bloch		
humeralis, Günther		
sedentarius, Poey		
aya, Jordan		
atseniatus (Poey)		
striatus, Linnæus		
Subgenus Chætodoncapistratus, Linnæus		
bricei, Smith		
Genus Pomacanthus, Lacépède.		
Subgenus Pomacanthus.		-
arcustus (Linnæus)		
paru (Bloch)		
Subgenus Pomacanthodes, Gill		
zonipectus (Gill)		
Genus Holacanthus, Lacépède		
passer, Valenciennes		
clarionensis, Gilbert		1683
tricolor (Bloch)	•••	1684
Genus Angelichthys, Jordan & Evermann	•••	1684
ciliaris (Linnæus)		
isabelita, Jordan & Rutter		
iodocus, Jordan & Rutter		
Family Zanelidæ		
Genus Zanclus, Cuvier & Valenciennes		
cornutus (Linnæus)		
Family Teuthidida		
Genus Teuthis, Linnæus		
triostegus (Linnæus)	• • •	TOMO

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	P	ıge.
SCBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		
ORDER ACANTHOPTERI—Continued.		
Suborder Squamipinnes—Continued.		
Family Teuthidida—Continued.		
Genus Teuthis, Linnæus—Continued.		
cæruleus (Bloch & Schneider)		1691
hepatus, Linnæus		1691
crestonis, Jordan & Starks		1692
bahianus (Caetlenau)		1693
aliala (Lesson)		1693
Genus Xesurus, Jordan & Evermann		1694
punctatus (Gill)		1694
clarionis, Gilbert & Starks		1695
laticlavius (Valenciennes)		1695
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI		1696
SUBORDER SCLERODERMI		1697
Family Triacanthida		1697
Genus Hollardia, Poey		
holiardi, Poey		
Family Balistidæ		1698
Genus Balistes (Artedi) Linnæus	••	1699
Subgenus Capriscus, Rafinesque		1700
polylepia, Steindachner		1700
naufragium, Jordan & Starks		
carolinensis, Gmelin		
forcipatus, Gmelin		1702
Subgenus Balistes		
vetula, Linnæus		1703
Genus Pachynathus, Swainson		1703
capistratus (Shaw)		
Genus Canthidermis, Swainson		1705
sobaco, Poey		1705
aufflamen (Mitchill)		1706
maculatus (Bloch)		1706
willughbeii (Lay & Bennett)		1707
Genus Xanthichthys, Kaup		1708
ringens (Linnæus)		1709
mento (Jordan & Gilbert)		1710
Genus Melichthys, Swainson		1711
piceus (Poey)		1711
bispinosus, Gilbert		1711
Pamily Monacanthidæ		
Genus Cantherines, Swainson		1713
pullus (Ranzani)		1713
carolæ, Jordan & McGregor		1713
Genus Monacanthus, Cuvier		1714
ciliatus (Mitchill)		1714
hispidus (Linnæus)		1715
spilonotus, Cope		
oppositus, Posy		
Genus Paeudomonacanthus, Bleeker		
amphioxys (Cope)		
Genus Ceratacanthus, Gill		
schæpfii (Walbaum)17		
punctatus (Agaesiz)		
Subgenus Osbeckia. Jordan & Evermann		
scriptus (Osbeck)		
Genus Alutera, Cuvier		
monoceros (Osheck)	50:	3178

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
Subordee Ostracodermi	1720
Family Ostraciida	1721
Genus Lactophrys, Swainson	
Subgenus Rhinesomus, Swainson	
triqueter (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Chapinus, Jordan & Evermann	
bicaudalis (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Lactophrys	
trigonus (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Acanthostracion, Bleeker	
tricornis (Linnæus)	
SUBORDER GYMNODONTES	
Family Tetraodontida	
Genus Lagocephalus, Swainson	
lævigatus (Linnæus)	
pachycephalus (Ranzani)	
Genus Spheroides, Lacépède	
Subgenus Spheroides	
angusticeps (Jenyns)	
lobatus (Steindachner)	
spengleri (Bloch)	
maculatus (Bloch & Schneider)	
nephelus (Goode & Bean)	33; 3178
marmoratus (Ranzani)	1733
Subgenus Cheilichthys, Müller	1734
testudineus (Linnæus)	
annulatus (Jenyne)	
politus (Girard)	1736
formoeus (Günther)	
furthi (Steindachner)	
trichocephalus (Cope)	
pachygaster (Müller & Troschel)	
Genus Ovoides, Lacépède	
erethizon (Jordan & Gilbert)	
setosus (Rosa Smith)	
Genus Colomesus, Gill	
peittacus (Bloch & Schneider)	
Family Canthigasterida	
Genus Canthigaster, Swainson	
punctatissimus (Günther)	
rostratus (Bloch)	
Family Diodontida	
Genus Trichodiodon, Bleeker	
pilosus (Mitchill)	
Genus Diodon, Linnæus	
hystrix, Linnæus	
holacanthus, Linnæus	
maculifer, Kaup	
Genus Chilomycterus, Bibron	
Subgenus Cyclichthys, Kaup	
schæpfi (Walbaum)	
spinosus, Linnæus	
antillarum, Jordan & Rutter	
antennatus (Cuvier)	
Subgenus Chilomycterus	
atinga (Linnœus)	
californiensis, Eigenmauu	1751

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATEIContinued.	
SUBORDER GYMNODONTES—Continued.	
Family Diodontidæ—Continued.	
Genus Lyosphæra, Evermann & Keudall	1751
globosa, Evermann & Kendall	
Family Molidæ	
Genus Mola, Cuvier	
mola (Linnæus)	
Genus Ranzania, Nardo	1755
truncata (Retzius)	
SUBORDER LORICATI	1756
Family Scorpænidæ	1758
Genus Sebastes, Cuvier	
marinus (Linnæus)	1760
Genus Sehastolobus, Gill	1761
alascanus, Bean	1761
altivelis, Gilbert	1763
Genus Sebastodes, Gill	1765
Subgenus Emmelas, Jordan & Evermann \	1777
glaucus (Hilgendorf)	1777
Subgenus Sebastodes	1778
jordani, Gilbert	1778
goodei. Eigenmann & Eigenmann	1779
paucispinis (Ayres)	1780
Subgenus Sebastosomus, Gill	1781
flavidus (Ayres)	
serranoides, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	1782
melanope (Girard)	1782
Subgenus Primospins, Eigenmann & Beeson	1783
ciliatus (Tilesius)	
mystinus, Jordan & Gilbert	1784
Subgenus Acutomentum, Eigenmann & Beeson	1785
entomelas (Jordan & Gilbert)	1785
rufus, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	1786
macdonaldi (Kigenmann & Beeson)	1786
brevispinis (Bean)	1787
ovalis (Ayres)	, 1788
eigenmanni, Cramer	
hopkinsi, Cramer	
alutus (Gilbert)	
proriger (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Subgenus Rosicola, Jordan & Evermann	
pinniger (Gill)	
miniatus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
atrorubens (Gilbert)	
atrovirens (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Subgenus Zalopyr, Jordan & Evermann 1	
aleutianus, Jordan & Evermann	
Subgenus Eosebastes, Jordan & Evermann	
saxicola (Gilbert)	
crameri, Jordan	
semicinctus, Gilbert	
diplopros (Gilbert)	
aurora (Gilbert)	
melanostomus, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
introniger (Gilbert)	1803

LASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	•
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI—Continued.	
Family Scorpanida—Continued.	
Genus Sebastodes, Gill—Continued.	
Subgenus Sebastomus, Gill	
ruberrimus, Cramer	
constellatus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
umbrosus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
rosaceus (Girard)	
ayresii, Gilbert & Cramer	
rhodochloris (Jordan & Gilbert)	
eos, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
gilli, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
chlorostictus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
rupestris (Gilbert)	
Subgenus Hispaniscus, Cramer	
sinensis (Gilbert)	
zacentrus (Gilbert)	
elongatus (Ayres)	
lovis (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	
rubrivinctus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Subgenus Auctospina, Eigenmann & Beeson	
auriculatus (Girard)	
dallii (Eigenmann & Beeson)	
Subgenus Pteropodus, Eigenmann & Beeson	
rastrelliger (Jordan & Gilbert)	
caurinus (Richardson)	
vexillaris (Jordan & Gilbert)	
maliger (Jordan & Gilbert)	
gilberti, Cramer	
carnatus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
chrysomelas (Jordan & Gilbert)	
nebulosus (Ayres)	
Subgenus Sebastichthys, Gill	
serriceps (Jordan & Gilbert)	
nigrocinctus (Ayres)	
Subgenus Sebastosomus, Gill	
taczanowskii (Steindachner)	
Genus Sebastopsis, Gill	
xyris, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Helicolenus, Goode & Bean	
dactylopterus (De la Roche)	
maderensis, Goode & Bean	
Genus Scorpæna (Artedi) Linnæus	
agassizii, Goode & Bean	
cristulata, Goode & Beau	
brasiliensis, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
histrio, Jenyns	
pannosa, Cramer	1845
guttata, Girard	
plumieri, Bloch	
mystes, Jordan & Starks	
grandicornis, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
russula, Jordan & Bollman	
sonoræ, Jenkins & Evermann	
inermia, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
nematophthalmus, (Günther)	2861

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI—Continued.	
Fumily Scorpanida—Continued.	
Genus Pontinus, Poey	. 1854
macrolepis, Goode & Bean	. 1855
castor, Poey	. 1856
pollux, Poey	. 1857
rathbuni, Goode & Bean	
longispinis, Goode & Bean	
sierra (Gilbert)	
Genus Setarches, Johnson	
parmatus, Goode	
Family Anoplopomatida	
Genus Anoplopoma, Ayres	
fimbria (Pallas)	
Genus Brilepis, Gill	
zonifer (Lockington)	
Pumily Hexagrammida	
Genus Pleurogrammus, Gill	
monopterygius (Pallas)	
Genus Hexagrammos (Steller) Tilesius	
decagrammus (Pallas)	
octogrammus (Pallas)	
stelleri, Tilesius.	
supercilioeus (Pallas)	
lagocephalus (Pallas).	
Genus Ophiodon, Girard	
elongatus, Girard	
latipinnis, Girard	
frenatus, Rigenmann	
Genus Oxylebius, Gill	
Pamily Cottides.	
♥ ** · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Genus Jordania, Starks	
zonope, Starks	
Genus Paricelinus, Bigenmann & Bigenmann	
hopliticus, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
Genus Alcidea, Jordan & Evermann	
thoburni (Gilbert)	
Genus Scorpsenichthys, Girard	
marmoratus (Ayres)	
Genus Chitonotus, Lockington	
pugetensis (Steindachner)	
Genus Tarandichthys, Jordan & Evermann	
cavifrons (Gilbert)	
filamentoeus (Gilbert)	
tenuis (Gilbert)	
Genus Icelinus, Jordan	
fimbriatus, Gilbert	
oculatus, Gilbert	
borealis, Gilbert	
quadriseriatus (Lockington)	
strabo, Starks	
Genus Astrolytes, Jordan & Starks	
netospilotus (Girard)	
fenestralis (Jordan & Gilbert)	1899

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI-Continued.	
Family Cottida—Continued.	
Genus Archistes, Jordan & Gilbert	1900
plumarius, Jordan & Gilbert	1900
Genus Artedius, Girard.	
lateralis (Girard)	1902
asperulus, Starks	
Genus Axyrias, Starks	
harringtoni, Starks	
Genus Artediellus, Jordan.	
uncinatus (Reinhardt)	
atlanticus, Jordan & Evermann	
pacificus, Gilbert.	
Genus Ruscarius, Jordan & Starks	
meanyi, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Rastrinus, Jordan & Evermann	
scutiger (Bean)	
Genus Icelus, Kröyer	
bicornia (Reinhardt)	
spiniger, Gilbert	
euryops, Bean	
vicinalia, Gilbert	
canaliculatus, Gilbert	
australis, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
Genus Radulinus. Gilbert	
beleoides, Gilbert	
asprellus, Gilbert	
Genus Stelgistrum, Jordan & Gilbert	
stejnegeri, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Triglops, Reinhardt	
pingeli, Reinhardt	
beani, Gilbert	
scepticus, Gilbert	
Genus Sternias, Jordan & Evermann	1926
xenostethus (Gilbert)	1927
Genus Prionistius, Bean	1927
macellus, Bean	
Genus Elanura, Gilbert	1930
forficata, Gilbert	1930
Genus Melletes, Bean	1932
papilio, Bean	1932
Genus Hemilepidotus, Cuvier	1934
jordani, Bean	1934
hemilepidotus (Tilesius)	1935
Genus Calycilepidotus, Ayres	1936
spinosus, Ayres	
Genus Enophrys, Swainson	
Subgenus Aspicottus, Girard	
bison (Girard)	
Subgenus Enophrys	
claviger (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Ceratocottus, Gili	
lucasi, Jordan & Gilbert	
dicerens (Palles)	1040

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	_
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI—Continued.	
Family Cottide-Continued.	
Genus Cottus (Artedi) Linnæus	. 1941
Subgenus Pegedictis, Rafinesque	. 1944
asper, Richardson	
gulosus (Girard)	
evermanni, Gilbert	
rhothens, Rosa Smith	
shasta, Jordan & Starks	
punctulatus (Gill)	
semiscaber (Cope)	
ictalops (Rafinesque)	
Subgenus Tauridea, Jordan & Rice	
ricei, Nelson	
Subgenus Cottus	
onychus, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
pollicaris (Jordan & Gilbert)	
cognatus, Richardson	
perplexus, Gilbert & Evermann	
klamathensis, Gilbert	
aleuticus, Gilbert	
minutus, Palias	
beldingii, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
philonips, Rigenmann & Eigenmann	
annæ, Jordan & Starks	
spilotus (Cope)	
leiopomus, Gilbert & Evermann	
princeps, Gilbert	
Genus Uranidea, De Kay	
bendirei (Bean)	
greenei, Gilbert & Culver	
marginata, Bean.	
tenuis, Evermann & Meek	
franklini (Agassis)	
kumlienii, Hoy	
gracilis (Heckel)	
hoyi. Putnam	
Genus Myoxocephalus (Steller) Tilesius	
Subgenus Acanthocottus, Girard	
bubalis (Euphrasen)	
eneus (Mitchill)	
scorpioides (Fabricius)	
scorpius (Linnseus)	
grænlandicus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
octodecimapinoeus (Mitchill)	
Subgenus Myoxocephalus.	
polyacanthocephalus, Pallas	
jack (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
verrucosus (Bean)	
axillaris (Gill).	
stelleri, Tilesius.	
mednius, B. A. Bean.	
nivoens (Herzenstein)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI—Continued.	
Family Cottide—Continued.	
Genus Megalocottus, Gill	1007
platycephalus (Pallas)	
laticeps (Gilbert)	
Genus Zesticelus, Jordan & Evermann	
profundorum (Gilbert)	
Genus Dasycottus, Bean	
setiger, Bean	
Genus Cottunculus, Collett	
microps, Collett	
thomsonii (Günther)	
Genus Malacocottus, Bean	
zonurus, Bean	
Genus Argyrocottus, Herzenstein	
zanderi, Herzenstein	
Genus Porocottus, Gill	
sellaris (Gilbert)	
quadratus, B. A. Bean	
polaris (Sabine)	
quadrifilis, Gill	
tentaculatus (Kner)	
bradfordi, Rutter	
Genus Oncocottus, Gill	
quadricornis (Linnæus)	
hexacornis (Richardson)	
Genus Triglopsis, Girard	
thompsoni, Girard	
Genus Gymnocanthus, Swainson	
pistilliger (Pallas)	
tricuspis (Reinhardt)	
galeatus (Bean)	
Genus Leiocottus, Girard	
hirundo, Girard	
Genus Leptocottus, Girard	
armatus, Girard	2012
Genus Clinocottus, Gill	2012
analis (Girard)	2012
Genus Oligocottus, Girard	2013
maculosus, Girard	2013
borealis, Jordan & Snyder	
snyderi, Greeley	2871
Genus Sigmistes, Rutter	2863
caulias, Rutter	2863
Genus Blennicottus, Gill	2017; 2864
Subgenus Oxycottus, Jordan & Evermann	2015; 2864
acuticeps (Gilbert)	2015; 2864
embryum (Jordan & Starks)	2016; 2864
Subgenus Blennicottus	2016; 2864
recalvus, Greeley	
globiceps (Girard)	2017
bryosus, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Rusciculus, Greeley	
rimensis, Greeley	

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI—Continued.	
Family Cottida—Continued.	
Genus Eximia, Greeley	2100
rubellio, Greeley	
Genus Histiocottus, Gill	
bilobus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Blepsias, Cuvier	
eirrhosus (Pallas)	
·	
pribilovius, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Nautichthys, Girard	
oculofasciatus (Girard)	
Genus Ulca, Jordan & Evermann	
marmorata (Bean)	
Genus Hemitripterus, Cuvier	
americanus (Gmelin)	
cavifrons, Lockington	
Genus Synchirus, Beau	
gilli, Bean	
Genus Ascelichthys, Jordan & Gilbert	
rhodorus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Psychrolutes, Günther	
paradoxus, Günther	
Genus Gilbertidia, Berg	
aigolutes, Jordan & Starks	
Family Ramphocottida	
Genus Ramphocottus, Günther	
richardsoni, Günther	
Pamily Agonidas	
Genus Percis, Scopoli	
japonicus (Pallas)	
Genus Agonomalus, Guichenot	
proboecidalis (Valenciennes)	
Genus Hypeagonus, Gill	
quadricornis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Stellerina, Cramer	
xyosterna (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Occa, Jordan & Evermann	
verrucoea (Lockington)	
dodecaedron (Tilesius)	
Genus Brachyopais, Gill	
rostratus (Tilesius)	
seguliensis (Tilesius)	
Genus Pallasina, Cramer	
barbata (Steindachner)	
aix, Starks	
Genus Leptagonus, Gill	
decagonus (Bloch & Schneider)	
Genus Podothecus, Gill	
accipiter, Jordan & Starks	
hamlini, Jordan & Gilbert	
gliberti (Collett)	
thompsoni, Jordan & Gilbert	
acipenserinus (Tilesius)	2061

	_
CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	_
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI-Continued.	
Family Agonida—Continued.	
Genus Agonus, Bloch & Schneider	2064
cataphractus, Linnæus	2065
Genus Stelgis, Cramer	
vulsus (Jordan & Gilbert)	2067
Genus Averruncus, Jordan & Starks	2069
emmelane, Jordan & Starks	2069
sterletus, Gilbert	
Genus Sarritor, Cramer	2072
frenatus, Gilbert	2073
leptorhynchus (Gilbert)	2075
Genus Xystes, Jordan & Starks	
axinophrys, Jordan & Starks	2076
Genus Bathyagonus, Gilbert	2077
nigripinnis, Gilbert	2078
Genus Xenochirus, Gilbert	2079
pentacanthus, Gilbert	2080
alascanus, Gilbert	2081
latifrone, Gilbert	
triacanthus, Gilbert	2084
Genus Odontopyxis, Lockington	2085
trispinosus, Lockington	2085
Genus Bothragonus, Gill	2086
swanii (Steindachner)	2086
Genus, Aspidophoroides, Lacépède	2088
Subgenus Ulcina, Cramer	2089
olriki, Lütken	2089
guntheri, Bean	2090
monopterygius (Bloch)	2091
bartoni, Gilbert	2092
Subgenus ▲noplagonus, Gill	, 2093
inermis, Günther	2093
Family Cyclopterida	2094
Genus Cyclopterus (Artedi) Linnæus	2096
lumpus, Linnæus	2096
Genus Eumicrotremus, Gill	2097
spinosus (Müller)	2098
orbis (Günther)	2099
Genus Lethotremus, Gilbert	2100
muticus, Gilbert	
vinolentus, Jordan & Starks	
Genus Cyclopteroides, Garman	2102
gyrinope, Garman	2102
Genus Cyclopterichthys, Steindachner	2103
ventricosus (Pallas)	
Genus Liparops, Garman	2104
stelleri (Pallas)	
Family Liparididas	
Genus Neoliparis, Steindachner	
atlanticus, Jordan & Evermann	
rutteri, Gilbert & Snyder	
callyodon (Pallas)	
mucoeus (Ayres)	
floræ, Jordan & Starks	
greeni Towlen & Starke	9119

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER LORICATI-Continued.	
Family Liparidida—Continued.	
Genus Neoliparis, Steindachner-Continued.	
fissuratus, Starks	2113
Genus Liparis (Artedi) Scopoli	2114
Subgenus Liparis	2116
liparis (Linnæus)	2116
cyclopus, Günther	2118
fucensis, Gilbert	
tunicatus, Reinhardt	
agassizii, Putnam	
herschelinus, Scofield	
dennyi, Jordan & Starks	
cyclostigma, Gilbert	
Subgenus Lyoliparis, Jordan & Evermann	
pulchellus, Ayres	
Subgenue Actinochir, Gill	
major (Gill)	
Genus Crystallichthys, Jordan & Gilbert	
mirabilis, Jordan & Gilbert	
ovigerum, Gilbert	
Genus Careproctus, Kröyer	
Subgenus Caremitra, Jordan & Evermann	
simus, Gilbert	
Subgenus Careproctus	
colletti, Gilbert	
phasma, Gilbert	
spectrum, Bean	
reinbardi (Kröyer)	
ranula (Goode & Bean)	
oetentum, Gilbert	
gelatinosus (Pallas)	2184
Subgenus Allochir, Jordan & Evermann	2135
melanurus, Gilbert	2185
Subgenus Allinectes, Jordan & Evermann	136; 2866
ectenes, Gilbert	
Genus Prognurus, Jordan & Evermann	2866
cypeelurus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Gyrinichthys, Gilbert	
minytremus, Gilbert	
Genus Amitra, Goode	
liparina, Goode	
Genus Paraliparis, Collett	
Subgenus Paraliparis	
holomelas, Gilbert.	
Subgenus Amitrichthys, Jordan & Evermann cephalus, Gilbert	
rosaceus, Gilbert	
mento, Gilbert	
copei, Goode & Bean	
dactylosus, Gilbert.	
Subgenus Hilgendorfia, Goode & Bean	
ulochir, Gilbert	
Genus Rhinoliparis, Gilbert	
barbulifer, Gilbert	
Rull No 47 mt 4	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Pa	ige.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		_
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.		
SUBORDER CRANIOMI	:	2146
Family Triglides		
Genus Prionotus, Lacépède		
Subgenus Gurnardus, Jordan & Evermann		
birostratus, Richardson		
gymnostethus, Gilbert		
xenisma, Jordan and Bollman		
loxias, Jordan		
Subgenus Merulinus, Jordan & Evermann	•••	9158
carolinus (Linnæus)	•••	9156
acitulus, Jordan		
rosens. Jordan & Evermann.		
alatus, Goode & Bean		
Subgenus Prionetus		
miles, Jengus		
stephanophrys, Lockington		
quiescens, Jordan & Bollman		
albirostris, Jordan & Bollman		
rubio, Jordan		
ophryas, Jordan & Swain		
stearnsi, Jordan & Swain		
atrigatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)		
evolans (Linnæus)		
punctatus (Bloch)		
beanii, Goode		
tribulus (Cuvier)		
horrens, Richardson		
Genus Bellator, Jordan & Evermann		
militaris (Goode & Bean)egretta (Goode & Bean)		
Genus Trigla (Artedi) Linnseus		
cuculus, Linnæus		
Family Peristediidæ		
Genus Peristedion, Lacépède		
miniatum, Goode		
longispathum, Goode & Bean		
gracile, Goode & Bean.		
platycephalum, Goode & Bean		
Genus Vulsiculus, Jordan & Evermann		
imberbis (Poey)		
Family Cephalacanthidæ		
Genus Cephalacanthus, Lacépède		
volitans (Linnæus)		
. Group Gobioidea		
Family Callionymidæ		
Genus Callionymus, Linnæus		
bairdi, Jordan		
agassizii, Goode & Beau		
calliurus, Eigenmann & Eigenmann		
pauciradiatus, Gill		
Family Gobiida		
Genus Ioglossus, Bean.		
calliurus, Bean		
Genus Philypnus, Cuvier & Valenciennes		
dormitor (Lacépède)		
lateralia, Gill		

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI-Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER CRANIOMI—Continued.	
Family Gobiida—Continued.	
Genus Dormitator, Gill	. 2195
maculatus (Bloch)	. 2196
Genus Guavina, Bleeker	
guavina (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	. 2198
Genus Kleotris (Gronow) Bloch & Schneider	
amblyopsis Cope	
abaourus, Jordan & Gilbert	
pisonis (Gmelin)	
perniger (Cope)	
pictus (Kner & Steindachner)	
Genus Alexurus. Jordan	
armiger, Jordan & Richardson	
Genus Erotelis, Poey	
smaragdus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Gymneleotris, Bleeker	
seminudus (Günther)	
Genus Chriolepis, Gilbert	
minutillus, Gilbert	
Genus Sicydium, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
plumieri (Bloch)	
antillarum, Ogilvie-Grant	
vincente, Jordan & Evermann	
punctatum, Perugia	
caguitæ, Kvermann & Marsh`	
Genus Cotylopus, Guichenot	
Subgenus Sicyosus, Jordan & Evermann	
gymnogaeter (Ogilvie-Grant)	
salvini (Ogilvie-Grant)	
Genus Evorthodus, Gill	
breviceps, Gill	
Genus Lophogobius, Gill	. 2209
cyprinoides (Pallas)	. 2209
Genus Gobius (Artedi) Linnæus	. 2 210
Subgenus Gobius	. 2216
seperator, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
Subgenus Ctenogobius, Gill	. 2218
nicholsii, Bean	. 2 218
eigenmanni, Garman	. 2218
glaucofrænum (Gill)	. 2219
manglicola, Jordan & Starks	
stigmaturus, Goode & Bean	
quadriporus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
shufeldti, Jordan & Eigenmann	
boleosoma, Jordan & Gilbert	
fasciatus (Gill)	
encæomus, Jordan & Gilbert	
stigmaticus (Poey)	
lyricus, Girard.	
garmani, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
zebra, Gilbert	
Subgenus Euctenogobius, Gill	
poevi, Steindachner	
badius (Gill)	
mater (Att)	. 4661

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	Page.
Order Plectognathi—Continued.	
SUBORDER CRANIOMI—Continued. SUBORDER CRANIOMI—Continued.	
Family Gobiida—Continued.	
Genus Gobius (Artedi) Linnæus—Continued.	
Subgenus Gobionellus, Girard	2227
microdon, Gilbert	9997
smaragdus, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
strigatus, O'Shaughnessy	
sagittula (Günther)	
hastatus (Girard)	
oceanicus, Pailas	
bayamonensis, Evermann & Marsh	
Subgenus Lythrypnus, Jordan & Evermann	
dalli, Gilbert	
Genus Garmannia, Jordan & Evermann	
Subgenue Garmannia	
paradoxa (Günther)	
hemigymna (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	
Subgenus Enypnias, Jordan & Evermann	
seminuda (Günther)	
Genus Awaous, Steindachner	
flavus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
nelsoni, Evermann	
taiaeica (Lichtenstein)	
mexicanus (Günther)	
Genus Bollmannia, Jordan	
ocellata, Gilbert	
chlamydes, Jordan	
macropoma, Gilbert	
stigmatura, Gilbert	
boqueronensis, Evermann & Marsh	
Genus Aboma, Jordan & Starks	
etheostoms, Jordan & Starks	. 2240
lucretiæ (Eigenmann & Eigenmann)	. 2241
chiquita (Jenkins & Evermann)	
Genus Microgobius, Poey	
gulosus (Girard)	
eulepis, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
meeki, Evermann & Marsh	
thalassinus, Jordan & Gilbert	224
aignatus, Poey	. 2240
Genus Zalypnus, Jordan & Evermann	
cyclolepis (Gilbert)	
emblematicus (Jordan & Gilbert)	224
Genus Eucyclogobius, Gill	2248
newberryi (Girard)	. 2248
Genus Lepidogobius, Gill	2248
lepidus (Girard)	2249
Genus Gillichthys, Cooper	. 2249
mirabilis, Cooper	2250
detrusus, Gilbert & Scoffeld	
Genus Quietula, Jordan & Evermann	
y-cauda (Jenkins & Evermann)	2251
Genus Ilypnus, Jordan & Evermann	
Genus Ilypnus, Jordan & Evermann	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER CRANIOMI—Continued.	
Pamily Gobiida—Continued.	
Genus Clevelandia, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
ios (Jordan & Gilbert)	
rose, Jordan & Evermann	
Genus Evermannia, Jordan	
longipinnis (Steindachner)	
zosterura, (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genna Gobiosoma, Girard	
molestum, Girard	
bosci (Lacépède)	
crescentale, Gilbert	
multifaeciatum, Steindachner	
Genus Barbulifer, Eigenmann & Eigenmann	
centhescus (Jordan & Gilbert).	
Genus Typhlogobius, Steindachner	
californiensia, Steindachner	
Genns Tyntlastes, Günther	
brevis (Günther)	
aagitta (Günther)	
Genus Gobioides, Lacépède	
broussonnetii, Lacépède	
peruanus (Steindachner)	
Genus Cayennia, Sauvage	
guichenoti, Sauvage	
SUBORDER DISCOCEPHALI	
Family Echeneididæ	
Genus Phtheirichthys, Gill	
lineatus (Menzies)	
Genus Echeneis (Artedi) Linnæus	
naucrates, Linnæus	2269
naucrateoides, Zuiew	
Genus Remilegia, Gill	2270
australis (Bennett)	2270
Genus Remora, Gill	2271
Subgenus Remora	2271
remora (Linnæus)	
Subgenus Remorins, Jordan & Evermann	2272
albescens (Temminck & Schlegel)	2272
Subgenus Remoropsis, Gill	
brachyptera (Lowe)	
Genus Rhombochirus, Gill	
oeteochir (Cuvier)	
Group Trachinoidea.	
Femily Malacanthida	
Genus Malacanthus, Cuvier	
plamieri (Bloch)	
Genus Caulolatilus, Gill	
princeps (Jenyns)	
microps, Goode & Bean	2277
cyanops, Poey	
Genus Lopholatilus, Goode & Bean	20278

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER DISCOCEPHALI—Continued.	
Family Opisthognathida	
Genus Opisthognathus, Cuvier	
lonchurum, Jordan & Gilbert	
punctatum, Peters	
macrognathum, Poey	
ommatum, Jenkins & Evermann	
Genus Gnathypops, Gill	
scops, Jenkins & Evermann	
maxillosa (Poey)	
macrops (Poey)	
rhomales (Jordan & Gilbert)	
snyderi, Jordan & Evermann	
mystacina, Jordan	
Genus Lonchopisthus, Gill	
micrognathus (Poey)	
Family Bathymasterida	
Genus Bathymaster, Cope	
signatus, Cope	
Genus Ronquilus, Jordan & Starks	
jordani (Gilbert)	2289
Genus Rathbunella, Jordan & Evermann	
hypoplecta (Gilbert)	2290
Family Chiasmodontida	2291
Genus Chiasmodon, Johnson	2291
niger, Johnson	2291
Genus Pseudoscopelus, Lütken	2292
scriptus, Lütken	2292
Family Chanichthyida	2293
Genus Hypsicometes, Goode	2293
gobioides, Goode	2294
Family Trichodontidæ	2295
Genus Trichodon (Steller) Cuvier	2295
trichodon (Tilesius)	2295
Genus Arctoscopus, Jordan & Evermann	2297
japonicus (Steindachner)	2297
Family Dactyloscopidæ	2297
Genus Gillellus, Gilbert	2298
semicinctus, Gilbert	2298
arenicola, Gilbert	2299
ornatus, Gilbert	2299
Genus Dactyloscopus, Gill	2300
Subgenus Dactyloscopus	2301
pectoralis, Gill	2301
tridigitatus, Gill	
poeyi, Gill	2302
lunaticus, Gilbert	
Subgenus Esloscopus, Jordan & Evermann	
zelotes, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Dactylagnus, Gill	
mundus, Gill	
Genus Myxodagnus, Gill	
opercularis, Gill	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI-Continued.	
SUBORDER DISCOCEPHALI—Continued.	
Family Uranoscopidæ	
Genus Astroscopus, Brevoort	
y-græcum (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
zephyreus, Gilbert & Starks	
guttatus (Abbott)	
Genus Kathetostoma, Günther	
averruncus, Jordan & Bollman	
albiguttum, Bean	
SUBORDER HAPLODOCI	
Family Batrachoidida	
Genus Batrachoides, Lacépède	
surinamensis (Bloch & Schneider)	
pacifici (Günther)	
Genus Opeanus, Rafinesque	
tau (Linnæus)	
pardus (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Porichthys, Girard	
perosissimus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
notatus, Girard	
margaritatus (Richardson)	
Genus Thalassophryne, Günther	
maculosa, Günther	
reticulata, Günther	
Genus Dector, Jordan & Evermann	
dowi (Jordan & Gilbert)	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII	
Family Gobiesocida	
Genus Caularchus, Gill	
mæandricus (Girard)	
Genus Bryssetæres, Jordan & Evermann	
pinniger (Gilbert)	
Genus Gobiesox, Lacépède	
- Subgenus Bryssophilus, Jordan & Evermann	
papillifer, Gilbert	
Subgenus Gobiesox	
gyrinus, Jordan & Evermann	
nigripinnis (Peters)	
cephalus, Lacépède	
tudes, Richardson	
strumosus, Cope	
virgatulus, Jordan & Gilbert	
adustus, Jordan & Gilbert	
fanebris, Gilbert	
pæcilophthalmus, Jenyns	
rhodospilus, Günther	
macrophthalmus, Günther	
cerasinus, Cope	
Subgenus Sicyases, Müller & Troschel	
erythrops, Jordan & Gilbert	
rubiginosus (Poey)	
carneus (Poey)	
hæres, Jordan & Bollman	
punctulatus (Poey)	
fasciatus (Peters)	2338

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI-Continued.	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Family Gobiecocida—Continued.	
Genus Rimicola, Jordan & Evermann	
muscarum (Meek & Pierson)	
eigenmanni (Gilbert)	
Genus Arbaciosa, Jordan & Evermann	
rhessodon (Rosa Smith)	
humeralis (Gilbert)rupestris (Poey)	
zebra (Jordan & Gilbert).	
cos (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Group Blennioides	
Family Blenniida	
Genus Enneanectes, Jordan & Evermann	
carminalis (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Gillias, Evermann & Marsh	
jordani, Evermann & Marsh	
Genus Dialommus, Gilbert	2868
fusous, Gilbert	2868
Genus Heterostichus, Girard	2350
rostratus, Girard	2351
Genus Gibbonsia, Cooper	
elegans (Cooper)	
evides (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Neoclinus, Girard	
Subgenus Neoclinus	
blanchardi, Girard	
Subgenus Pterognathus, Girard	
satirious, Girard	
Genus Malacoctenus, Gill	
ocellatus (Steindachner)	
macropus (Poey)	
lugubris (Poey)	
culebræ, Evermann & Marsh	
gilli (Steindachner)	
puertoricensis, Evermann & Marsh	
bimaculatus (Steindachner)	
moorei, Evermann & Marsh	
detalandi (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
versicolor (Poey)	
biguttatus (Cope)	2360
Genus Labrisomus, Swainson	2360
herminier (Le Sueur)	2361
nuchipinnis (Quoy & Gaimard)	236 2
xanti, Gill	
bucciferus, Poey	
microlepidotus, Poey	
Genus Mnierpes, Jordan & Evermann	
macrocephalus (Günther)	
Genus Gobioclinus, Gill	
gobio (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
cremnobates (Gilbert)	
Genus Cryptotrema, Gilbert	
corallinum Gilbert	

• .	
CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	•
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Family Blenniida—Continued.	
Genus Exerpes, Jordan & Evermann	2367
asper (Jenkins & Evermann)	
Genus Auchenistius, Evermann & Marsh	
stahli, Evermann & Marsh	
Genus Auchenopterus, Günther	
Subgenus Corallicols, Jordan & Evermann	
nigripinnis (Steindachner)	
altivelis (Lockington)	
marmoratus (Steindachper)	
Subgenus Auchenopterus	
affinis (Steindachner)	2371
monophthalmus, Günther	2372
integripinnis (Rosa Smith)	2372
albicaudus, Evermann & Marsh	3191
rubescens, Evermann & Marsh	
cingulatus, Evermann & Marsh	
fajardo, Evermann & Marsh	
fasciatus (Stiendachner)	
nox (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Paraelinus, Mocquard	
chaperi, Mocquard	
Genus Emmnion, Jordan	
bristolæ, Jordan	
Genus Atopoclinus, Vaillant	2376
ringens, Vaillant	2376
Genus Runula, Jordan & Bollman	2377
azalea, Jordan & Bollman	2377
Genus Blennius (Artedi) Linnæus	2377
Subgenus Lipophrys, Gill	2378
carolinus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
fucorum, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
stearnsi, Jordan & Gilbert	
favosus, Goode & Bean	
pilicornia, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
marmoreus, Poey	
truncatus (Poey)	
vinctus, Poey	
cristatus, Linnæus	
Genus Scartella, Jordan	
microstoma (Poey)	2384
Genus Hypleurochilus, Gill	2385
geminatus (Wood)	2385
Genus Hypsoblennius, Gill	
Subgenus Hypsoblennius	
gilberti (Jordan)	
gentilis (Girard)	
striatus (Steindachner)	
ionthas (Jordan & Gilbert)	
hents (Le Sueur)	
Subgenus Blenniolus, Jordan & Evermann	
brevipinnis (Günther)	
Genus Chasmodes, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
jenkinsi (Jordan & Evermann)	2391

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SCHORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Family Blenniidæ—Continued.	
Genus Chaemodes, Cuvier & Valenciennes-Continued.	
saburræ, Jordan & Gilbert	2392
novemlineatus (Wood)	2393
bosquianus (Lacépède)	
Genus Homesthes, Gilbert	
caulopus, Gilbert	
Genus Scartichthys, Jordan & Evermann	
rubropunctatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Rupiscartes, Swainson	
atlanticus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
Genus Entomacrodus, Gill	
chiostictus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
margaritaceus (Poey)	
decoratus, Poey	
nigricans, Gill.	
Genus Salariichthys, Guichenot	
textilis (Quoy & Gaimard)	
Genus Coralliozetus, Evermann & Marsh	
cardonæ, Evermann & Marsh	
Genus Ophioblennius, Gill	
webbii (Valenciennes)	
steindachneri, Jordan & Evermann	
Genus Emblemaria, Jordan & Gilbert	
atlantica, Jordan & Evermann	
nivipes, Jordan & Gilbert	
oculocirris. Jordan	
Genus Chænopsis, Gill	
ocellatus, Poey	
Genus Lucioblennius, Gilbert	
alepidotus, Gilbert	
Genus Pholidichthys, Bleeker	
anguilliformis, Lockington	
Genus Psednoblennius, Jenkins & Evermann	
hypacanthus, Jenkins & Evermann	2406
Genus Stathmonotus, Bean	2407
hemphillii, Bean	2407
Genus Bryostemms, Jordan & Starks	2408
polyactocephalum (Pallas)	2408
nugator, Jordan & Williams	2410
Genus Apodichthys, Girard	2411
flavidus, Girard	2411
univittatus, Lockington	2412
Genus Xererpes, Jordan & Gilbert	2413
fucorum (Jordan & Gilbert)	2413
Genus Ulvicola, Gilbert	
sanctæ-rosæ, Gilbert	
Genus Pholis (Gronow) Scopoli	
Subgenus Urocentrus, Kner	
pictus (Kner)	
Subgenus Rhodymenichthys, Jordan & Evermann	
dolichogaster (Pallas)	
Subgenus Pholis	
fasciatus (Bloch & Schneider)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Familg Blenniida—Continued.	
Genus Pholis (Gronow) Scopoli—Continued.	
Subgenus Pholis—Continued.	
gunnellus (Linnæus)	2419
ornatus (Girard)	
Genus Gunuellops, Bleeker	2420
roseus (Pallas)	2420
Genus Asternopteryx, Rüppell	2420
gunnelliformis, Rüppell	2420
Genus Anoplarchus, Gill	24 21
atropurpureus (Kittlitz) 2	422; 2869
Genus Alectrias, Jordan & Evermann	
alectrolophus (Pallae) 2	421; 2869
Genus Xiphistes, Jordan & Starks	
ulvæ, Jordan & Starks	2423
chirus (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Xiphidion, Girard	2424
mucoeum, Girard	
rupestre (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Cebedichthys, Ayres	
violaceus (Ayres)	
Genus Plagiogrammus, Bean	
hopkinsi, Bean	
Genus Opisthocentrus, Kner	
ocellatus (Tilesius)	
Genus Pholidapus, Bean & Bean	
dybowskii (Steindachner)	
Genus Plectobranchus, Gilbert	
evides, Gilbert	
Genus Leptoclinus, Gill	
maculatus (Fries)	
Genus Poroclinus, Bean	
rothrocki, Bean	
Genus Lumpenus, Reinhardt	
Subgenus Anisarchus, Gill	
medius (Reinhardt)	
Subgenus Lumpenus	
anguillaris (Pallas)	
mackayi (Gilbert)	
fabricli (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
lampetræformis (Walbaum)	
Genus Stichæus, Reinhardt	
punctatus (Fabricius)	
Genus Ulvaria, Jordan & Evermann	
subbifurcata (Storer)	
Genus Eumesogrammus, Gill	
præcisus (Kröyer)	
Family Cryptacanthodida.	
Genus Delolepis, Bean	
virgatus, Bean	
Genus Cryptacanthodes, Storer	
maculatus, Storer	
Genus Lyconectes, Gilbert	3444

CLASS PISCES-Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI-Continued.	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Pamily Anarhichadida	2445
Genus Anarhichas (Artedi) Linnæus	
latifrons, Steenstrup & Hallgrimsson	
minor, Olafsen	
lupus, Linnæus	
lepturus, Bean	
orientalis, Pallas	
Genus Anarrhichthys, Ayres	9447
ocellatus, Ayres	
Family Cerdalida.	
Genus Cerdale, Jordan & Gilbert	
ionthas, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genna Microdesmus, Günther	
dipus, Günther	
retropinnis, Jordan & Gilbert	
Family Ptilichthylda	
Genus Ptilichthys, Bean	
goodei, Bean	
Group Ophidioidea	
Family Scytalinida	
Genus Soytalina, Jordan & Gilbert	2454
cerdale, Jordan & Gilbert	2454
Family Zoarcidæ	2455
Genus Zoarces, Gill	2450
Subgenus Macrosoarces, Gill	2457
anguillaris (Peck)	2457
Genus Embryx, Jordan & Evermann	2458
crassilabris (Gilbert)	
crotalinus (Gilbert)	
Genus Lycodopsis, Collett	
pacificus (Collett)	
Genus Aprodon, Gilbert	
cortezianua, Gilbert	
Genus Lycodes, Reinhardt	
Subgenus Lycodes	
esmarkii, Collett	
vahlii, Reinhardt.	
concolor, Gill & Townsend	
zoarchus, Goode & Bean	
reticulatus, Reinhardt	
perspicillum, Kröyer	
frigidus, Collett	
terræ-novæ, Collett	
digitatus, Gill & Townsend	
palearis, Gilbert	
brevipes, Bean	
Subgenus Lycias, Jordan & Evermann	
nebulosus, Kröyer	
seminudus, Reinhardt	
Genus Lycodalepis, Bleeker	
polaris (Sabine)	
mucosus (Richardson)	
Genus Lycenchelys, Gill 24	70; 2869
vermillit (Coods & Pean)	0.470

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Family Zoarcida-Continued.	
Genus Lycenchelys, Gill—Continued.	
paxillus (Goode & Bean)	. 2471
muræna (Collett)	. 8195
porifer (Gilbert)	
Genus Furcimanus, Jordan & Evermann	
diapterus (Gilbert)	
Genus Lycodonus, Goode & Bean	
mirabilis, Goode & Bean	
Genus Lyconema, Gilbert	
barbatum, Gilbert	
Genus Bothrocara, Bean	
pusilla (Bean)	
mollia, Bean	
Genus Gymnelis, Reinhardt	
viridis (Fabricius)	
stigma (Lay & Bennett)	
Genus Lycocara, Gill	
parrii (Rosa)	
Genus Melanostigma, Günther	
gelatinoeum, Günther	
pammelas, Gilbert	
Family Derepodichthyida:	
Genus Derepodichthys, Gilbert	
alepidotus, Gilbert	
Family Ophidida	
Genus Lepophidium, Gill	
marmoratum (Goode & Bean)	
emmelas (Gilbert)	
stigmatistium (Gilbert)	
profundorum (Gill)	
cervinum (Goode & Bean)	
prorates (Jordan & Bollman)	
brevibarbe (Cuvier)	
pardale (Gilbert)	
microlepis (Gilbert)	
Genus Ophidion (Artedi) Linnæus	
beani, Jordan & Gilbert.	
holbrooki (Putnam)	
grællsi, Poey	
Genus Chilara, Jordan & Evermann	
taylori (Girard)	
Genus Riseola, Jordan & Evermann	
marginata (De Kay)	
Genus Otophidium, Gill	
omoetigmum (Jordan & Gilbert)	
galeoides (Gilbert)	
Family Lycodapodidæ	
Genus Lycodapus, Gilbert	
dermatinus, Gilbert	
flerasfer, Gilbert	
parviceps, Gilbert	
extenans (Gilbert)	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Pamily Fierasferida	
Genus Fierasfer, Cuvier	
affinis (Günther)	
arenicola, Jordan & Gilbert	
bermudensis (Jones)	
Family Brotulida	
Genus Brotula, Cuvier	
barbata (Bloch & Schneider)	
Genus Stygicola, Gill	
dentatus (Poey)	
Genus Lucifugs, Poey	
subterraneus, Poey	
Genus Brosmophycis, Gill	
marginatus (Ayres)	
Genus Ogilbia, Jordan & Evermann	2502
ventralis (Gill)	2503
cayorum, Evermann & Kendall	2503
Genus Bythites, Reinhardt	2504
fuscus, Reinhardt	2504
Genus Catætyx Günther	2504
rubirostris, Gilbert	2505
Genus Dicromita, Goode & Bean	2506
agassizii, Goode & Bean	2506
Genus Bassozetus, Gill	2507
normalia, Gill	2507
compressus (Günther)	2508
catena, Goode & Bean	
tænia (Günther)	
Genus Mœbia, Goode & Bean	
promelas (Gilbert)	
Genus Neobythites, Goode & Bean	
gillii, Goode & Bean	
marginatus, Goode & Bean	
Genus Benthocometes, Goode & Bean	
robustus, Goode & Bean	
Genus Bassogigas, Gill	
gillii, Goode & Bean	
stelliferoides (Gilbert)	
Genus Barathrodemus, Goode & Bean	2517
manatinus, Goode & Bean	
Genus Nematonus, Günther	
pectoralis, Goode & Bean	
Genus Porogadus, Goode & Bean	
miles, Goode & Bean	
Genus Penopus, Goode & Bean	
macdonaldi, Goode & Bean	
Genus Dicrolene, Goode & Bean	
intronigra, Goode & Bean	
Genus Mixonus, Günther	
laticeps (Günther)	
Genus Barathronus, Goode & Bean	
bicolor, Goode & Bean	
Genus Aphyonus, Günther	
mollie Goode & Rear	2525

CLASS PISCES—Continued. SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued. ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	Page.
SUBORDER XENOPTERYGII—Continued.	
Family Bregmacerotida:	2525
Genus Bregmaceros, Thompson	
macclellandii, Thompson	
atlanticus, Goode & Bean	
SUBORDER ANACANTHINI	
Family Merlucciidæ	
Genus Merluccius, Rafinesque	2529
merluccius (Linnæus)	
bilinearis (Mitchill)	2530
productus (Ayres)	
Family Gadidæ	25 31
Genus Boreogadus, Günther	2533
saida (Lepechin)	2533
Genus Pollachius, Nileson	
virens (Linnæus)	
Genus Theragra, Lucas	
chalcogramma (Pallas)	
fucensis (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Eleginus, Fischer	
navaga (Kolreuter)	
Genus Microgadus, Gill.	
proximus (Girard)tomcod (Walbaum)	
Genus Gadus (Artedi) Linnæus.	
callarias, Linnæus.	
macrocephalus, Tilesius	
ogac. Richardson	
Genus Melanogrammus, Gill	
æglefinus, Linnæus	
Genus Lepedion, Swainson	
verecundum, Jordan & Cramer	2543
Genus Antimora, Günther	
viola (Goode & Bean)	
microlepia, Bean	
Genus Uraleptus, Costa	
maraldi (Risso)	
Genus Lotella, Kaup	
maxillaris, Bean	
fulvus, Bean	
nematopus, Gilbert	
kaupi, Poey	
rastrelliger, Gilbert	
Genus Lota (Cuvier) Oken	
maculosa (Le Sueur)	
Genus Molva, Fleming.	
molva (Linnæus)	2551
Genus Urophycis, Gill	2552
Subgenus Urophycis	
regius (Walbaum)	2553
cirratus (Goode & Bean)	
floridanus (Bean & Dresel)	
earlii (Bean)	
Subgenus Emphycus, Jordan & Evermanntenuis (Mitchill)	2004
(MIII)	2000

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	_
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER ANACANTHINI—Continued.	
Family Gadida—Continued.	
Genus Urophycis, Gill—Continued.	
Subgenus Emphycus, Jordan & Evermann—Continued.	
chuss (Walbaum)	
chesteri (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Læmonema, Günther	
barbatulum, Goode & Bean	
melanurum, Goode & Bean	
Genus Gaidropsarus, Rafinesque	
eneis (Reinhardt)	
argentatus (Reinhardt)	
septentrionalis (Collett)	
Genus Enchelyopus, Bloch & Schneider	
cimbrius (Linnæus)	
Genus Brosme (Cuvier) Oken	
brosme (Müller)	
Family Macrourida	
Genus Bathygadus, Günther	
arcuatus, Goode & Bean	
favosus, Goode & Bean	
macrops, Goode & Beanlongifilis, Goode & Bean	
Genus Steindachneria, Goode & Bean	
argentea, Goode & Bean	
Genus Trachyrincus, Giorna.	
helolepis, Gilbert	
Genus Malacocephalus, Günther	
occidentalis, Goode & Bean	
Genus Moseleya, Goode & Bean	
cyclolepis (Gilbert)	
Genus Nematonurus, Günther	
goodei (Günther)	
suborbitalis (Gili & Townsend)	
Genus Albatrossia, Jordan & Evermann	
pectoralis (Gilbert)	
Genus Bogoslovius, Jordan & Evermann	2574
clarki, Jordan & Gilbert	2575
firmisquamis (Gill & Townsend)	2575
Genus Chalinura, Goode & Bean	2576
serrula, Bean	2576
filifera, Gilbert	2577
simula, Goode & Bean	2578
Genus Coryhænoides, Gunner	
rupestris, Gunner	2579
carapinus, Goode & Bean	2579
Genus Hymenocephalus, Giglioli	
cavernosus (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Macrourus, Bloch	
berglax, Lacépède	
holotrachys, Günther	
bairdii, Goode & Bean	
lepturus, Gill & Townsend	
acrolepis, Bean	
stelgidolepis, Gilbert	2585

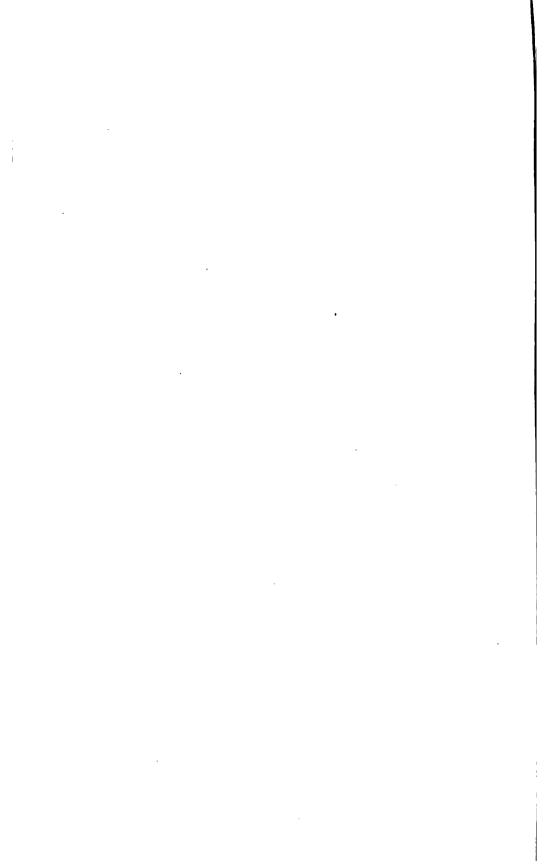
CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI-Continued.	
SUBORDER ANACANTHINI-Continued.	
Family Macrouridæ—Continued.	
Genns Macrourus, Bloch—Continued.	
cinereus, Gilbert	
ingolfi, Lütken	
Genus Cœlorhynchus, Giorna	
occa (Goode & Bean)	
carminatus (Goode)	
caribbœus (Goode & Bean)	
scaphopsis (Gilbert)	
Genus Trachonurus, Günther	
sulcatus (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Lionurus, Günther	
filicauda (Günther)	
liolepis, Gilbert	
SCHORDER TÆNIOSOMI	
Family Regalecidae	
Genus Regalecus, Brünnich	
gleane (Ascanius)	
Family Trachypterida	
Genus Trachypterus, Gouan	
rex-salmonorum, Jordan & Gilbert	
trachynrus, Poey	
Family Stylephoridæ	
Genus Stylephorus, Shaw	2601
chordatus, Shaw	2601
SUBORDER HETEROSONATA	
Family Pleuronectidæ	
Genus Atheresthes, Jordan & Gilbert	
stomias (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Reinhardtius, Gill	
hippoglossoides (Walbaum)	
Genus Hippoglossus, Cuvier	
hippoglossus (Linnæus)	
Genus Lyopsetta, Jordan & Goss	
exilis (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Eopsetta, Jordan & Goss	
jordani (Lockington)	
Genus Hippoglossoides, Gottsche	
platessoldes (Fabricius)	
elassodon, Jordan & Gilbert	
robustus, Gill & Townsend	
hamiltoni, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Psettichthys, Girard	
melanostictus, Girard	
Genus Verasper, Jordan & Gilbert.	
moseri, Jordan & Gilbert	
Genus Hippoglossina, Steindschner	
stomata, Rigermann & Eigenmann	
macrops, Steindachner	
bollmani, Gilbert	
sabanensis, Boulenger	
Genus Lioglossina, Gilbert.	
tetrophthalma, Gilbert	2022
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——vii	

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER HETEROSOMATA—Continued.	
Family Pleuronectida—Continued.	
Genus Xystreurys, Jordan & Gilbert	2623
liolepia, Jordan & Gilbert	2623
Genus Paralichthys, Girard	2624
californicus (Ayres)	2625
magdalenæ, Abbott	2871
sestuarius, Gilbert & Scofield	2626
brasiliensis (Ranzani)	2626
sinalose, Jordan & Abbott	2627; 2872
woolmani, Jordan & Williams	2628
dentatus (Linnæus)	2629
lethostigmus, Jordan & Gilbert	2630
squamilentus, Jordan & Gilbert	2631
albiguttus, Jordan & Gilbert	2631
oblongus (Mitchill)	2632
Genus Ramularia, Jordan & Evermann	
dendritica (Gilbert)	
Genus Ancylopsetta, Gill	2634
quadrocellata, Gill	
Genus Notosema, Goode & Bean	
dilectum, Goode & Bean	
Genus Gastropsetta, B. A. Bean	
frontalis, B. A. Bean	
Genus Pleuronichthys, Girard	
decurrens, Jordan & Gilbert	
verticalis, Jordan & Gilbert	
cœnosus, Girard	
Genus Hypsopsetta, Gill	
guttulata (Girard)	
Genus Parophrys, Girard	
vetulus, Girard	2640
Genus Inopsetta, Jordan & Goss	2641
ischyra (Jordan & Gilbert)	2641
Genus Isopsetta, Lockington	264 2
isolepis (Lockington)	
Genus Lepidopsetta, Gill	2642
bilineata (Ayros)	2643
Genus Limanda, Gottsche	2644
ferruginea (Storer)	2644
aspera (Pallas)	2645
proboscides, Gilbert	2645
beanii, Goode	2646
Genus Pseudopleuronectes, Bleeker	2646
americanus (Walbaum)	, 2647
pinnifasciatus (Kner)	2647
Genus Pleuronectes (Artedi) Linnæus	
quadrituberculatus, Pallas	2648
Genus Liopsetta, Gill	
glacialis (Pallas)	2649
putnami (Gill)	2650
obscura (Herzenstein)	26 51
Genus Platichthys, Girard	2651

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	•
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.	
SUBORDER HETEROSOMATA—Continued.	
Family Pleuronectida—Continued.	
Genus Microstomus, Gottsche	. 2653
kitt (Walbaum)	. 2654
pacificus (Lockington)	
Genus Embassichthys, Jordan & Evermann	. 2655
bathybius (Gilbert)	
Genus Glyptocephalus, Gottsche	. 2656
cynoglossus (Linnæus)	
zachirus, Lockington	
Genus Lophopsetta, Gill	
maculata (Mitchill)	
Genus Platophrys, Swainson	
spinosus (Poey)	
constellatus, Jordan	
ocellatus (Agassiz)	
maculifer (Poey)	
ellipticus (Poey)	
lunatus (Linnæus)	
leopardinus (Günther)	
Genus Perissias, Jordan & Evermann	
tæniopterus (Gilbert)	
Genus Engyophrys, Jordan & Bollman	
sancti-laurentii, Jordan & Bollman	
Genue Trichopeetta, Gill	
ventralis (Goode & Bean)	
Genus Syacium, Ranzani	
papillosum (Linnæus)	
micrurum, Ranzani	
latifrons (Jordan & Gilbert)	
ovale (Günther)	
Genus Cyclopsetta, Gill	
querna (Jordan & Bollman)	
chittendeni, B. A. Bean	
Genus Azevia, Jordan	
panamensis (Steindackner)	
Genus Citharichthys, Bleeker	
Subgenus Orthopsetta, Gill	
sordidus (Girard)	
fragilis, Gilbert	
xanthostigmus, Gilbert	
stigmæus, Jordan & Gilbert	
Subgenus Citharichthys	
dinoceros, Goode & Bean	
platophrys, Gilbert	
arctifrons, Goode	
unicornia, Goode	
uhleri, Jordan	
macrops, Dressel	
spilopterus, Güuther	
gilberti, Jenkins & Evermann	
Genus Etropus, Jordan & Gilbert	
microstomus (Gill)	. 2687

LASS PISCES—Continued.	Pr	ige.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.		•
ORDER PLECTOGNATHI—Continued.		
SUBORDER HETEROSOMATAContinued.		
Family Pleuronectides-Continued.		
Genus Etropus, Jordan & Gilbert-Continued.		
rimosus, Goode & Bean	•••	26 88
crossotus, Jordan & Gilbert		
Genus Monolene, Goode		2690
sessilicauda, Goode		2691
atrimana, Goode & Bean		2092
Family Soleida		2692
Genus Achirus, Lacépède		2693
Subgenus Baicetoma, Bean		2695
achirus (Linnæus)		2695
' inscriptus, Gosse	• • •	2696
klunzingeri (Steindachner)		2697
lineatus (Linnæns)		2697
mazatlanus (Steindachner)		2698
fonsecensis (Günther)		2699
fischeri (Steindachner)		2699
scutum (Günther)	• • •	2700
Subgenus Achirus	• • •	2700
fimbriatus (Günther)		
fasciatus, Lacépède		
panamensis (Steindachner)		
Genus Apionichthys, Kaup		
unicolor (Günther)		
Genus Gymnachirus, Kaup		
fasciatus, Günther		
Genus Symphurus, Rafinesque		
Subgenus Symphuruspiger (Goode & Bean)		
marginatus (Goode & Bean)		
atramentatus, Jordan & Bollman		
fasciolaris, Gilbert		
elongatus (Günther)		
atricaudus (Jordan & Gilbert)		
leei, Jordan & Bollman		
plagueia (Bloch & Schneider)		
plagiusa (Linnæus)		
pusillus (Goode & Bean)		
diomedeanus (Goode & Bean)		
williamsi, Jordan & Culver		2711
Subgenus Acedia, Jordan		2712
nebulosus (Goode & Bean)	•••	2712
Order Pediculati	• • •	2712
Family Lophiidte		
Genus Lophius (Artedi) Linnæus		
piscatorius, Linnæus		
Genus Lophiomus, Gill		
setigerus (Vahl)		
Family Antennariida		
Genus Pterophryne, Gill		
histrio (Linnæus)gibba (Mitchill)		
Genus Antennarius, Lacépède		
inone Poev		9718

CLASS PISCES—Continued.	Page.
SUBCLASS TELEOSTOMI—Continued.	
ORDER PEDICULATI—Continued.	
Family Antennariida—Continued.	
Genus Antennarius—Continued.	
principis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	2719
tenebrosus (Poey)	
reticularis, Gilbert	
strigatus, Gill	
sanguineus, Gill	
ocellatus (Bloch & Schneider)	
scaber (Cuvier)	
tigris, Poey	
nuttingii, Garman	
multiocellatus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
radioeus, Garman	
Genus Chaunax, Lowe.	
pictus, Lowe	
nuttingii, Garman	
Family Ceratiida	
Genus Ceratias. Kröyer	
holbolli, Kröyer	
Genus Mancaliae, Gill	
uranoscopus (Murray)	
shufeldti (Gill)	
Genus Cryptopsaras, Gill	
couesti, Gill	
Genus Oneirodes, Lütken	
eechrichtii, Lütken	
Genus Himantolophus, Reinhardt	
grænlandicus, Reinhardt	
Genus Corynolophus, Gill	
reinhardti (Lütken)	
Genus Liocetus, Günther	
murrayi (Günther)	
Genus Linophryne, Collett	
lucifer, Collett	
Genus Caulophryne, Goode & Bean	
Jordani, Goode & Bean	
Family Ogeocephalides	
Genus Ogcocephalus, Fischer	
vespertilio (Linnæus)	
nasutus (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	
radiatus (Mitchill)	
Genus Zalieutes, Jordan & Evermann	
elater (Jordan & Gilbert)	
Genus Halieutichthys, Poey	
aculeatus (Mitchill)	
caribbens, Garman	
Genus Halieutæa, Cuvier & Valenciennes	
spongiosa, Gilbert	
Genus Halieutella, Goode & Bean	
lappa, Goode & Bean	
Genus Dibranchus, Peters	
atlanticus. Peters	2748



ADDITIONAL ADDENDA.

Since the publication of Part III of this work a number of new genera and species of fishes have been described from localities within our limits, and our knowledge regarding the relations and distribution of previously known species has been enlarged. These additions and corrections are given in the following pages:

Page 130. After Hexamenatichthys rugispinus (Cuvier & Valenciennes), insert the following:

195 (a). GALEICHTHYS LABIATUS (Boulenger).

Head 34; width of head 13 in its length; depth 5; eye 9 in head. D. I, 7; A. 17. Band of premaxillary teeth 4 times longer than wide, the width half the eye; palatine teeth conical, in 2 small oblique groups, much smaller than eye, and separated by a space equal to ‡ the length of premaxillary band; eye situated above level of mouth, in anterior half of head, 4 in interocular space; occiput and occipital prolongation granular, this last a little longer than wide, with an obtuse spine; fontanelle narrow, not distinct, followed by a groove which does not reach the occipital prolongation; lips thick, the upper overhanging the lower, as in G. rugispinus, to which this species is closely related; barbels flattened; maxillary 14 in head, not reaching edge of opercle; external mandible 14 times as long as internal, 2 in head; gill membrane with a free, unbroken edge; dorsal spine with indistinct serrations, covered with skin, its length a little less than { head; adipose dorsal as long at base as rayed dorsal. twice as far from it as from the caudal; humeral prolongation smooth; pectoral spine 21 in head, enveloped in skin like the dorsal spine, much shorter than the soft rays; ventral shorter, reaching origin of anal; caudal deeply forked, with pointed lobes; caudal peduncle 24 times longer than deep; no maxillary pore. Blackish gray above, silvery below; all the fins blackish. Length 470 mm. Known only from a single specimen from Rio Peripa, Ecuador. (Boulenger.) (labiatus, having large lips.)

Arius labiatus, Boulenger, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed. Anat. Comp. della Univ. di Torino, Vol. XIII, No. 329, 6, Dec. 2, 1898, Rio Peripa, Ecuador. (Coll. Dr. Enrico Festa.) TO VIVI AMMONIAD

Page 132. After Tachysurus melanopus (Günther), insert the following:

200 (a). TACHYSURUS FESTE (Boulenger).

Head 4: depth 4: eve 64. above level of mouth, in anterior part of head. D. 17; A. 23. Premaxillary band of teeth 4 times longer than broad, its width 24 in eye, or equal to width of groups of vomer and palatine teeth, these last granular, forming 2 large, oblique groups, separated on the median line by a space equal to \(\) diameter of eye; width of head 11 in its length; occiput and occipital prolongation granular, the last as long as wide, and with blunt spine; fontanelle narrow, commencing in a groove between the anterior nostrils and reaching occiput, not reaching occipital prolongation; barbels flattened: maxillary as long as head, reaching beyond base of pectoral spine; external mandible a little shorter, as long as the internal; gill-membrane with a free border broken at the isthmus; anal spine striated, 11 in head, its anterior edge feebly toothed except at extremity, which has, like the posterior edge, stronger and more retrorse teeth; adipose dorsal twice as far from rayed dorsal as from caudal, its base 11 in base of rayed dorsal; pectoral spine 11 in head, its external edge furnished with a series of soft, small tubercles on its basal half, anterior edge armed with feeble retrorse teeth; ventral shorter, reaching origin of anal; caudal deeply forked; caudal peduncle twice as long as deep; axillary pore present, much smaller than the nostril. Color steel blue above, silvery below. This species closely resembles Tachysurus liropus, Bristol. Length 210 mm. One specimen known, from Narrangal, Ecuador. (Boulenger.) (Named for the collector of the type, Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Arius fester, BOULENGER, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed. Anat. Comp. della Univ. di Torino, Vol. XIII, No. 329, 5, Dec. 2, 1898, Narrangal, Ecuador.

Page 135. After Ictalurus meridionalis (Giinther), insert:

76(a). ISTLARIUS, Jordan & Snyder.

Istlarius, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 118 (balsanus).

Body rather deep and compressed; head not widened, nor greatly depressed; eye large; lower jaw included; teeth in villiform bands on premaxillaries and dentaries; the premaxillary band convex anteriorly, with a short angular posterior extension on each side, no division of the band at symphysis; dentary band broad anteriorly, growing narrow and pointed posteriorly, with a distinct median division; no teeth on vomer or palatines; villiform teeth on upper and lower pharyngeals; gill-rakers on first arch 17, long and slender; branchiostegals 8; air bladder very large, extending almost to posterior end of body cavity, divided by a transverse constriction into two parts of nearly equal length, the anterior heart-shaped, posterior part oval; supraoccipital bone widely separated from interspinal; humeral process short, almost hidden by the skin; lateral line extending from below insertion of dorsal to caudal; skin covered with minute, hairlike villi; skin of head completely concealing bones of skull; barbels 8. Spines with

distal parts soft, not branched, continuous with the hard parts; basal part of pectoral spine grooved posteriorly, weakly serrate above the groove.

Istlarius has some of the characters of the genus Leptops, notably the dentition of the upper jaw and the weakness of the fin-spines; but it more closely resembles Ictalurus, and its relationship is probably with that genus.

(Named for the Rio Ixtla, the type locality of the type species.)

208 (a). ISTLABIUS BALSANUS, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4; depth 41; depth of caudal peduncle 21 in head; eye 51; snout 2]; distance between eyes 2]; height of dorsal 1]; length of base of dorsal 3; height of anal 1; length of base of anal 1; length of pectoral 14; ventrals 14; caudal 1; D. I. 6; A. 24. Body deep and somewhat compressed, deepest above ventrals, widest between pectorals; head narrow, not greatly depressed; eye large, nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle a distance equal to diameter of eye; interorbital space convex; width of mouth 21 in head, lower jaw included; upper jaw projecting a distance equal to diameter of pupil; barbels 8; of the inferior ones the median pair shorter; distance between their bases equal to the diameter of pupil; the outer pair when extended directly backward reach the edges of gill covers; maxillary barbels longest, reaching upper angle of gill opening; nostril barbels reaching middle of pupil. Teeth in broad villiform bands on premaxillaries and dentaries, the band on upper jaw convex anteriorly, with a short, angular posterior extension on each side, no apparent division of the band at symphysis; band on lower jaw broad anteriorly, narrow and pointed posteriorly, a distinct median division; no teeth on vomer or palatines; upper pharyngeal teeth in oval villiform bands; lower pharyngeal teeth in 2 narrow oblong bands; gill-rakers on first arch 17, long and slender; branchiostegals 8; anterior nostril tubular, the posterior with a raised rim extending on each side from the barbel to the posterior edge of the opening, where it is divided; skin of head completely concealing the bones of skull; supraoccipital bone not in contact with interspinal; humeral process about as long as vertical diameter of eye, almost hidden by the thick skin; lateral line extending from a perpendicular through insertion of dorsal to caudal; skin covered with minute, hair-like villi; dorsal spine with its distal third soft, preceded by a small, angular, immature spine; first branched ray longest, the others gradually shorter; adipose fin large, above middle of anal; length of the posterior free edge 3 times diameter of pupil; third or fourth anal ray longest, edge of fin rounded posteriorly; caudal deeply forked, the lower lobe rounded, the upper rather pointed; pectoral rays I, 11, distal two-thirds of spine soft, not branched, continuous with the hard part: basal part grooved posteriorly, weakly serrate above the groove; ventrals reaching origin of anal. Color bluish slate above, light silvery below; a few small dark spots on the head and body; fins with dusky coloring; inferior barbels light; maxillary barbels with upper half dark; nasal barbules with light edges. Some specimens have many well-defined color

spots, while others have few or none. The young have no spots. Our specimens vary in length from 10 to 60 centimeters.

Istlarius balsanus has a large and rather complex air bladder. It lies close to the spinal column and extends almost to the posterior end of the body cavity. It is divided by a deep transverse constriction into two halves. The anterior part is heart-shaped, constricted dorso-ventrally. It is separated by a T-shaped partition into 3 chambers. Of these the anterior, transverse chamber is partly divided on the median line by a fold of the dorsal wall of the bladder over the vertebral column. The transverse chamber is connected on each side with the 2 posterior lateral chambers by large openings in the ends of the transverse wall. The posterior half of the bladder is without partitions. It is connected with the left lateral chamber only by a small opening. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Rio Ixtla at Puente de Ixtla, Morelos, Mexico. (Type, No. 6149, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. Jordan & Snyder.)

Istlanus balsanus, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 118, Rio Ixtla, Morelos, Mexico.

Page 211. After Algansea tincella (Cuvier & Valenciennes), insert:

887 (b). ALGANSEA LACUSTRIS, Steindachner.

Head 3.67; depth 5; eye 4.75; snout 3.6; interorbital 3. D. III, 7; A. iii, 6; P. 17; V. 9; scales 76-13. Body elongate, strongly compressed behind; caudal peduncle long and slender, its length 5 in head, its depth 10: head pointed, rounded above, greatly increasing in width behind the eyes where the width is half the head's length; mouth slightly oblique, jaws equal; tip of chin slightly thickened; maxillary nearly reaching eye; gape 4 in head; preorbital boat-shaped, concave above, convex below, equal to eye, or 1.6 longer than wide; teeth 4-4, hooked, with compressed crowns. Origin of dorsal midway between anterior border of eye and base of caudal, a little in front of ventrals, whose origin is equally distant between center of eye and base of caudal; height of dorsal 1.75 in head, its base half its height; height of anal 2.14 in head, or twice its base; caudal forked, 1.2 in head, the middle rays not quite half length of longest; ventrals short, 2.17 in head, their tips not reaching vent; pectoral 1.6 in head. Scales firm, half-oval in shape, larger posteriorly; lateral line on middle of side, descending somewhat anteriorly. Color dark brownish gray above, a darker band along middle of side; color below lateral line becoming abruptly lighter gray, merging into silvery on under parts. One example 20 cm. long from Lake Pátzcuaro, Mexico. (Steindachner.)

Algansea lacustris, STEINDACHNER, Einige Fischarten Mex., 10, pl. 111, figs. 1-1b, 1895, Lake Pátzcuaro, Mexico. (Coll. Princess Theresa von Bayern.)

Page 254. Orcella, proposed by us for a subgenus in Notropis, is preoccupied by Orcella, Gray. 1866, a genus of Cetacea. For our use of it we substitute Orcella.

Orcula, JORDAN & EVERNANN, new subgenus in Notropis (orca).

Page 260. After Notropis anogenus, Forbes, insert:

404 (a). NOTROPIS MUSKOKA, Meek.

Head 4; depth 5.5; eye 3.25; snout 3.75; D. 8; scales 36, 10 in series from dorsal to ventral fin; longest dorsal ray 1.34 in head; pectoral 1.5; ventral 2, reaching anal. Teeth 4-4, slightly hooked, grinding surface narrow.

Body rather terete and slender: snout bluntish: mouth small and slightly oblique; lower jaw the shorter, slightly included; posterior end of maxillary scarcely reaching vertical from the front of orbit. Eighteen scales between nape and dorsal fin, the scales in this region being smaller and more crowded than on sides and posterior dorsal region, much resembling Pimephales notatus in this respect; lateral line incomplete, not extending beyond the fourth scale on each side. Origin of the first ray of dorsal fin midway between the base of the caudal fin and the tip of the snout; the longest (anterior) dorsal rays nearly three times the length of the posterior ones, the tips of the former extending considerably beyond the tips of the latter when the fin is deflexed. Color olivaceous, darker above, very pale below; a dark band about 1 diameter of eye around snout and on side to base of caudal fin; on the snout this band is confined to the upper jaw; between this band and the darker color on the dorsal region is a lighter band of about the same width; a dark vertebral line present, also a similar one from base of anal to caudal fin. In some specimens the lateral line is absent on the first scales and appears at intervals on about 12 scales, but it is occasionally absent altogether. It is less developed in this species than in any other of the genus.

Close to N. cayuga, from which it differs in the reduced size of the scales before the dorsal, the more slender body, the sharper snout, the slightly larger and more oblique mouth, and the more incomplete lateral line. It is also a larger fish than N. cayuga.

Known only from Gull Lake, near Muskoka Lake, Ontario, where 24 specimens were obtained by Dr. Meek in September, 1899. They vary in length from 1.31 to 2.91 inches. (Named for Muskoka Lake.)

Notropis musicka, MEEK, Notes on a Collection of Fishes and Amphibians from Musicoka and Gull Lakes: Publication 41, Field Columbian Museum, Zoological Series, Vol. I, No. 17, 308, November, 1899, Gull Lake, Ontario. (Type, No. 2904, Field Columbian Museum. Coll. Dr. Meek.)

Page 264. After Notropis procne (Cope), insert:

412 (a). NOTROPIS RASCONIS, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4; depth 3½; eye 2½ in head; snout 3½; interorbital space 3; depth of caudal peduncle 2½; height of dorsal 4½ in length; anal 5; length of pectoral 5½; ventral 5½; caudal 3½; D. I, 8; A. I, 8; P. 12; scales 33, 15 between dorsal and occiput, 10 between dorsal and ventral fins. Dorsal ontline of body evenly rounded from snout to insertion of dorsal fin, slightly concave from latter point to base of caudal; ventral outline evenly rounded to end of anal base; deepest part of body just anterior to insertion of dorsal; width of body ½ of its length. Snout pointed; mouth

oblique, lower jaw included; maxillary not quite reaching vertical from anterior margin of orbit. Teeth 4-4, frail and easily detached from the arch, slightly booked, no evident grinding surface; gill-rakers short and blunt, reduced to slight elevations on lower part of first arch. First ray of dorsal fin longest, last ray much shorter; when the fin is elevated, the posterior margin is straight, when depressed, it is somewhat falcate; anal fin similar in shape; pectoral pointed; tips of ventrals reaching anal; candal deeply forked, the lobes pointed. Color silvery, a dark lateral band, the width of a scale, extending from tip of snout through eye to base of caudal, where it ends in an elongate, black spot; body above lateral band stippled with black, the dots grouped closely together on top of head, and in a narrow dorsal band extending from occiput to insertion of dorsal, in a sharply defined black line along base of dorsal fin, and also on the edges of the dorsal scales; body below dark band immaculate, except a dusky line along base of anal fin; all the fin rays dusky, especially the partly developed caudal rays, which are noticeably darker than the others.

Notropis rasconis is closely related to N. nigrotæniatus, from which it differs in having a more compressed body, a longer snout, larger eye, longer and more pointed fins, and in having the color-band narrower on the body and more marked on the snout. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from the Rio Verde near Rascon, San Luis Potosi, Mexico, where the type (No. 6153, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.) was collected by J. O. Snyder.

(Named for Rascon, near which place the type was obtained.)

Notropis rasconis, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900) 121, Rio Verde, near Rascon, Mexico.

Page 302. Before Ericymba, Cope, insert:

123 (a). XYSTROSUS, Jordan & Snyder.

Xystrosus, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 123 (popoche).

Body long, compressed; interorbital space low and flat; mouth terminal, oblique; jaws subequal; premaxillaries protractile; no barbel; no pseudobranchiæ; gill-rakers 6+6, long, slender, crowded on arch; teeth 4-4, hooked, grinding surface oblique, grooved; alimentary canal about twice as long as body; peritoneum dusky; lateral line complete, decurved above pectoral; scales 61, evenly distributed over body; fins falcate; dorsal inserted directly above insertion of ventral; caudal deeply forked; anal basis short. Allied to Notropis; differing in the long gill-rakers, the small scales, and the absence of pseudobranchiæ. \$vorpov, (gill-)raker.

498 (a). XYSTROSUS POPOCHE, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 3½; depth 4½; eye 4½ in head; snout 3¾; depth of caudal peduncle 2½; height of dorsal 5 in length; anal 6; length of pectoral 6; ventral 6½; caudal 4; D. 8; A. 7; P. 16; scales 61, 24 between dorsal and occiput, 16 between dorsal and lateral line. Body long and slender; caudal peduncle deep, compressed; head long, its upper contour straight;

interorbital space broad and flat; eye large; its longitudinal diameter contained 2 times in interorbital space; snout sharp, slightly turned up at end; mouth large, oblique; lower jaw included; lips thin; maxillary not quite extending to orbit; gill-rakers 6+6, on first arch, close together, slender, the longest + diameter of orbit. Teeth 4-4, strong, hooked, grinding surface oblique, narrow, grooved, a notch just below the hook; alimentary canal almost twice the length of body; peritoneum dusky. Scales not crowded anteriorly, evenly distributed over body; lateral line shaped like the contour of body, except above pectoral fin, where it is sharply decurved; dorsal inserted directly above ventral, first ray highest, nearly 3 times height of last; when depressed, the fin is falcate; when elevated, its edge is concave; anal similar in shape; caudal deeply forked, the tips sharp; ventrals pointed, not reaching vent; pectoral slightly rounded. Color silvery; darker above, especially on median dorsal area, where a more or less dusky band extends the length of the body; rays of dorsal fin and tips of caudal dusky; lower fins white.

Exact measurements of the only specimen obtained are here given: Length of body in millimeters 92; depth of body, expressed in hundredths of length, 23; depth of caudal peduncle 11½; length of head 28½; width of interorbital space 11½; length of snout 8; diameter of orbit 6; distance from snout to dorsal fin 52; height of longest dorsal rays 20; distance from snout to anal fin 73; height of longest anal rays 17; distance from anal to caudal fin 21; length of caudal fin 25; length of pectoral fin 18; distance from snout to ventral fin 53; length of ventral fin 16. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Only the type known (No. 6151, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.) collected by J. O. Snyder in Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Jalisco, Mexico.

Xystrosus popoche, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 123, Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

123 (b). FALCULA, Jordan & Snyder.

Falcula, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U.S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 124 (chapalæ).

Body long, compressed; caudal slender; mouth large, lips thin, premaxillaries protractile; no barbel; teeth in 1 row, 4-4, hooked, grinding surface grooved; gill-rakers few, short, far apart; alimentary canal short; peritoneum silvery; lateral line complete; scales rather small, about 50 in lateral series. Fins high, falcate; dorsal inserted directly over ventrals; anal basis short; first simple rays of dorsal and anal rudimentary and closely adnate to first branched ray; caudal long, deeply notched.

The genus Falcula is related to Notropis, from which it differs in its small scales and in its very high falcate fins. (falx, scythe.)

498 (b). FALCULA CHAPALE, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4; depth 4½; eye 3½ in head; snout 3½; interorbital space 3½; depth of caudal peduncle 9½; height of dorsal 4 in length; anal 5; length of pectoral 4½; ventral 5½; caudal 3½; D. 8; A. 8; P. 17; scales 50, 19 between dorsal and occiput, 16 between dorsal and ventral fins.

Body long, slender, compressed; snout pointed, its length equal to diameter of orbit or to interorbital space; mouth almost horizontal, its cleft extending to vertical from anterior edge of orbit; lips thin; teeth 4-4, strong, slightly hooked, the hook barely evident on lower tooth; three upper teeth with a grooved grinding surface; gill-rakers 3+7, short, pyramidal, and far apart; alimentary canal short; peritoneum silvery; lateral line complete, decurved to a point in a vertical midway between pectoral and ventral fins, from which it extends in a straight line a little below middle of body to the caudal; fins all very high and pointed; dorsal inserted directly over origin of ventrals, falcate when depressed, its first ray longest; anal similar in shape, inserted at a point ‡ the distance from tip of snout to base of caudal; ventrals extending to vent, tip of pectoral reaching ventrals; caudal deeply forked. Color silvery; a narrow, dark median band extending down from occiput to base of caudal; dorsal scales with fine dots which give their edges a dusky color.

One specimen known, careful measurements of which are given: Length of body in millimeters 74; depth of body, expressed in hundredths of length, 25; depth of caudal peduncle 11; length of head 25; width of interorbital space 7; length of snout 7; diameter of orbit 7; distance from snout to dorsal fin 47; height of longest dorsal rays 26; distance from snout to anal fin 67; height of longest anal rays 21; distance from anal to caudal fin 27; length of caudal fin 3½; length of pectoral fin 22; distance from snout to ventral fin 62; length of ventral fin 21. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Only the type known (No. 6152, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.) collected by J. O. Snyder in Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Jalisco, Mexico.

(Named for the type locality.)

Falcula chapales, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 124, Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

Page 311. Before Agosia nubila (Girard), insert the following:

514 (a). AGOSIA KLAMATHENSIS, Evermann & Meek.

Head 4; depth $4\frac{1}{2}$; eye $4\frac{1}{2}$ in head; snout $3\frac{1}{2}$; D. I, 8; A. I, 7; scales about 14-78-10 (average, 73 in 49 specimens).

Body robust, subcylindrical, back somewhat elevated; snout rather long, mouth inferior, little oblique, the lower jaw included; maxillary not reaching front of orbit; upper lip without frenum; barbel present, but small. Lateral line incomplete, interrupted in many places, about 30 pores developed. Origin of dorsal fin midway between front of pupil and base of caudal fin; pectoral rather short, reaching about three-fourths the distance to base of ventrals; ventrals reaching vent; anal large, its longest ray $1\frac{1}{2}$ in head; caudal widely forked.

Color in alcohol: Olivaceous, mottled and blotched with darker on back and side; under parts pale; an obscure pale streak from eye to base of caudal fin, below which is a broad dark band; dorsal, pectoral, and caudal dusky; other fins plain; a black blotch at base of caudal.

An examination of 48 specimens shows all the important characters to

be fairly constant. The barbel is in a few cases obscure or possibly absent. The number of scales in a transverse line varies from 68 to 78, the average being 73. The lateral line is in all cases incomplete, though in lifferent degrees. Sometimes it is continuous for only 6 or 8 scales, after which there are several interruptions and only 8 to 10 more pores. In others there are 20 to 30 pores in a continuous series.

Close to A. nubila.

Upper Klamath Lake, Oregon.

Agesia klamathensis, EVERMANN & MEEK, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1897 (Jan. 6, 1898), 74, fig. 5, Pelican Bay, Upper Klamath Lake, Oregon. (Type, No. 48225, U.S. N.M. Coll. Meek & Alexander.)

Page 333. After Piabucina panamensis, Gill, insert the following:

552 (a). PIABUCINA FESTÆ, Boulenger.

Head 4½; depth 4; eye 4½; snout 4½; interorbital width 9; D. 9; A. 11; scales 28-8; lower jaw longer than snout; teeth 26 above, 32 in external mandibular series; maxillary reaching eye; origin of dorsal equally distant between end of snout and caudal sinus, a little behind base of ventrals; adipose dorsal very small; anal with 8 branched rays; pectoral 1½ in head, longer than ventrals; caudal strongly emarginate, scaled on basal half. Very deep olive brown above, whitish below; fins uniformly gray. Length 160 mm. (Boulenger.) From tributary of Lake Pita, Darien; only the type known. (Named for the collector, Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Piabucina festa, Boulenger, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed Anat. Comp. della Univ. de Torino, Vol. XIV, No. 346, April 29, 1899, Rio Sabina, Darien. (Coll. Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Page 367. Serriromer beanti has recently been taken by the Ingolf at Stations 12 and 20, lat. 64° 38′ N., long. 32° 37′ W., and lat. 58° 20′ N., long. 40° 48′ W., in Denmark Strait and SSE. of Cape Farewell, in 1,040 and 1,695 fathoms, respectively.

Page 398. After Lycodontis obscuratus (Poey), insert:

656 (a). LYCODONTIS JORDANI, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 7 in total length; depth about 14; eye 8 in head; snout 5; gape 2.2; interorbital a little less than snout. Teeth uniserial, strong, sharp, not close set, all entire and without basal lobes; tail considerably longer than rest of body; gill-opening smaller than eye; snout rather pointed, lower jaw the shorter, the mouth capable of being completely closed. Dorsal fin high, much higher than anal; nasal tube long, about 3 in eye.

Color: Tawny-ochraceous, paler below; upper jaw gray; iris blue; longitudinal brown stripes on side of head in front of gill-opening; head and body covered with numerous small, round, white spots, those on head smallest; a series of larger ones along upper part of side, and 1 or 2 irregular series of large ones on side of belly; between these on the middle of side the spots are smaller; dorsal with an irregular series of small white spots along the base, and another series of about 16 much larger, more quadrate spots of same color along edge of fin, some of the spots cutting the border, which is black; anal similarly spotted and with black

border. In alcohol the general color is grayish black, yellowish below, the tawny-ochraceous or yellow becoming darker, almost black, and the white spots on body becoming yellowish.

This species seems to be related to *L. obscuratus* (Poey), but differs from it markedly in color. Puerto Rico; only the type known, a specimen 15 inches long collected by the U. S. Fish Commission steamer *Fish Hawk* at Mayagiiez, January 20, 1899. (Named for David Starr Jordan.)

Lycodontis jordani, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19), 352, Mayagüez, P. R. (Type, No. 49358, U. S. N. M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 447. After Stolephorus productus (Poey), insert:

784 (a). STOLEPHORUS GILBERTI, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.25; depth 3.4; eye 4; snout 6; maxillary 1.7; mandible 1.7; interorbital 4.9; D. 15; A. 23; pectoral 2.1; ventral 3.5; caudal 1.3; scales 42-9.

Body comparatively deep and strongly compressed, the belly trenchant, without serrations; snout thick, much projecting; maxillary reaching nearly to root of mandible, scarcely serrate; eye moderate; tip of lower jaw reaching vertical from front of eye; distance from lower posterior angle of cheek to vertical from posterior margin of opercle much less than from same point to eye; dorsal inserted far in advance of anal, just behind insertion of ventrals, midway between anterior edge of eye and base of caudal.

Color in spirits: Back light olivaceous with dark punctulations; rest of body below a line from shoulder to upper base of caudal silvery; faint traces of golden behind eye; no lateral band.

This species is very close to Stolephorus garmani, Evermann & Marsh, differing chiefly in the much smaller eye, the more uniform color of the back, the somewhat more sharply compressed belly, and the more nearly entire maxillary.

Puerto Rico; only the type, a specimen 4.5 inches long, known. This was collected by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, at Palo Seco, near San Juan, January 13, 1899, associated with S. productus. (Named for Dr. Charles Henry Gilbert.)

Stolephorus gilberti, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 352, Palo Seco, P. R. (Type, No. 49359, U. S. N. M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

784 (b.) STOLEPHORUS GARMANI, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.2; depth 3.3; eye 3.5; snout 5.5; maxillary 1.7; mandible 1.7; interorbital 5; D. 14; A. 23; pectoral 2; ventral 3.5; caudal 1.3; scales 42-9. Body comparatively deep and strongly compressed; the belly not strongly trenchant, without serrulations; snout thick, much projecting; maxillary reaching nearly to root of mandible, very finely and weakly serrate; eye large; tip of lower jaw reaching vertical from front of eye; distance from lower posterior angle of cheek to vertical from posterior margin of opercle much less than from same point to eye; dorsal inserted far in advance of anal, just behind insertion of ventrals, midway between anterior edge of pupil and base of caudal.

Color in spirits: Back dark near the median line, below this somewhat reddish; rest of body below a line from shoulder to upper base of caudal silvery; some golden on snout and behind eye; no lateral band.

This species has a general resemblance to Stolephorus productus, but is unquestionably distinct from it; the anal is much shorter and inserted farther back, the body is deeper, the eye larger, and the snout longer. It is very close to Stolephorus gilberti, Evermann & Marsh, differing chiefly in the larger eye, in the color of the back, and the somewhat less sharply compressed belly.

Puerto Rico; only the type, a specimen 4.5 inches long, known. This was collected by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico at Puerto Real, January 27, 1899. (Named for Prof. Samuel Garman, of the Museum of Comparative Zoology.)

Stolephorus garmani, Evremann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 352, Puerto Real, P. R. (Type, No. 49360, U. S. N. M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 497. Before Salmo gairdneri, Richardson, insert the following:

780 (h). SALMO CLARKII DECLIVIFRONS, Meek.

(SALMON TROUT OF LAKE SOUTHERLAND.)

Head 3.8; depth 4.6; eye 5.14; snout 4.5; maxillary 1.6; scales 148; D. 10; A. 11; branchiostegals 10; gill-rakers 7 + 10. Body elongate, back elevated, anterior profile much decurved, especially so from nape forward; tip of snout below axis of body; margin of upper lip on a level with lower margin of orbit; gape nearly horizontal, more so than in other trout; maxillary broad, its greatest width 5 in its length, its posterior end reaching beyond eye; dentition strong; posterior margin of dorsal fin straight; tip of second ray reaching middle of last ray in the depressed fin, the last ray 2½ in longest ray; pectoral 1.67 in head; ventral 2.25. Color dark blue above and on side to lateral line anteriorly, and to a short distance above lateral line posteriorly, then becoming abruptly silvery; belly nearly white; no spots on head or body, none on any of the fins, except a few on caudal fin; upper margin of lower jaw black, a dark blue patch on cheek, extending obliquely upward and backward to near top of opercle; pectoral, ventrals, and anal yellowish.

The general color of this species much resembles that of the Blue Back of Lake Crescent. It is some darker, has no spots, except on caudal fin, and the upper anterior profile is much more curved.

Professor Elliot gives the following note on this trout:

"This trout is occasionally taken in Lake Southerland, and is called the 'Salmon Tront.' It is easily recognizable, not only by the sharply curved upper outline of the fore part of the body, but also by its quite different style of coloration, resembling, as stated above, somewhat the style of the Blue Back of Lake Crescent. As there is no water connection between these lakes, and Lake Southerland is 75 feet lower than Crescent, and, moreover, the fish of that lake having no communication with the sea, on account of a very high precipitous fall a short distance from its outlet, it can not be supposed that these two forms are in any way identical. Out

Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——VIII

of a large number of trout taken by me in Lake Southerland, only two or three specimens of this form were procured, and they were all of small size, and I did not understand that it was ever obtained of much greater dimensions. This could not be the fault of the lake, which is exceedingly deep, and nearly 3 miles in length. It is a gamey fish, takes the fly, leaps out of water, and is a good fighter for its size." (Meek.)

Length about 10 inches.

Known only from Southerland Lake, Washington, where 2 or 3 specimens (only 1 of which was preserved) were taken by Professor Elliot in 1898. (declinus, steep; from, forehead.)

Salmo clarki declivifrons, MEEK, Notes on a collection of cold-blooded Vertebrates from the Olympic Mountains: Field Columbian Museum Publication 31, Zoological Series. Vol. 1, No. 12, 230, Feb., 1899. Southerland Lake, Washington. (Type, No. 2006, Field Columbian Museum.)

780 (l). SALMO CLARKII JORDANI, Meek.

(SPOTTED TROUT OF LAKE SOUTHERLAND.)

Head 3.86; * depth 4.79; eye 5.89; snout 4.13; maxillary 1.78; scales 146; D. 10; A. 11; branchiostegals 10 or 11. Body elongate, not much compressed; head short, maxillary rather broad, not extending far behind orbit—its greatest width 41 in its length, in some specimens about 51, a slight curve downward under the eye; dentition not so strong as in the Speckled Trout of Lake Crescent; gill-rakers rather long, longer than in the Speckled Trout, but less so than in Blue Back of Lake Crescent; pectoral in head, 1.88; ventral 2.24; origin of dorsal midway between tip of snout and base of caudal, or slightly nearer tip of snout; origin of ventrals under first to third dorsal rays; margin of dorsal fin convex, its base 1.32 in longest ray; snout bluntish. Color in alcohol, dark steel-blue above, paler below, becoming nearly white on the belly; back, sides, and head profusely spotted with black; some specimens with black spots on the belly and on all fins; pectorals and ventrals usually without spots: upper half of lower jaw black, red under dentary bones. The life colors are given by Professor Elliot in the following note:

"This beautiful species is exceedingly gamey, takes a fly readily even as late as October, is a great leaper when hooked, and fights à l'outrance. In appearance it resembles Salmo gairdneri crescentis of the neighboring lake, being fully as brilliantly colored, but can be at once distinguished by its orange or orange-red fins, red on the jaw, and the number and blackness of its spots, and darker back and top of head. In general appearance there is not the slightest similarity between this species and the specimen from Boulder Creek. At no stage of its existence that I have seen, from fingerlings to fish weighing over 4 pounds, is there any silvery luster, but the colors are all bright-hued, some even metallic. It is one of the most active of its tribe, and I have had them leap after taking the fly in such quick succession, and with such rapid dartings about the lake, that it was impossible to imagine where they would next appear. I be-

^{*}These comparative measurements are the averages of 23 specimens examined by Dr. Meek.

lieve it spawns in the spring, as in the middle of October, when I left Lake Southerland, the eggs of the females we caught were not enlarged, and no indication of the approach of the spawning season." (Meek.) Length 1 to 2 feet.

Known only from Southerland Lake, Washington, where 23 specimens were collected in 1898 by Professor Elliot.

("Named for Dr. D. S. Jordan, president of Stanford University, who, more than anyone else, has studied our Western trout.") (Meek.)

Salmo clarkii jordani, MEEK, Notes on a collection of cold-blooded Vertebrates from the Olympic Mountains: Field Columbian Museum Publication 31, Zoological Series, Vol. I, No. 12, 229, February, 1899, Southerland Lake, Washington. (Type, No. 2012, Field Columbian Museum.)

Page 500. Before Salmo irideus, Gibbons, insert the following:

480 (a). SALMO BATHŒCETOR, Meek.

(LONG-HEADED TROUT OF CRESCENT LAKE.)

Head 3.5 to 3.8; depth 5.10 to 5.75; eye 6.75 to 7.60; snout 3.33; maxillary 1.66; scales 150 to 152; gill-rakers 7 or 8 + 11 to 13; branchiostegals 9 to 11; D. 10; A. 11. Body elongate, slender; head much pointed; anterior margin of upper jaw slightly above axis of the body; maxillary very long and very slender, reaching considerably beyond posterior part of the orbit, its greatest width 7 in its length; about 24 teeth on maxillary; teeth on jaws, vomer, and palatines large, the dentition much stronger than in specimens of Salmo gairdneri crescentis of same size; mandible very strong; opercle very broad and contains the eye 11; preoperculum narrow, less than diameter of the eye; gill-rakers very short and thick; last ray of dorsal less than half longest rays, third ray longer than base of fin; when depressed, second and third ray tips reach beyond middle of last dorsal ray; pectoral 1# in head; ventrals 21. Color much as in S. gairdneri crescentis, except lighter. Head, body, and tail profusely spotted with black spots; ventrals and pectorals dark. No. 2036 (Field Museum) has fewer spots, none on anal and pectoral; anterior part of upper jaw very dark, darker than in the larger specimen. This species differs from S. gairdneri crescentis in being much more slender, its back much less elevated, head more slender and pointed, gill-rakers shorter, maxillary straighter, narrower, and longer. The general color pattern is the same, except that this species is less spotted and lighter. No red on the under jaw; the dentition is much stronger in this species than in S. gairdneri crescentis. (Meek.)

Prof. D. G. Elliot gives the following interesting note on this trout:

"This is a deep-water fish, keeping always near the bottom. Lake Crescent is of great depth, in some places over 700 feet, and doubtless much more in others not yet ascertained. The present species, unlike other trout, does not come to the surface, as I was informed, at any season of the year, and will not of course take a fly, or indeed a spoon, or any kind of lure. The only way it can be captured is by set-lines sunk within a foot of the bottom, and it seems that there are only a few places in the lake where it can be caught even by this means. The specimens

obtained were procured at a depth of about 200 feet. While it is a brightly colored fish, it lacks some of the indescent hues of S. gairdneri crescentis, and consequently is less attractive in appearance. It is known as the long-nose, or long-headed trout." (Meek.)

Length nearly 2 feet.

Known only from Crescent Lake, Washington, where two specimens were obtained in 1898 by Prof. D. G. Elliot.

Salmo bathæcetor, MEEK, Notes on a collection of cold-blooded Vertebrates from the Olympic Mountains: Field Columbian Museum Publication 31, Zoological Series, Vol. 1, No. 12, 227, February, 1899, Crescent Lake, Washington. (Type, No. 2035, Field Columbian Museum.)

Page 572. Myctophum gracilis (Lütken) is reported by Lütken from Denmark Strait, west of Iceland.

Page 583. Before Yarrella, Goode & Bean, insert the following:

875 (a). CYCLOTHONE MEGALOPS, Lütken.

Together with a great number of Cyclothone microdon captured at station 12-64° 38' lat. N., 32° 37' long. W., 1,040 fathoms-there occurred a single specimen of a length of 70 mm., habitually looking much like the said species, but differing by the eyes not being particularly small, and by totally wanting the light glands or "photospheres." It can, therefore, apparently, hardly be referred to the same genus. The dorsal and anal fins are very like those of C. microdon, though with the difference that the dorsal fin begins somewhat before the anal fin, while this, on the other hand, ends somewhat farther back than the dorsal fin. Quite black. A somewhat larger specimen (105 mm.) from station 9-64° 18' lat. N., and 270 long. W., 295 fathoms-is so badly preserved that it gives only the information that the eyes are not small and that both jaws are armed with small teeth directed obliquely backward, with a few longer ones in the foremost part of the lower jaw and the foremost part of the palate or the intermaxillary. The nearer determination of this specimen must be reserved for a future discovery.

It seems evident that these specimens belong to species else unknown, but as the material is so scanty I shall limit myself to the short preliminary notes made above. (Lütken.)

Cyclothone (f) megalops, LUTKEN, Ichth. Results Danish Ingolf Exped., Vol. II, 10, 1898, west of Iceland.

Page 617. Macdonaldia rostrata was taken in 1895 by the Ingolf expedition west of Iceland.

Page 669. After Characodon variatus, Bean, insert:

983 (a). CHARACODON ENCAUSTUS, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4; depth 3½; depth of caudal peduncle 8; eye 3 in head; snout 4; interorbital space 3½; height of dorsal 4½ in length; anal 6½; length of pectoral 5½; ventral 6½; caudal 4½; D. 16; A. 15; scales 35, 13 transverse series counting upward and forward from origin of anal, 9 on caudal

peduncle. Body deep, compressed, dorsal outline almost straight from snout to origin of dorsal, concave from the latter point to base of caudal; ventral outline evenly curved from snout to posterior part of base of anal; eve very large, nearer shout than to posterior edge of opercle by a distance equal to longitudinal diameter of pupil; mouth small, its width equal to diameter of pupil; maxillary protractile; lower jaw projecting; teeth in 2 series, the outer series small, bicuspid, in a single row, rather firmly attached; inner series minute, in small patches; gill-opening restricted, not extending above base of pectoral fin; gill-rakers slender, equal in length to 1 diameter of pupil. Alimentary canal short; air-bladder large, extending posteriorly to a point above origin of anal; dorsal fin inserted halfway between tip of snout and base of caudal, length of base a little less than height of fin; anal inserted below middle of dorsal, its edge rounded; pectoral extending to base of ventrals; ventrals extending to vent. Scales on body large; upper posterior part of head and a narrow space below and posterior to eye with scales; other parts of head naked; small scales on basal part of caudal fin; a row of large pores above eye and at lower edge of suborbital patch of scales; no lateral line. Color in alcohol light, yellowish olive; 9 short and narrow vertical bands on median part of body, the first above base of pectoral, the ninth at base of caudal; scales on dorsal region of body edged with black dots; upper part of head dark; upper half of orbit black; opercles silvery; dorsal fin with a little dusky; other fins without dark color.

This species somewhat resembles *C. eiseni* in appearance. It differs in having more rays in the dorsal and anal fins, smaller scales, a more compressed body, and less dark color on the body. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Jalisco, Mexico, where J. O. Snyder collected the type, a female, No. 6163, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. (ενκαυστός, branded.)

Characodon encaustus, Jordan & Snyder, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 126, Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

Page 685. After Goodea atripinnis, Jordan, insert:

313 (a). XENENDUM, Jordan & Snyder.

Xenendum, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 127 (caliente).

Body deep, not much compressed; males and females of about the same size. Eye normal; mouth vertical, lower jaw projecting; teeth loosely attached, in 2 series, the first series flat, bicuspid, in 2 or 3 rows on each jaw; the second series minute, in villiform bands, sometimes absent; gill opening not restricted, extending above the pectoral fin a distance equal to the diameter of pupil. Alimentary canal long, with many convolutions; air-bladder present, large. Scales large; no lateral line. Dorsal and anal inserted posteriorly, the one directly over the other, their bases short; anal very slightly modified in male, first rays shorter, edge double-convex—the notch being between smaller and larger groups of rays; ventral fins present; caudal rounded, and not modified in male.

Nemendum differs notably from Characodon in having the bicuspid teeth loosely attached and in more than one series. Characodon has the bicuspid

teeth firmly attached and in a single series. Its actual affinities are with the genus Gooden, and it belongs to the subfamily $Gooden\sigma$, which has the general characters of the Pacilina, but with bifurcate or trifurcate teeth, and no great differences between the sexes. ($\xi \epsilon \nu \delta \delta$, strange; $\delta \nu \delta \delta \sigma$, within.)

1008 (b). XENENDUM CALIENTE, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 31: depth 21: depth of caudal peduncle 51: eve 4 in head; snout 3; interorbital space 2; height of dorsal 5; in length; anal 6; length of pectoral 5; ventral 7; candal 5; D. 13; A. 14; scales 36, in transverse series counting upward and forward from origin of anal, 14; on caudal peduncle, 9. Body large and thick set, deepest at tip of pectoral; width 44 times in length; head pointed; interorbital space broad, slightly convex; length of snout about equal to diameter of orbit; mouth vertical, its width equal to length of snout; maxillary very protractile; teeth loosely attached, in 2 series, those of the first series larger, flat, and notched, in 2 rows on upper jaw, 3 rows on lower, the individual teeth of each row alternating in position with those of the next, those of the second series very minute, in a villiform band; gill-opening not restricted, extending above the pectoral a distance equal to diameter of pupil; gill-rakers long, slender, and close together, 40 on first arch. Alimentary canal long (in one specimen 41 times the length of body), coiled many times; peritoneum black; genital opening close to base of anal, covered by a thick, notched pad. Dorsal fin inserted posteriorly, rounded, the base short, its length less than height of fin; anal inserted under dorsal, first 5 rays crowded together and shortened; edge of fin double-convex, the notch being between the shorter and longer sets of rays; pectorals and ventrals with rounded edges; caudal evenly rounded; body and head everywhere, except jaws and preorbital area, with scales; no lateral line. Color light olive, growing darker above; medium dorsal area blackish, each scale with a dark, angular band, those of the sixth series below the dorsal darker, making an indistinct, narrow lateral band; all the fins, except ventrals, dusky.

The females differ but slightly from the males. The body is more thick set, the caudal peduncle a little less deep, the fins a little lower, and the anal evenly rounded. The young are somewhat mottled in color.

Xenendum caliente differs from X. luitpoldii in having fewer scales in the lateral and transverse series and on the caudal peduncle, and in a similar way from X. xaliscone, besides having villiform teeth, which are absent in X. xaliscone. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Rio Verde, near Aguas Calientes, Mexico. (Type, a female, No. 6147, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Xenendum caliente, JOEDAN & SNYDER, Bull U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 127, Rio Verde, near Aguas Calientes, Mexico.

Characodon luitpoldii, Steindachner (p. 2832) belongs to this new genus, and should stand as

1008 (b). XENENDUM LUITPOLDII (Steindachner).

1008 (c). XENENDUM XALISCONE, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4; depth 3; depth of caudal peduncle 6; eye 3; in head; snout 3; interorbital space 1; height of dorsal 6; in length; anal 9; length of pectoral 51; ventral 71; caudal 5; D. 13; A. 14; scales 42, transverse series, counting upward and forward from origin of anal, 17; on caudal peduncle 12. Body thick set, deepest at origin of ventrals, widest at bases of pectorals; caudal peduncle deep and long; head large and pointed; interorbital space broad, slightly convex; mouth vertical, its width equal to length of snout; maxillary very protractile; teeth loosely attached, broader at distal ends than at bases, bicuspid, in two rows on each jaw; no villiform teeth present; gill openings extending above base of pectorals a distance about equal to diameter of pupil; gill-rakers long, flat, very close together, 56 on first arch. Alimentary canal long, in many folds: peritoneum black. Dorsal fin inserted posteriorly, first ray simple, closely attached to second; edge of fin rounded; anal inserted on a vertical passing through the base of fourth dorsal ray, similar to dorsal in shape: pectoral and ventral fins rounded; edge of caudal a little convex; basal fourth with scales. Scales large, everywhere on body and head, except lower jaw and preorbital area; no lateral line. Color plain, dark above, light below, the dark color leaving off rather abruptly on the head along a line passing through lower edge of eye; on the body, along a line passing from lower edge of base of pectoral to caudal, leaving lower one-fifth of candal peduncle light; faint traces of a dark spot at base of each scale on dorsal region of body; all the fins, except ventrals, dusky. Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

One male individual was taken. It resembles the female in general appearance. The anal fin is not advanced nor modified into an intromittent organ. Although it is injured, it shows that the first 5 or 6 rays were close together and shortened.

Nenendum raliscone differs from X. caliente in not having villiform teeth, in having more scales in the lateral and transverse series, and on the caudal peduncle. It differs from X. luitpoldii (Steindachner), which is the third known species of the genus, in having a much longer snout, a more pointed head, and in not having villiform teeth. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Jalisco, Mexico. (Type, a female, No. 6148, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)
(Name from Jalisco, the type locality.)

Xenendum zeliscone, Joedan & Snyder, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 129, Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

Page 698. Before Mollienisia, Le Sueur, insert:

1087 (a). POECILIA LIMANTOURI, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 3½ in length; depth 3; depth of caudal peduncle 4½; eye 3½ in head; snout 3; interorbital space 2; height of dorsal 5½ in length; anal 4½; length of pectoral 4½; ventral 6; caudal 3½; D. 9; A. 8; scales 26-9, 8 on caudal peduncle. Body rather deep and compressed; dorsal outline angular, its highest point at insertion of dorsal; lowest point of

ventral outline at base of ventrals. Head pointed, interorbital space wide and flat; eye large, nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle by a distance equal to diameter of pupil; mouth very oblique. its width equal to 2 times diameter of pupil; premaxillaries protractile; distal end of maxillary visible; lower jaw projecting; teeth in two series on each jaw, the outer series in a single row, small, pointed, loosely attached; second series scarcely discernible, in bands; gill-openings extending above base of pectoral a distance equal to ‡ diameter of orbit; gill-rakers on first arch 20, small and slender; alimentary canal very long and slender. Body and entire head, except preorbital area, lips, and lower jaw, covered with large scales; 3 rows of scales on base of caudal; small scales extending on inter-radial membranes of caudal, a distance beyond the basal scales about equal to diameter of the eye. Dorsal fin inserted halfway between base of caudal and anterior edge of pupil, its base contained 6; times in length of head and body, its height 5%, the last rays a little higher than the first; anal advanced close to base of ventrals, the first and second rays short, closely attached to the next, third ray greatly enlarged and lengthened, a loosely attached ovate, fleshy pad near its tip; fourth and fifth rays slender, as long as third; tips of third and fifth rays bent toward that of the fourth; sixth to eighth rays about 1 as long as third; caudal rounded, its length contained 31 times in head and body; pectoral rounded, the length contained 11 times in head; ventrals pointed, extending to middle of longest anal ray. Color in alcohol, light yellowish olive, much lighter on breast and ventral part of head; posterior edges of scales dark; lower jaw, preorbital area, upper part of head, and a narrow, median dorsal stripe, dark; basal ? of dorsal fin black, distal part of fin white, the boundary between the white and black more definite on the anterior than on posterior part of fin; basal ; of caudal dusky, distal part without color.

Other male examples have only a few small dark spots on dorsal and caudal. The females have the body more elongate than the males, the depth of the caudal peduncle 5% in length. The dorsal fin is inserted in advance of the anal, its origin above anal opening, the first rays highest. The ventrals extend to the posterior edge of the vent, but do not reach the anal. The dorsal and caudal have a little dusky coloring.

Lack of material for comparison prevents our commenting on the probable affinities between this and other species of the genus. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Rio Tamesoe, near Tampico, Tamaulipas, Mexico, where several specimens were collected January 12, 1899, by Mr. Snyder. (Type, a female, No. 6165, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.)

(Named for Jose Limantour, the accomplished minister of the "Hacienda" in Mexico.)

Pacilia limantouri, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 129, Rio Tamesoe, near Tampico, Mexico.

Page 702. Before Xiphophorus guntheri, Jordan & Evermann, insert:

1048 (a). XIPHOPHORUS MONTEZUME, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4_5 ; depth 3; depth of caudal peduncle 4_2 ; eye 3_2 in head; snout 3_2 ; interorbital space 2; height of dorsal 3_2 in length; anal 5; length of

pectoral 41; ventral 41; upper rays of caudal 31, lower rays 111; D. 13; A. 7; scales 29-9, 7 on caudal peduncle. Body deep, compressed, dorsal contour arched, its highest point at insertion of dorsal; caudal peduncle narrow and very deep; head small, pointed; interorbital space wide, slightly convex; eye large, a little nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle; mouth vertical; teeth in two series, the first in a single row, minute, flat, and pointed, the second in a villiform band, much smaller and narrower than the first, brownish-colored, strongly curved backward; gill opening extending above base of pectoral a distance equal to diameter of pupil; gill-rakers on first arch 19, slender, the length of longest equal to half diameter of eye; intestinal tract slender and long; peritoneum black; scales on head and body large, 1 large, round scale on interorbital space, followed by 2, a row of 11 from the latter to first dorsal ray; 3 rows on base of caudal fin; base of dorsal fin short, 41 in body, first ray shortest, the others graduated to the eighth, which is longest; ninth, tenth, and eleventh shorter; twelfth and thirteenth longer; the abrupt shortening of the ninth, tenth, and eleventh rays makes a notch in the outline of fin; anal advanced, its origin under third ray of dorsal; first ray greatly enlarged and lengthened; second and third equally lengthened, but more slender, these three with their connecting membranes forming a half tube with a pointed end; other rays half the length of first; upper lobe of caudal rounded, 5 lower rays forming a very long, blunt appendage; ventrals pointed, extending almost to tip of anal; pectoral sharply rounded; color yellowish olive, marked with black; during life there were 4 narrow, longitudinal orange bands, each extending along a row of scales on body; top of head, and a median dorsal band extending to caudal, dusky; a narrow, dusky band on edge of lower jaw; 2 short, vertical bands on snout; 6 upper rows of scales edged with black or dusky; a few black spots irregularly arranged on body above ventrals; a large black spot at base of caudal, its color extending along upper edge of prolongation; a dark line extending along lower edge of caudal peduncle to end of lower caudal rays, the caudal extension with a light central portion bordered with black, the lower border wider; underpart of head and belly without dark color; dorsal fin with black dots and lines; pectorals, ventrals, and anal plain.

Considerable variation in shape of fins and in color is shown among other male examples (cotypes, males and females, No. 6146, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.). In some the fins are low and short, the caudal ornament represented only by a slight lengthening of the lower rays. Among individuals, apparently fully grown, there is every graduation from the undeveloped to the very long caudal extension. In every case the scales are conspicuously dark edged. In some examples black spots, crowded together, form a more or less dark line from eye to caudal, while below this line are large, irregular black blotches. Others have no black spots, and the dark caudal patch has almost disappeared.

The females have the fins low or short, and without special modifications, the posterior edge of caudal 2-shaped, the upper part rounded, the lower pointed, the scales dark edged; a narrow, indefinite, dark color band usually present along median line of sides; the dark caudal patch rarely absent. Fully grown males are scarce, a large catch consisting mostly of females and young.

Xiphophorus montezumæ is distinguished from the other known species of the genus by having 7 anal rays, the scales with conspicuous dark edges, a large brown caudal spot, and the caudal appendage not swordshaped, but with its end enlarged and blunt. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Rio Verde, near Rascon, San Luis Potosi, Mexico. (Type, a male, No. 6145, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Xiphophorus montezuma, Johdan & Snyder, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900). 131, Rio Verde, near Rascon, Mexico.

Page 702. The recent studies of the eyes of American blind fishes by Dr. C. H. Eigenmann have shown that the species occurring in the caves of southwestern Missouri which has usually been identified as Typhlichthys subterraneus, Girard, but which Dr. Eigenmann described as a new species under the name Typhlichthys rosa (p. 2835), has had an ancestry quite distinct from that of Typhlichthys. It therefore is generically distinct from Typhlichthys, and has been made the type of the new genus Troglichthys by Eigenmann.

322 (a). TROGLICHTHYS, Eigenmann.

Troglichthys, Eigenmann, Science, N. S., Vol. IX, No. 217, p. 282, Feb. 24, 1899 (rosa).

Scleral cartilages present, pigment in the pigment epithelium; vitreal cavity obliterated, no hyaloid membrane; pupil closed, some of the eye muscles developed; no outer reticular layer; outer and inner nuclear layers merged into one; eye in adult not connected with the brain; pigment epithelium developed on the distal face of the eye, rarely over the sides and back; no cones; nuclear layers mere vestiges; ganglionic layer restricted to the anterior face of the eye just within the pigmented epithelium. Maximum diameter of eye about 85μ . No ventral fins. $(T\rho\omega\gamma\lambda\eta, \text{cavern}; i\chi\eta\dot{\nu}; \text{fish.})$

The genera and species of Amblyopside may be determined by the following key (from Eigenmann), based largely on the character of the eyes:

- a. Vitreous body and lens normal, the eye functional; no scleral cartilages; eye permanently connected with the brain by the optic nerve; eye muscles normal; no optic fiber layer. Minimum diameter of the eye 0.700µ. No ventral fins.

 CHOLOGASTER, 321.
 - b. Eye in adult more than 1 mm. in longitudinal diameter; lens over 0.5 mm. in diameter; retina very simple, its maximum thickness 83.5µ in the old; the outer and inner nuclear layers consisting of a single series of cells each; the gan glionic layer of isolated cells. Maximum thickness of the outer nuclear layer 5µ, of the inner nuclear layer 8µ. CORNUTUS, 1044.
 - bb. Eye in adult less than 1 mm. in longitudinal diameter; lens less than 4 mm.; outer nuclear layer composed of at least 2 layers of cells; inner nuclear layer of at least 3 layers of cells, the former at least 10µ thick, the latter at least 18µ.
 - c. Pigment epithelium 65 u thick in the middle-aged, 102 u in the old.

PAPILLIPERUS, 1046.

cc. Pigment 49µ thick in the middle-aged, 74µ in the old; 24 to 30 per cent thinner than in papilliferus; eye smaller.

AGASSIZII, 1045.

- as. The eye a vestige, not functional; vitreous body and lens mere vestiges, the eye collapsed, the inner faces of the retina in contact. Maximum diameter of eye about 200µ.
 - d. No scieral cartilages, no pigment in the pigment epithelium; a minute vitreal cavity; hyaloid membrane with blood vessels; pupil not closed; onter nuclear, outer reticular, inner nuclear, inner reticular, ganglionic, and pigment epithelial layers differentiated; cones probably none; no eye muscles. Maximum diameter of eye 180µ Eye probably connected with brain throughout life.

TYPHLICHTHYS, 322.

- dd. Scieral cartilages present; pigment in the pigment epithelium; vitreal cavity obliterated, no hyaloid membrane; pupil closed; some of the eye muscles developed; no outer reticular layer; outer and inner nuclear layers merged into one. Eye in adult not connected with the brain.
 - e. Pigment epithelium well developed; cones well developed; ganglionic cells forming a funnel-shaped mass through the center of the eye; pigmented epithelium over the front of the eye without pigment. Maximum diameter of eye about 200µ. Ventral fins present.
 AMBLYOPSIS, 323.
 - ee. Pigment epithelium developed over the distal face of the eye, rarely over the sides and back; no cones; nuclear layers mere vestiges; the ganglionic layer restricted to the anterior face of the eye, just within the pigmented epithelium. Maximum diameter of the eye about 85µ. No ventral fins.

TROGLICHTHYS, 322 (a).

Page 744. To the synonymy of Eucalia inconstans (Kirtland), add the following:

Gasterosteus gymnetes. Dawson, Canadian Naturalist, Vol. IV, No. 5, October, 1859, 321-324, figs. 1-3, Montreal, Canada. (Coll. Prof. J. W. Dawson.)

Page 789. Recent investigations made by Dr. Jordan in certain freshwater streams and lakes of Mexico resulted in the discovery of several new species of Atherinidæ and new facts regarding other species:

1157. ESLOPSARUM JORDANI (Woolman).

Locality, Rio Verde, Aguas Calientes, Mexico.

Two specimens of Eslopsarum jordani were collected, together with numerous individuals of E. arge. Chirostoma brere, Steindachner, is probably identical with E. jordani, as already supposed by us.

An examination of a number of species of *Eslopsarum* and of *Chirostoma* shows that the number of vertebre, in addition to the character of the scales, furnishes a distinguishing generic feature.

Species.	Vertebræ
Eslopsarum jordani	38
arge	37
Chirostoma humboldtianum	44
chapala	45
promelas	45
diazi	44
erystallinum	44
lermæ	44
ocotlane	44

Chirostoma contains two very marked types of species. The one represented by the typical species, Chirostoma humboldtianum, has the flesh firm

and opaque in life. The other (Lethostole), typified by Chirostoma estor, has the flesh thin, translucent, and very pale. There are correlated differences in the firmness of the bones and scales, but thus far we have found no tangible character on which to separate Lethostole as a genus from Chirostoma. The known species of Lethostole are estor, album, chapalæ, grandocule, promelas, diazi, crystallinum, lermæ, and ocotlane.

1157 (a). ESLOPSABUM ABGE, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 41; depth 41; depth of caudal peduncle 22 in head; eye 32; snout 3; interorbital space 31; height of spinous dorsal 31; soft dorsal 2; anal 2; length of pectoral 11; ventrals 21; caudal 11; D. IV-8; A. 15; P. 13; scales 40-11, 5 between the dorsals. Body rather thickset, its deepest part just anterior to base of ventrals; width of body equal to distance from posterior edge of orbit to tip of snout; eye nearer to tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle by a distance equal to diameter of pupil; interorbital space convex; width of preorbital area equal to diameter of pupil; tip of lower jaw projecting beyond that of upper; mouth large, oblique; lips not much thickened posteriorly, the lower not distinctly folded over the upper at their angle; maxillary extending posteriorly to a perpendicular passing through anterior edge of orbit, its distal end below the level of eye; teeth large, sharp, projecting backwards, in 2 definite rows on each jaw, none on vomer or palatines; gill-rakers on first arch 14, long and slender: air-bladder extending posteriorly to a point a little past insertion of anal; peritoneum black; vertebræ 37. Lateral line represented on the fifth row of scales below the dorsal by a series of partly developed pores; scales large, entire, covering head and body except snout, lower jaw, preorbital area, and a small space around base of pectoral; small scales extending for a short distance on interradial membranes of caudal; first 3 dorsal spines of about the same height, the fourth shorter; first dorsal ray longest, the others gradually shorter; edge of fin straight; anal inserted on a perpendicular, passing halfway between dorsals, its first ray longest; edge of fin slightly concave; caudal notched, the tips and notch rounded, extending to bases of ventrals; ventrals falling short of vent a distance equal to diameter of Color in life, translucent; a silvery lateral band with its upper edge dark, extending from upper part of base of pectoral to base of caudal, the band less distinct in the region of the pectoral fin; scales of back edged with fine, dark specks; snout, lower jaw, top of head, and upper part of eye dusky; dorsal and caudal fins with a little dusky coloring.

Specimens of *E. arge* were caught in the same seine haul with *E. jordani*. The former species differs from the latter in having a thicker body, a longer snout, a larger and less oblique mouth, a larger eye, and a wider color band.

In the drawing accompanying the original description of *Eslopsarum jordani* the mouth is wrongly represented. Of the specimens examined, including some of the types, the mouth is much like that of *Chirostoma humboldtianum*. The cleft is not straight in outline. The lower lip folds over the upper at their union. (Jordan & Snyder.) (arge, silvery.)

Known only from the Rio Verde, near Aguas Calientes, Mexico. (Type, No. 6154, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Eclopearum arge, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 133, Rio Verde, near Aguas Calientes, Mexico.

1157 (b). CHIROSTOMA CHAPALÆ, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 4; depth 54; depth of candal peduncle 3 in head; eye 34; snout 3; interorbital space 4; height of spinous dorsal 3; soft dorsal 1; anal 13; length of pectoral 1½; ventrals $2\frac{1}{3}$; caudal $\frac{9}{10}$; D. IV-10; A. 20; pectoral 14; scales 47-13, 6 between dorsals. Body slender, compressed, its deepest part below first dorsal; eye large, nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle by a distance equal to 11 times the diameter of pupil; interorbital space convex, its width about equal to diameter of pupil or to preorbital area; symphysis of lower jaw projecting a little beyond tip of upper, the lips meeting; mouth oblique, lips thickened posteriorly, the lower folding over the upper at their union; angle of mouth on a level with center of pupil; maxillary nearly vertical, its distal end in advance of a vertical from anterior edge of orbit, a distance equal to ; the diameter of pupil. Teeth minute, in bands, not arranged in definite rows; no teeth on vomer or palatines; gill-rakers on first arch 30, very slender, the length of longest equal to diameter of orbit; peritoneum black; air-bladder very large, extending posteriorly to a point above middle of anal fin; vertebræ 45. A well-defined lateral line extending along the body on the eighth row of scales below the first dorsal. Scales large, crenate, not notably reduced in size nor closely crowded together on any part of the body; those on post-occipital region and anterior to pectorals small; scales extending on basal # of inter-radial membranes of caudal; lower jaw, snout, and preorbital space naked; first 2 spines of dorsal highest, the following 2 a little shorter; first ray of second dorsal highest, others gradually shorter; anal inserted a little anterior to a perpendicular passing halfway between the origins of dorsals, first ray longest, others successively shorter; when the fin is elevated, its edge is concave; caudal deeply forked, the tips pointed; pectoral notably pointed, extending past base of ventral a distance equal to diameter of orbit; ventrals extending to vent. Color in life, translucent; a silvery lateral band 1 scale wide, bright, and distinct posteriorly, becoming indistinct anteriorly; upper edge of lateral band with dusky; scales on dorsal part of body edged with dark dots; upper and lower jaws with dark dots; upper part of eye black, the dark, pigmented arachnoid showing through the thin skull. (Jordan & Snyder.)

C. chapalæ is closely related to C. grandocule, Steindachner. It differs in having a smaller eye and larger scales. The former has 44 to 51 scales in the lateral series, and 12 to 14 in a transverse series, while C. grandocule has 60 to 62 scales in the lateral series and 15 or 16 in a transverse series. Known only from Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Jalisco, Mexico. (Type, No. 6165, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Chirostoma chapalæ, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 135, Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

1157 (c). CHIROSTOMA PROMELAS, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 31; depth 41; depth of caudal peduncle 31 in head; eye 51; snout 2; interorbital space 4; height of spinous dorsal 3; soft dorsal 2; anal 2; length of pectoral 13; ventral 24; caudal 14; D. IV-11; A. 19; pectoral 15; scales 53-16, 9 between dorsals. Head slender, triangular; eye small, nearer tip of snout than to edge of opercle by a distance equal to half diameter of pupil; width of preorbital area somewhat greater than diameter of pupil; interorbital space slightly convex; shout pointed; upper jaw projecting a little beyond the lower; cleft of mouth almost horizontal; lips enlarged posteriorly, the lower lip folding over the upper at their junction; angle of mouth on a level with lower part of pupil; maxillary almost vertical in position, its distal end not extending backward as far as anterior edge of orbit; teeth large, curved inward, not arranged in definite rows; none on vomer or palatines; vertebræ 45. A tolerably well defined lateral line extending along the body about 8 scales below the first dorsal, the pores absent on some of the scales; scales crenate, largest along lateral color band; a post-occipital patch of minute, closely-crowded scales extending backward nearly to a line connecting bases of pectorals; a narrow band of similar scales just posterior to gillopenings, and on base of caudal, the latter extending on inter-radial membranes half their length; scales between dorsals not abruptly smaller than those near by, nor crowded closely together; head with scales excepton snout, preorbital region, and on lower jaw; first 3 spines of dorsal nearly equal in length, the fourth a little shorter; first dorsal ray longest, the others gradually shorter; anal inserted on a perpendicular passing midway between dorsals, first ray longest, others successively shorter; edge of fin slightly concave; pectoral pointed; extending beyond base of ventrals a distance equal to diameter of pupil; ventrals not quite reaching vent. Color in alcohol, yellowish olive; a distinct silvery lateral band, the light color of which is underlaid with dark pigment, extending from upper part of base of pectoral to caudal, wider and brighter in color between dorsal and anal, growing narrower on caudal peduncle, widening at its end; scales of upper part of body with dusky coloring on their edges; dorsals, pectoral, and caudal with dark color; eye dusky above, a dark band on interorbital space; snout and jaws black.

Chirostoma prometas is distinguishable from other known species of the genus by the projecting upper jaw and the black snout.

One specimen other than the type was obtained. In it the projection of the upper jaw is more pronounced than in the type. The gill-rakers and abdominal viscera had been removed from both. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico, where 2 specimens were obtained in the market. (Type, No. 6156, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.) ($\pi\rho\delta$, before; $\mu\epsilon\lambda\acute{\alpha}\xi$, black.)

Chirostoma prometas, JOEDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 136, Guadalajara, Mexico.

1157 (d). CHIROSTOMA DIAZI, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 31; depth 5; depth of caudal peduncle 31 in head; eye 51; snout 21; interorbital space 11; height of spinous dorsal 43; soft dorsal 21; anal 22; length of pectoral 13; ventral 3; caudal 13; D. V-11; A. 20; P. 15: scales 69-20, 22 between dorsals. Body long, deeper and more compressed than that of C. humboldtianum; head large, its dorsal contour straight from tip of snout to occiput; viewed from above, the head is much compressed, the upper jaw is sharply pointed and included by the lower; interorbital space slightly convex; eye nearer tip of snout than to edge of opercle by a distance equal to diameter of pupil; preorbital area a little wider than diameter of orbit; mouth oblique, its cleft extending to a horizontal from lower edge of orbit; lips thickened posteriorly, the lower forming a fold across the upper at angle of mouth; lower jaw projecting, the teeth just passing the edge of the upper; maxillary extending to a vertical from anterior edge of orbit, its distal end angular; teeth large anteriorly, growing gradually smaller posteriorly, canine-like, sharp, projecting backward, not arranged in definite rows, none on vomer or palatines; vertebræ 44. Scales crenate, larger in region of lateral color band, growing smaller dorsally and ventrally, abruptly smaller and closely crowded together in a region anterior to the pectoral fin, extending from the isthmus to the occiput, also between the dorsal fins and along bases of dorsals, anal and caudal; inter-radial membranes of the latter with scales extending ; its length; head with scales except on jaws, upper part of snout, and on preorbital area; two anterior spines of dorsal longest, others a little shorter; first dorsal ray longest, others gradually shorter; anal similar to soft dorsal in shape, except that its base is much longer; insertion of anal on a perpendicular passing halfway between dorsals; caudal deeply forked, the lobes pointed; pectoral sharp, extending past base of ventrals a distance equal to diameter of orbit; edge of pectoral, when extended, straight. Body, during life, translucent; in alcohol, greenish olive; a silvery lateral band, in which the silver is not underlaid with black pigment, extending from axil to base of caudal; dorsal scales narrowly edged with dusky; upper part of eye dark. Jalisco, Mexico.

Our specimens are all from the market at Guadalajara. The gill-arches and viscera had been removed. The flesh is somewhat shrunken, which probably causes the teeth to appear more prominent than in life.

Chirostoma diazi may be easily distinguished from the other known species of the genus by the small scales crowded closely together between the dorsal fins. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from the market at Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico. (Type, No. 6157, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

(Named for Porfirio Diaz, the honored President of the Republic of Mexico, in recognition of his interest in the progress of science.)

Chirostoma diazi, JOBDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 137, Guadalajara, Mexico.

1157 (e). CHIROSTOMA CRYSTALLINUM, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 31; depth 44; depth of caudal peduncle 31 in head; eye 54; snout 2:; interorbital space 4; height of spinous dorsal 41; soft dorsal 21; anal 2; length of pectoral 1; ventral 2; caudal 1; D. V-13; A. 24; P. 15; scales 56-18, 10 between dorsals. Body deepest above ventrals, widest at insertion of pectorals; head long and pointed, its upper contour straight: snout, viewed from above, sharply pointed, the lower jaw projecting beyond upper a distance equal to not more than half diameter of orbit: eve nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle a distance equal to diameter of pupil; mouth oblique, the cleft extending downward to a level with lower edge of pupil; lips thickened posteriorly, the lower folding over the upper at angle of mouth; teeth minute, in wide patches, not arranged in definite rows, on upper and lower jaws; no teeth on vomer or palatines; gill-rakers on first arch 27, slender, the length of longest equal to diameter of pupil; vertebræ 44. An indefinite lateral line extending along the body about 9 scales below first dorsal, the pores absent on many of the scales; scales crenate, largest along color-band, growing smaller above and below, much smaller and closely crowded on the body anterior to the pectoral fin, from the isthmus to the occiput: a few small scales at upper end of opercle, along bases of fins, and on the inter-radial membranes of caudal for half its length; scales between dorsals large and not crowded together; lower jaw and upper part of snout naked; first 3 spines of dorsal about the same length, reaching. when depressed, to \ their length of insertion of soft dorsal; first dursal ray longest, others gradually shorter; anal inserted on a perpendicular passing through a point half way between origins of dorsals, base much longer than that of dorsal; first dorsal ray longest, others gradually shorter to middle of fin, all remaining rays of about the same height; caudal deeply forked, the tips rounded; pectoral pointed, extending a little past base of ventrals; tips of ventrals extending to vent. Body, during life, transluceut, with a slightly bluish tinge; in alcohol, yellowish; upper scales with dusky edges; top of head dusky; upper part of eye dark; fins. except ventrals and anal, with a little dusky color; a silvery color band extending from upper part of pectoral base to caudal, narrower on caudal. widening at base of caudal.

C. crystallinum closely resembles C. occitane in general appearance. The much shorter lower jaw and the smaller eye of C. crystallinum are at once distinguishing characters. Guadalajara and Laguna de Chapala, Mexico. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Two specimens from the Guadalajara market are shrunken so that the orbit is larger, and the teeth more evident than in those taken at Ocotlan.

Known from Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Jalisco, Mexico, and the market at Guadalajara. (Type, No. 6158, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

^{(&#}x27;hirostoma crystallinum, Jordan & Snyder, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 139, Laguna de Chapala, Mexico.

1157 (f). CHIROSTOMA LERME, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 3; depth 5; depth of caudal peduncle 3; in head; eye 5; snout 2}; interorbital space 54; height of spinous dorsal 41; soft dorsal 24; anal 21; length of pectoral 1; ventrals 3; caudal 1; D. IV-11; A. 20; scales 58-20, 11 between dorsals. Body slender, deepest part in region of ventrals; caudal peduncle narrow; snout long and pointed; lower jaw slightly projecting, but not enough to include the upper; eye large, nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle, a distance equal to diameter of orbit, or to width of preorbital space; cleft of mouth extending to a horizontal through lower edge of orbit; lower lip folded over the upper at their union; maxillary extending posteriorly almost to a perpendicular from anterior edge of orbit, its distal end angular; teeth large and strong, curved backward and inward, arranged in 2 definite rows, those of the inner row of the upper jaw and of the outer row of the lower jaw larger, none on vomer or palatines; vertebræ 44. An indefinite lateral line extending along body about 10 scales below first dorsal, the pores absent on many of the scales; scales crenate, largest along the lateral color-band, much smaller between occiput and first dorsal, those immediately posterior to occiput, minute and very closely crowded; a narrow edging of similar scales along the gill-openings, extending ventrally to the isthmus; scales between dorsals not much reduced in size or crowded together; basal half of inter-radial membranes of caudal with scales; first 2 spines of dorsal longest, third shorter, fourth about ; as long as the first; first dorsal ray longest, others gradually shorter, edge of fin straight; insertion of anal on a perpendicular passing through a point half way between origins of dorsals, first ray longest, others successively shorter, last ray one-third the length of first; caudal deeply forked, its tips rather pointed; pectoral pointed, extending beyond origin of ventrals a distance equal to diameter of pupil; ventrals reaching vent. Color in alcohol, light olive, a silvery lateral band equal to a scale in width extending from upper part of base of pectoral to base of caudal; edges of upper scales dusky; a little dark color on dorsals, caudal, and pectoral; upper and lower jaws and top of head with minute dark dots; upper part of eye dark.

C. lermæ closely resembles C. crystallinum. It differs markedly in having large teeth, which are arranged in two rows, a shorter lower jaw and a larger eye. Jalisco, Mexico. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Our specimens of C. lermæ are all from the market of Guadalajara. The gill-arches and viscera had been removed and the bodies were somewhat shrunken. The specimens are said to have come from Laguna de Chapala, Jalisco, Mexico. (Type, No. 6159, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Chirostoma lerma, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U.S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 140, Guadalajara, Mexico.

1157 (g). CHIROSTOMA OCOTLANE, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 3½; depth 4½; depth of caudal peduncle 3½ in head; eye 4½; snout 2½; interorbital space 5; height of spinous dorsal 3½; soft dorsal 2½; anal 2; length of pectoral 1½; ventral 2½; caudal 1½; D. V-12; A. 20; scales 54-19, 11 between dorsals. Body long, rather slender, deepest above

Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——IX

ventrals; head long, pointed, its dorsal contour straight from tip of snout to a point a little posterior to the eye, where it curves upward; interorbital space flat; eye high up, nearer tip of shout than edge of opercle by a distance about equal to diameter of pupil; width of preorbital space equal to diameter of pupil; mouth oblique, the cleft extending downward to a point opposite lower edge of pupil; lips growing more fleshy posteriorly, the lower forming a fold across the upper at their junction; distal end of maxillary angular, extending almost to a vertical from anterior edge of orbit; lower jaw very long, projecting beyond upper a distance equal to diameter of pupil; viewed from above, both jaws are a little more pointed than are those of C. estor or of C. humboldtianum. Teeth on jaws in bands, minute, projecting backward; no teeth on vomer or palatines; gill-rakers slender, close together, length of longest equal to diameter of pupil; vertebræ 44. A rather indefinite lateral line extending along body, 10 scales below the first dorsal, the pores absent on many of the scales; scales crenate, growing smaller dorsally, larger ventrally, those on posterior part of occiput, on nape, on region anterior to pectorals-above and below, and on base of caudal, very small and crowded together, those in the region of dorsals not reduced in size or crowded except at insertion of fins, where there are 4 very small ones; cheek with 5 rows; lower jaw and upper part of snout naked; basal half of interradial membranes of caudal with minute scales; first 3 spines of dorsal highest, extending when depressed within half their length of origin of soft dorsal; first dorsal ray preceded by a shorter, simple, closely attached one; other rays successively shorter than first; edge of fin slightly concave; anal similar to soft dorsal in shape, its basis 1; times as long as that of soft dorsal; attachment of first ray under a point half way between insertions of dorsals; caudal deeply forked, the lobes equal; pectoral pointed when depressed, upper rays longest, extending to a vertical half way between insertious of first dorsal and ventrals. Body, during life, almost translucent, with a bluish tinge of color; in alcohol, the color is a light olive yellow; a silvery lateral band extending from axil to base of caudal, the band wider and brighter in color between dorsal and anal, growing narrow on caudal peduncle and then widening again at its posterior end. Head and body above, and the lower jaw, dusky; upper part of eye dark; edge of scales above lateral band with small black dots; caudal somewhat dusky on its basal third; other fins with little or no dark color.

Chirostoma ocollane is easily distinguished from all other known species of the genus by its excessively long lower jaw. Except the jaw and somewhat larger eye it resembles C. estor in general appearance. Laguna de Chapala, Mexico. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Mexico. (Type, No. 6160, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Chirostoma ocotlane, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 141, Laguna de Chapala, near Ocotlan, Mexico.

1154. CHIROSTOMA ESTOR, Jordan.

We have examined the type specimen of *Chirostoma estor*. The scales are small and closely crowded on the region anterior to the pectoral from the occiput to the isthmus; they are not much reduced in size nor closely crowded together between the dorsals. The teeth on the jaws are large and numerous, not arranged in definite rows; there are 3 vomerine teeth almost as large as those on the jaws.

Some exact measurements of the type, expressed in hundredths of the length of the body, are here given:

Length of body in millimeters 212; depth of caudal peduncle 7½; length of head 31½; distance from snout to occiput 23; tip of lower jaw to occiput 24; width of interorbital space 7; length of snout 12; diameter of orbit 5½; distance from snout to spinous dorsal 56½; insertion of spinous to soft dorsal 12½; height of longest dorsal spines 7; of longest dorsal rays 11; distance from snout to anal 62½; height of longest anal rays 12; distance from anal to caudal 22; length of caudal fin 18½; of pectoral fin 17; distance from snout to ventral 45½; length of ventral fin 10½; D. V-12; A. 18; P. 14; scales 72-19, 9 between dorsals.

1154 (a). CHIROSTOMA ALBUM (Steindachner).

The type of Chirostoma estor agrees externally almost perfectly with Steindachner's account of Chirostoma album from Lake Pátzcuaro, a species which he later places in the synonymy of C. estor. But the type localities are widely separated, and Steindachner found no trace of the large vomerine teeth so conspicuous in C. estor. We therefore regard C. album as probably a valid species, not identical with C. estor.

Page 821. After Joturus pichardi, Poey, add:

368 (a). NEOMUGIL, Vaillant.

Neomugil, Vaillant, Bull. Soc. Philom., rv, 1893-1894 (June, 1894), 72 (digueti).

General aspect of Mugil. Mouth widely cleft, maxillary extending beyond anterior edge of orbit. Fine teeth in many series in each jaw, those of outer series on intermaxillary most developed, all conical, simple, small, but distinct; villiform teeth on vomer and palatines. Stomach siphonal, walls membranous, very thin in pyloric region, hence not gizzard-like; a large pyloric coca and a second smaller one; pseudobranchize distinct.

This genus resembles Joturus, which has the teeth flattened and serrated, with only 1 series on the intermaxillary. The maxillary in Joturus extends not so far back. (Vaillant.) ($v \in o_5$, new; Mugil.)

1198 (a). NEOMUGIL DIGUETI, Vaillant.

Head 3; depth 4; eye 6; interorbital 2.75. B. 6; D. IV-I, 8; A. I, 9; V. I, 5; scales 3-43-11; caudal fin 4. Maxillary reaching pupil; mouth deeply cleft; upper jaw the longer; no adipose eyelid. Origin of first dorsal at middle of body, the first spine 2 in depth of body; origin of anal

a little in front of second dorsal. Whole head, except preocular region, scaled like the body, the scales ctenoid.

Known from 20 examples from 99 to 194 mm. long, from Lower California, south of La Paz.

(Named for the collector of the type, M. Léon Diguet.)

Neomugil digueti, VallLant, Bull. Soc. Philom., 1v, 1883-1894 (June, 1894), 78, torrent in the Sierra de las Cacachilas de Santa Cruz, Lower California.

Page 903. In the description of Seriola lalandi for "A. I, 27" read "A. I, 21."

Page 962. Centrolophidæ can not be maintained as a distinct family. It belongs with the Stromateidæ.

Page 1038. After Hadropterus scierus serrula, insert:

HADBOPTERUS MAXINKUCKIENSIS, Evermann

Head 3.75; depth 6; eye 4; snout 4.2; maxillary 3.25; mandible 2.75; interorbital 6; pectoral 1.25; ventral 1.3; D. XIV, 13; A. II, 8; scales 7-61-10.

Body rather long, slender, and subterete; caudal peduncle somewhat compressed, its least width one-half its least depth; head rather long, snout pointed; mouth moderately large, oblique, maxillary reaching past anterior part of eye, lower jaw included; eye rather large, slightly above axis of body; interorbital moderately wide, nearly flat; gill-membranes free from each other and from the isthmus; opercle with a rather long flap and stout spines; premaxillaries not protractile; fins rather large; distance from origin of spinous dorsal to tip of snout slightly greater than base of spinous dorsal or nearly twice base of soft dorsal; longest dorsal spine 2.25 in head; soft dorsal higher than spinous portion, 2 in head, the free edge gently curved; origin of anal under that of soft dorsal, its base 2.1 in head; caudal rounded or slightly emarginate.

Scales firm and strongly ctenoid, lateral line complete and straight, beginning over opercular spine; top of head and an oblong area on nape naked; space in front of spinous dorsal with small embedded scales; opercle with about 7 rows of scales; cheek with a few small embedded scales, breast naked, except 2 or 3 partially embedded scales on median line; one large scale between ventrals; belly naked anteriorly, but with about 10 enlarged, stellate scales posteriorly; space between ventrals broad, equal to width of base of ventral; preopercle smooth.

Color essentially the same as in *H. scierus*; mottled and vermiculated with light and dark brown or blackish, the middle line of back with about 9 large, roundish, dark, confluent areas, each surrounded by a wavy, whitish line; middle of side with about 7 large, confluent dark spots, the anterior 2 largest and longest, the third small, the fourth large, and the remaining 3 progressively smaller; under parts yellowish white; top of head dark; a narrow whitish line around upper posterior part of orbit; a broad black line downward from eye; upper part of preopercle and nearly whole opercle dark, each dusted on lower part; cheek dusted with fine, dark specks; an irregular pale area at anterior end of lateral

line; spinous dorsal ashy, the first 3 spines black on the middle portion, the other spines dark, but not so distinctly so; tips of last few spines dark; soft dorsal light brownish or grayish, crossed near the base by a series of dark spots and above by 2 series of whitish spots; caudal spotted with white and brown; anal white, dusted with brownish; ventrals whitish, with fine, dark dustings; pectoral whitish, yellowish at base, followed by alternating series of dusky and whitish spots.

This species is related to *H. scierus*, from which it differs chiefly in having the dorsal fins united, in having the maxillary reaching beyond front of orbit, in the larger scales, the free gill-membranes, and in the smooth preoperrie.

Only the type known, an example, 3.5 inches long, taken in Aubeenaubee Creek, the eastern inlet of Lake Maxinkuckee, Indiana, about ‡ mile from the lake. August 4, 1899. Type No. 49378, U. S. N. M. Coll. Evermann & Scovell.

Hadropterus mazinkuckiensis, Evermann, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1890 (1900), 366, with plate, Aubeenaubee Creek, Lake Maxinkuckee, Indiana.

Page 1084. Before Etheostoma jessia, insert:

ETHEOSTOMA AUBEENAUBEI, Evermann.

Head 3.6; depth 5.5; eye 4.5; snout 4.5; maxillary 3; interorbital 5; D. X-10; A. II, 7; scales 4-55 to 58-7, 8 to 24 pores.

Body rather elongate, not much compressed except posteriorly; head rather short; snout short, somewhat decurved; mouth moderate, slightly oblique, lower jaw included, maxillary reaching front of eye; eye small, above axis of body; premaxillaries not protractile; gill-membranes free from the isthmus and each other. Fins not large, the dorsals usually distinctly, but narrowly separated, sometimes scarcely separate; origin of spinous dorsal one-third distance from tip of snout to base of candal: outline of spinous dorsal gently rounded, the longest spine about 3 in head; longest dorsal ray about 2; first anal spine longer, and slightly stronger than second, 3 to 3.5 in head; longest anal ray about 2; pectoral short. about 1.3 in head; ventrals close together, about 2 in head; caudal rounded, 1.5 in head. Scales rather small, rough-ctenoid; lateral line incomplete, usually developed on only 8 to 24 scales at anterior end; cheek usually naked or with a few small, more or less embedded scales; opercle usually about half scaled, sometimes with but few scales; breast always naked; belly with ordinary scales; nape usually densely and regularly scaled, some scales sometimes embedded; preopercle entire; opercular flap moderate, broad; opercular spine rather small; no humeral spot or process.

Color in alcohol, greenish brown above; side with about 12 or 13 vertical, dark blotches, separated by pale orange red areas of similar size; another series of similar but smaller orange blotches along lower part of side anterior to anal fin; under parts whitish; caudal peduncle grayish; head dark above; opercle and cheek dark, with greenish shade; a dark line downward from eye; snout grayish; spinous dorsal with a narrow dark border, below which is a broad orange band, then a broad but irregu-

lar dark band along base of fin; soft dorsal and caudal barred with white and gravish, the latter in spots on the rays; anal and ventrals without markings; pectoral somewhat dusky.

This species is close to E. iowa, from which it seems to differ in the almost naked cheek, the less complete scaling of the opercles, the somewhat longer maxillary, more oblique mouth, closer approximation of the dorsal fins, and the coloration. Lake Maxinkuckee, Indiana.

Many examples, each about 2 inches long, taken in Aubeenaubee Creek, the east inlet of Lake Maxinkuckee, August 4, and on other days in August and September, 1899. E.iowa is a common species in the lake, but does not occur in the inlet, nor were we able to find any specimens of E. aubeenaubei anywhere except in this small creek. Type No. 49379, I'.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Scovell.

Etheostoma aubeenaubei, Evermann, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 367, with plate. Aubeenaubee Creek, Lake Maxinkuckee, Indiana.

Page 1212. Before Prionodes fasciatus, Jenyns, insert:

1397 (a), PRIONODES BALDWINI, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 2.5; depth 3.2; eye 4; snout 4.6; maxillary 2.4; mandible 2; interorbital 7; D. x, 12; A. III, 7; pectoral 1.4; ventral 1.3; caudal 1.7; scales 4-42-12.

Body elongate, moderately compressed, not elevated, covered with ctenoid scales; dorsal and ventral outlines alike; head moderate, pointed, naked above and below; eye large, greater than length of snout, high in position; mouth terminal, slightly oblique, the maxillary reaching middle of eye or somewhat beyond; gill-rakers short, 6 developed on lower limb; teeth small, conical, and sharp, on vomer and palatines and in several series in each jaw, with weak canines in front and a few canine-like teeth on middle of side of lower jaw; cheek with about 7 rows of scales; preopercle finely serrate; opercle ending in 3 sharp, flat spines, the middle one largest, a membranous pointed flap projecting beyond; fins all naked, the dorsal continuous, with a slight emargination, the spines slender and pungent, the first 4 or 5 graduated, the rest subequal, 3.2 in head, lower than the soft rays which are contained about 2.5 in head; anal fin short, the second spine longest and strongest, 3 in head, the soft part high, the fifth or sixth ray longest, reaching almost to front of aual, 2 in head; ventral with second ray produced, reaching vent; caudal truncate, or with middle rays very slightly shorter, making the margin slightly concave.

Color in life: Dorsal half of head and trunk and all of caudal peduncle scarlet, ventral portion pale blue, almost white; a yellow longitudinal band nearly as wide as pupil from preopercular margin straight across opercle and along body to lateral line under last dorsal rays; 4 quadrats or oblong black blotches just under this band, the first about under middle of spinous dorsal, second under last spines, third under first rays, fourth under last rays; from each of the first three of these blotches a square, well-defined yellow shade extends downward to belly or base of anal, a similar one from base of pectoral to ventral; 4 smaller black blotches at base of caudal, two others, somewhat larger than the last, just in front of

them on caudal peduncle; a row of 9 round black spots on each side at base of dorsal fin, the first one smallest, opposite membrane of first spine, the other 8 separated somewhat obscurely into pairs, the first pair under middle spines, second under last spines, third under first rays, fourth under last rays; 2 or 3 very small black dots on upper edge of caudal peduncle; 2 or 3 more in front of dorsal on median line, each accompanied by a similar one on either side; in some specimens a few scattering ones on top of head behind eyes, sometimes regularly arranged; a few darkbrown spots behind eye; various dark markings on side of head, without very definite pattern, but usually 2 oblique stripes on cheek, a heavy black blotch on interopercle and 2 on the ramus of the mandible, which, with their fellows of the other side, make distinct crossbars on lower side of head usually extending across maxillary; chin and lower part of opercle with dark spots; lateral line white, with a few broken spots, comparatively faint, just below it; iris red, with an inner ring of white surrounding the pupil; spinous dorsal pale, the edge of the membrane black, this color bordered below with faint yellow; soft dorsal pale, spotted throughout with light orange, with a marginal band of the same, outside of which is a very narrow pale-blue edge; ventral very pale blue, the produced ray somewhat vellow; anal pale blue with some light orange on last rays; pectoral and caudal uniform pale reddish, unmarked.

In spirits all the red and yellow markings disappear, the dark persists, and additional markings are brought out as follows: Along the anterior and upper part of trunk and crossing the lateral line are dark-brown vertical bars, diffuse and running tegether, or separated and broken into round or quadrate blotches; in the middle part of the course of the yellow longitudinal band appears a row of very small black points; spots on soft dorsal dusky; dark mottlings on caudal; upper and lower base of pectoral, and sometimes axil, dusky.

Puerto Rico. A beautiful and strongly marked species; 2 specimens dredged and 33 others, ranging in size from 0.55 to 2 inches, caught in the tangle, off Culebra and Vieques islands, from coral bottom, in depths of 15 and 16 fathoms; the type, 2 inches long, taken in the tangle at Fish Hawk Station 6093, off Culebra Island, 5.25 miles southwest of Culebritas light-house, February 8, 1899, in 15 fathoms, by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico. ("Named for Mr. Albertus H. Baldwin, the artist of the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, in recognition of his excellent drawings and paintings of American fishes.")

Prionodes baldwini, Evermann & Marsh, Report U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (December 19, 1899), 353, off Culebra Island, P. R. (Type, No. 49361, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 1229. After Gramma loreto, Poey, insert:

518 (a). RHEGMA, Gilbert, new genus.

Rhegma, GILBERT, new genus of Serranida (thaumasium).

Allied, but not closely, to Rypticus, Grammistes and Gramma, having the large, ctenoid scales and interrupted lateral line of Gramma and the peculiar physiognomy, attachment of gill-membranes, and fin structure of the Rypticinæ.

Scales of moderate size, thin, not embedded, minutely ciliated; lateral lines 2, the upper near base of dorsal, ceasing under origin of posterior fifth of soft dorsal, the lower line beginning slightly in front of the end of the upper line, running along middle of caudal peduncle; the tubes very short, borne on much smaller intercalated scales, and not forming a continuous line; head largely scaled, the snout and jaws naked; gill-membranes united anteriorly, forming a narrow free fold across the isthmus; branchiostegals 7; pseudobranchiæ well developed; a wide slit behind last gill-arch; gill-rakers short, broadly triangular, strongly toothed. Upper margin of opercle, above its angle, wholly attached by membrance to the shoulder girdle, as in the $Rypticin\alpha$. Mouth large, protractile, the lower jaw protruding, the maxillary broadly exposed, with a narrow supplemental bone along its upper edge. Teeth all villiform, in broad bands on jaws, vomer and palatines, the inner teeth on jaws slightly longer than the others and depressible. Tongue smooth. Large mucous pores on under side of mandible, and slit-like pores present on edge of preorbital and around front of eye. Anterior nostril near edge of preorbital, provided with a short tube; posterior nostril without tube or raised rim, immediately in front of eye; a short free triangular flap on upper edge of each orbit. Upper portion of preopercle with a single strong plectroid spine, directed backward and downward; bones of the head otherwise unarmed, the preorbital and preopercie with entire edges, the opercie without spines or ridges. Ventrals small and anterior in position, as in the Rypticina, consisting each of one strong spine, and five branched rays, their base being in front of base of pectorals; no enlarged scale behind base of ventrals; vertical fins low, with rounded lobes, their basal portions well scaled; dorsal with 7 low strong spines and 22 profusely branched rays; anal with 3 spines and 18 rays. One species, apparently the type of a distinct subfamily, Rhegmatina.

 $(\dot{\rho}\eta\gamma\mu\alpha$, fracture; referring to the interrupted lateral line.)

1615 (a.) BHEGMA THAUMASIUM, Gilbert, new species.

Head 23 in length; depth 3; eye 5 in head; D. VII, 22; A. III, 18. Scales 45 in a longitudinal series along middle of side. Body elongate, moderately compressed, with very short, deep, caudal peduncle; anterior profile strongly arched, slightly depressed above orbits; interorbital space very narrow, convex, its width two-thirds diameter of orbit. Mouth large, slightly oblique; lower jaw the longer, its tip entering the profile. Dorsal spines low, strong, increasing backward, the last spine a trifle longer than diameter of orbit; anal spines short and strong, we middle spine longest. Lateral line curved strongly upward from its origin to below third dorsal spine, thence running parallel with the back to below middle of second dorsal, from which point it gradually approaches the base of the dorsal, where it terminates under the fifth ray from the last; along its anterior course it is separated from base of dorsal by from 4 to 6 scales (in oblique series); scales minutely ctenoid except on head, breast, and belly, on nape under anterior dorsal spines, and on lase of pectoral; top of head scaled forward to interorbital space, the anterior scales here,

One-hun-

as well as those on cheek, much reduced in size, embedded, so that their outlines can not be distinguished.

The following measurements of the type specimen are given:

	m.m.		ha of
Total length		leng	th to
Length to base of caudal	70		e of dal.
Greatest depth	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	33
Least depth caudal peduncle			15‡
Length of caudal peduncle			8
Distance from tip of apper jaw to end of opercul	ar flap		37
Length of snout	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		6
Diameter of eye			7↓
Interorbital width		· · • • • • •	34
Tip of snout to end of maxillary			19
Length of pectoral			27
Tip of snout to base of upper pectoral ray			35
Tip of snout to base of ventrals			31
Length of ventrals			13
First anal spine			31
Second anal spine			6
Third anal spine		•••••	44
First soft anal ray			81
Longest soft anal ray			15
First dorsal spine	·· ·····		4
Last dorsal spine	••••••		9
Longest dorsal ray			15
Caudal			23

Color, nearly uniform warm brown on head, body, and fine; a dusky opercular blotch; soft dorsal, anal and caudal only narrowly margined with white.

One specimen known, from Panama.

(δαυμάσιος, wonderful.)

Rhogma thaumasium, Gilbert MS., Panama (Coll. C. H. Gilbert. Type, No. 5978, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.)

Page 1300. After Hamulon scudderi, Gill, insert the following:

1667 (a). HENULON HELENÆ, Boulenger.

Head $3\frac{1}{2}$; depth $2\frac{1}{2}$; eye $3\frac{1}{2}$ in head; interorbital width $3\frac{1}{2}$. D. XIII, 16; A. III, 12; scales 11-87-20, 67 pores.

Profile very much arched from snout to origin of dorsal; muzzle not reaching beyond lower jaw, little shorter than eye; mouth little oblique; maxillary reaching anterior; of eye; teeth very small; 2 very small pores in chin; preopercle very feebly serrate; head scaled, except snout and chin; gill rakers very short, 15 on lower arm of arch; dorsal spines feeble, increasing to the fourth, which almost equals; length of head, then decreasing to the last, which is contained 4½ times in head; soft dorsal low, covered with scales; pectoral falciform, longer than head, 1,3 times ventral;

anal spines small, increasing to the third, which is 5 in head; soft anal low and scaly; caudal almost completely scaled, deeply emarginate, the median rays less than half the external once; caudal peduncle \(\frac{1}{2}\) times longer than deep; scales above lateral line in very oblique series. Grayish above, with oblique brown lines, somewhat undulating; silvery below. Length 22 cm. One specimen from Bay of Santa Elena, Ecuador. (Boulenger.) (Named for the type locality.)

Hæmulon helenæ, Boulenger, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed Anat. Comp. della Univ. di Torino, Vol. Xiv, No. 335, 3, Feb. 15, 1899, Bay of St. Elena, Ecuador. (Coll. Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Page 1334. After Pomadasis ramosus (Poey), insert the following:

1706 (a). POMADASIS LABRACIFORME (Boulenger).

Head 3; depth 3½; eye 4; snout slightly longer than mandible, by ½ diameter of eye, which is little more than interorbital width; maxillary reaching anterior ½ of eye; D. XIII, 12; A. III, 7; scales 8 or 9-68-22; teeth very small; 2 pores in chin; preopercle strongly serrate, strongest at angle; head scaled, except snout and lips; gill-rakers 13 on lower arm of first arch, the longest equaling ½ length of gill-filaments. Dorsal spine strong, the fifth longest, 2 in head, from which they decrease to next to last, which is 4½ in head, and a little shorter than last; soft dorsal scaled at base, its longest rays a little shorter than longest spine; pectoral 1½ in head, scarcely shorter than ventrals; second anal spine very strong, 3½ in head, third 2 in head; longest anal rays shorter than anal spine; caudal peduncle longer than deep; scales arranged in series scarcely oblique above the lateral line, which has 54 pores. Color uniform silvery. Length 17 cm. One specimen known, from the Bay of St. Elena, Ecuador. (Boulenger.) (Labrus; forma, form.)

Printipoma labraciforme, Boulenger, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed Anat. Comp. della Univ. di Torino, Vol. xiv, No. 335, 3, Feb. 15, 1899, Bay of Santa Elena, Ecuador. (Coll. Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Page 1351. After Calamus providens, Jordan & Gilbert, insert:

1721 (a). CALAMUS KENDALLI, Evermann & Marsh.

(PLUMA.)

Head 3.1; depth 2.1; eye 3.5; snout 1.5; maxillary 2.4; interorbital 3.5; preorbital 2.1; D. XII, 12; A. III, 10; pectoral 1; ventral 1.8; caudal 1.3; scales 7-53-16.

Body deep, back strongly elevated, more so than in *C. bajonado*, but less than in *C. calamus* or *C. proridens*, the anterior profile a nearly regular curve, lacking the abrupt nuchal elevation of those species; eye large, larger than in *C. proridens*; 7 or 8 rows of scales on cheek; teeth about as in *C. proridens*; molars in 2 or more rows on sides, those of inner row much the largest, those in front becoming more numerous and merging into cardiform teeth, the most anterior of which, in each jaw, are somewhat enlarged; in front of upper jaw are 2 much enlarged antrorse canines, curved slighly upward; highest dorsal spine 2.7 in head, second anal spine 4.6.

Color in spirits: Silvery, side with bluish longitudinal lines following the rows of scales, plainest above; a pale-blue line bordering the orbit below; some blue lines on preorbital, not evidently reticulated and not as numerous as in *C. providens*; iris yellow; otherwise as in *C. providens*, to which this species is very close.

Puerto Rico; known from the type, a specimen 10.5 inches long, from Mayagiiez, January 20, 1899, and 2 cotypes, each 8.5 inches long, one from Mayagiiez, the other from Arroyo, all collected by the U.S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico. (Named for Dr. William Converse Kendall, assistant, U.S. Fish Commission.)

Calamus kendalli, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 354, Mayagüez, Puerto Rico. (Type, No 49362, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 1417. For Nebris zestus, Jordan & Starks, substitute Nebris occidentalis, Vaillant.

The synonymy of this species is as follows:

Nebris occidentalis, Valllant, Notes from the Leyden Museum, XX, 20, October, 1897, Panama; after description by Jordan & Eigenmann.

Nebric zestus, JOHDAN & STARKS, in Jordan & Evermann, Fishes North & Middle America, Fart II, 1417, October 3, 1898, Panama. (Type, No. 433, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. Dr. C. H. Gilbert.)

Page 1439. After Bairdiella chrysoleuca (Giinther), insert the following:

1820 (a). BAIRDIELLA MIACANTHA (Boulenger).

Head 3½ to 3½; depth 3½ to 3½; eye 4½ to 4½, 1 to 1½ in interorbital width. D. XI, 21 or 22; A. II, 7 or 8; scales 5 or 6-45 to 49-11 or 12, 50 to 55 pores. Snoutround, scarcely longer than eye; mouth inferior, compressed, scarcely oblique, with simple subequal teeth, the gape reaching anterior ½ or ½ of eye; 2 very strong spines at angle of preopercle, the lower directed downward; gill-rakers very short, 10 or 11 on lower arm of first arch; third dorsal spine longest, ¾ to ½ length of head; pectoral 1½ in head; first anal spine very small, the second small, ½ to 3 in head, or 1½ in longest soft ray; caudal acuminate; caudal peduncle a little longer than deep. Grayish above, with faint brown stripes following series of scales; silvery below. Close to B. chrysoleuca, Giinther, from which it is sufficiently distinguished by the less development of the second anal spine, the smaller mouth, and the feebler dentition. Length 21 cm. Three specimens known from the port of Guayaquil. (Boulenger.)

Corrina miacanthus, Boulenger, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed Anat. Comp. della Univ. di Torino, Vol. XIV, No. 335, 5, Feb. 15, 1899, port of Guayaqui'. (Coll. Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Page 1526. After Cichlasoma centrarchus (Gill & Bransford), insert:

1928 (a). CICHLASOMA STEINDACHNERI, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 2½; depth 3; depth of candal peduncle 7½; eye 3½ in head; snout 2½; interorbital space 5; longest dorsal spine 4, ray 2; longest anal spine 2½, ray 2; length of pectorals 1½; ventrals 1½; caudal 1½; D. XVI, 10; A. V, 8; P. 14; scales 26-14, 7 on caudal peduncle. Length of head exceeding its depth a distance equal to diameter of orbit; body elongate, deepest above

ventrals; curve of dorsal outline interrupted by a slight elevation above eye and a rather rapid descent at base of soft dorsal; ventral outline less curved than dorsal; interorbital space convex; orbit somewhat elongate laterally, located slightly nearer tip of snout than to posterior edge of opercle, its lower edge a little above a horizontal from mouth to middle of caudal peduncle: cleft of mouth almost horizontal: maxillary, except distal end, concealed by preorbital; lips thick, the lower with a narrow frenum; jaws equal, the upper moderately protractile; teeth in 2 series on each jaw, outer series in a single row, large, canine-like, far apart; inner series minute, in bands; tips of teeth brown-colored; no teeth on vomer or palatines. Gill-membranes forming a fold across the isthmus; gill-rakers on first arch 10, short and blunt. Body covered with large weakly-ctenoid scales; head with cycloid scales; upper part of head anterior to middle of orbit, snout, preorbital area, and ventral part of head, naked; a single row of small scales along bases of dorsal and anal fins; small scales on basal part of inter-radial membranes of caudal; lateral line interrupted at the fourteenth scale, beginning again 3 scales lower and extending to base of caudal; first dorsal spine very short, others gradually longer to the sixth or seventh, after which the spines are about the same length; fifth and sixth dorsal rays longest, about 11 times the length of longest spine, depressed fin extending to posterior edge of dark caudal spot; first anal spine shortest, one-fifth as long as fifth spine, third, fourth, and fifth rays longest; depressed fin extending to anterior edge of caudal spot; caudal fin evenly rounded; pectoral rounded, extending to a vertical from vent; outer rays of pectoral longest, extending to vent. Color in alcohol, light olive, darker above than below; an indistinct, dark lateral band extending from snout to caudal; 8 or 9 scarcely distinguishable dark vertical bands on side of body; irregular dark spots at intersection of lateral and vertical bands; a small, dark spot at base of caudal; small, distinct dark dots on anterior dorsal region of head.

The total length of the type is 61 mm. Younger examples measuring about 43 mm. have the body a little deeper and the head shorter. The vertical color bands on posterior half of body are more distinct on the younger individuals. Rio Verde, Mexico. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Cichlasoma steindachneri, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 143, Rio Verde near Rascon, Mexico. (Type, No. 6164, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Page 1540. Before Theraps, Günther, insert the following:

1948 (a). HEROS ISTLANUS, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 23; depth 23; depth of caudal peduncle 7; eye 4½ in head; snout 2½; interorbital space 3½; longest dorsal spine 23, ray (without filament) 1½; longest anal spine 23, ray (without filament) 1½; length of pectoral 1½; ventrals 1½; caudal 1½; D. XVI, 10; A. V, 7; P. 14; scales 28-18. Body elongate, compressed, deepest above insertion of ventrals; dorsal outline rising rapidly to origin of dorsal, falling gradually to base of last spine, from which the descent to the caudal peduncle is more abrupt; ventral outline evenly rounded; interorbital space convex; eye large, orbit circular, equally distant from tip of snout and posterior edge of

opercle; mouth horizontal, lower jaw projecting; lips thick, the lower without frenum, folding over the upper at their union; premaxillary protractile; maxillary small, nearly vertical in position, and almost hidden by the large preorbital; teeth on both jaws, in 2 series, the outer a single row of 24 canines, largest in front, growing smaller posteriorly, the inner series villiform; all of the teeth with brown-colored tips; gill-membranes free from isthmus; branchiostegals 5; gill-rakers on first arch 9, short, blunt, far apart. Body covered with large scales; cheek, opercle, interopercle, subopercle, and occipital portion of head with small scales; ventral part of head, preorbital area, shout, and anterior part of interorbital space naked; one row of scales extending on bases of dorsal and anal fins; scales of body weakly-ctenoid; scales of head smooth; lateral line interrupted on the nineteenth transverse row of scales, beginning again 3 scales lower down and 2 scales in advance of where it left off and extending to base of caudal; first dorsal spine short and slender, others gradually longer and heavier, posterior spine longest; each spine with a rather stiff distal, ray-like attachment, the anterior edge of which projects above the membrane of fin; tips of fourth and fifth rays of dorsal uniting to form a thrend-like filament about as long as the diameter of orbit; dorsal, when depressed, extending on caudal one-third its length; first anal spine shortest, others growing gradually longer and heavier, the last 24 times as long as the first; spines with distal attachments similar to those of dorsal, third and fourth rays longest, united at their tips, forming a slender filament; tip of anal extending a little farther posteriorly than that of dorsal; caudal rounded; tip of pectoral rounded; ventrals located slightly posterior to base of pectoral, extending to vent, outer ray longest, ending in a filament. Color dark, an oblong brownishblack spot at base of each scale on side of body, the spots growing less distinct above the pectoral; membranes of dorsal, anal, and caudal with small spots, these more distinct and regularly arranged on soft parts of dorsal and anal; pectoral and ventrals without spots.

Young individuals have a brownish-black spot at base of caudal and on side of body at tip of pectoral; a less distinct spot at upper edge of gill-opening and also below posterior end of base of dorsal. The darker of these spots are sometimes faintly indicated on the larger individuals. Morelos, Mexico. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Known only from Rio Ixtla at Puente de Ixtla, Morelos, Mexico. (Type, No. 6150, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. Jordan & Snyder.)

Heros istlanus, JOEDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 144, Rio Ixtia, Morelos, Mexico.

Page 1542. After Neetroplus nicaraguensis, Gill & Bransford, insert:

1951 (a). NEETROPLUS CARPINTIS, Jordan & Snyder.

Head 2_6 ; depth 2; depth of caudal peduncle 6; eye 5 in head; snout 2_6 ; interorbital space 2_6 ; longest dorsal spine 2_6 ; ray 1_6 ; longest anal spine 2, ray 1_6 ; length of pectoral 1_6 ; ventrals 1_6 ; caudal 1_6 ; D. XVI, 10; A. V.8; P. 15; scales 26-17, 7 on caudal peduncle. Body compressed, deepest part above ventrals; dorsal outline straight from tip of snout to a

point above anterior edge of orbit, where it is abruptly curved upward and backward to the origin of dorsal fin: from the latter point it gradually curves downward to base of first dorsal ray, from which the descent to caudal peduncle is abrupt; ventral outline evenly curved from snout to caudal peduncle; interorbital space convex, its middle portion flattened; orbit circular, nearer to posterior edge of opercle than to tip of snout, a distance equal to diameter of pupil; mouth oblique, lower jaw slightly projecting; lips thick; lower jaw with a frenum equal in width to } diameter of pupil; upper jaw protractile; maxillary covered by preorbital except at its distal end; teeth in 2 series on each jaw, the outer series in a single row, flat or incisor-like, larger in front, growing much smaller posteriorly, the inner series minute, in narrow bands, all the teeth loosely attached, their tips brown-colored; no teeth on vomer or palatines; gillmembranes forming a fold across the isthmus; gill-rakers on first arch 10, short, far apart. Body covered with large, weakly-ctenoid scales; cheek. opercle, and occipital portion of head with small, cycloid scales; lower jaw, snout, and anterior half of interorbital space naked; bases of dorsal and anal fins with a row of small scales; inter-radial membranes of caudal with very small scales on basal parts; lateral line interrupted on the nineteenth transverse row of scales, beginning again 3 scales lower down on the third row anterior to where it left off, and extending to base of caudal: 2 short rows of mucous tubes on inter-radial caudal scales, one above and the other below end of lateral line; first dorsal spine shortest, others gradually longer and heavier, each spine with a ray-like attachment projecting above and posterior to its tip; first anal spine shortest, others gradually longer and heavier, the fourth three times as long as the first; spines with distal attachments similar to those of the dorsal, third and fourth rays longest, extending posteriorly as far as those of the dorsal; posterior edge of caudal somewhat convex; pectoral rounded; ventrals pointed, the outer ray much the longest, extending a little beyond vent. Color in alcohol, light slate; scales with lighter central spots; posterior parts of dorsal, anal, and caudal lighter; in life the head was covered with round and elongate spots of greenish blue on a background of golden brown; side of body with bluish and brownish spots without regularity of arrangement; pectoral and distal part of soft dorsal with a yellowish tinge.

In the young of this species there are 5 or 6 dark vertical bands, about equal in width to diameter of orbit, on the posterior part of the body; a dark spot sometimes present just below lateral line on a vertical through base of eleventh dorsal spine.

This species differs from N. nematopus and N. nicaraguensis in having a much deeper body and fewer dorsal and anal spines. Laguna del Carpinte, Mexico. (Jordan & Snyder.)

One specimen (type, No. 6162, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.) from Laguna del Carpinte, near Tampico, Tamaulipas, Mexico, collected by J. O. Snyder.

Neetropius carpintis, JORDAN & SNYDER, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 145, Laguna del Carpinte, near Tampico, Mexico.

Page 1557. Eupomacentrus flavilatus (Gill), is the young of Eupomacentrus rectifrenum (Gill).

Page 1612. Before Xyrula, Jordan, insert:

2022 (a.) DORATONOTUS DECORIS, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 2.6; depth 3.4; eye 4; snout 3.5; maxillary 4; interorbital 4.6; D. IX, 10; A. III, 9; pectoral 1.6; ventral 2.2; caudal 1.6; scales 1-26-6. Body moderately elongate, compressed throughout; the back a little elevated, the caudal peduncle deep and rather long; dorsal and ventral outlines nearly alike, the dorsal somewhat more strongly arched; anterior profile not trenchant, almost straight from snout to front of dorsal, very slightly convex in front of dorsal and very slightly concave between eye and tip of snout; head pointed, interorbital space broad and flat; eye large, high in position, middle of pupil nearer tip of snout than end of opercle; snout long, somewhat longer than diameter of eye, moderately produced, the lips broad in front, characteristically labroid; mouth not large, the maxillary not reaching front of orbit, the jaws equal, armed with strong, sharp teeth, about 4 canines in front of upper jaw, 2 in front of lower; teeth on sides of jaws also canine-like, smaller than those in front, but not distinctly different from them; a few smaller teeth behind the main row of large ones; vomer and palatines toothless; soft dorsal and anal each with a basal sheath of about two rows of large scales, that of dorsal extending over half the fin or more, that of anal lower, the fins otherwise naked; dorsal fin continuous, with a shallow notch, the spines slender and pungent, the second longer than the first, the following ones graduated to the fifth, which is shortest, thence increasing in length to the ninth, which is longest, 2.3 in head; soft dorsal with its middle rays highest, 2.2 in head; anal with three slender, sharp, graduated spines, the third longest, 2.2 in head; the soft part similar to soft dorsal, longest rays 2.3 in head; pectoral large, symmetrical, of 11 rays, the middle ones longest, reaching past tip of ventral nearly to vent; ventral moderate, pointed, reaching half-way to vent; caudal rounded; scales large, cycloid the lateral line on second row below the dorsal interrupted near the end of dorsal and beginning again on the row below, on caudal peduncle.

Color in life: Body chiefly green, darker green on back, lighter below; lower parts of head and breast light yellow; a broad white bar from eye obliquely across cheek and opercle, bordered above by an undulating maroon line and below by a similar but fainter line; a brown bar from eye to snout; 4 dusky spots near base of dorsal extending as fainter shades downward and slightly forward to or beyond lateral line, 1 from in front of dorsal, 2 under spinous dorsal, and 1 under soft rays; short palebine bars or spots on breast and about pectoral; iris blue, a pinkish border surrounding pupil; dorsal greenish, the soft part with yellow shade, a pale-blue edging to the whole fin, a maroon border to the green color posteriorly just inside the pale-blue edge, a small dark spot on membrane between seventh and eighth rays and a blue spot on membrane of first spine; anal colored like soft dorsal, the maroon border extending from first spine to last ray inside the pale edging, the dark spot between sixth and seventh rays; ventral green near base, pale blue outwardly, the green color bordered by maroon spots; pectoral plain, pale green; caudal very pale transparent blue, a wedge-shaped maroon spot on the 2 upper rays near tip and a corresponding one on the 2 lower rays, the base of the wedge on outer ray; base of caudal with a pale undulate vertical bar bordered in front by a black line. In spirits, pale green, the maroon markings faintly persistent, becoming dusky.

Puerto Rico; known only from the type, 1.45 inches long, taken in the seine at Ponce, January 30, 1899, by the United States Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico. (decoris, beautiful.)

Doratonotus decoris, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 355, Mayagüez, P. R. (Type, No. 49363, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 1720. A specimen of Alutera monoceros (Osbeck) has recently been recorded by Dr. H. M. Smith from Woods Hole, in Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1898 (1899), 273, pl. 64.

Page 1733. Tetrodon nephelus, Goode & Bean, is a good species distinct from T. spengleri, Bloch, and should stand as

2147 (a). SPHEROIDES NEPHELUS (Goode & Bean).

Page 1968. To the synonymy of Uranidea gracilis (Heckel), add:

Cottus gracilis cayuga, MEEK, Ann. N. Y. Ac. Sci., IV, 1888, 315. Cayuga Lake, N. Y.

Page 2017. The recent studies of the tide-pool Cottoids of the California coast by Mr. Arthur W. Greeley have resulted in the discovery of some new species and genera and other additional information regarding this group of fishes. The following new species and genera are to be added:

2884 (a). BLENNICOTTUS RECALVUS, Greeley.

Head 3; eye 4; in head; snout 3; D. IX, 15 or 16; A. 11 or 12; P. 14. Body short, stout, broad anteriorly; the head very broad, short and blunt; snout obtuse; interorbital space 5/6 eye, grooved, the groove leading into a depressed space behind the eyes; mouth distinctly terminal, the maxillary reaching a vertical below the anterior edge of orbit, the lower jaw included; minute conical teeth on jaws, vomer, and palatines; nasal spines very small; no preopercular spine apparent in adults; edge of preopercie rounded; opercle ending in a rounded flap; branchiostegals six, the membranes broadly united, free from the isthmus; gills 31, a slit behind the last gill. Dorsal fins very long, slightly joined at the base, origin of first dorsal directly over tip of opercle, that of soft dorsal in advance of origin of anal; first dorsal slightly rounded, the middle ray the longest; pectoral reaching origin of anal, membranes of first seven rays deeply emarginate; ventrals reaching vent; anal papilla of male very large; anal low, the membranes of all the rays except the last three deeply emarginate, none of the rays enlarged in the male; caudal short, slightly rounded.

Cirri few and small, those of top of head joined at base in conspicuous bunches, two irregular occipital rows, a few below these on the side of head, and on the margins of preopercle and opercle; a few above origin of pectoral, and a weak row along the anterior third of the lateral line.

Color of body, light brown, vermiculated with white, and marked dorsally with 4 or 5 wedge-shaped spots of dark brown, edged with white, and more distinct posteriorly; 2 pinkish spots on the dorsal side of the caudal peduncle, and a faint shading of the same color on side of head and along anterior fourth of lateral line; entire under surface dull brown, tinged with olive; fins indistinctly barred with grayish white; tail faintly tinged with pink. In some specimens the color is an almost uniform dull brown while in others the light markings are prominent. Some young individuals from among the green algae are uniform light green.

The bluntness of the snout and preopercular spines, and the terminal month make this species easily distinguishable from all related forms, except B. globiceps, from which it is separated by the shape and size of its preopercular and nasal spines, the number of its cirri, 12, and the size of its mouth. The adults of these 2 species can be readily distinguished, but the young of B. recalvus is very similar to the young of B. globiceps, indicating that B. globiceps is probably the ancestral form. Girard's old description of Oligocottus globiceps has been erroneously associated with this fish. which does not extend so far north as the type locality of B. globiceps. B. recalrus is distributed from San Diego to Santa Cruz, where it is immediately succeeded by B. globiceps on the north. No specimens of B. recalvus have been taken north of the region of Santa Cruz. On the other hand. several specimens of B. globiceps have been collected on the coast of Monterey County south of Monterey Bay, therefore within the range of B. recalrus. The relations between the two species where their ranges overlap is still to be made out. B. recalvus is quite common throughout its range and everywhere inhabits the deep shaded tide-pools, near low water mark, where a large number will often be found in a single pool. (Greeley,) (recalcus, bald in front.)

Centridermichthys globiceps, GUNTHER, Cat., II, 171, 1860; not of Girard. Otigocottus globiceps, JORDAN & GILBERT, Synopsis, 718, 1883.

Blennicottus globiceps, JORDAN & STARKS, Proc. Cal. Ac. Sci. 1895, 808; JORDAN & EVER-MANN, Fishes of North and Middle America, II, 2017, 1898; not Oligocottus globiceps Girard.

Blennicottus recaleus, GREELEY, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 13, 1899), 9, fig. 1, Pacific Grove, Cal. (Type, No. 8068, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. Greeley & Cowles.)

746 (a). RUSCICULUS, Greeley.

Rusciculus, GREELEY, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 13, 1899), 13 (rimensis).

This genus is allied to Oxycottus, differing in the presence of minute prickly scales, which cover dorsal half of body. Preopercular spine simple, sharp. No slit behind the last gill. (ruscum, the butcher's broom, a rough-skinned plant.)

2884 (a). BUSCICULUS RIMENSIS, Greeley.

Head 3½; eye 4 in head; snout 3½ in head; D. IX-17 or 18; A. 14; P. 14; V. 1, 3. Body compressed, very slender, the caudal peduncle especially so; head compressed, flat; snout pointed; interorbital space § eye, grooved; top of head flat and slightly concave; nasal spines large, blunt, snout abruptly decurved below them. Dorsal half of body covered with minute, embedded, prickly scales partially arranged in obscure

Bull. No. 47, pt. 4---x

oblique rows, none below lateral line. Minute pointed teeth on jaws, vomer, and palatines; jaws subequal, mouth horizontal, the maxillary reaching a vertical below the anterior edge of pupil. Margin of preopercle armed with one sharp spine curved upward, below which are 1 and sometimes 2 very short blunt processes; margin of opercle ending dorsally in a pointed flap. Branchiostegals 6, the membranes broadly united, free from the isthmus; no slit behind the last gill. Dorsal fins not joined, the soft dorsal very large; first dorsal beginning slightly in advance of opercular flap, the upper edge much rounded, the fifth spine being longest; origin of soft dorsal just in front of origin of the anal in the female, directly above it in the male, the fin very long; pectoral darge, reaching a vertical below ninth ray of soft dorsal; origin of ventrals posterior to a point midway between anal and base of pectoral in the male, anterior to it in the female, the difference caused by the enlargement of first 2 anal rays in the male; anal fin small, the rays slender, the membranes of all deeply emarginate; the first 2 anal rays of male greatly enlarged, joined by membrane to each other and to the rest of the fin; the posterior edge of tail nearly straight; anal papilla inconspicuous. Cirri small and scarce, always occurring singly, never in bunches or joined at the base, with the exception of a few pairs along the anterior third of the lateral line; one above each orbit, 2 rows of 3 each behind these on top of head, I cirrus on the inside of each nasal spine; a cirrus on the end of maxillary, 2 or 3 on the margin of the preopercle below the preopercular spine, and a row along the auterior half of the lateral line. Color, light olive or reddish brown tinged with lavender, marked dorsally with 4 or 5 wedge-shaped, indented spots of black, a broken band of same color along the lateral line, sometimes sending branches below it which show a tendency to inclose round spots; a more or less distinct spot of black on top of the head; a faint postocular line, a spot below the eye, and a preopercular line running from eye to snout, all of same color; pectoral and caudal indistinctly barred with brown, anal tinged with it, and the dorsal covered with fine brown or black spots sometimes very faint; throat and belly pale yellowish white, unspotted.

This species is most closely related to Oxycottus embryum, with which it agrees in general coloration, but differs decidedly in the presence of scales, the slenderer body, the larger number of soft dorsal and anal rays, the serrated margin of the preopercle, and the arrangement of the cirri. Rare; only 2 other specimens from Point Lobos, California, are known to us. It inhabits the tide-pools lined with corallines, and in its coloration imitates very closely these algae. Length 40 mm. The smallest of our tide-pool fishes. (Greeley.) (rimus, a crevice; rimensis, living in crevices.)

Rusciculus rimensis, GREELEY, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 13, 1899), 13, fig. 3, Point Lobos, Monterey County, Cal. (Type, No. 6067, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. A. W. Greeley.)

746 (b). DIALARCHUS, Greeley.

Dialarchus, GREELRY, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 13, 1899), 14 (enyderi).

Preopercular spine forked at tip; scales none; first anal ray of male enlarged, joined to the second, the two widely separated from the rest of

the fin. Closely allied to Oligocottus, differing only in the character of the anal rays of the male.

(διαλόσ, divided; ἀρχός, anus.)

2884 (b). DIALARCHUS SNYDERI, Greeley.

Head 31; eye 41 in head; snout 34; D. VIII-18 or 19; A. 13 to 15; P. 13 to 15; V. 1, 3. Body elongate, slender, the snout pointed, compressed; minute conical teeth on jaws, vomer, and front of palatines; jaws equal; mouth horizontal, the maxillary 3 in head, reaching a vertical below anterior edge of pupil. Interorbital space & eye, shallowly grooved, the groove leading into a depressed space between the occipital ridges; nasal spines large. Margin of preopercle armed with a strong spine, ½ as long se eye, from the upper border of which at base extends a second spine pointing abruptly upward and inward; both spines covered with skin in life; margin of opercle ending in a pointed flap entirely unarmed. Branchiostegals 6, the membranes broadly united, free from the isthmus. Gills 34, a slit behind the last gill. Dorsal fins large, separated by 4 diameter of eye, whole length equaling that from caudal to base of pectoral; first dorsal beginning slightly in advance of margin of opercle, upper edge nearly straight, curving abruptly downward from the sixth spine; origin of soft dorsal in advance of anal; pectoral large, reaching well beyond the origin of the anal; ventrals almost midway between base of pectoral and anal; anal fin small, rays all feeble in the female, in the male the first ray only greatly enlarged, joined to the second, the 2 distinctly separated from the rest of the fin, the membranes of all except the last 3 or 4 rays deeply emarginate. Anal papilla small, present in the male only. Cirri very numerous, usually occurring in bunches of 3 or 4, those of head joined at the base, forming a comb; 2 pairs of bunches above orbits, with the rudiments of a third bunch in front of these, 3 on top of head, behind orbits, 2 or 3 bunches just below these on side of head, 2 or 3 single cirri on margin of preopercle, a thick bunch above the preopercular spines, 4 or 5 on lower margin of opercle, with a thick bunch on its upper margin; a short row above the base of the pectoral; a row of bunched cirri along anterior two-thirds of lateral line, another welldefined row along the dorsal fin from the third spine to the sixteenth or seventeenth ray of soft dorsal, this row containing a bunch at the base of each spine and ray, with the occasional exception of the first ray; 5 or 6 scattered bunches between the dorsal and lateral rows on each side of body; a cirrus at the tip of each dorsal spine.

Color, light reddish brown, sometimes almost pink, thickly spotted with fine indistinct white spots; 4 or 5 irregular dark brown spots along the base of dorsal, a band of same color along lateral line, sometimes very much broken and extending ventrally, shading into the uniform reddish brown below, and including 3 or 4 round pinkish spots; a dark brown post-ocular line, another running forward from the eye, a patch of same color on top of head, another on side of head, and 2 or 3 on edge of opercle; throat reddish brown with several distinct white spots; belly bluish green; a silvery white patch between the bases of the pectorals; dorsal fine pale reddish brown with black and clear spots; pectoral

crossed irregularly with white; anal fin pale pink, crossed with dark brown. There are 2 or 3 perfectly distinct types of coloration, as follows: Some specimens from pools containing green algor are pure light green, others from coralline pools are tinged with lavender, as B. embryum. This species resembles most closely O. maculosus, which name has been erroneously applied to it, but it differs markedly in its slenderer body, more pointed snout, the arrangement of the cirri, and the perfectly distinct coloration, also in the greater length of the dorsal fins, the enlargement of only one anal ray in the male, and the shortness of the maxillary. Coast of California.

Specimens are at hand from Crescent City, Cal., Bolinas Bay, Half Moon Bay, Monterey Bay, and San Luis Obispo, Cal. Found in all kinds of pools, from San Francisco to Monterey Bay, but nowhere common. Length 60 mm. The most beautiful and active of the tide-pool fishes, extremely variable in color. (Greeley.)

Centridermichthys maculosus, GUNTHER, Cat., 11, 171, 1880; not Oligocottus maculosus, Girard.

Oligocottus maculosus, Jordan & Gilbert, Synopsis, 718, 1883; Jordan & Evermann, Fishes of North and Middle America, 11, 2013, 1898.

Oligocottus snyderi, GREELEY, in Jordan & Evermann, Fishes of North and Middle America, 111, 2871, 1898, Pacific Grove, Cal. (Type, No. 5846, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. Greeley & Maddren.)

Dialarchus snyderi, GREELEY, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899, 15, fig. 4.

946 (c) EXIMIA, Greeley.

Eximia, Greeley, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 13, 1839), 18 (rubellio).

Allied to Oligocottus, but differing in the presence of a large three-pointed preopercular spine instead of the simple forked spine of Oligocottus. Skin smooth. A slit behind the last gill.

2884 (c). EXIMIA RUBELLIO, Greeley.

Head 25; eye 32 in head; snout 32; D. VII or VIII-15 or 16; A. 12 or 13; P. 13 or 14; V. 1, 3. Body compressed, snout pointed and compressed, head deep, occiput narrow, slightly concave; interorbital space narrow, the large eye, shallowly grooved. Nasal spines prominent, very large and pointed. Teeth small, pointed on jaws, vomer and palatines; jaws equal, mouth horizontal, maxillary 3 in head, reaching a vertical below anterior edge of pupil. Margin of preopercle armed with a very strong spine as long as eye, extending backward and downward, bearing on its upper surface a second and third spine, both pointing back and up; all the spines covered with skin in life; opercle ending in a rounded flap. Branchiostegals 6, not united to the isthmus; gills 31, a slit behind the last gill. Anal papilla inconspicuous. Dorsal fins not joined; first dorsal beginning in advance of margin of opercle, first 2 spines short, the upper margin slightly rounded; soft dorsal beginning in advance of origin of anal, all the rays and spines very slender, pectoral reaching well beyond the origin of the anal; anal fin small, the rays slender, the membranes emarginate between each 2 rays; in the males the first ray enlarged, the second slightly elongated, the 2 united and not separated from the rest

of the fin, as in Dialarchus snyderi; ventrals situated below the upper edge of the base of the pectoral, just reaching the anus. Cirri all distinct, never joined at the base in a comb as in Dialarchus snyderi; 3 pairs of 2 or 3 cirri each above the orbits, the first directly above the nasal spines, 3 pairs on top of head behind orbits, a few scattered cirri below these on side of head, a bunch of 2 or 3 on end of maxillary, a row on lower margin of preopercie, a large bunch above the preopercular spines, and several scattered cirri on margin of opercle; a row of bunched cirri along the anterior half of lateral line, a row along the base of the dorsal, including a bunch of 3 or 4 for each spine and ray, the row bending downward at the last spine of the first dorsal, leaving a space between the cirri and the base of the dorsal spines; a few scattered cirri between the dorsal and lateral rows, and below the lateral line behind the pectoral fin. Color light brown to all shades of light red, pink, or lavender, spotted everywhere with white, the spots extremely minute on dorsal half of body, but more conspicuous ventrally; 5 wedge-shaped spots of dark brown along dorsal side of body; head dark brown, sometimes blotched with red or green, becoming lighter on side, leaving a dark postocular line extending from eye to the preopercular spine, and a dark spot on lower margin of preopercie, everywhere very finely marked with white and blue; a white spot with a brown center just in front of first dorsal; throat and belly a very light, bluish green, shading into a faint yellow behind pectoral, and a brownish green on each side of anal; all the fins, excepting the ventrals, light brownish green barred with dark brown; caudal light reddish brown, anal and tip of pectoral tinged with pinkish. A young individual is lighter and more brilliantly colored. This species is most closely allied to Dialarchus enyderi, from which it differs in the presence of a third preopercular spine, the greater depth and comparative length of the head, the larger eye and nasal spines, and the arrangement of the cirri. Many other specimens taken at Monterey Bay, but it is not recorded from any other locality. The most brilliantly colored of the tide-pool fishes, inhabiting only the deep pools rich in plant life. (rubellio, a rosy one.)

Eximia rubelliu, GREELEY, Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 13, 1899), 18, fig. 5, Pacific Grove, Cal. (Type, No. 6066, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. Greeley & Maddren.)

Page 2027. Gilbertina, Jordan & Starks, is preoccupied in Lepidoptera. For its use in ichthyology Dr. Berg has substituted Gilbertidia.

Gilbertidia Berg. Com. del Museo Nac. de Buenos Aires, 1898 (Dec. 17, 1898), 43 (sigolutes).

Page 2207. After Sicydium vincente, Jordan & Evermann, insert:

2581 (b). SICYDIUM CAGUITE, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 4.4; depth 4.8; eye 5.75; snout 2.5; maxillary 2; mandible 2.75; interorbital width 3; preorbital 3.5; D. VI-I, 10; A. I, 9; scales 83-25; longest dorsal spine 1.5 in head, longest ray 2; longest anal spine 2 in head, longest ray 2; pectoral 1.1; ventral disk 1.75; caudal 1.

Body rather stout, heavy forward; head large, broad; mouth large, its width 1.5 in head; lips very thick; maxillary not greatly produced; teeth simple, flexible; a median cleft in upper lip; pectoral somewhat shorter

than head; dorsal spines without filaments, the longest about 1.5 in depth of body; space between dorsals about equal to orbit; soft rays of dorsal and anal scarcely reaching base of caudal; ventrals united, forming a cupshaped disk, only about two-fifths posterior edge free from belly; caudal rounded. Scales very small, ctenoid, densely covering entire body except a broad strip on belly; posterior portion of nape with very fine scales; entire head naked.

Color: Dark brown or olivaceous on head, side, and back; under parts pale; fins all pale, the anal with a narrow darkish margin; caudal somewhat dark; no dark vertical bars on body and none at base of pectoral; no H-shaped figure at base of caudal.

This species is close to S. plumieri, from which it differs chiefly in the color, the more complete squamation, the shorter pectoral, and the non-filamentous character of the dorsal spines.

Puerto Rico. A single specimen, 3.63 inches long, obtained in the Rio de Caguitas at Caguas, January 9, 1899, by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico. (Named for the Rio de Caguitas, from which the type was obtained.)

Sicydium caguitæ, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 355, Rio de Caguitas, Caguas, P. R. (Type, No. 49364, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2230. After Gobius oceanicus, Pallas, insert:

2558 (a). GOBIUS BAYAMONENSIN, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 4.8; depth 6.4; eye 5; snout 3.2; maxillary 1.8; mandible 1.9; interorbital 7.6; preorbital 4.6; scales 71-19, about 29 before dorsal; D. IV-14, the longest spine about 0.7 in head, the longest ray 1.5; A. 15, the longest ray 1.5; pectoral 1.1; ventrals 1.1; caudal very long and pointed. Body very long and slender; head long; caudal peduncle long; mouth very large, oblique; maxillary long, reaching past posterior border of orbit.

Color as in G. occanicus, which this species closely resembles. The smaller (71 instead of 63 to 65), almost cycloid scales, the longer head, larger mouth, longer maxillary, and the longer and more slender body are differences which we can not reconcile with the descriptions of that species or with the numerous specimens of it which we have from Puerto Rico.

Puerto Rico. Known only from the type, a specimen 9 inches long, obtained in the San Juan market January 14, 1899, by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico. It probably came from near the mouth of the Bayamon River at Palo Seco, for which stream the species was named.

Gobius bayamonensis, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 355, Mouth of Bayamon River, Palo Seco, P. R. (Type, No. 49365, U.S.N.M.; coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2218. To the synonymy of Gobius soporator add the following:
Gobius arundelii, Garman, Proc. N. E. Zool. Club, I. 63, June 9, 1899, Clipperton Island.
(Type in M. C. Z.)

Page 2240. Before, Aboma, Jordan & Starks, insert:

2570 (a). BOLLMANNIA BOQUEBONENSIS, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 4; depth 5.5; eye 3.5; snout 4.4; maxillary 2.2; mandible 2.5; interorbital width 3 in eye; preorbital 6; scales 27-8; D. VII-13, the longest spine 1.5 in head, the longest ray 1.2; A. 12, the longest ray 1.25 in head; pectoral 1; ventrals 1.1; caudal 0.4.

Body long, slender, tapering; head short; snout blunt; mouth large, oblique; jaws subequal, maxillary reaching posterior border of pupil; isthmus narrow, the gill-openings reaching forward to below preopercle; eyes large, high, close together, the interorbital very narrow and without median keel; no fleshy process on inner edge of shoulder girdle; teeth on iaws in narrow bands, those of outer series somewhat enlarged; opercle short, about 3 in head. Fins moderate; origin of spinous dorsal slightly behind base of pectoral, its spines 7 in number, not filamentous; interspace between dorsals less than diameter of eye; soft rays of dorsal and anal reaching, when depressed, beyond base of caudal; caudal long and pointed, as in Gobius occasious; pectoral pointed, reaching beyond origin of anal; ventral disk moderate, free from bolly, the longest rays barely reaching origin of anal. Scales very large, weakly etenoid; nape, cheek, and breast scaled, the scales somewhat smaller than on body, about 9 scales before the dorsal.

Color: Pale olivaceous or straw-color, back and upper part of head with profuse fine dark punctulations; under parts pale, breast somewhat dusky; dorsal fins barred with white and dark, a large jet-black ocellus on posterior part of spinous dorsal; other fins pale, the ventral disk somewhat dusky in front. The only known Atlantic member of the genus.

Length 2 to 3 inches. Puerto Rico. Known only from 5 specimens dredged by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, off Puerto Real, in Ensenada del Boqueron, January 25, 1899. (Named for the type locality.)

Bolimonnia boqueronensis, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 356, Ensenada del Boqueron, off Puerto Real, in 8.5 fathoms, at Fish Hawk station 6074. (Type, No. 49366, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2245. Before Microgobius thalassinus, Jordan & Gilbert, insert:

2575 (a). MICROGOBIUS MEEKI, Evermanu & Marsh.

Head 3.75; depth 6; eye 3.5; snout 5.5; interorbital 7; maxillary 2; mandible 1.5; scales 55-12; D. VII-17; A. 16.

Body slender, greatly compressed, tapering regularly from pectorals to candal; head moderately heavy, interorbital space very narrow; eye large, high; mouth large, oblique; maxillary reaching posterior border of orbit; lower jaw projecting; teeth in bands in each jaw, the outer series greatly enlarged and strongly recurved, those of lower jaw largest; isthmus rather narrow, the gill-openings continue forward.

Body densely scaled, the scales strongly ctenoid, those anteriorly somewhat reduced; nape, breast, and entire head naked. Origin of spinous

dorsal from snout 3.5 in length; dorsals very close together; spines of first dorsal filamentous, exceeding head in length; soft dorsal and anal long, their bases about equal, about 2.5 in body, their last rays reaching past base of caudal when depressed; caudal pointed, its longest rays about equal to head; pectoral about equal to head, reaching origin of anal; ventrals united, almost reaching origin of anal.

Color: Light olivaceous, dusted over uniformly with fine dark punctulations; a large dark shoulder spot between the base of pectoral and origin of spinous dorsal; a few indistinct dark areas on side or head; lower jaw dark at tip; an obscure dark blotch at base of caudal; fins all rather pale except ventrals, which are dark, perhaps bluish in life; caudal somewhat dusky; anal dark-edged. Length 1.5 inches.

This species seems related to *M. eulepis*, Eigenmann & Eigenmann, described from Fortress Monroe, Va., but differs in the smaller and strongly etenoid scales, greatly compressed body, and in the coloration.

Puerto Rico; known only from the type, 1.5 inches long, dredged by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, February 8, 1899. (Named for Dr. Seth Eugene Meek, assistant curator of zoology, Field Columbian Museum.)

Microgobius meski, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 356, between Vieques and Culebra islands at Fish Hawk station 6087, in 15.25 fathoms. (Type, No. 49367, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2350. After Enneanectes carminalis (Jordan & Gilbert), insert:

868 (b). GILLIAS, Evermann & Marsh.

Gillias, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 357 (jordani).

Body short and stout, tapering rapidly from the short, broad head to the short, compressed caudal peduncle; scales large, rough-ctenoid; lateral line complete, or nearly so, broken under last spines of middle dorsal; a broad, double-pointed tentacle above eye; dorsal fin divided into 3 parts, the first of 3 short spines, the second of 11 longer spines, and the third of 7 rays.

This genus is closely related to *Enneanecies*, Jordan & Evermann, from which it differs in the presence of the orbital tentacle, the more complete development of the lateral line, and the larger scales.

(Named for Dr. Theodore Gill.)

2687 (b). GILLIAS JORDANI, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.5; depth 4.3; eye 2.5; snout 3.5; maxillary 2.4; mandible 1.9; scales 2-30-7; D. 111-X11-7; A. 11, 15; longest dorsal spine 1.8 in head, longest ray 1.6; longest anal ray 2.3; pectoral 0.8; ventral 1.3; caudal 1.3.

Body short and stout, tapering rapidly to the short, compressed caudal peduncle; head short; snout short; blunt, concave in front of eyes; mouth small, slightly oblique, jaws equal; eye large, high up, interorbital width very narrow; a broad bifid orbital tentacle, none on nape. Scales very large and rough-ctenoid; opercles and entire head rough; lateral line nearly complete, beginning immediately above base of pectoral at upper end of gill-opening and extending parallel with back to posterior

part of middle dorsal fin (or for 12 scales) where there is a break, the line dropping down 3 scales, then continuing with one or two interruptions to base of caudal; belly and breast scaled; dorsals 3, the first of 3 short, flexible spines, close to the second, which has 12 longer, rather stiffer, spines, separated from the third by a space one-third diameter of eye; anal long and low, the membranes deeply notched between the rays; pectoral of 15 rays, broad and short, reaching posterior end of second dorsal; ventral 2, slender.

Color in alcohol: Brown, body crossed by 4 broad blackish bars, one at the origin of second dorsal, one under last spines of same fin, the third between second and third dorsals, and the fourth under third dorsal; an inky-black bar across caudal peduncle at base of caudal fin; head and under parts rusty; fins all barred with light and dark; caudal with a narrow light bar at base, then a black one, then a broader white one, followed by a much broader dark bar containing some white areas, the fin finally tipped with white. Puerto Rico. Two specimens of this well-marked and interesting species were obtained by the U.S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, the type 1.5 inches long (No. 49368, U.S.N.M.), taken on the Cardona Light-House Reef, at Ponce, February 1, 1899, and another specimen of about the same size taken at the same place the preceding day.

(Named for Dr. David Starr Jordan.)

Gillias jordani, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 257, Cordona Light-House Reef, Ponce, P. R. (coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2357. After Malacoctenus lugubris (Poey), insert:

2696 (a). MALACOCTENUS CULEBRÆ, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.35; depth 5; eye 4.2; snout 4.5; maxillary 2.2; mandiblo 1.8; interorbital 6.5; scales 2-35-11; D. XXI, 8; A. II, 18; pectoral 1.3; ventral 1.3; caudal 1.4.

Body slender, compressed; head rather long, pointed, upper profile convex; mouth large, the maxillary nearly reaching posterior border of orbit; lips thick, jaws equal; teeth very small, conical, a single row in each jaw; a single nasal, ocular, and nuchal filament; dorsal fin moderately high, originating above the origin of lateral line, a shallow notch in front of last two dorsal spines, the membrane free from caudal; anal origin under about tenth dorsal spine; caudal somewhat pointed; pectoral large, reaching anal; ventrals moderate, not reaching anus, of two rays, no spine evident; lateral line distinct throughout, running high anteriorly, where it is slightly curved, turning abruptly downward over the origin of anal, thence median to base of caudal.

Color in spirits: Body everywhere mottled with dark brown, in somewhat regularly arranged blotches, a series of about nine of these at the base of dorsal, barely extending upon the fin; a similar series of much smaller ones at base of anal, not evident on all specimens; below the series at base of dorsal are two other series of the same blotches less deep in color and not so well defined, extending the length of body and sometimes forming, with the upper series, more or less broken vertical bars;

between the blotches a lighter shade of brown is interwoven with pale streaks of ground color; head nearly pale below, save some dark on chin and isthmus; two wide streaks from eye across cheek; opercle dark brown; top of head with the color of body; lips with brown and pale stripes; posterior half of maxillary pale; dorsal rather dark; candal uniform gray or faintly barred; anal similar to dorsal in color; the rays with pale tips forming a white edge; pectoral like caudal; ventrals pale. Length about 1.5 inches.

A plainly marked species most closely related to *M. lugubris* (Poey). Puerto Rico; only 3 specimens known, all from the coral reefs about Culebra Island, February 9, 1899.

(Named for the type locality.)

Malacoctenus cul. bræ, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1898), 357, Culebra Island. (Type, No. 49369, U. S. N. M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2358. After Malacoctenue gillii (Steindachner), insert:

2697 (a), MALACOCTENUS MOOREI, Evermann & March.

Head 3.6; depth 3.7; eye 3.5; snout 3.4; maxillary 4.5; mandible 4.5; interorbital 4; scales 3-45-5. D. XXII, 11; A. II, 20; pectoral 1 in head; ventral 1.2; caudal 1.2; longest dorsal spine 1.5, ray 1.2; longest anal ray 1.5.

Body short, rather stout, compressed; head short, snout short, but pointed; month rather small, little oblique, the gape scarcely reaching orbit; teeth in each jaw in a single series; gill membranes broadly united across the isthmus; eye small, interorbital space wide; dorsal outline rising abruptly to above eye, thence gently curved to origin of dorsal fin, and from there nearly straight to base of caudal fin; ventral outline regularly convex.

Color in alcohol: Light olivaceous, the body crossed by about 9 or 10 broad dark vertical bars, which extend upon dorsal fin, these usually broadest above, the pale interspaces therefore broadest on lower half of body; the fourth from last is a narrow dark line, the one following it is a double spot, the next narrow and indistinct, the last, at base of caudal, more distinct, followed by 3 small irregular white spots; top of head brown; side of head with fine punctulations; a dark line running forward from eye, a dark spot below eye, 2 or 3 dark blotches on anterior edge of opercle; under surface of head crossed by 3 or 4 irregular, indistinct dark lines; caudal and anal with fine dusky punctulations; pectoral and ventrals pale.

This species is close to *M. gillii*, from which it may be distinguished by the larger dorsal and snal fins, the greater depth, wider interorbital, and the coloration.

Puerto Rico; known only from the type, 1.4 inches long, obtained by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, February 11, 1899.

(Named for Dr. H. F. Moore, naturalist on the U. S. Fish Commission steamer Albatross.)

Malacoctenus moorei, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 358, Culebra Island. (Type, No. 49370, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2358. After Malacoctenus bimaculatus (Steindachner), insert:

2697 (b). WALACOCTENUS PUERTORICENSIS, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.4; depth 3.4; eye 4; snout 3.5; maxillary 3.4; mandible 2.6; interorbital 7; preorbital 8; scales 4-44-8. D. xx, 10; A. II, 19; P. 14; V. 2; C. 13.

Body short, stout, compressed; head rather long, snout long and pointed; mouth small, little oblique, the maxillary scarcely reaching front of orbit; teeth in a single row in each jaw; gill-membranes broadly united, free from the isthmus; eyes high up, interorbital narrow; caudal peduncle short, compressed, its least depth about 3 in head. Fins rather large; origin of dorsal over upper end of gill-opening, first spine slightly shorter than second, which is somewhat longer than the third, whose length is about 2.2 in head; no notch behind third and fourth spines, all the spines from third to fifteenth being about equal in length, the sixteenth and seventeenth being somewhat shorter, the remaining three progressively longer; soft dorsal higher, its longest ray about 1.7 in head; longest anal ray 1.7; pectoral broad, 1.25 in head, reaching anal; ventral barely reaching origin of anal; a pair of slender ocular cirri, a small supraocular one, a short, slender, nasal cirrus and a few very slender ones at the nape; scales large, not crowded anteriorly; lateral line well arched above the pectoral.

Color in alcohol: Brown, much spotted and vermiculated with darker; top of head brown, sides and under parts pale, crossed by about 5 broad, irregular brown bars; side of body with about 5 or 6 broad, dark crossbars, broader than the paler interspaces, broadest and darkest above and extending upon dorsal fin; under parts of body paler, more speckled; spinous dorsal with numerous small brown specks, a large, black ocellus on base of 3 anterior spines, and a larger one on base of last 4 dorsal spines, being chiefly on body; soft dorsal, caudal, and anal each crossed by several series of small brown spots; pectoral and ventrals pale, the pectoral with a few brown spots at base.

The above description from the type, a female, 2.5 inches long, obtained at Hucares, February 14. Three female cotypes gotten at Fajardo, February 17, and one at Culebra, February 9, agree closely with the type; 2 of these, however, show faint traces of narrow horizontal lines along lower part of side.

A male, 2.5 inches long, from Culebra, February 11, taken as one of the cotypes, may be described as follows: Head 3.5; depth 3.7; eye 3.8; snout 3.2; maxillary 3.1; mandible 2.4; interorbital 7; preorbital 6.2; scales 3-45-9; D. xx, 10; A. II, 19; P. 14; V. 2; C. 13; longest dorsal spine 2 in head, longest ray 1.4; longest and ray 1.5; pectoral 1; ventral 1.1; caudal 1.1. Color in alcohol, tolerably uniform brown; crossbars on side very faint; longitudinal lines more evident than in the female; throat and under parts of head muttled with white and light brown; fins less speckled than in female, the soft dorsal and anal pale, almost without spots.

Another male, 2.25 inches long, from Culebra, February 11, agrees with

the large specimen just described, except that the crossbars on body are more distinct.

This species most closely resembles *M. bimaculatus* Steindachner, from which it differs in the larger head, greater depth, smaller mouth, narrower interorbital, and in the color. The tips of the anal rays are not white, the soft dorsal is spotted like the caudal and anal, and there are no white spots on base of pectoral, as is said to be the case in *M. bimaculatus*.

Puerto Rico; known from the 7 specimens mentioned above, all obtained by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico.

Malacoctenus puertoricensis, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19 1899), 358, Hucares, P. R. (Type, No. 49371, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2369. Before Auchenopterus, Günther, insert:

878 (a). AUCHENISTIUS, Evermann & Marsh.

Auchenistius, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 359 (stahli).

This genus has the form of Auchenopterus and suggests that genus strongly. It differs in the absence of a lateral line, in the much smaller scales, in the absence of a notch at the front of the dorsal fin, and in the union of the membrane of the anal fin with that of the caudal.

 $(\alpha \dot{\nu} \chi \dot{\eta} \nu, \text{ nape}; i \sigma r i \sigma \nu, \text{ sail or fin.})$

2711 (a). AUCHENISTICS STAHLI, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 5; depth 6.5; eye 4.8; snout 6; maxillary 2.8; scales about 58, about 12 in transverse series; D. XLI or XLII; A. II, 23 or 24; pectoral 2.5; ventral 2.2; caudal 1.3.

Body elongate, somewhat compressed, especially posteriorly, the dorsal and ventral outlines alike; head small, upper profile straight and descending; snout moderate, pointed; mouth large, the maxillary reaching to or beyond middle of eye; the jaws equal, heavy and projecting; teeth in lower jaw conical, short and strong, slightly recurved, in one row; teeth in upper jaw similar to those in lower, but a small patch of smaller teeth in front of jaw behind the main row; teeth on vomer; gill-membranes joined to the isthmus; nostrils with short tubes, a single flap above each eye and one on each side of nape; dorsal fin long, of spines only; last four spines somewhat longer than the preceding, forming a shallow notch, a feature lacking in the other examples; anal origin about midway between tip of snout and tip of caudal, the fin similar to dorsal in shape, but somewhat lower; membrane of dorsal and anal joined to caudal; caudal small, pointed; pectoral small, of 8 rays; ventral small, of 2 rays.

Color in spirits; Body everywhere with a very slight yellowish tinge, in some specimens a faded gray; one specimen has traces of 10 or 12 dark crossbars; fins all pale, in one case with the dorsal and anal dark-edged.

Puerto Rico; known from the type, a specimen 1.2 inches long, obtained by the U.S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, February 1, 1899, at Ponce, and 13 cotypes, 8 from the coral and algae on the reefs at the mouth of Culebra harbor, and 5 from Puerto Real.

("Named for Dr. A. Stahl, of Bayamon, Puerto Rico, who, under many difficulties put in his way by Spanish authorities, made important collections of natural history objects of that island.")

Auchenistius stahli, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 359, Ponce, P. R. (Type. No. 49372, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2373. Before Auchenopterus fasciatus (Steindacher), insert:

2717 (a). AUCHENOPTERUS ALBICAUDUS, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.2; depth 4; eye 4; snout 4.1; maxillary 2.2; mandible 1.6; interorbital 5.3; D. XXX, 1; A. II, 17; pectoral 1.4; ventral 1.5; caudal 1.6; branchiostegals 6; scales 1-34-6.

Body rather short, compressed; dorsal outline not elevated; head moderate, not broad; snout short, pointed; mouth large, oblique, maxillary extending to below middle of eye; lips broad, prominent; a band of conical teeth on each jaw, those on side somewhat enlarged and recurved; a patch of teeth on vomer, none on palatines; gill-membranes broadly united, free from isthmus; eye large, high up; nasal, supraocular, and nuchal regions with fringed tuft-like cirri; a considerable notch between fourth and fifth dorsal spines, but not reaching base of membrane; longest anterior spine scarcely as long as those of the posterior portion; scales large, reduced anteriorly; lateral line anteriorly separated from the dorsal fin by only one scale; head naked.

Color: Uniform dark brown on head and body, no dark crossbars; dorsal brown, mottled with lighter, narrowly edged with white; a black spot upon anterior 3 or 4 spines and a large black occilius upon posterior portion of fin between twenty-second and twenty-fourth spines; anal rather darker, with narrow white edge; caudal peduncle black, the fin abruptly white at base, the entire fin being clear white, entirely without specks; pectoral black at base, then barred with white and dark; ventral black at base, the outer two-thirds barred with black and white.

This species seems to be related to the Pacific-coast species, Auchenopterus integripinnis, which it closely resembles, but differs from that species in the larger scales, the deeper body, and the coloration.

Puerto Rico; known only from the type, a specimen 1.5 inches long, obtained by the U.S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico, February 4, 1899.

(albus, white; cauda, tail.)

Auchenopterus albicaudus, Evermann & Marsh, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1893), 380, Arroyo, P. R. (Type, No. 49373, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

2717 (b). AUCHENOPTERUS RUBESCENS, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 34; depth 5; eye 5; snout 3.8; maxillary 2.6; interorbital 5.8; scales 2-32-8; D. XXX, 1; A. II, 18; pectoral 1.5; ventral 2; caudal 1.4.

Body slender and compressed; head moderate, somewhat compressed above; snout pointed; mouth moderate, the jaws equal, the maxillary about reaching front of pupil; lips, especially the upper, prominent; teeth anall, conical and sharp, in both jaws, in a numerous patch on front of

upper jaw, fewer on sides; in lower jaw less numerous in front, a long single row of somewhat stronger teeth on sides; eye not large; a small nasal flap, and a 3- or 4-branched tentacle over eye and one at nape; scales rather large and regularly arranged; dorsal fin with a notch behind third spine, and with one unbranched soft ray at its end, the membrane joined to caudal; origin of anal under eleventh dorsal spine; lateral line as usual in Auchenopterus.

Color in spirits: Everywhere a nearly uniform faded pink, save breast and lower side of head, which are paler; a small, inconspicuous dark round spot on dorsal fin, at twenty-third and twenty-fourth spines, a little nearer base than margin, and made up of very small black punctulations; indications of a yellow tinge on front of dorsal and base of anal in life; fins otherwise all pale.

Puerto Rico; known only from the type, a specimen 1.3 inches long, obtained by the United States Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico January 27, 1899. (rubescens, reddening.)

Auchenopterus rubescens, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 300, Puerto Real, P. R. (Type, No. 49374, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

2717 (c). AUCHENOPTERUS CINGULATUS, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3; depth 4.4; eye 5; snout 4.2; maxillary 2.2; interorbital 6; scales 2-29-7; D. IV-XXIV, the longest spines 3 in head; A. II, 16, the longest ray 2.25 in head; pectoral 1.3; ventral 1.8; caudal 1.6. Body rather long and slender, strongly compressed; head large, little compressed; snout moderately sharp; mouth large, maxillary reaching posterior border of eye, the lips heavy, the jaws subequal or the lower very slightly projecting; teeth conical and sharp, in more than one row in each jaw, most numerous in front; a patch on vomer; a nasal filament, a 3- or 4-branched supraocular tentacle, and a 4-branched nuchal tentacle, the branches of the latter each with a dark dot on their anterior surface. Dorsal originating over edge of preopercle, of spines only, the second slightly longer than first; second, third, and fourth graduated, the fourth comparatively short, thus forming a notch partly separating the first 4 spines from rest of fin; dorsal membrane joined low with caudal; anal free from caudal, about as high as dorsal, its thirteenth and fourteenth rays longest; first anal spine under tenth or eleventh dorsal spine; caudal rounded, shorter than head, of about 13 rays; pectoral large, reaching anal, of 12 rays; ventrals moderate, of 2 rays, the spine not evident. Lateral line running high to eleventh dorsal spine, here abruptly decurved two rows of scales, thence median to base of caudal.

Color in spirits: Body and head pale yellow; body with 4 heavy dark-brown vertical bars, each about 4 rows of scales wide, extending on the vertical fins; membrane of anterior dorsal spines, opercle, occipital, and scapular region blotched with the same color; a dark bar backward and downward from eye across cheek, rather more than one-half width of eye; top of head between and behind eyes darkened; preorbital, maxillary, lips, and under part of head thickly punctulate with dark; dorsal and anal barred with the extensions of the wide dark body bars, and with the

alternating narrower pale interspaces; caudal mottled or irregularly barred with grayish, its base with the plain pale-yellow ground color, which is sharply separated from the rest of the fin by a curved dark line; posterior half of pectoral barred with dark formed of dots on the rays, the first bar plainest; basal half of pectoral pale; ventral with basal portion dark, the rest barred like pectoral.

A pretty and strongly marked blenny, known only from Puerto Rico, where 4 specimens were obtained on the coral reefs at Ponce and 1 at Puerto Real by the U.S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico.

(cingulatus, banded, from the conspicuous vertical bars.)

Auchenopterus eingulatus, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 361, Ponce, P. R. (Type, No. 49375, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

2717 (d). AUCHENOPTERUS FAJARDO, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 3.25; depth 4.3; eye 4.2; snont 4.8; maxillary 1.7; mandible 1.5; interorbital 5.5; scales 2-37-8; B. XXIX, 1, the longest spine 2.3 in head; A. II, 17; pectoral 1.4; ventral 1.7; caudal 1.4. Body elongate, strongly compressed posteriorly; head moderate, little compressed; mouth large, the long and slender maxillary reaching beyond the posterior border of orbit; jaws subequal; teeth of upper jaw conical and sharp, in a patch in front, becoming one row posteriorly; teeth in lower jaw similar, but fewer and weaker; vomerine teeth in two series. Nasal, ocular, and nuchal tentacles present, all but the nasal about 5-branched. Dorsal origin over edge of preopercle, the first 4 spines graduated, the fourth shortest, thus forming a notch; dorsal ending with an unbranched soft ray, the joints visible under a strong lens; membrane of dorsal joined low to caudal; anal origin under eleventh dorsal spine and the decurved portion of lateral line; pectoral reaching past front of anal; ventral moderate, of 3 rays, the innermost shorter and slenderer.

Color in spirits: Body and head light reddish, becoming a little paler posteriorly; body with traces of 6 or 8 dark vertical bars extending on the fins, their margins ill defined; breast pale, 2 dark reddish bars downward and backward from eye across upper and lower edge of check to opercle; maxillary blotched with dark; upper lip and tips of both jaws dark; lower part of head spotted with dark; a row of about 5 small dark spots on edge of preopercle; iris pink; dorsal and anal fins gray, except for the extensions of the dark bars of the body and a few white spots on the dorsal; a distinct occllus on the twenty-second, twenty-third, and twenty-fourth dorsal spines and their membranes; base of caudal gray, like the ground color of dorsal and anal; posterior part of caudal with gray mottlings on the rays only, this portion separated from the basal part by a space without pigment on rays or membrane, making a distinct vertical bar; pectoral and ventrals mottled. Puerto Rico.

A handsomely colored blenny, known only from the type, 1.63 inches long, collected February 17, 1899, by the the U.S. Fish Commission expedition to Puerto Rico. (Named for the type locality.)

Auchenopterus fajardo, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U.S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 361, Fajardo, P. R. (Type, No. 49376, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2400. Before Ophioblennius, Gill, insert:

803 (a). CORALLIOZETUS, Evermann & Marsh.

Coralliozetus, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 362 (cardonæ).

Body slender and strongly compressed, without scales; head large, subcylindrical, bluntly pointed; mouth large; teeth not hooked, about 8 enlarged conical ones in front of each jaw, smaller ones behind; vomer with teeth; dorsal fin with a notch between the rays and spines, the membrane connected with caudal; caudal fin rounded; pectoral large, ventrals small and inserted slightly in advance of pectorals. A strongly marked genus, conspicuous in appearance by its heavy head and thin body, probably related to Ophioblennius, from which it is technically separated by the absence of hooked canine teeth, the convex caudal, and the entire absence of a lateral line.

(ποράλλιον, coral; ζητέω, I seek.)

2758 (a). CORALLIOZETUS CARDONÆ, Evermann & Marsh.

Head 4; depth 5.6; eye 5; snout 4; maxillary 2; D. XVII, 11; A. 21; pectoral 1.3; ventral 1.8; caudal 1.4.

Body scaleless, slender, much compressed; head large and heavy, not compressed nor depressed; snout very short and blunt; mouth large, horizontal, low in position, the maxillary reaching far beyond the eye; eyes small, close together, placed high and well forward; teeth conical, in a patch on the front of each jaw, an outer row of about 8 teeth (4 on a side) in each jaw, much enlarged; a single row of smaller teeth on sides of each jaw; teeth on vomer; a small flap at the nostril and two short flaments above eye, one much the smaller; no appendages at the nape. Dorsal fin long and high, of slender, flexible spines, and longer soft rays, a notch between the soft and spinous portions; anal longer and lower than soft dorsal; anal and dorsal free from caudal; caudal rounded; pectoral large, wide as body, reaching anal or beyond; ventral small, inserted before pectoral, of 3 rays, the innermost very slender.

Color in spirits: Body dark red, much paler in one specimen; head everywhere inky, this color dusted upon the body, particularly on the anterior portion; a pale gray bar downward and backward across cheek; fins pale, except ventrals and front of dorsal, which have color of head; a row of small rosy spots along bases of anal rays, seemingly in the flesh; sometimes a similar fainter row along base of dorsal. Known only from Puerto Rico, where 3 specimens, each about 1 inch long, were obtained in February, 1899, by the U. S. Fish Commission expedition to that island.

(Named for Cardona, a little islet off Playa de Ponce, on the reef of which the type was collected.)

Coralliozetus cardonæ, EVERMANN & MARSH, Rept. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (Dec. 19, 1899), 362, Cardona Islet, P. R. (Type, No. 49377, U.S.N.M. Coll. Evermann & Marsh.)

Page 2471. After Lycenchelys paxillus (Goode & Bean), insert the following:

2888 (a). LYCENCHELYS MURENA (Collett).

Head nearly 8; depth about 20; eye 4.5; D. 112 (including one-half of candal, 118); A. 95 (101); P. 13. Body everywhere scaled, head and fins naked; ventrals comparatively close together, 6 times length of pectoral; jaws with teeth in a single series. Lateral line present, but difficult to trace in its entirety; from upper angle of gill-opening a series of rather closely placed, very small pores (connected by a narrow line) descends in a curve to a short distance behind vent; after having reached nearly to base of anal, it runs for a short distance nearly horizontally, whereupon it ceases, or can not be followed in the same direction with certainty; another lateral line, however, begins about over the vent, and runs horizontally along median line, becoming obsolete toward end of tail; the pores herein are very small and more widely separated, and can be seen only by close observation; the short whitish line which runs through each pore forms here no accompanying line. Length 7 to 11 inches. North Atlantic. Recently taken by the Ingolf expedition in Denmark Strait.

Lycodes murana, Collett, Lorh. Selsk. Christ., No. 14, 15, 1878, off Traenen, in Helgeland, Norway; Lütken, Ingolf Expedition, 20, 1898.

Lycenchelys murana, GOODE & BEAN, Oceanic Ichth., 309, 1896.

Page 2578. Chalinura simula, Goode & Bean, was taken by the Ingolf in Denmark Strait in 912 to 1,236 fathoms.

Page 2587. Before Calorhynchus, Giorna, insert the following:

2968 (a). MACROURUS INGOLFI, Lütken.

The head is contained about 5 times in the total length. The superior or frontal surface of the snout is separated from the inferior or more forwardly directed part by a well-developed crest or edge, terminating in 3 spinose osseous tubercles, 1 directly in the middle and 1 on each side, close before the naked spot, where the nostrils have their place, and continued both above and below the orbits. The broadly triangular snout is prolonged fairly over and before the mouth, which is relatively little, the corrers of the mouth falling in a line with the anterior margin of the middle of the orbits. The eyes are large, their diameter surpassing the breadth of the front between the eyes. The teeth form a fine card in both jaws. The head is scaled with the exception of the gill-membrane, the isthmus, and its foremost superior margin, and almost the whole lower surface. The naked part of the snout is handsomely embroidered with rows of slime glands. The first dorsal, counting 11+9 rays, is singularly high and its longest (second) ray is serrate and as long as the head. The second dorsal begins much forward, its foremost rudimentary rays may be followed until not far from the posterior margin of the first dorsal fin. The pectoral contains 20 rays, and the ventrals, whose external ray tapers to a fine thread and reaches a long stretch beyond the anus, have 8 rays. It may also be remarked that the tail, as in other Macrurians, is really

Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——XI

pointed behind, but in several specimens has lost a shorter or longer part; but the wound has healed, and on the thus truncated point of the tail is developed a distinct caudal fin, a phenomenon which is also observed in some specimens of the preceding species. The scales show distinct rows of thorns, not however so much projecting as in *M. goode*i. (Lütken.)

Several specimens taken by the Ingolf about Iceland and in Denmark Strait.

Macrurus ingolfi, LUTKEN, Ichth. Results Danish Ingolf Exped., 27, 1898, south of Iceland.

Page 2622. After Hippoglossina bollmani, Gilbert, insert the following:

2988 (a). HIPPOGLOSSINA SABANENSIS, Boulenger.

Head 4; depth 11; eye 5; width of mouth 21 in head; maxillary reaching posterior third of eye; teeth small, more strongly developed on right side; eyes moderately large, the lower a little in advance of the upper; interorbital space tectiform, scarcely half the width of eye. D. 76; A. 63. Gill-rakers very short, tuberculous, 6 on lower arm of first gill-arch; dorsal commencing above anterior third of upper eye, its longest ray 2 in head; left pectoral a little longer than right, 13 in head; left ventral twice as long as right, equaling the head; caudal a little shorter than head. its free edge forming a wide angle, the middle rays more than half longer than the outer; depth of caudal peduncle twice it length; scales 33-110-40. strongly ciliate on both sides; lateral line strongly arched above the pectoral. Deep gray brown; 3 large black ocelli bordered with bluish, 2 superposed on middle of body, equally distant, between lateral line and vertical fin, the third on lateral line a little in front of caudal peduncle; pectoral yellowish, ventrals blackish. Length 230 mm. One specimen from Rio Sabana, Darien. (Boulenger.) (sabanensis, from the Rio Sabana.) Hippoglossina sabanensis, BOULENGER, Bollettino dei Mus. di Zool. ed. Anat. Comp. della Univ. di Torino, Vol. xIV, No. 346, 4, April 29, 1899, Rio Sabana, Darien. (Coll. Dr. Enrico Festa.)

Page 2789. Villarius, Rutter—Haustor, Jordan & Evermann. All species of Ameiurus have villi.

Page 118. Dr. Albert Günther has recently critically studied the Linnæan type specimens of American fishes in the possession of the Linnæan Society of London, and the results are published in the proceedings of that society for May 24, 1899.

These studies of Dr. Günther necessitate the following changes from the names adopted by us in the earlier parts of this work: The Gaff-Topsail Catfish becomes

161. FELICHTHYS FELIS (Linnæus).

The species called by us Hexanematichthys felis (Linnæus) (p. 128) becomes

186. GALEICHTHYS MILBERTI (Cuvier & Valenciennes).

The Red Hind, given by us as Epinephelus maculosus (p. 1158), becomes

1558. EPINEPHELUS GUTTATUS (Linnæus).

The Spotted Jewfish, given as *Promicrops guttatus* (p. 1162), becomes 1557. PROMICEOPS ITAIARA (Lichtenstein).

Page 261. After Notropis heterodon (Cope), insert:

406 (a) . NOTROPIS CALIENTIS Jordan & Snyder.

Head 3.66 in length; depth 3.33; eye 4 in head; snout 4; interorbital space 2.66; depth of caudal peduncle 2.40; height of dorsal 4.66 in length; anal 5.75; length of pectoral 5.66; ventral 6; caudal 3.83; scales in lateral line 33; between dorsal and occiput 15; between dorsal and ventral fins 10; D. 8; A. 7. Body deep and wide, deepest part anterior to insertion of dorsal; caudal peduncle long and slender; snout blunt, rounded; mouth oblique; jaws equal; maxillary reaching to a vertical from posterior nostril. Teeth 4-4, slender, hooked, grinding surface narrow, absent on smallest tooth. Gill-rakers short, blunt; 9 on first arch. Intestinal canal short, with but 1 convolution; peritoneum white, scales large, not notably deeper than long; lateral line incomplete, extending only as far as posterior edge of pectoral. Dorsal fin rounded, the second, third, and fourth rays longest; anal fin similar in shape; ventral rounded, extending to vent, inserted directly under dorsal; pectoral rounded; caudal forked, the lobes rounded.

Color silvery, an indefinite dark band extending from tip of snout to end of caudal peduncle; the band distinct on snout and caudal peduncle, broader and almost obsolete on middle of body; top of head and a narrow band on median dorsal part of body dark; ventral parts of body immaculate, except a narrow, dark band extending along base of anal and ventral part of caudal peduncle; chin white; scales on upper parts with dark edges; dorsal and caudal fins slightly dusky; other fins lighter.

This species is of small size, the mature males measuring about 34 mm. in length of body; the females 43. The males are more slender and have a little less dark color on the body. The affinities of Notropis calientis are with Notropis cayaga, jordani, and others of the subgenus Chriope. The species may be distinguished by its small eye, short, rounded snout, deep body, short lateral line, and rounded fins. (Jordan & Snyder.)

Lake Chapala basin, Mexico.

Notropis calientis, JOBDAN & SNYDER. Bull. U. S. Fish Com. 1899 (1900), 122, Rio Verde, at Aguas Calientes, Mexico. (Type, No. —, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus. Coll. J. O. Snyder.)

Page 965. The generic name *Rhombus* was first used by Humphreys in 1797 for a genus of mollusks, and can not therefore be used in fishes. Its place in fishes will be taken by *Peprilus* Cuvier (1817).



INDEX TO NAMES OF FISHES MENTIONED IN THE "ADDITIONAL ADDENDA" IN PART IV.

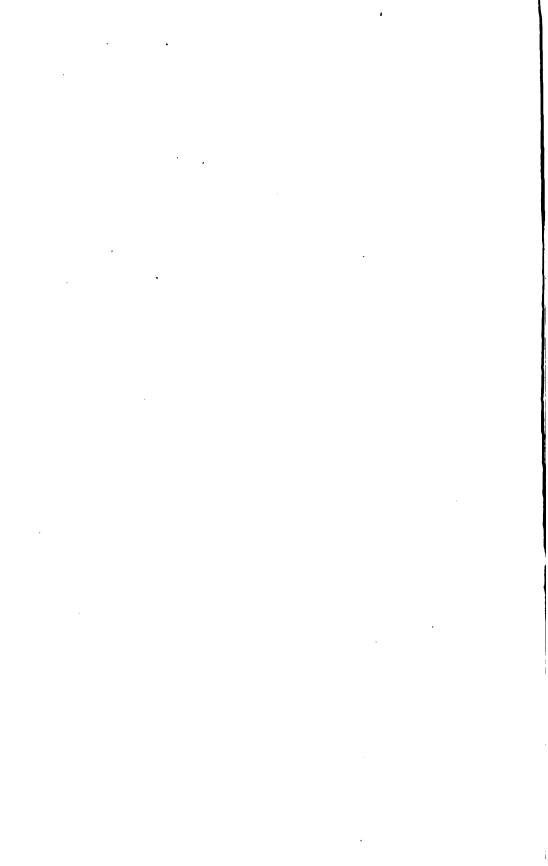
The following index includes only those names which occur in the "Additional Addenda" found in the present volume. An index complete for the three other parts is given in Part III.

1	Page.	•	Page.
agassizii, Chologaster	8156	Chirostoma album	316
Agosia klamathensis	3144	breve	315
slbicaudus, Auchenopterus	3191	chapalæ	315
album, Chiroctoma	3165	crystallinum	
Algansea lacustris	3140	diazi	
Alutera monoceros	3178	estor	316
Amblyopsis	3157	bumboldtianum	
arge, Eslopearum	3158	lermæ	
arundelii, Gobius	3184	ocotlane	316
anbeenaubei, Etheostoma	3167	promelas	
Anchenistius	3190	Chologaster	
stabli	3190	agassizii	
Auchenopterus albicaudus	3191	cornutus	
cingulatus	3192	papilliferus	
fajardo	3193	Cichlasoma steindachneri	317
rubescens	3191	cingulatus, Auchenopterus	
Bairdiella miacantha	3173	clarkii declivifrons, Salmo	314
baldwini, Prionodes	3168	jordani, Salmo	314
balsanus, Istlarius	3139	Coralliozetus	
batherestor, Salmo	3149	cardonæ	
bayamonensis, Gobius	3184	cornutus, Chologaster	
Blennicottus globiceps	8179	Cottus gracilis cayuga	
recalvus	3178	crystallinum, Chirostoma	8162
Bellmannia boqueronensis	3185	culebræ, Malacoctenus	318
boqueronensis, Bollmannia	3185	Cyclothone megalops	
breve, Chirostoma	3157	declivifrons, Salmo clarkii	
caguitæ, Sicydium	3183	decoris, Doratonotus	
Calamus kendalli	8172	Dialarchus	3180
caliente, Xenendum	8152	anyderi	318
calientia, Notropis	3197	diazi, Chirostoma	
cardonæ, Coralliozetus	3194	digueti, Neomugil	
carpintia, Nestroplus	8175	Doratonotus decoris	
cayuga, Cottus gracilis	8178	encaustus, Characodon	
Centridermichthys globiceps	3179	Epinephelus guttatus	
maculosus	3182	maculosus	
Centrolophidæ	3166	Eslopsarum arge	
chapalæ, Chirostoma	8159	jordani	
Falcula.	3143	estor, Chirostoma	
Characodon encaustus	8150	Etheostoma aubeenaubei	
	,,	3199	

1	Page.	,	D
Eucalia inconstans	3157	lalandi, Seriola	Page. 3166
Eupomacentrus flavilatus	3176	lermæ, Chirostoma	3163
rectifrenum	3176	limantouri, Pœcilia	3153
Eximia	3182	lultpoldii, Xenendum	3152
rubellio	3182	Lycenchelys murens	3195
Falcula	3143	Lycodontisjordani	3145
chapalæ	3143	Macdonaldia rostrata	3150
fajardo, Auchenopterus	3193	Macrourus ingolfi	8195
Felichthys felis	3197	maculosus, Centridermichthys	3182
felis, Felichthys	3197	Epinephelus	3196
festæ, Piabucina	3145	Oligocottus	3182
Tachysurus	3188	Malacoctenus culebræ	3187
flavilatus, Eupomacentrus	3176	moorei	3189
Galeichthys labiatus	8137	puertoricensis	3189
milberti	3197	maxinkuckiensis, Hadropterus	3166
garmani, Stolephorus	3146	meeki, Microgobius	3185
Gasterosteus gymnetes	3157	megalops, Cyclothone	3150
gilberti, Stolephorus	3146	miacantha, Bairdiella	3173
Gilbertidia	3183	Microgobius meeki	3185
Gilbertina	3183	milberti, Galeichthys	3196
Gilliae	3186	monoceros, Alutera	3178
jordani	3186	montezumæ, Xiphophorus	3154
globiceps, Blennicottus	3179	moorei, Malacoctenus	3188
Centridermichthys	3179	muræna, Lycenchelys	3195
Oligocottus	3179	muskoka, Notropis	3141
Gobins arundelii	3164	Myctophum gracile	3150
bayamonensis	3184	Nebris occidentalis	3173
soporator	3184	zestus	3173
gracile, Myctophum	3150	Neetroplus carpintis	3175
gracilis cayuga, Cottus	3178	Neomugil	3165
Uranidea	3178	digueti	3165
guttatus, Epinephelus	3197	nephelus, Spheroides	3178
Promicrops	3197	Tetrodon	3178
gymnetes, Gasterosteus	3157	Notropis calientis	3167
Hadropterus maxinkuckiensis	3166	muskoks	3141
Hæmulon helenæ	3171	rasconis	3141
Haustor	3196	occidentalis, Nebris	3173
belenæ, Hæmulon	3171	octolane, Chirostoma	3163
Heros istlarius	3174	Oligocottus globiceps	3179
Hippoglossina sabanensis	3196	maculosus	3182
humboldtianum, Chirostoma	3157	snyderi	8182
inconstans, Eucalia	3157	Orcella	3140
ingolfi, Macrourus	3195	Orcula	3140
istlarius, Heros	3174	papilliferus, Chologaster	3156
Istlarius	3138	Peprilus	3197
balsanus	3139	Piabucina festæ	3145
itsiara, Promicrops	3197	Pœcilia limantouri	3153
jordani, Eslopsarum	3157	Pomadasis labraciforme	3172
Gillias	3186	popoche, Xystrosus	3142
Lycodontis	3145	Prionodes baldwini	3168
Salmo clarkii	3148		3160
kendalli, Calamus	3172	Promicrops guttatus	3197
klamathensis, Agosia	3144		3197
labiatus, Galeichthys	3137	puertoricensis, Malacoctenus	3189
labraciforme, Pomadasis	3172	rasconis, Notropis	3141
lacustris, Algansea	3140		3178
-managed tribunace	0740	. COMET HE, DICHMICOLDUS	-1.0

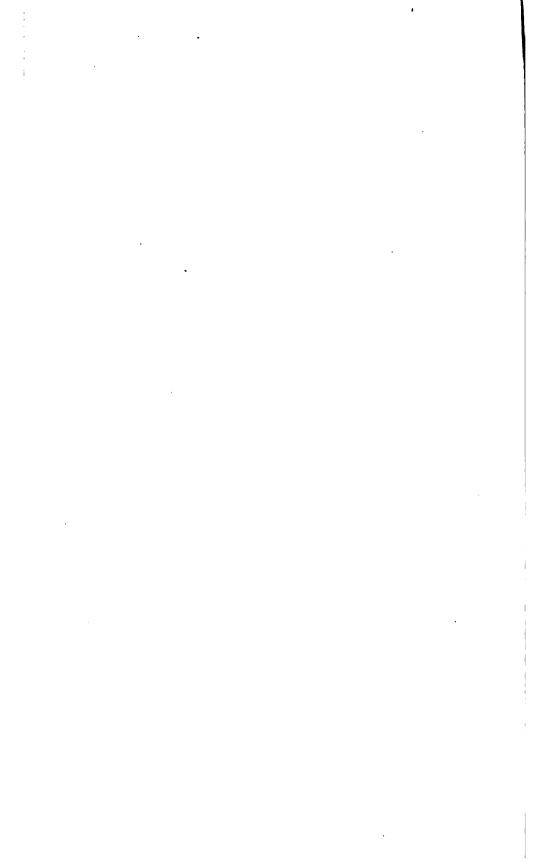
	Page.	j	Page.
rectifrenum, Eupomacentrus	3176	Stolephorus garmani	3146
Rhegma"	3169	gilberti	3146
thaumasium *	3170	Stromateidæ	3166
Rhombus	. 3197	subterraneus, Typhlichthys	3156
rimensis, Rusciculus	3179	Tachysurus festæ	3138
rosæ, Troglichthys	3156	Tetrodon nephelus	3178
Typhlichthys	3156	spengleri	3178
rostrata, Macdonaldia	. 3150	thaumasium, Rhegma	3170
rubellio, Eximia	3182	Troglichthys	3156
rubescens, Auchenopterus	. 3191	rosæ	3156
Russiculus	. 3179	Typhlichthys	3157
rimensis	. 3179	rose	3156
sabanensis, Hippoglossina	3196	subterraneus	3156
Salmo bathœcetor	3149	Uranidea gracilis	3178
clarkii declivifrons	3147	Villarius	3196
jerdani	3148	xaliscone, Xenendum	3153
Seriola lalandi	3166	Xeneudum	3151
Sieydium caguite	3188	caliente	3152
snyderi, Dialarchus	3181	luitpoldii	3152
Oligocottus	3182	xaliscone	3153
soperator, Gobins	3184	Xiphophorus montezumæ	3154
spengleri, Tetrodon	3178	Xystrosus	3142
Spheroides nephelus	. 3178	popoche	3142
stahli, Auchenistius	. 3190	zestus, Nebris	3173
steindachneri, Cichlasoma	. 3173		

^{*}These names occur as new in this volume.



INDEX TO GENERA AND SPECIES ILLUSTRATED.

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Tex page
beens minima	CCXXVIII, 578	148
Loma etheostoma	CCCXXVIII, 792	324
Abramis crysoleucas	xLv, 111	25
Abudefduf saxatilis	CCXXXIV, 590	156
canthias, Squalus	VII, 24, 24a	5
Leantharchus pomotis	CLV. 418	98
ecipiter, Podothecus	CCCVIII, 745, 745a	
chirus fasciatus	CCCLXXXVII, 948	270
lineatus	CCCLXXXVI, 947	269
cipenser brevirostrum	XXI, 47	10
rubicandus	XXI, 46	10
sturio oxyrhynchus	xx, 45	10
transmontanus	XX, 41	i
ripenserinus, Podothecus	cccix. 746	
ckleyi, Raja	x, 31	1
crocheilus alutaceus	XXXIX. 97	20
crotus willoughbyi		9
culcatus, Gasterosteus	CLI, 408 CXIX, 320	
Stenotomus		134
	CCXII, 545	7
cus, Tylosurus	CXVI, 309	7
entus, Fodiator	CXVII, 315	
dinia dugesii	CVIII, 290	6
decensions, Epinephelus	CLXXXII, 482	11
laperana, Tautogolabrusglefinna, Melanogrammus	CCXXVI, 595	15
	CCCLX1. 892, 892a	25
nens, Myozocephalus	ccxcv, 715, 715a	19
sculapius, Alepisaurus	XCVI, 258	- 51
stivalis marconis, Hybopsis	LIII, 136	3
Pomolobus	LXXI, 190	4:
Ethoprora lucida	XCII, 246	5
Etobatus narinari	xv, xvi, 37, 37a	_ [
finis, Atherinops	CXXVI, 342	80
Cheilodipterus	CLXXIX, 474	11
Chimæra	XIX, 40	
Gambusia	CXIII, 299, 299a	6
gassizii, Alepocephalus	LXXIV, 197	4
Callionymus	CCCXXIII, 779	21
Dicromita	CCCLV, 874	25
Liparis	CCCXVII, 765	21
Xenichthys	CCIII, 527	12
ggregatus, Cymatogaster	CCXXVIII, 579, 579a	149
gonostomus monticoia	CXXVII, 347	8
gosia falcata	LIII, 135	3
klamathensis	Lii, 133	
umatilla	Lii, 134	3
hlia egmontis	LX, 158	31
labamæ, Alosa	LXXII, 192, 192a	28
alunga, Germa	CXXXIV, 367	8
atus Prionotus	cccxix, 770	21
higutta, Kathetostoma	CCCXXXIV, 809, 809a	24
bolineatus, Fundulus	cv, 281	6
Ibula vulpes	LXVIII, 179	4
bum, Hæmulon	CC111, 528	12
kidea thoburni	CCLXXXIII, 684	188
ldrovandia gracilis	xcviii, 263	8
macrochir	XCVIII, 262	6
lepisaurus æsculapius	xcvi, 258	5
ferox	xcv, 257	54
lepocephalus agassizii	LXXIV, 197	4
eposomus copei	LXXV, 199	4



INDEX TO GENERA AND SPECIES ILLUSTRATED.

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Tex page
beona minima	CCXXVIII, 578	149
boma etheostoma	CCCXXVIII, 792	224
bramis crysoleucas	XLV, 111	25
budefdnf saxatilis	CCXXXIV, 590	156
canthias, Squalus	VII, 24, 24a	5
cantharchus pomotis	CLV. 418	98
ocipiter, Podothecus	CCCV111, 745, 745a	205
chirus fasciatus	CCCLXXXVII, 948	270
lineatus	CCCLXXXVI. 947	269
cipenser brevirostrum	xx1, 47	10
rubicandus	xxi, 46	i
sturio oxyrhynchus	xx, 45	· iò
transmontanus	XX, 44	ič
cipenserinus, Podothecus	CCCIX. 746	200
ckievi, Raja	x. 31	7
Acrocheilus alutaceus	XXXIX. 97	20
erotus willoughbyi	CLI, 408	97
culcatus, (fasterosteus	CXIX. 320	. 74
Stenotomns	CCXII, 545	134
		71
cus, Tylosurus	CXVI, 309	72
cutus, Fodiator	CXVII, 315	
Adinia dugesii	CVIII, 290	60
dscensionis, Epinephelus	CLXXXII, 482	118
dspersus, Tautogolabrus	CCXXXVI, 595	157
eglefinns, Melanogrammus	CCCLX1. 892, 892a	254
eneus, Myozocephalus	CCXCV, 715, 715a	197
rsculapius, Alepisaurus	xcvi, 258	59
estivalis marconis, Hybopsis	LIII, 136	31
Pomolobus	LXXI, 190	42
Æthoprora lucida	XCII, 246	56
Ztobatus narinari	xv, xvi, 37, 37a	
affinis, Atherinops	CXXVI, 342	80
Cheilodipterus	CLXXIX, 474	111
Chimæra	xix, 40	
Gambusia	CXIII, 299, 299a	68
agassizii, Alepocephalus	LXXIV, 197	45
Callionymus	CCCXXIII, 779	218
Dicromita	CCCLV, 874	25
Liparia	CCCXVII, 765	212
Xenichthys	CCIII, 527	128
aggregatus, Cymatogaster	CCXXVIII, 579, 579a	149
Agonostomus monticols	CXXVII, 347	81
Agosia falcata	Lui, 135	31
klamathensis	Lii, 133	
umatilla	Lii, 134	31
Ahlia egmontis	LX, 158	37
alabamæ, Alosa	LXXII, 192, 192a	281
alslunga, Germa	CXXXIV, 367	87
alatus, Prionotus	cccxix, 770	21:
albigutta, Kathetostoma	CCCXXXIV, 809, 809a	2:11
albolineatus, Fundulus	cv, 281	64
Albula vulpes	LXVIII, 179	41
album, Hæmulon	ссии, 528	129
Alcidea thoburni	CCLXXXIII, 684	188
Aldrovandia gracilis	xcvIII, 263	61
macrochir	xcviii, 262	1 60
Alepisaurus æsculapius	xcvi, 258	59
ferox	xcv, 257	59
Alepocephalus agassizii	LXXIV, 197	4
Aleposomus copei	LXXV, 199	4
•	3203	

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page
aleutensis, Lyconectes	cccxlvi, 844	244
aleuticus, Cottus	CCXCIII, 711	195
Alexurus armiger	occxxv, 784	2200
Algansea dugesi	XL, 98	211
Alleterata, Gymnosarda	CXXXIV, 366 VI, 20	. 661 4.
Alosa alabamæ	LXXII, 192, 192a	281
sapidissima	LXXII, 191	42
Alphestes chloropterus	CLXXXVI, 488, 488a	116
alpinus aureolus, Salvelinus	LXXXIII, 220	51
iltivelis, Sebastolobus	CCLXIX, 653	176
altus, Hybopsis	LIV, 138 CXCV, 512	32 123
lutaceus, Acrocheilus	xxxix, 97	20
Alutera schæpfii	CCLX, 635	171
scripta	CCT Y 626	171
alutus, Apogonichthys	CLXXVIII, 473	111
Sebastodes	CCLXXII, 000	179
Ambloplites rupestris	CLVI, 419, 419 a, b, c	99
Amblyopsis spelæus	CXV, 807	70
amblyrhynchus, Hemicaranx	* CXLI, 386	97
Ameiurus dugesii	XXVI, 59, 59¢, 59¢ XXVI, 60	14
platycephalus	XXVII, 61	14
mericana, Morone	CLXXXI. 479	113
mericanus, Ammodytes	CXXIX, 351	83
Hemitripterus	CCCV, 738	202
Menticirrhus	CCXXV, 572	147
Polyprion	CLXXXI, 480, 480a	113
Amia calva	CCCLXXIX, 933 XXII, 51, 51a	264 11
Ammocrypta beanii	CLXXII, 455	106
pellucida clara	CLXXII, 454	106
Ammodytes americanus		83
mpullaceus, Saccopharynx	LXVI, 175	' 4 0
Anabiens dovii	CXIII, 300	
nalis, Hypocritichthys	CCXXX, 582	150
Neomænis Notacanthus	exeviii, 517 xeviii, 264	126
Anarhichas latifrons	CCCXLVI, 845	244
lepturus	CCCXLVII, 847	244
lupus	CCCXLVII, 846	244
ncylodon, Sagenichthys	CCXXI, 564	141
Incylopsetta quadrocellata	CCCLXXV. 925	, 263
Ingelicative ciliaris	CCLIV, 626, 626a	16
Angelichthys ciliaris. Anguilla chrysypa nguilla, Ictalurus	LV, 143	278
nguillaris, Zoarces	xxv, 57 cccxlvin, 850	24
Anisotremus bilineatus	CCVIII, 538	
surinamensis	OCHTHE \$97	131
virginicus	CC1x, 539	132
nnularis, Pomoxis	CLIV, 415	96
nomalum, Campostoma	XXXIX, 95	20
Anoplarchus atropurpureusAnoplopoma fimbria	CCCXL:11, 835	104
Anthias asperlinguis	CCLXXIX, 674 CXCIII, 507	122
Anthias asperlinguistilarum, Talismania	LXXIV, 198	
Antimora viola	CCCLXII, 893, 893a	254
Apeltes quadracus	CXX, 322	75
Aphredoderus sayanus	CXXII, 331	78
Aplidonotus grunniens	CCXXVI, 574	148
Apodichthys flaviduspodus, Neomænis	CCCXLI, 830 CXCVII, 515	241 125
Apogon pigmentarius		110
retrosella	CLXXVII, 471	110
Apogonichthys alutus	CLXXVIII. 473	. 111
	CLIX, 434	' 99
A pomotis symmetricus	ссі, 523	128
Aprion macrophthalmus		
A prion macrophthalmus	CCCXLIX, 852	
Aprion macrophthalmus Aprodon cortezianus Anailus dentatus	CCCXLIX, 852 CC, 522	127
Apomotis symmetricus	CCCXLIX, 852	246 127 79 99

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Archosargus unimaculatus	CCXVI, 553	1859
Arctoscopus japonicus	CCXIV, 550	1855 2297
Arctosenus coruscans	CCCX XXIII, 807 XCVI, 259	601
arcuatus, Pomacanthus	CCLI, 623	1679
ardens, Untestomus	XXXIV, 84	179
arenatus, Priacanthusargentatus, Gairdropsarus	CXCV, 511 CCCLXVII, 906	1287 2559
argentea, Bathyclupes	CXXIX, 352	835
Steindachneria	CCCLXVIII, 909	2568
argenteus, Larimus	CCXXI, 565 LXXXVII, 232	1421 526
Argyropelecus olfersi	XCVII, 261, 261a	604
argyrocomus, Damalichthys	CCXXXII, 586	1509
nigripinnis	LXXVI, 203	472 2012
armiger, Alexuras	CCC11, 732 CCCXXV, 784	2203
Artoulenus atlanticus	CCLXXXV, 689	1906
Ascelichthys rhodorus	cccv, 739	2025
ascensionis, Holocentrusasper, Exerpes	CXXXI, 358 CCCXXXVII, 818	848 2367
aspera Limanda	CCCLXXVII, 930	2645
asperlinguis, Anthias	схсиі, 507	1227
Aspidophoroides gunther. monopterygius	CCCX11, 755, 755a, 755b CCCX11, 756, 756a	2090 2091
asprella. Crystallaria	CLXXI, 458	1061
asprellus, Crystallaria asprellus, Radulinus	CCLXXXVII, 695	1920
aspro. Hadropterus	CLXVI, 438	1032
Asternopteryx gunnelliformis	CCCXLIII, 834 CCLXXXIV, 688, 688a	2420 1899
Astronesthes gemmifer	XCIII. 251	586
richardsoni	xciii, 251 xciv, 252	587
Astroscopus y græcum atchafalayæ, Signalosa	CCCXXXIV, 808	2307 2809
Atheresthes stomias	LXIX, 184 CCCLXXI, 917	2609
Atherina argea	CXXIII, 333	790
stipes	CXXII, 332	790
atherinoides, Chriodorus	CXVI, 810 CXXVI, 342	719 807
Atherinopsis californiensis	CXXV, 841	806
atlantica, Eblemmaria	CCCXL, 826	2402
atlanticus, Artediellus Benthodesmus	CCLXXXV, 689 OXXXVI, 374	1906 887
Rupiscartes	CCCXXXIX, 825	2397
Tarpon	LXVII, 177	409
atripinnia, Goodea	CXIV, 301	685 260
atrocaudalis, Notropis cayugaatromaculatus, Semotilus	XLVI, 114 XL, 100	200 222
atropurpureus, Anoplarchus	CCCXLIII, 835	2422
Auchenopterus nox	CCCXXXVII, 819	2373
Aulorhynchus flavidus	CXX, 323 CXX, 324	754 754
surantiacus, Hypobomus	CLXVIII, 442	1040
auratus, Mullus	CXXXII, 360	856
aurea, Lampetraaureolus, Salvelinus alpinus	11, 5 1.x x x 11, 220	18 511
auritus, Lepomis	CLIX, 425, 425a	1001
aurofrenatum, Sparisoma	CCXLIII, 610	1634
aprolineatum. Bathyatoma	CCVII, 535	1310 1277
aurornbens, Rhomboplitesaustrinum, Moxostoma	CC, 521 XXXVII, 92	192
Auxis thezard	CXXXIII. 365	867
Averruncus emmelane	CCCIX. 749, 749a CCCX, 750, 750a	2069
sterietusavocetta, Nemichthys	CCCX, 750, 750a LX, 157	2071 369
		(367
Avocettina gillii	LIX, 154, 154a, 154b	2801
axillaria, Myoxocephalus	CCXCVII. 721	1980
axinophrys, Xystesaya, Neomænis	CCCX, 752. 752a CXCVII, 518	2076 1264
Azeria panamensis astecus. Notropis	CCCLXXXIV, 942	2677
		258
axtecus. Notropis	XLV, 112 CCX1X, 558	

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
azureus, Galeichthys	xxiv. 55	2775
Azurina hirundo	CCXXXIII, 588	1544
bahianus, Touthis.	CCLVI, CCLVII, 629a	1693
Bairdiella chrysura	CCXXII, 566	1433
Microspathodon	LXVII, 176 CCXXXV, 592	1566
bajonado, Calamus	CCX111.548	1352
Ballates carolinensis	CCLVIII, 631	1701
baltestus, Leuciscus	XI.II, 105, 105a	238
Barathronus bicolor	CCCLVII, 880	2517 2 524
barbata, Brotula	cccliv, 871	2500
Pallasina	CCCVIII, 744	2049
barbatulum, Lemonema	OCCLXVI, 904	2556
barbatum, Lyconema	CCCLII, 863	2474
barracuda, Sphyræna	CXXVIII, 349	823 2841
bartoni, Cichlasoma	CCXXXII, 5H7	1515
Bascanichthys peninsulæ	LXIII, 166, 166a	379
Scuticaris	LXIII, 165	378 2515
Bassogigas gillii. Bassozetus catena.	CCCLVII, 879 CCCLVI, 876, 876a	2509
normalis	CCCLVI, 875	2507
Bathyclupea argentea	CXXIX, 352	835
Bathygadus favosus	CCCLXVII, 908	2565
Bathygonus nigripinnis	COCXI, 753	2078
Bathylagus benedicti	LXXXVIII, 234 CCCXXXII, 802	529 2288
Bathyphaema ovigerum	CCCXVIII, 767	2128
Bathypterois quadrifilis	LXXXIX, 238	544
Bathystoma aurolineatum	CCVII, 535	1310
rimator	CCVI, 534	1308
beanii, AmmocryptaLimanda	CLXXII, 455 COCLXXVIII, 932	1064 2646
Serrivomer	LVIII, 153	367
Triglops	CCLXXXVIII, 697	1924
bella, Hypoclydonia	CLXXIX, 475	1115
Bellator egretta	CCCXXI, 773	2174
benedicti, Bathylagus Benthodesmus atlanticus	LXXXVIII, 234 CXXXVI, 374	529 887
Benthosaurus grallator.	LXXXIX, 237	543
beryllina, Menidia gracilis	CXXIV. 338	797
beryllinus, Cryptotomus	CCXLII, 608	1625
Beryx splendens	CXXXI, 357	844
bicaudalis, Lactophrysbichir, Polypterus	CCLXII, 639, 639a, 639b I, 2	1723
bicolor, Barathronus	CCCLVIII, 883	2524
Leuciscus	XLI, 102	232
Rondeletia	xc, 240	548
Rutilus	XLIII, 107	244 2643
bilineata, Lepidopsettabilineatus, Anisotremus	CCCLXXVI, 928 CCVIII, 538	
Characodon	C1x, 293	668
bilobus, Histiocottus	occin, 199	2018
birostris, Manta	XVIII, 39	92
bison, Enophrys. bistrispinus, Rypticus	CCXCI, 705	1938
bivittatus, Iridio	CXCIV, 509 CCXXXIX, 601	1233 1595
blackfordi, Yarrella	XCIII, 249	584
Bleunicottus embryum	есси, 734	£ 2016
		(2864 1053
blennioides, Diplesion	CLXX, 449 OCCXXXVIII, 821	2382
favosus	CCCXXXVIII, 820	2380
Blepsias cirrhosus	COCIV, 736, 736a, 736b	2018
Bodianus fulvus punctatus	CLXXXII, 481	1146
Boleichthys fusiformis	CLXXVII, 469 CCLXXXVII, 694	1101
boleoides, Radulinus Boleosoma camurum	CLXXVII, 654 CLXXI, 452	1060
nigrum	CLXX, 450	1056
olmstedi	CLXXI, 451	1057
bollmani, Opsopæodus	XLIV, 110	249
Bollmannia chlamydes	CCCXXVIII, 791	. 2228

Genera and species.		Text page.
home of Mantananana		
bonaci, Mycteroperea borealis, Icelinus	CLXXXVII, 492 CCLXXXIV, 687	1174 1896
Borogadus saida	CCCLIX, 885	2533
boulengeri, Mycteroperca	CLXXXVII, 490	1171
bouvieri, Salmo clarkii	LXXX, 212	{ 496 2819
brachiusculus, Grammicolepis	·	974
Brachveenvs chrysargyreus	CLII, 410 CCVI, 538	1307
Brachygenys chrysargyreus	CCXXIX, 580	1499
brachyptera, Kemora	cccxxx, 797; 797a	2272
Branchlostoma caribeum	I, I	3
braeiliensis, Hemirhamphus Narcine	CXVII, 313 XIII, 35, 35a	722 78
Scorpæna	CCLXXVII, 669	1842
brevirostria, Hypoprion	V, 18	41
brevirostrum, Acipenser	XXI, 47	106
brevispinis, Sebastodes	CCLXXI, 657	1787 484
Brotula barbata	LXXIII, 195 CCCLIV, 871	2500
brunneus, Ilyophis	LVI, 145	350
Brycon dentex	LV, 141	337
Bryostema nugator	CCCXLI, 829	2410
polyacanthocephalumbuccata, Ericymba	CCCXLI, 828 LI, 129	2408 302
bulleri. Prionodes	CXCI, 503	1213
cærujeus, Scarus	CCXLIV, 613	1652
Calamus arctifrons	CCXIV, 550	1855
bajonadocalamus	CCXIII, 548	1352 1349
penna	CCXII, 546 CCXIV, 549	1354
proridenscalamus, Calamus	CCXIII, 547	1350
calamus, Calamus	CCXII, 548	1349
Calechelys murens	LXIII, 164	378
californica, Tetronarcecaliforniensis, Atherinopsis	x11. 34, 34 <i>a</i> cxxv, 341	806
Medialuna	CCXX, 560	1391
Typhlogobins	CCCXXIX, 795	2262
callarias, Gadus	OCCLXI, 891	2541 2186
calliurus, Ioglossus	CCCXXIII, 779 CCCXXIII, 780	2193
callyodon, Neoliparis	CCCXIV, 760, 760a	2110
Calotomus xenodon	CCXLIII, 609, 609 a	1626
calva, Amia	XXII, 51, 51a	113 205
camurum, Boleosoma	XXXIX, 95 CLXXI, 452	10 6 0
Etheostoma	CLXXII, 456	1076
canadense. Stizostedion	CLXIV, 434	1022
canadus, Rachycentron	CXLVIII, 401	948
canaliculatus, Icelus	CCLXXXVI, 693 CCLVIII, 632	1917 1713
capistratus, Chætodon	CCL, 622	1677
caprinus, Otrynter	CCX1, 543	1345
caprodes, Percina	CLXV, 436, 436a	1026
Caranx cryatehippus	CXLII, 388 CXLI, 387	923 920
lates	CXLII, 389	921
medusicols	CXLIII, 390	924
carapinus, Coryphænoides	CCCLXVIII, 911	2579
Carcharhinus Ismia	V, 17	' 38 3
caribba us, Colorhy nchus	CCCLXX, 915	
carinatus, Labychthys	Lix, 155	308
carminalia, Enneanectes	CCCXXXVI, 814	2350
carminatus, Corlorhynchus	CCCLXIX, 914	2588 1713
carola, Cantherines	CCLVIII, #32 CCLVIII. 631	1701
carolinus, Prionotus	cccxviii, 768	
Trachinotus	CXLVII, 398	944
carpio, Cyprinodon	CX11, 297	675
Carpiodes cyprinuscaryi, Hypsurus	XXX, 71 CCXXXI, 585	167 1508
cataphractus, Gasterosteus	CXIX, 321	
catenatus, Fundulus	CIV, 278, 278a	

Genera and species.		Tex pag
catena, Baseozetus	CCCLVI, 876, 876a	25
Catostomus ardens	xxxiv, 84	1
catostomus	XXXII, 77	1
commersonii	XXXIV, 83 XXXI, 75 XXXI, 74	1 1
griseus	XXI, 15	1
latipinnis	XXI, /4	1
macrocheilus	XXXIII, 81 XXXIII, 79	
pocatello	XXXII, 76	î
tahoensis	XXXII, 78	i
tailtcooseusis	XXXIII, 80	
atostomus, Catostomus.	XXXII, 77	1
atulus uter	111, 12	! -:
audatus, Lepidopus	CXXXVI, 373	8
audilimbatus, Leptocephalus	LVII, 149	3
anlarchus mæandricus	CCCXXXV. 812	23
aulolatilus microps	CCCXXXV, 812 CCCXXX, 799	22
aulophryne jordaniaurinus, Mylocheilus	occaci, 957	27
aurinus, Mylocheilus,	XL, 99	2
Sebastodes	CCLXXIV. 663	183
avernosus, Hymenocephalus	CCCLXIX, 912	254
avorum, Corythroichthys	CXX, 326	28
Ogilbia	OCCLV, 873	25
avuga atrocaudalis, Notropis	XLVI, 114	2
entrarchus macropterus	CLV, 417	94
entrocymnus cælolepis	viii, 25	;
Centrolophus niger	CXLIX, 403	9
entropomus undecimalis	CLXXIX, 476	11:
entropristes philadelphicus	CXC1, 501	, 12
striatus	cxc, 500	11
entroscyllium fabricii	VIII, 26	
epedianum, Dorosoma	LXIX, 183	4
Cephalacanthus volitans	CCCXXIII, 778	218
ephalus, Mugil	CXXVI, 343	8
eratias holbolli	CCCLXXXIX, 954	27
Peratocottus diceraus	CCXCI, 706	19
Ceratoscopelus maderiensis	XC, 242	54 24
erdale, Scytalinaetomimus gillii	OCCXLVIII, 849, 849a, 849b XC, 241	5
etorhinus maximus	VII, 23	
henohryttus gulosus	CLVII, 421	9
hænobryttus gulosus hænomugil proboscideus	CXXVII, 846	8
hætodipterus faber	CCXLVII, 619	16
hætodon capistratus	CCL, 622	16
nigrirostris	CCXLVIII. 620	16
ocellatus	CCXLIX, 621	16
hætodon, Mesogonistiushalcogramma, Theragra	CLVIII, 423	9:
halcogramma, Theragra	ccclx, 887	25
nainura simuja	CCCLXVIII, 910	25
hannomuræna vittata	LXVI, 174	44
hanos chanos	LXIX, 182	43
hanos, Chanos	LXIX, 182 CIX, 293	4.
haracodon bilineatus	CIX, 293	0
variatus	CXI, 295, 295a	6
hasmistes copei	xxxv, 87	27
liorus	XXXIV, 85	11
stomias	xxxv, 86	271
hauliodus sloanei	CCCXXXIX, 824	231
haunax pictus	XCIII, 250	54
heilodipterus affinis	CCCLXXXIX, 953	27:
henevi Cottogaster	CLXXIX, 474	28
heneyi, Cottogaster hesteri, Urophycis	CLXIX, 445 CCCLXVI, 903	25
hisamodon niver	COCKXXII, 804	22
hiasmodon niger hihushus, Notropis	XLVI, 116	2
hilomyeterus schæpfl	CCLXVI, 648	17
himæra affinis	xix, 40	- 17
Chirostoma humboldtianum	CXXIII, 334	7
hirus, Xiphistes	COCXLIV, 837	24
hitonotus pugetensis	CCLXXXIII, 686	18
	CCCXXVIII, 791	223
hlamydes, Bollmannia		
hlamydes, Bollmannia	CCXLI, 604	161

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page
bloroscombrus carysurus	CXLV, 394	93
hologaster cornutus	Cxv, 305	70
hriodorus atherinoideshromis, Pogonias	CXVI, 310 CCXXV, 573	71 148
rvaargyreus. Brachygenys.	CCV1, 533	130
hrysargyreus, Brachygenyshrysochloris, Pomolobus	LXX, 187	42
rysops, Roccus	CLXXX, 477	113
Stenotomusbrysopterus, Orthopristis	CCX1, 544 CCX, 541	134 133
hrysotus, Fundulus	cv11, 287	65
hrvaura. Bairdiella	CCXXII, 566	143
rysurus, Cloroscombrus	CXLV, 394	93
Microspathodon	CCXXXV, 593	156
Ocyurus	CXCIX, 520	34
rysypa, Anguilla mes, Urophycis	LV, 143 CCCLXV, 902	25
chiasoma bartoni	CCXXXII, 587	151
liaris, Angelichthys	OCLIV, 626, 626a	168
liatus, Monacanthus	CCLIX, 633	171
Sebastodes	CCLXX, 655 CCCLXVII, 907	256
nereum, Etheoetoma	CLXXIII, 457	10
Xvstema	CCXVIII, 556	
rratum, Ginglymostomarratus, Urophycis	iv, 18	
rratus, Urophycis	CCCLXIV, 899	25
irrhites rivulatusrrhosus, Blepsias	CCXXVII, 576 CCCIV, 736, 736a, 736b	149
itharichthys macrops	CCCLXXXV, 944	26
sordidus	CCCLXXXIV, 943	26
ara, Ammocrypta pellucida	CLXXII, 454	100
arkii bouvieri, Salmo	LXXX, 212	{ 48
henshawi, Salmo	LXXIX, 208	{ 49 28
macdonaldi, Salmo	LXXXI, 214	{ 49 28
pleuriticus, Salmo	LXXX, 211	{ 48 28
spilurus, Salmo	LXXIX, 210	{ 49 28
stomias, Salmo	LXXX, 213	{ 28
virginalis, Salmo	LXXIX, 209	{ 28
Clepticus parræ	CCXXVIII, 599 CCCXXVIII, 793	15
Clapea harengus	LXX, 185	4
pallasii	LXX, 186	. 4
dupeiformia, Coregonua	LXXVI, 202	
roccogenis, Notropis	XLIX, 124 VIII, 25	. 2
Colorhynchus caribbeus	CCCLXX, 915	25
carminatus	OCCLXIX, 914	254
0008	CCCLXIX, 913	25
colias, Scomber	CXXXIII, 364	
Columbia transmontanus	XIX, 41 CXXII, 330	7
commersonii, Catostomus	XXXIV, 93	i
onger, Leptocephalus	LVII, 148	3
congestum, Moxostoma	XXXVI, 91	11
Congrellus flavidus	LVIII, 150	3
Chasmistes	LXXV, 199 XXXV, 87	271
Copelandellus quiescens	CLXXVI, 468	110
cotallinum. Cryptotrema	CCCXXXVII. 817	230
coregonoides, Paralepis	xcvi, 260	G
Coregonus clupeiformis	LXXVI, 202	40
coulterii williamsoni	LXXVI, 201 LXXV, 200, 200a	4
cornubica, Lamna	VI. 22	1 91
cornutus, Chologaster	Cxv, 305	1 7
Zanclus	CCLV, 627	160
cortezianus, Aprodon	CCCXLIX, 852	240

Corruscans Arctosenus Corrythena hippurus CXIIX, 407 250	Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Coryphena hippurus	cornecana Arctozanna	SCVI. 250	661
Corythosichthys cayorum	Coryphæna hippurus		
Cottus alenticus	Coryphænoides carapinus		
Cottus aleulicus Carvill, 144 1046	Corving charges		
Cotton Section Cotton	snimardi	CLXVIII. 444	
evermanni	Cottus aleuticus	ccxciii, 711	1957
princejs CCXCIT, 713 1962 punctulatins CCXCII, 708 1948 conesii, Cryptopaara CCXCII, 708 1948 conleii, Corgogonus LXXVI, 201 462 crassicejse, Piertromus CXXX, 356 843 crestonis, Tethiis CCXXX, 356 843 crestonis, Tethiis CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Blemnius CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Blemnius CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 crossotius, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 crestonis, Teropus CCXIXIXVIII, 821 crestonis, Teropus CCXIXIXII,		CCXCII. 707	
princejs CCXCIT, 713 1962 punctulatins CCXCII, 708 1948 conesii, Cryptopaara CCXCII, 708 1948 conleii, Corgogonus LXXVI, 201 462 crassicejse, Piertromus CXXX, 356 843 crestonis, Tethiis CCXXX, 356 843 crestonis, Tethiis CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Blemnius CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Blemnius CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 crossotius, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 crestonis, Teropus CCXIXIXVIII, 821 crestonis, Teropus CCXIXIXII,		CCXCIII, 710	
princejs CCXCIT, 713 1962 punctulatins CCXCII, 708 1948 conesii, Cryptopaara CCXCII, 708 1948 conleii, Corgogonus LXXVI, 201 462 crassicejse, Piertromus CXXX, 356 843 crestonis, Tethiis CCXXX, 356 843 crestonis, Tethiis CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Blemnius CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Blemnius CCXXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 cristatus, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 crossotius, Europus CCXIXXVIII, 821 crestonis, Teropus CCXIXIXVIII, 821 crestonis, Teropus CCXIXIXII,	perplexus	CCXCIII, 709	1955
contesti, Cryptopaaras CCXC, 856 2731 462 46	princeps	CCXCIV, 713	
Coulterii, Coregonus	punctulatus	CCXCII, 708	
crassice;e, Pievtronus CXXX, 356 28 1692 crestonis, Teuthis CCLV, 616a crettenee, Spariss-ma CXLV, 616a crettenee, Spariss-ma CXLV, 616a crettatulata, Scorpena CXLV, 616a crettatulata, Scorpena CCLXXVI, 688 1841 criotatilata, Scorpena CCCLXXVI, 688 1841 crocodilus, Lampanyctus CCCLXXVI, 946 2889 crocadilus, Embryx CCCLXXVI, 851 23.77 crumerophthalmus, Trachurope CCXLVI, 831 23.77 crumerophthalmus, Trachurope CXLI, 385 291 24.33 27.72 crumentifer, Piscodonophis LXII, 381 23.76 27.72 24.33 27.72 24.33 25.72 27.72 24.33 25.72 27.72 27.72 24.33 25.72 27.72 24.33 25.72 27.72 24.33 27.72 27.72 27.72 24.33 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 27.72 2	conterii Coregonus		
creatonis, Teuthis CCLIV, 628 1692 critaton. Biennina CCXLX VIII, 821 260 Criativomer namaycush LXXXII, 217 504 cristatian. Scorpena CCLXXVI, 668 184 croscotius. Empraycus CCLXXVI, 668 184 croscotius. Embryx CCCLXXII, 83 558 crountifer. Piscodonophis CXII, 183 217 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXII, 183 217 cruentophthaliums. Trachurops CXII, 183 217 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXII, 183 217 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 183 2458 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 183 217 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 183 217 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 183 2458 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 183 2458 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 285 241 cruentifer. Piscodonophis CXIII, 281 245 cryptorema corallinum CXIII, 281 243 cryptinita asprela CXIII, 281<	crassiceus. Plectromus		
cristitome namaycush CCCXXVVIII, 821 256 cristitomer namaycush LXXXI. 27 504 cristitomer namaycush CLXXVI. 668 18 358 crocosdius, Etropus CCCLXXXVI. 946 286 crostitus Embryx CCCLXXXVI. 945 258 cruencifier, Piscodonophis CXXII. 163 27. crumenophthalmus Trachurops CXXII. 385 911 Cryptorear couccii CCCXVIV. 843 243 Cryptotomus beryllinus CCCXXII. 608 182 Cryptotoreas couccii CCCXXII. 608 182 Cryptotoreas corallinum CCXXII. 808 2731 Cryptotoreas corallinum CCXXII. 808 2731 Cryptotoreas corallinum CCXXII. 808 2731 Cryptotoreas corallinum CCXXII. 808 2732 Cryptotreas corallinum CCXXII. 808 2732 Cryptinum CXX	crestonis, Tenthis		1692
Cristivomer namaycush LXXII, 276 504 cristulata, Scorpena. CCLXXVI, 868 1841 crocodilus. Lampanyctus XCI, 243 558 ccccxxxvii, 946 2589 crosodus. Etropus CCCXXVIII, 851 258 ccccxxviii, 851 258 crosodus. Etropus CCCXXVIII, 851 2458 cruentifer Piscodonophis CXLI, 852 911 CXLI, 852 911 CYPJOTOPHIS COCXXVIII, 851 2268 2731 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVIII, 851 2268 2731 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVIII, 851 2268 2731 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVII, 851 2686 2731 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVII, 851 2686 2731 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVII, 851 2686 2731 2732 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVII, 851 2682 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVII, 852 2682 2682 CYPLOTOPHIS COCXXVII, 852 2682 2682 2731 2682 2682 2731 2682 2682 2731 2682 2731 2682 2732 2682 2732	cretense, Sparisoma		9200
Cristallata, Scorpena. CCLXVI, 686 2843 2869 Crocodilus, Europus CCLXXVI, 946 2869 CCCXVIII, 851 2458 Crostalius, Embryx CCCXVIII, 851 2458 Cruentifer, Pissodonophis LXII, 163 377 Crumenophthalmus, Trachurops CXLI, 385 911 Cryptacanthodes maculatus CCXLV, 843 2443 Cryptopearas couesii CCXLV, 843 2443 Cryptopearas couesii CCXLV, 843 2443 Cryptorema corallinum CCXXXVII, 817 2366 Cryptotrema corallinum CCXXXVII, 817 2366 Crystolleras, Abramis CXLII, 388 923 Crystolleras, Abramis CXLII, 388 923 Crystolleras, Abramis CXLII, 388 923 Crystallaria saprella CLXI, 453 1061 Culveri, Trachinotus CXLVII, 397 942 Cxurema, Mugil CXVI, 344 813 Curieri, Tetragonurus CXLII, 411 976 CXLVII, 397 426 CXLII, 415 266 CXLIII, 415 CXLIII, 415 CXLIII, 415 CXLIII, 415 CXLIII, 415 CXLIII, 415	Cristivomer namayoush		
Crossofuls Lampanyctus	cristulata, Scorpæna	CCLXXVI, 668	
CCCXLVIII, 85 2548 2576	crocodilus, Lampanyctus	XCI, 243	
crumenophthalmus, Pracontopes CXII, 383 911 Cryptacenthodes maculatus CCXLV, 843 2443 Cryptopagras couesii CCXC, 956 2731 Cryptotrema corallinum CCXLV, 817 2266 crysos, Caranx CXLI, 383 923 Crystallaria asprella CLXLI, 381 923 Crystallaria asprella CLXLI, 381 942 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 344 813 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 344 813 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 448 976 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 419 976 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 418 976 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 418 976 curema, Mugil CXXXVII, 418 202 cyclopterus lumpus CXXXVII, 579	crossotus, Etropus	CCCLXXXVI, 946	
crumenophthalmus, Pracontopes CXII, 383 911 Cryptacenthodes maculatus CCXLV, 843 2443 Cryptopagras couesii CCXC, 956 2731 Cryptotrema corallinum CCXLV, 817 2266 crysos, Caranx CXLI, 383 923 Crystallaria asprella CLXLI, 381 923 Crystallaria asprella CLXLI, 381 942 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 344 813 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 344 813 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 448 976 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 419 976 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 418 976 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 418 976 curema, Mugil CXXXVII, 418 202 cyclopterus lumpus CXXXVII, 579	cruentifer Pissodonophia	LXII. 163	
Cryptotomus beryllinus CCCXC, 956 2731 Cryptotomus beryllinus COXXXVII, 817 2506 Crysoleucas, Abramis XLV, 111 250 crysoleucas, Abramis CXII, 388 923 Crystallaria asprella CLXXI, 384 923 Crystallaria asprella CXIVI, 397 942 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 344 813 curemia, Mugil CXXVII, 397 942 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 397 942 curema, Mugil CXXVII, 519 976 curamite, Scarus CCXIII, 757 942 Cyclopterus clongatus XXXX, 72 1648 Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXII, 764, 764a 2118 Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXVII, 759, 579e 1648 Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXVII, 759, 579e 1648 Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXVII, 757, 576e 2118 Cyclopus, Liparis CCXXVII, 764, 764a 2118 Cymanus cagaregatus CCXXVII, 764, 764a 2118 Cyparline, Cymanus CCXXXII, 583 1409 <tr< td=""><td>crumenophthaimus, 1 raonurops</td><td>CX11, 385</td><td>911</td></tr<>	crumenophthaimus, 1 raonurops	CX11, 385	911
Cryptotemus beryllinus CCXIII, 608 1625 Cryptotema corallinum CCXXXVII, 817 2566 Crysoleucas, Abramis XLV, 111 250 Crysoleucas, Abramis CXLII, 388 923 Crystallaria assprella CXLXII, 397 942 currema, Mugil CXXXVI, 344 813 curema, Mugil CXXXVI, 344 813 curemile, Scarus CCILI, 611 976 cuzamile, Scarus CCXLIV, 612 1648 Cycloptens elongatus XXX, 72 168 Cyclopus, Liparis CCXVI, 764, 764a 2118 Cyclopus, Liparis CCXVI, 764, 764a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVIII, 579, 570a 1498 Cynoscion nebulosus CCXX, 563 1409 nothus CCXX, 563 1409 cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 70 163 Cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 70 163 Cyprinodon carpio CXX, 267 675 cyprinodos, Lophogobius CCXXI, 282 671 cyprinus, Carpiodes	Cryptacanthodes maculatus	CCCXLV, 843	2443
Cryptotrema corallinum CCCXXVII, 817 2266 crysoleucas, Abramis XLV, 111 250 crysoleucas, Caranx CXLII, 388 923 Crystallaria asprella CXLXI, 453 1061 culveri, Trachinotus CXLVII, 397 942 curema, Mugil CXXVI, 344 813 cuvieri, Tetragonurus CLII, 411 976 cuzamile, Scarus CXLIV, 612 1648 Cyclopterus lumpus CXXIV, 757 2096 Cyclopterus lumpus CCCXII, 757 2096 Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXIV, 754, 754a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXIV, 757, 754a 218 Cyprincelon XXXX, 71 148 Cyprincelon XXXX, 72 163 </td <td>Cryptopsaras couesii</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Cryptopsaras couesii		
crysoleucas, Abramis XLV, 111 250 crysos, Caranx CXII, 388 923 Crystallaria asprella CLXXI, 453 1061 culveri, Trachinotus CXXVI, 344 813 curema, Mugil CXXXVI, 344 813 curieri, Tetragonurus CLII, 411 976 curamile, Scarus CXXIV, 612 168 Cycloptus elongatus CXXX, 72 168 Cycloptus Liparis CCXXVI, 704, 764 2218 Cynoscion nebulosus CCXXVI, 704, 764 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 579, 570a 1496 Cypho, Xyrauchen CXXX, 561 1406 cyprinolosus CCXX, 561 1406 cyprinodon carpio XXX, 70 163 Cyprinodon carpio XXX, 70 163 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus XXX, 7	Cryptotrema corallinum		
crysos, Caranx CXLII, 388 (923) Cry atallaria asprella CLXXI, 453 (1061) culveri, Trachinotus CXLVI, 397 (942) curvieri, Tetragonurus CLII, 411 (976) cuzamile, Scarus CCXLIV, 612 (164) Cycloptus elongatus XXX, 72 (168) Cycloptus elongatus CCXLII, 575 (206) Cycloptus, Liparis CCXXII, 757 (24, 764a) Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVI, 764, 764a Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVI, 767, 767a Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 757, 579a Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 579, 579a Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 584 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 584 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 584 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 579, 579a Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 584 Cypatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 584 Cypinus, Carlodos XXXVII Cyprin	crysoleucas, Abramis	xLv, 111	
culveri, Trachinotus CXLVII, 397 942 curema, Mugil CXXX, 344 813 cuvieri. Tetragonurus CLII, 411 976 cuzamille, Scarus CXLIV, 612 1648 Cycloptus elongatus XXX, 72 168 Cyclopus, Liparis CXXVII, 757 2096 Cynatogaster aggregatus CXXVII, 579, 576a 1498 Cymatogaster aggregatus CXXX, 563 1409 Cymoscion nebulosus CXXX, 563 1406 nothus CXXX, 563 1406 cypio, Xyrauchen XXX, 78 183 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 79 163 Cyprinodor carpio CXII, 287 675 cyprinus, Carpiodes CXII, 297 675 cyprinus, Carpiodes CXII, 288, 296s 671 cyprinus, Carpiodes CXII, 297 675 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 163 Cypsilurus californicus CXII, 281 2209 Dallia pectoralis XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus XXX,	crysos, Caranx	CXLII, 388	
curema, Mugil. CXXV, 344 813 cuvieri. Tetragonurus CLII, 411 976 Cuzamile, Scarus CXXIV, 612 1648 Cycloptus elongatus XXX. 72 2096 Cyclopterus lumpus CCCXIII, 757 2096 Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXII, 757, 764a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXII, 759, 779a 1498 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXII, 757, 754 1498 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXII, 757, 754 1498 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXIII, 757, 754 1498 Cyprince CCXXIII, 757 1498 Cyprince CXIIII, 757 1498 Cyprince CXIII, 757 168 2209 Cyprincides CXIII, 757 675 2209 Cyprincides CXIII, 757 675 2209 Cyprinus, Carpiodes	Crystallaria asprella	CLXXI, 453	1061
cuzamile, Scarus CCXLIV, 612 1648 Cycloptus elongatus XXX, 72 168 Cycloptus Linaris CCXVII, 764, 764a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 579, 579a 1498 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 561 1406 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 561 1406 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 563 1409 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 563 1406 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 563 1406 Cypanocion nebulosus CCXX, 561 1406 cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 70 163 Cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 70 163 Cyprinodor carpio CXII, 286, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodos CXII, 286, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodos XXX, 71 168 740 cyprinus, Carpiodos XXX, 71 168	curema Mugil	CXXVI. 344	
cuzamile, Scarus CCXLIV, 612 1648 Cycloptus elongatus XXX, 72 168 Cycloptus Linaris CCXVII, 764, 764a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 579, 579a 1498 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 561 1406 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 561 1406 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 563 1409 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 563 1406 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXX, 563 1406 Cypanocion nebulosus CCXX, 561 1406 cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 70 163 Cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 70 163 Cyprinodor carpio CXII, 286, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodos CXII, 286, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodos XXX, 71 168 740 cyprinus, Carpiodos XXX, 71 168	cuvieri. Tetragonurus	CLII, 411	976
Cyclopterus lumpus CCXXII, 757 2096 Cyclopus, Liparis CCXXVI, 764, 764a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVIII, 579, 579a 1498 Cynoscion nebulosus CCXX, 561 1406 nothus CCXX, 561 1406 cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 78 183 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 79 163 Cyprinodor carpio CXII, 297 675 cyprinodes, Lophogobius CCXXXII, 286, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXII, 287 622 Damalichtys argyrosomus CCXXXII, 586 1509 Dasyatis sabina XIV, 36, 36a 84 Dasyottus settiger CCXXXII, 586 169 Decapterus macarellus CCXXX, 676, 676e 1867 Decapterus macarellus CCXXX, 676, 676e 1867 decayrammus, Hexagrammos CCXXX, 676, 676e 1867 Decapterus macarellus CCXXX, 676, 676e 2124 dennyi, Liparis CCXXX, 676, 676e 2124	cuzamilæ, Scarus		
cyclopus, Liparis CCXVI, 764, 764a 2118 Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVII, 759, 776a 1498 Cynoscion nebulosus CCXXX, 563 1406 nothus CCXX, 561 1406 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 70 163 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 70 163 Cyprinodor carpio CXI, CXII, 286, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodes CXI, CXII, 296, 296a 671 cyprinus, Carpiodes CXIX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 740 Cyprinus californicus CXIX, 267 621 Dallia pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Danyatis asbina XXIX, 36, 36c 84 Dasycottus setiger CCX, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCX, 7676a 86 Decapterus macarellus CXIX, 367, 96a 84 Decapterus macarellus CCCLXX, 926 263 deennyi, Liparia CCCXXII, 766, 766a 2124 dennyi, Liparia CCXXII, 766, 766a 2124	Cyclopius elongatus		
Cymatogaster aggregatus CCXXVIII, 579, 5746 1498 Cynoscion nebulosus CCXX, 561 1406 regalis CCXX, 561 1407 cypho, Nyrauchen XXXV, 38 184 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 70 163 Cyprinoldon carpio CXII, 297 675 cyprinoides, Lophogobius CXIX, 211, 296, 2962 671 cyprinuis, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 2830 Dallis pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Damalichthys argyrosomus CXIX, 36, 36s 84 Dasyatis sabina XIV, 36, 36s 84 Dasyatis sabina XIV, 36, 36s 84 Dasyatis sabina CCC, 27 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLIXXX, 676, 676s 84 Decapterus macarellus CCLIXXX, 926 2637 decurrens, Pleuronichthys CCCXXXX, 926 2637 dentyl, Liparis CCCXXXX, 926 2637 dentyl, Liparis CCCXXXXXXII 2262 Gra	cyclopus, Lipsyls	COCXVI. 764. 764a	
nothus	Cymatogaster aggregatus	CCXXVIII, 579, 579a	
regalis CCXX. 582 1407 cypho, Xyrauchen XXX, 89 184 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 70 163 Cyprinodor carpio CXI, 297 675 cyprinodes, Lophogobius CCXXVI, 786 2209 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 2830 Dallia pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Damalichthys argyrosomus CCXXXII, 586 1509 Dasycottus settiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 676e 1867 Decapterus macarellus CCLXXX, 676, 676e 1867 decay, I laurus CCCLXXV, 920 2637 dennyi, Liparis CCCXXVI, 766, 766e 2124 dentus, Apsilus CCCXVII, 766, 766e 2124 dentex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LV, 141 337 Osmerus LV, 142 334 dermatolus, Serpentinus CCCL, 870 2492 Derribathys serpentinus CC	Cynoscion nebulosus		
cypho, Xyrauchen XXXV, 88 184 cyprinella, Ictiobus XXX, 70 163 Cyprinolon carpio CXI, 287, 296 675 cyprinoides, Lophogobius CCXXXVI, 786 2209 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 2740 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 621 Dallia pectoralis XXX, 71 661 Damalichthys argyrosomus CCXXXII, 586 84 Dasycottus setiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 676a 1867 Decapterus macarellus CCXXXII, 586 909 decurrene, Pleuronichthys CCCXXII, 792 2637 dennyi, Liparis CCXXII, 786, 766a 2124 dentatus, Apellus CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCI, 254 560 Paralichthys CCCXXIII, 922 2622 deutex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LV, 142 343 dermatolus, Lycodapus		CCXX, 501	
Cyprinodon carpio CXII, 297 675 variegatus CXI, CXII, 296, 2966 671 cyprinoides, Lophogobius CCCXXVI, 786 2209 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 287 621 Dallia pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Dansalichthys argyrosomus CCXXXII, 586 1509 Dasyatis sabina XIV, 36, 36c 84 Davycottus setiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 676a 1867 Decapterus macarellus CXI, 383 909 decayr. Jurus CCCIXXY, 926 263 delayi, Iaurus VI, 21 48 dennyi, Liparis CCCXVII, 766, 766c 2124 dentaus, Apsilus CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCIV, 224 560 Paralichthys CCCLXXII, 922 2629 dentex, Brycon LXXXVI 1337 Osmerus LXXXVI 2492 Derichthys serpentinus CCCLIX, 870 </td <td>cypho, Xyrauchen</td> <td>XXXV, 88</td> <td></td>	cypho, Xyrauchen	XXXV, 88	
variegatus CXI, CXII, 226, 296g 671 cyprinoides. CCXXVI, 786 2209 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 740 Dallia pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Damalichtys argyrosomus CCXXXII, 586 1509 Dasyatis sabina XIV, 36, 36a 84 Dasycottus setiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 936 1867 Decapterus macarellus CCLXXX, 936 909 decurrens, Pleuronichthys CCCLXXX, 936 2637 dennyl, Liparis CCCXVII, 786, 766c 2124 dentatus, Apsilus CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCIY, 254 560 Paralichthys CCCLXXII, 922 2629 dentex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LXXVII, 229 524 Derrichthys serpentinus CCCLX, 870 2492 Derrantolepis zanclus CCLXX, 870 2492 dermatolepis zanclus	cyprinella, Ictiobus	xxx,70	
cyprinoides, Lophogobius CCCXXVI, 786 2209 cyprinus, Carpiodes XXX, 71 168 Cypsilurus californicus CXIX, 319 740 Dallia pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Dasyatis sabina XIV, 36, 366 84 Dasyottus settiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 676s 1867 Decapterus uncarellus CXL, 383 909 decuyrens, Pleuronichthys CCCLXXV, 926 2637 dennyi, Liparis CCCXVII, 766, 766s 2124 dentus, Apsilus CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCIV, 254 560 Paralichthys CCCLXXII, 922 2629 dentex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LV, 142 343 dermatinus, Lycodapus CCCLIX, 870 2492 Dermatolepia zanclus CIX, 27, 276 645 diaphanus, Fundulus CCXL, 861 2472 diererus, Evertocottus CCXL, 706 1940	Cyprinodon carpio	CXII, 297	
cyprinus, Carpiodes. XXX, 71 168 Cypallurus californicus CXIX, 319 2740 Dallia pectoralis XCIX, 267 621 Damalichthys argyrosomus CCXXXII, 586 1509 Dasycottus setiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 676a 1867 Decapterus macarellus CXX, 383 909 decurrene, Pleuronichthys CCLXXX, 979 2037 dekayi, Isurus YI, 21 48 dennyi, Liparis CCXVII, 766, 766s 2124 dentatus, Apellus CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCIY, 254 590 Paralichthys CCLXXII, 922 2629 deutex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LV, 142 343 dermatinus, Lycodapus CCCLY, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CLXXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CIII, 275, 275a 645 diapterus, Furcimanus CCCLI, 861 2472 dicerans, Ceratocottus	cyprinoides. Lophogobius	CCCXXVI. 786	
Section	cyprinus, Carpiodes	XXX, 71	168
Dallia pectoralis	Cypsilurus californicus	CXIX, 319	740
Dannalichthys argyrosomus CCXXXII.586 1509 Dasyatis sabina XIV.36, 36e 84 Dasycottus setiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 676a 1867 Decapterus macarellus CXL, 383 909 decayrens, Pleuronichthys CCCLXXV, 926 2637 dekayi, Iaurus VI, 21 48 dennyi, Liparis CCCXVII, 766, 766c 212, 48 dennyi, Laparis CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCIV, 254 590 Paralichthys CCCLXKII, 922 2629 dentex, Brycon LXXXVI, 229 524 Osmerus LXXVI, 229 524 Derichthys serpentinus CCCLIV, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CCXLIY, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CIXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CIX, 25, 276a 645 dieeraus, Ceratocottus CCXCI, 760 1940		xcix. 267	
Dasyatis sabina XiV, 36, 36c 84 Dasycottus setiger CCC, 727 1991 decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLxxx, 676, 676a 1867 Decapterus macarellus CXL, 383 909 decurrens, Pleuronichthys CCLXXX, 926 2637 dekayi, Isurus CCCXVII, 766, 766a 2124 dennyi, Liparis CCXVII, 767, 766a 2124 dentatus, Apeilus CC, 522 1278 Grammatostomias XCIV, 254 590 Paralichthys CCLXXIII, 922 2629 dentex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LXXVII, 492 524 Derichthys serpentinus LV, 142 343 dermatinus, Lycodapus CCCLI, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CLXXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CIII, 275, 275a 645 dicerans, Ceratocottus CCCLI, 861 2472	Damalichthys argyrosomus		1509
decagrammus, Hexagrammos CCLXXX, 676, 6762 1867 18	Dasyatis sabina	xiv, 36, 36a	84
Decapterus macarellus	Dasycottus setiger		
decurrens, Pleuronichthys CCCLXX, 926 2637 48 48 48 49 49 49 49 49	Decapterus macarellus.		
dekayi, Isurus VI, 21 de dennyi, Liparis 24 dennyi, Liparis 2124 dentatus, Apsilus CCCXVII, 765, 766e, 2124 dentatus, Apsilus 1278 dentatus, Apsilus CC, 522 dentatus, Apsilus 1278 dentatus, Apsilus 262 dentatus, Apsilus, Apsilus 262 dentatus, Apsilus, Apsi	decurrens. Pleuronichthys		
CC, 522 1278	dekayi, Isurus	VI, 21	
Grammatostomias XCIV, 254 560 Paralichthys OCCLXXIII, 922 2629 dentex, Brycon LV, 141 337 Osmerus LXXXVI, 229 524 Derichthys serpentinus LV, 142 343 dermatinus, Lycodapus COCLIV, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CLXXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CII, 275, 275s 645 diapterus, Furcinanus CCCLI, 861 2472 dicerans, Ceratocotius CCCLI, 760 1940	dennyl, Liparisdontatus Angilus		
Paralichthys CCCLXXIII, 922 2629	Grammatostomias	XCIV. 254	
Derichthys serpentinus LXXXVI, 229 524 Derichthys serpentinus LVC L2 343 dermatinus Lycodapus CCCLIV, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CLXXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CCIII, 275, 2766 645 diapterus, Furcimanus CCCLI, 861 2472 diceraus, Ceratocottus CCXCI, 706 1940 CXCXI, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706 CXCXII, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706 CXCXII, 706 CXCXII, 706 CXCXII, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706 CXCXIII, 706 1940 CXCXII, 706	Paralichthys	OCCLXXIII, 922	2629
Derichthys serpentinus	dentex, Brycon	LV, 141	337
dermatinus. Lycodapus COCLIV, 870 2492 Dermatolepis zanclus CLXXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CIII, 275, 276s 645 diapterus. Furcinanus CCCLI, 861 2472 dicerans, Ceratocottus CCCLI, 706 1940	Derichthys sementinus	LXXXVI, 229 1.0 149	342
Dermatolepis zanclus CLXXXVI, 489 2854 diaphanus, Fundulus CIII, 275, 275a 645	dermatinus. Lycodapus		
diapterus. Furcimanus	Dermatolepis zanclus	CLXXXVI, 489	
diceraus, Ceratocottus CCXCI, 706 1940	diaphanus, Fundulusdiaphanus, Fundulus		
Dicrolene intronigra CCCLVIII, 882 2522	diceraus. Ceratocottus.		
	Dicrolene intronigra		

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Tex pag
icromita agasaizii	CCCLV, 874	250
lodon hystrix	CCLXVI, 647	17
iplectrum formosum	CXCI, 502	120
plesion blennioides	CLXX, 449 CCXVII, 555. 555a	100
spilas, Iridio	CCXL, 602	150
decaedron, Occa	CCCVIII, 743	20
lichogaster, Pholis	CCCXLII, 881	24
olomieu, Micropterus	CLXII, 430, 430a	10
ormitator maculatus	CCCXXIV, 782 CCCXXIV, 781	21 21
orosoma cepedianum	LX1X, 183	4
raalia. Microspathodon	CCXXXVI, 594	15
Seriola	CXXXIX, 380	9
vii. Anableps ummond-hayi, Epinephelus	CXIII, 300	6
ummond-nayl, Epinephelus	CLXXXIII, 484 CXXXIX, 379	11
igesii, Adinis	CVIII, 290	6
Alganeca	XL, 98	2
Ameiurus	xxvi, 59, 59a. 5 9 b	1
deis, Rhinichthys	LII. 182	3
quesnii, Placopharynx	XXXIII, 82 CCCLXV, 900	25
cheneis naucrates	cocxxix, 796	22
montis, Ahlia	LX, 158	3
retta Bellator	CCCXXI, 773	21
genmanni, Evarra	LJ, 131	3
Sebastodes	CCLXXI, 658	17
anura forficataassodon, Hippoglossoides	CCLXXXIX, 701 CCCLXXII, 920	20
assoma evergladei	CLIII, 414	9
egana evidea. Gibbonaia	CCCXXXVI, 815	23
leginus navaga	CCCLX, 888	25
léutria Disoria	cccxxv, 783	22
ongatus, Cycleptus	XXX, 72 LIX, 156	1 3
Ophidion	CCLXXXII, 681	18
lops saurus	LXVII, 178	. 4
mblemaria atlantica	CCCXL, 826	24
mblematicus, Scarus	CCXLV, 614	16
mbryum, Blennicottus	ccciii, 734	20 28
Inbryx crotalinus	CCCXLVIII, 851	24
miliæ, Opeopæodus	XLIV, 109	2
mmeekia venusta	CCXL, 603	16
mmelane, Averruncus	CCC1X, 749, 749a CX, 294—294d	20
supetrichthys merriami	CCCLXVII, 907	25
anescanthus gloriosus	CLVIII. 422	- 0
nneanectes carminalis	CLVIII, 422 CCCXXXVI, 814	23
nophrys bison	CCXCI, 705	19
Intosphenus tridentatus	I, 4	١,,
Spinephelus adscensionis	CLXXXII, 482 CLXXXIII, 484	11
morio	CLXXXIV, 485	lii
moriostriatus	CLXXXIII. 483	11
pinnula magistralia	CXXXV, 371	8
ques lanceolatus	CCXXVI, 575	14
riarcha, Eurystole	CXXV, 339 Li, 120	8
rimyzon sucetta	XXXVI, 89	1
rinacea. Raia	1x. 29	-
rotelis smaragdus	CCCXXV, 785	22
Secolar violaceus	CXXXV, 370	8 28
Salopearum jordani	сжин, 335	₹ 7 28
Etelis oculatus	CCI, 524 CCCXXVIII, 792	12
theostoma, Aboma		22
Sheesloma camurum	CLXXII, 456	10
cinereum iowæ	CLXXIII, 457 CLXXIV, 460	10
jessiæ	CLXXIV, 461	10

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page
Etheostoma jordani	CLXXIII, 458	107
Juliæ	CLXXVI, 466	109
lepidogenys	CLXXIV, 462	108
obeyensepagei	CLXXV, 463 CLXXV, 464	109 109
pottali	CLXXIII, 459	108
virgatum	CLXXV, 465	109
Etropus crossotus	CCCLXXXVI, 946	268
rimosus	CCCLXXXV, 945	268
Eupomacentrus rectifrenum	CCXXXIII, 589	155 317
Eupomotis euryorus	CLXI, 428	100
gibbosus	CLXI, 429	100
ouryorus, Eupomotis	CLXI, 428	100
Eurystole eriarcha	CXXV, 3 39	80
Evarra eigenmanni	Li, 131	30
svergladei, Elassoma	CLIII, 414 CCXCII, 707	98 194
overmanni, Cottus	cxxv, 340	80
Evermannia zosterura	CCCXXIX, 794	225
evides. Gibbonsia elegans	CCCXXXVI, 814	235
Hadropterus	CLXVII, 440	103
evionthas, Quassiremus	LXIV, 167	38
volans, Prionotus	CCCXX, 772	216
Evoplites viridisEvoxymetopon tænistus	CXCVI, 514 CXXXVI, 372	124
Exerpes asper	CCCXXXVII, 818	236
exilis, Schilbeodes	XXVIII, 65	14
Exocætus volitans	CXVIII, 318	73
Exoglossum maxillingua	Liv, 140	32
Exonautes exsiliens	CXVIII, 316	₹ 73 283
rondeletii	CXVIII. 317	{ 73 283 ₁ 75
exsiliens, Exonautes	CXVIII, 316	283
faber, Chætodipterus	CCXLVII, 619	166
fabricli, Centroscyllium	VIII, 26	54 31
falcata, Agosiaphenax, Mycteroperca	Liii, 135 CLXXXVIII, 495	118
falcatus, Trachinotus	CXLVI, 396	94
facciatus Achiens	CCCLXXXVII, 948	270
avosus, Bathygadus	COCLEVII, 908	256
Blennius	CCCXXXVIII, 820	238
Felichthys feliselis, Felichthys	xxIII, 52 xxIII, 52	11 11
erox, Alepisaurus	xcv. 257 '	59
Stomias	XCIV, 253	58
ferruginea, Limanda	CCCLXXVII, 929	264
fimbria, Anoplopoma	CCLXXIX, 674	1863
Flammeo marianus	CXXXI, 359	852 287
lavescens, Perca	CLXV, 435	102
iavidus, Apodichthys	CCCXLI, 830 CXX, 323	2411 75-
Aulorhynchus Congrellus	LVIII, 150	
lavus. Noturus	xxvii, 63	144
lavus, Noturus loræ, Neoliparis	cccxv, 762	2111
loridæ, j ordanelia	. схи, 298	
Fodiator acutus	CXVII, 315	726 531
otens, Synodus	LXXXVIII, 236 CLXXVII, 470	110
onticola, Microperca	LXXXII. 218	50
forficata, Elanura	LXXXII, 218 CCLXXXIX, 701 CXIV, 302	1930
orficata, Elanura formosa, Heterandria	CXIV, 302	68
formosum, Diplectrum	CXCI, 502	120
francisci, Gyropleurodus	111, 9	140
renatus, Brachyistius	CCXXIX, 580	149 207
Sarritor	CCCX, 751 CCCL, 856	246
ulvus, Physiculus	CCCLXIII, 896	254
punctatus, Bodianus	CLXXXII. 481	114
funduloides, Fundulus	CVI, 282	65
Fundulus albolineatus	cv, 281	64

rundalus catenatus chrysotus disphanus funduloides goodei heteroclitus jenkinsi lucis macdonaldi majalis motatus nottii geellaris
disphanus funduloides goodei betercelitus jenkinsi lucis macdonaldi majalis notatus
funduloides goodei heteroclitus jenkinsi lucis macdonaldi majalis motatus
goodei heteroclitus jenkinsi lucis macdonaldi majalis notatus
heteroclitus jenkinsi lucise macdonaldi majalis notatus
heteroclitus jenkinsi lucise macdonaldi majalis notatus
jenkinsi lucise macdonaldi majalis notatus
lucise macdonaldi majalis motatus
macdonaldi
majalis notatus nottii
notatus nottii
nottii
pallidus
pulvereus
rathbuni
meminolis
stellifer
zebrinus
urcatus, Ictalurus
Phanerodon
arcifer, Paranthias
Furcimanus dispterus
uriosus, Schilbeodes
usiformia, Boleichthys
Gadus callarias
gairdneri, Salmo
Gairdropearus argentatus
galacturus, Notropis
raleatus, Gymnocanthus
Galeichthys azureus
gilberti
Galeorhinus zyopterus
Gambusia affinis
Garmannia paradoxa
Garrupa nigrita
Gasterosteus aculeatus
cataphractus
Gastrostomus bairdii
comma Hypoplectrus
gemmifer, Astronesthes
Germa alalunga
Gerres olisthostomus
Gibbonsia elegans evides
gibbosus, Enpomotis
gilberti, Galeichthys
Cilbert die einelisten
Gilbertidia signities
gilli, Avocettina
Personian
Linogenee
Neohythites
glacialis, Liopsetta
glauca, Prionace
glaucus, Trachinotus
glesne, Regalecus
globosa, Lyosphæra
gloriosus, Enneacanthus
Gnathypops maxillosa
gobloides, Hypsicometes
Gobius hastatus
oceanicus
stigmaticus
us aculeatus cataphractus nus bairdii poplectrus Astronesthes unga tthoetomus elegans evides Zupomotis aleichthys hilbeodes bhastodes locentra sigolutes ettina ogrigas mimus genys genys toma cirratum iopsetta ionsee raschinotus galecus yosphiera Enneacanthus se maxillosa Hypsicometes ttatus eanicus gmaticus

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page
goodei, Ptilichthys	CCCXLVII, 848	2453
gorbuscha, Oncorbynchus	LXXVII, 205	478
gracile, Peristedion	cccxx11, 776	
gracilia, Aldrovandia	XCVIII, 263	610
beryllina, Menidia Photonectes	CXXIV, 338	. 797 . 591
Platygobio	XCV, 255	320
grullator, Benthosaurus	LIV, 139 LXXXIX, 237	543
(iramma loreto	CXCIII, 508	122
grammaticus, Chlorichthys	CCX1.1, 614	1610
Grammatostomias dentatus	xciv, 254	500
Grammicolepis brachiusculus	CLII, 410	974
grandicornis, Scorpæna	ССLXXVIII, 671 СССXVI, 7 63, 763 ¢	1850
greeni, Neoliparisgriseus, Catostomus	XXXI, 75	2113 175
Hexanchus	11,8	11
Hexanchus grunniens, Aplidonotusguacamaia, Pseudoscarus	CCXXVI, 574	1484
guacamaia, Pseudoscarus	CCXLVI, 617	1657
gulosus, Chænobryttus	CLVII, 421	992
gunnelliformis, Asternopteryx	CCCX1 111, 834	2420
gunnellus, Pholis	CCCXLII, 832	2419
guntheri, Aspidophoroides	CCCXII, 755, 755a, 755b	2090
Hoplopagrus	CLXVII, 439	1033 1244
guttatus, Percopsis	CXCVI, 513 CXXI, 329	784
nttifer, Ophichthus	LXIV, 168	383
() vmnelis viridis	CCCLII, 864-864c	2479
Tymnocanthus galestus	ccc1, 730	2010
pistilliger	ceci. 729, 729a, 729b	2006
ymnosarda alleterata	CXXXIV, 866	866
Syropleurodus francisci	ш, 9	20
Hadropterus aspro	CLXVI, 488	1082
evidesguntheri	CLXVII, 440 CLXVII, 439	1039
macrocephalus	CLXVI, 487	1031
scierus	CLXVII, 441	1037
Hæmulon album	CCIII, 528	1295
macrostomum	CCIV. 5230	1296
parra	CCIV, 580 CCV, 582	1297
plumieri	ccv, 532	1304
arengus, Clupea	CCV, 581 LXX, 185	1303
Harriota raleighana	xix, 42	421 96
astatus, Gobius	CCCXXVI, 788	2229
elleri. Xiphophorus	CXV, 304	701
Iemianthias vivanus	CXCII, 505	1223
Iemicaranx amblyrhynchus	CXLI, 386	912
emilepidotus, Hemilepidotus	CCXC, 704, 704a, 704b	1935
demilopidotus hemilopidotusjordani	CCXC, 704, 704a, 704b	1935 1934
Jemirhamphus brasiliensis	CCXC, 703	722
Iemitripterus americanus	CXVII, 313 CCCV, 738	2023
emphillii, Stathmonotus	CCCXL, 827	2407
enshawi, Salmo clarkii	LXXIX, 208	§ 493
1		2819
entz, Hypsobiennius	CCCXXXIX, 823	2390
Iermosilla azurea	CCXIX, 558	1383
leterandria formosaeteroclitus, Fundulus	CXIV, 302 CII, 278	687
feterodontus philippii	111, 10	640
exagrammos decagrammus	CCLXXX, 676, 676a	1867
octogrammus	CCLXXX, 677	1869
Otakii	CCLXXXI, 680	1867
stelleri	CCLXXXI, 678	1871
superciliosus	CCLXXXI, 679	1872
lexanchus griseus	II, 8	19
liodon selenopstergisus	LXVIII, 181	414
tergisus	LXVIII, 180	413 777
zosteræ	CXXI, 327 CXXI, 328	778
	VAA1, 920	
linpoglossoides elassodon	CCCLXXII 920 I	2011
Hippoglossoides elassodon	CCCLXXII, 920 CCCLXXII, 919	2615 2614

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Lanumiu magalotia	cr v 498	1002
Lepomis megalotis	CLX, 426 CLX, 427	
Lepophidium marmoratum	CCCLIII, 866	2482
profundorumLeptocephalus caudilimbatus	сссын, 867 Lvii, 149	2484 855
conger	LVII, 148	354
Leptocottus armatus	CCC11, 782	2012
Leptops olivarislepturus, Anarhichas	XXVII, 62 CCCXLVII. 847	2447
Trichiurus	CXXXVII, 375	889
Letharchus volifer Lethotremus muticus	LXI, 160 CCCXIII, 758	375 2101
vinolentus	CCUXIV, 759	2101
Louciscus balteatus	XLII, 105, 105a	238
bicolorhydrophlox	xli, 102 xlii, 104	232
lineatus	XLI, 103	232
siuslawiLeuroglossus stilbius	XLIII, 106 LXXXVII, 238	2797 527
Limanda aspera	CCCLXXVII, 930	2645
beanii	CCCLXXVIII, 932	2646
ferruginea	CCCLXXVII, 929 CCCLXXVIII, 931	2644 2645
lineatus, Achirus	CCCLXXXVI, 947	2697
Leuciscus	XLI, 103	232
RocensLiopsetta giacialis	CLXXX, 478 CCCLXXX, 935	1132 2649
putnami	CCCLXXX, 936	2650
liorus, Chasmistes	xxxiv, 85	183
Liparis agassizii	CCCXVII. 765 CCCXVI, 764, 764 <i>a</i>	2121
dennyi	CCCXVII, 766, 766a	2124
Lipogenys gillii	xcix, 266	619
Lobotes surinamensislockingtoni, Icichthys	CXCIV, 510 CLI, 406	1235 969
longianathum Peristedion	CLI, 406 CCCXXI, 775	2178
Lophius piscatorius. Lophogobius cyprinoides. Lophogoetta maculata	CCCLXXXVIII; 952 CCCXXVI, 786	2713 2209
Lophousetta maculata	CCCLXXXII, 938	2660
wreto, Gramma	CXCIII, 508	1229
Lota maculosa	CCCLXIV, 897 CCCLXIII, 895	2550 2546
Lucania parva	C1x, 292	665
luciæ. Fundulus	· CVII, 286	654
lucida, Æthoproralucius, Lucius.	XCII, 246 (°, 269, 269a	565 628
Lucius lucius	С, 269, 269а	628
masquinongyLumpenus lampetræformis	C, 270 CCCXLIV, 840	629 2488
mackayi	CCCXLIV, 889	2436
lumpus, Cyclopterus	сссхии, 757	2096
lupus, Anarhichas	сссхілі, 846 сссі, 260—860d	2446 2471
verrillii	CCCLI. 859	2470
Lycodalepis polaria	CCCL, 857	2468
turneriLycodapus dermatinus	CCCL, 858 CCCLIV, 870	2469 2492
Lycodes frigidusperspicillum	cccl. 856	2465
perspicillumreticulatus	CCCI., 855 CCCXLIX, 854	2465 2465
zoarchua	CCCXLIX, 853	2464
Lycodontis moringa. Lycodonus mirabilis	LXV. 171	395
Lyconoctes aleutensis	CCCLII, 862 CCCXLVI, 844	2474 2444
Lyconema barbatum	CCCLII, 863	2474
Lyoanhara globosa	CCLXVII, 649, 649a	1751
Lythrulon opalescens macarellus, Decapterus	CCVII, 536 CXL, 383	1312 909
macdonaidi, Funduius	CVI, 283	651
Nannobrachium	xci, 245 xlix, 123	563
Notropis		(497
Salmo clarkii	LXXXI, 214	2819
macellus, Prionistius	CLXXXIX, 700	. 1928

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
iowæ, Etheostoma	CLXXIV, 460	1083
Ipnops murrayi	LXXXIX. 239	
irideus, Salmo	LXXXI, 216	500
Iridio bivittatus	CCXXXIX, 601	1595
dispilus radiatus	CCXL, 602	1597 1590
ischyra, Inopsetta	CCXXXIX, 600 CCCLXXVI, 927	2641
Istiophorus nigricans	CXXXVII, 376	891
lsurus dekayi	VI. 21	48
itaiara, Promicrops	CLXXXV, 487, 487a, 487b	1162
isok. Myoxocephalus	ccxcvi, 719	1977
japonicus, Arcioscopus jenkinsi, Fundulus	cccxxxiii, 807	2297
jenkinsi, Fundulus	CVI, 284	651
jessiæ, Etheostoms	CLXXIV, 461 CCII, 526	1084 1285
Jordanella floridæ	CXII, 298	677
jordani, Caulophryne	CCCXC1, 957	2735
	•	793
Eslopsarum	CXXIII, 335	2840
Etheostoma	CLXXIII, 458 CCXC, 703	1079
Hemilepidotus	ccxc, 703	1934
Mycteroperca	CLXXXVIII, 493	1176
Pantosteus	XXXI, 73	171
Ronquilus	CCCXXXII, 803	2289
Jordania zonôpe	CCLXXXII, 683 CXXVIII, 348	1884 821
juliæ, Etheostoma	CLXXVII, 466	1093
kanawha, Notropis	XLVI, 115	264
Kathetostoma albigutta	CCCXXXIV, 809, 809a	2312
kendalli, Verma	LX, 159, 159a	375
Kirtlandia vagrans	CXXIV, 336	794
klamathensis, Agosia	LII, 133	3144
Cottus	cexeni, 710	1955
Kuhlia rupestria	CLXIII, 432	432
Kyphosus sectatrix	CCXIX, 559 LIX, 155	1387 368
elongatus	LIX, 156	369
lacera, Lagochila	XXXVIII. 94, 94¢	199
Lachnolaimus maximus	CCXXXVII, 597	1579
Lactophrys bicaudalis	CCLXII, 639, 639a, 639b	1723
tricornis	. CCLX1, 638	1724
trigonus	CCLXIII, 640, 640a	1723
triqueter	CCLXI. 637	1722 1728
lævigatus, LactophrysLagocephalus lævigatus	CCLXIII, 641 CCLXIII, 641	1728
Lagochila lacera	XXXVIII, 94, 94a	199
Lagodon rhomboides	CCXV, 552	1358
lalandi, Seriola	CXL, 382	903
lamia, Carcharhinus	V, 17	38
Lamna cornubica	VI. 22	49
Lampadena speculigera	XCI, 244	561
Lampanyctus crocodilus	XCI. 243	558
spadices	11, 5 11, 6	13 13
lampetræformis, Lumpenus	CCCXLIV, 840	2438
lanceolatus, Eques	CCXXVI, 575	1489
lanceolatus, Eques	ccxxi, 565	1421
laticeps, Megalocottus	CCXCIX, 725, 725a	1988
latitrons, Anarhichas	CCCXLVI, 845	2446
latipinnis, Catostomus.	XXXI, 74	174
latus, Caranx	CXLII, 389	921
Leiocottus hirundoleiopomus, Cottus	CCCII, 731 CCXCIV, 712	2011 1962
Leiostomus xanthurus	CCXXIII, 569	1458
Lemonema barbatulum	CCCLXVI, 904	2556
melanurum	CCCLXVI, 905	2557
lentiginosus, Rhinobatuslepidogenys, Etheostoma	viii, 28; ix, 28a, 28b	62
lepidogenys, Etheostoma	CLXXIV, 462	1087
Lepidopsetta bilineata	CCCLXXVI, 928	2643
Lepidopus caudatusLepisosteus platostomus	CXXXVI, 373	886 110
tristechus	XXII, 49 XXII, 50	111
Lepomis auritus	CLIX, 425, 425a	1001

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Lepomis megalotis	CLX, 426 CLX, 427	1002 1005
pallidusLepophidium marmoratum	CCLIII, 866	2482
profundorum	cccliii, 867	2484
Leptocephalus caudilimbatus	LVII, 149 LVII, 148	35 5 35 4
Leptocottus armatus		2012
Leptops olivaris	xxv11, 62	148
lepturus, Anarhichas	CCCXLVII. 847 CXXXVII, 375	2447
Letharchus velifer	LXI, 160	375
Let hotremus muticus	сссхии, 758	2101
vinolentus	CCCXIV, 759 XLII, 10 5 , 105 <i>a</i>	210)
Leuciscus balteatus	XLII, 103, 1034 XLI, 102	232
hydrophlox	XLII, 104	238
lineatus	XLI, 103	232
siuslawiLeuroglossus stilbius	XLIII, 106 LXXXVII, 238	27 97 527
Limanda aspera	CCCLXXVII, 930	2645
beanii	CCCLXXVIII, 932	2616
ferruginea	CCCLXXVII, 929 CCCLXXVIII, 931	2644 2645
proboscidea	CCCLXXVII, 931	2697
Leuciscus	XLI, 103	232
Roccus	CLXXX, 478	1132
Liopsetta glacialis	CCCLXXX, 935	2649 2650
liorus, Chasmistes	XXXIV, 85	183
Liparis agassizii	CCCXVII. 765	2121
cyclopus	CCCXVI, 764, 764a CCCXVII, 766, 766a	2118
dennyi	XCIX, 266	2124 019
Lobotes surinamensis	cxciv, 510	1235
lockingtoni, Icichthys	CL1, 406	969
longispathum, Peristedion	CCCLXXXVIII; 952	2178 2713
Lophins piscatorius. Lophogobius cyprinoides Lophopeetta maculata	CCCXXVI, 786	22(9
Lophopeetta maculata	ccclxxxii, 988	2660
loreto, Gramma	CXCIII, 508 CCCLXIV, 897	1229 2550
Lota maculosa	CCCLXIII, 895	2546
Lucania parva	CIX, 292	665
Incin Fundulus	cvii, 286	654
lucida, Ethoproralucius, Lucius.	XCII, 246 C, 269, 269a	565 628
Lucius lucius	c, 269, 269a	628
masouinongy	С, 270	629
Lumpenus lampetræformis	CCCXLIV, 840 CCCXLIV, 839	2438 2436
mackayilumpus, Cyclopterus	CCCXIII, 757	2096
lupus. Anarhichas	CCCXLVII, 846	2446
Lycenchelys paxillus	cccli, 860_860d	2471 2470
verrillii	CCCLI. 859 CCCL, 857	2468
turneri	CCCL, 858 CCCLIV, 870	2469
Lycodapus dermatinus	CCCLIV, 870	2492
Lycodes frigidusperspicillum	ссс і. 856 сссі, <mark>85</mark> 5	2465 2465
reticulatus	CCCXLIX, 854	2465
zoarchus	CCCXLIX, 853	2464
Lycodontis moringa	LXV. 171 CCCLII. 862	395 2474
Lycodonus mirabilis Lyconectes aleutensis	cccxlvi, 844	2444
Lyconema barbatum	ccclii, 863	2474
I voenhere globoss	CCLXVII, 649, 649a	1751
Lythrulon opaloscens macarellus, Decapterus macdonaldi, Fundulus	CCVII, 536 CXL, 383	1312 909
macdonaldi. Fundulus	CVI, 283	651
Nannodrachium	xci, 245	563
Notropis	XLIX, 123	284
Salmo clarkii	LXXXI, 214	497 2819
macellus, Prionistius	CCLXXXIX, 700	1928

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Tex page
mackayi, Lumpenus	CCCXLIV, 839	243
mackenzii, Stenodus	LXXVII, 204	47
macrocephalus, Hadropterus macrocheilus, Catostomus macrochir, Aldrovandia	CLXVI, 437	103
macrochemus, Catostomus	xxxiii, 81 xcviii, 262	60
macrognathum, Opisthognathus	CCCXXI, 800, 800s	22
macrolepis, Pontinus	CCLXXVIII, 672	185
macrophthalmus. A prion	CCI, 523	12
macrops, Citharichthys	CCCLXXXV, 944	268
macropterus. Centrarchus	CLV, 417	95
macrostomum, Hæmulon	cciv, 529	125
maculata, Lophopsetta	CCCLXXXII, 938	264
maculatofasclatus, Paralabrax	CXC, 498	119
Cryptacanthodes	CXX, 324	24
Dormitator	CCCXLV, 843 CCCXXIV, 782	
Notorhynchus	11,7	,
Scomberomorus	CXXXIV, 368	87
Spheroides	CCLXIV, 644	173
_Upeneus	CXXXII, 362	8
naculosa, Lota	CCCLXIV, 897	25.
naculosus, Oligocottus	соси, 733	20
madeirensis, Ceratoscopelus	XC, 242	23
næandricus, Caularchus nagistralis, Epinnula	COCXXXV, 812 CXXXV, 371	H
najalis, Fundulus	Ct 271 271a 271b	6
Malacosteus niger	CI, 271, 271a, 271b XCV, 256	5
nalardi. Uralentus	CCCLXII, 894	25
maliger, Subastodes	CCLXXIV, 664	18
Laliotus viliosus	LXXXV, 225	5
nalma, Salvelinusnanatinus, Barathrodemus	LXXXII, 219	5
nanatinus, Barathrodemus	CCCLVII, 880	25
Mancalias shufeldti	cccxc, 955	27
Manta birostrisnarconis, Hybopsis sestivalis	XVIII, 39	9
narginata, Rissola	Litt, 136 CCCLitt, 868	24
narginatus, Neobythites	CCCLVII, 878	25
Symphurus	OCCLXXXVII, 949	27
narianus, Flammeo		' 8
darianus, riaminos	CXXXI, 350	ի 28
narinus, Petromyzon	I. 8	1
Sebastes	CCLXVIII, 652	17
narmoratum, Lepophidium	CCCLIII, 866	24
narmoratus, Scorpenichthys	CCLXXXIII, 685	18
nasquinongy, Lucius	c, 270 ccclxiii, 895	25
naxillingua, Exoglossum	LIV, 140	3
naxillosa, Gnathypops	CCCXXXI, 801	22
naximus, Cetorhinus	V11, 23	
Lachnolaimus	ecxxxvii, 597	15
neadire, Ulocentra	CLX1X, 447	28
neanyi, Ruscarius	CCLXXXV, 690	19
neadiæ, Ulocentra neanyi, Ruscarius Medialuna californiensis	CCXX, 560	13
nediocris, Pomolouus	LXXI, 188	4
nediterraneus, Hoplostethus	CXXX, 354 CXLIII, 390	8
nedusicola, Caranx	CLI, 407	9
fegalocottus laticena	CCXCIX. 725, 725a	19
platy cephalus	CCXCIX, 724, 724a	19
negalotis, Lepomis	· CLX, 426	10
felanogrammus ægletinus	CCCLXI, 892, 892a	25
relanops. Minytrema	XXXVI, 90	1
Sehastodes	CCLXIX, 654	17
elanostictus, Psettichthys	CCCLXXIII, 921	26
felanostigma pammelas	CCCLII, 865	24 25
nelanurum, Lemonema	CCCLXVI, 905 XXVI, 60	25
nelas, Ameiurus	CCLXXXIX, 702	19
fanidia gracilia hervllina	CXXIV, 338	7
peninsulæ	CXXIV, 337	7
ienticirrhus americanus	CCXXV. 572	14
Merluccius productus nerriami, Empetrichthys	CCCLIX, 884 CX, 294-294d	253

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Mesogonistius chætodon	CLVIII, 423	993
metallicus, Notropismicrodon, Pseudotriakis	L, 128 IV, 14	29
Microgadus proximus	CCCLX, 889	253
tomcod	CCCLX, 890	254
Microlepidotus inornatus	CCX, 542 XXXIX, 96	134
microlepidotus, Orthodon microlepis, Mycteroperca	CLXXXVIII, 494	117
Microperca toniicola	CLXXVII. 470	110
Micropogon undulatus	CCXXIV, 570	146
microps, Caulolatilus	CCCXXX, 799 CLXII, 430, 430¢	227 101
salmoides	CLXIII, 431	101
Microspathodon bairdii	CCXXXV, 592	156
chrysurusdorsalis	CCXXXVI, 598 CCXXXVI, 594	156 156
milberti. Galeichthys	XXIII, 53	. 12
miles, Porogadus miniatum, Peristedion	CCCLVIII, 881	252
miniatum, Peristedion	OCCXXI, 774	217
miniatus, Sebastodes	CCLXXIII, 662 CCXXVIII, 578	179
Minytrema melanops	xxvi, 90	18
mirabilis, Lycodonus	occlii, 862	247
miurus, Schilbeodes	XXIX, 68	175
mola, Mola	CCLXVII, 650 CCLXVII, 680	175
Monacanthus ciliatus	CCLIX, 633	. 171
hispidus	COLIX, 634	171
mone. Stephanoberyx	CXXIX, 358 CCCXII, 756, 756a	83 209
monoptery gius, Aspidophoroides	CCLXXIX, 675	186
montanus, Thymallus tricolor	LXXXIV, 224, 224a	11 51
menticola, Agonostomus	CXXVII, 347	287 81
mordax, Osmerusmoringa, Lycodontis	LXXXVI, 228	52 39
morio, Epinephelus.	LXV, 171 CLXXXIV, 485	116
Morope americana	CLXXXI, 479	113
Moxostoma austrinum	XXXVII, 92	19
congestumrupiacartes	XXXVI, 91 XXXVII. 93	19 19
mucosus, Neoliparis	OCCXV. 761, 761a	211
Mugil cephalus	CXXVI, 343	81
curemahospes	CXXVI, 344 CXXVII, 845	81:
mulieri, Pempheris	CLIII, 412	97
Mulloides rathbuni	CXXXII, 361	85
Mullus anratusmultifasciatus, Pronotogrammus	CXXXII, 360	85
murana, Calechelys	CXCII, 506 LXIII, 164	122
Murana insularum	LXV, 172	40
retifers	LXVI, 178	40
murrayi, Ipnops	LXXXIX, 289	54° 233
muticus, Lethotremus	CCCXXXV, 813 CCCXIII, 758	210
Mycteroperca bonaci	CLXXXVII, 492	117
boulengerifalcata phenax	CLXXXVII, 490 CLXXXVIII, 495	117
jordani	CLXXXVIII, 493	118 117
microlepis	CLXXXVIII, 494	117
Venenosa	CLXXXVII, 491	117
Myctophum opalinum Mylochellus caurinus	XCII, 247 XL, 99	57 21
myops, Trachinocephalus	LXXXVIII, 235	53
myoxocephalus æneus	CCXCV, 715, 715a	197
axillarisjaok	се хсун, 721 ес хсун, 719 ес хсун, 723	198
niger	CCACVI, 719	197 198
octodecimspinosus	. CCXCVI, 717	197
polyacanthocephalus	CCXCVL 718	197
scorpius	CCXCV. 716	197
stelleri	(CXCVIII, 722, 722a, 722b	198

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
panamensis, Azevia	OCCLXXXIV, 942	2671
Pantosteus jordani	**XI,73	171
pantostigmius, Myrichthys	lxii, 162 cclxxxix, 702	2802 1932
papilio, Melletes	CCCLXXXIII, 941	2671
naradova Garmannia	CCCXXVII, 790	2231
paradoxus, Psychrolutes	COCVI, 740	2026
Paralabrax humerans	CXC, 499	1196
Paralepis coregonoides Paralichthys dentatus	CXC, 498 XCVI, 260	1196 602
Paralichthya dentatus	CCCLXXIII, 922	2629
	CCCLXXIV, 924	2632
squamilentus	CCCLXXIV, 923	2631
Paranthias furcifer	excii, 504	1221
parasiticus, Simenchelyspardus, Opsanus	LVI, 144 cccxxxv, 810	349 2316
parmatus, Setarches	CCLXXIX, 673	1860
parra, Hæmulon	CCIV, 530	
parræ, Clepticus	сс ххх ун г, 59 9	1586
paru, Peprilus	CL, 404 CIX, 292	965
parva, Lucania paxillus, Lycenchelya	CIX, 292	665
paximus, Lyconchelys	CCCLI, 860, 860a, 860b, 860c, 860d VIII, 27	2471 60
pectinatus, Pristis pectoralis, Dallis	xcix. 267	621
Nematistius	CXXXVIII, 377	895
pellucida clara, Ammocrypta	CLXXII, 454	1063
Pempheris mulleri	CLIII, 412	978
poeyipeninsulæ, Bascanichthys	CLIII, 413	979 379
Menidia	LXIII, 166, 166a CXXIV, 337	797
enna Calamus	CCXIV, 549	1354
enna, Calamus	CL, 404	965
Perca flavescens	CLXV, 435	1023
Percina caprodes	CLXV, 486, 486a	1026
Percopeis guttatus	CXXI, 329 CCCXXII, 776	784 2179
Peristedion gracile	CCCXXI, 775	2178
miniatum	CCCXXI, 774	2178
platycephalum	CCCXXII, 777. 777a	2180
perplexus, Cottus	CCXCIII. 709	1955
perspicillum, Lycodes	CCCL 855 : LXXIV, 196 :	2465
erthecatus, Stolephorus	1.3	10
Phanerodon furcatus	ccxxx, 583	1506
phasganorus, Notacanthus	xcviii, 265	616
Phenacobius uranops	LI, 130 '	304
phenax, Myoteroperca falcata	CLXXXVIII, 495 CXCI, 501	1185 1201
hilippii. Heterodontus	III, 10	
Philyphus dormitor	CCCXXIV, 781	2194
Pholis dolichogaster	CCCXLII, 831	2416
guunellus	CCCXLII, 832	2419
ornatus	CCCXLII, 833 XCV, 255	2419
Physiculus fulvus	CCCLXIII, 896	591 2547
ichardi Joturus	CXXVIII, 348	821
pichardi, Joturus pictus, Chaunax	COCLXXXIX, 953	2726
Oxviedius	CCLXXXII, 682	1878
pigmentarius, Apogon	CLXXVIII, 472	1109
pingeli, Triglops	CCXXXVIII, 598 CCLXXXVII. 696	1585 1923
pinnatus, Synaphobranchus	LVI, 146	351
inniger. Sehaatodea	CCLXXIII, 661	1793
niecatorina Londina	CCCLXXXVIII, 952 CCCXXV, 783	2713
pisonis, Eleotris Pisoodonophis cruentifer	CCCXXV, 783	2200
riscondonophis cruentiler	LXII, 163	377 2006
Placopharyny duquesnii	CCCI, 729, 729a, 729b XXXIII, 82	198
plaginas Semphirus	CCCLXXXVIII, 950	2710
	CCCLXXII, 919	2614
platessoides, Hippoglossoides		
plagiusa, Symphurus platessoides, Hippoglossoides Platichthys stellatus	CCCLXXXI. 937, 937a	2652
platessoides, Hippoglossoides Platichthys stellatus Platophrys ocellatus platorhynchus, Scaphirhynchus		2652 2663

		1
Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
platostomus, Lepisosteus	xx11, 49	110
platycephalum. Peristedion	cccxx11, 777, 777a	2180
platycephalus Ameiurus	XXVII, 61	142
Megalocottus	CCXCIX, 724, 724a	1987
Platygobio gracilis	LIV, 139	326
Plectromus crassiceps	CXXX, 356 CXXX, 355	84:
suborbitalis	· ·	841
pleuriticus, Salmo clarkii	LXXX, 211	2819
Pleurogrammus monopterygius	CCLXXIX, 675	1864
l'leuronectes quadrituberculatus	CCCLXXIX, 934	2648
Pleuronic hthys decurrens	CCCLXXV, 926	2637
plumieri, Hæmulon	ccv, 532	1304
pocatello, Catostomus	XXXII, 76 CCCIX, 746	175 2061
accipiter	CCCVIII 745, 745a	2055
veternus	eceviii, 745, 745a eceix, 747, 747a	2063
Pecilia presidionis	CXIV, 303	697
poeyi, Pempheris	OLIII, 418	979
Pogonias chromis	OCXXV, 573	1482
polaris, Lycodalepis	CCCL, 857	2468 2534
releases the conhelum Procetoms	CCCLIX, 886 CCCXLI, 828	2408
polyacanthocephalum, Bryostemapolyacanthocephalus, Myoxocephalus	ccxcvi, 718	1976
Polydect wine actonemus	CXXVIII, 350	830
Polyoden spathula	xx. 43, 43a	101
Polyprion americanus	. CLXXXI, 480, 480a	1139
Polypterus bichir	I, 2	:
Pomacanthus arcuatus	CCLI, 623 CCLII, 624	1679 1681
zonipectus Pomatomus saltatrix	OXLVIII, 400	946
Pomolobus æstivalis	LXXI, 190	426
chrysochloris	LXX, 187	425
mediocris	LXXI, 188	425
pecudoharengus	LXXI, 189	426
pomotis, Acantharchus	CLV, 418	989
Pomoxis annularis	CLIV, 415 CLIV, 416	987 987
Pontinus macrolepis	CCLXXVIII, 672	1855
Porichthys porosissimus	CCCXXXV, 811	2319
Porogadus miles	CCCLVIII, 881	2520
Poropotus triacanthus	CL, 405	967
porosissimus, Porichthys	CCCXXXV. 811	2319
pottsii, Etheostoma presidionis. Pæcilia	CLXXIII, 459 CXIV, 308	1082
presidenta Hypomesna	LXXXVI, 280	525
pretiosus, Hypomesus Priacanthus arenatus	CXCV, 511	1237
princeps, Cottus Prionace glauca	CCXCIV, 713	1962
Prionace glauca	IV, V, 16, 16a	33
Prionistius macellus	CCLXXXIX, 700	1928
Prionodes bulleri	CXCI, 503	1213 2159
carolinus	CCCXIX, 770 CCCXVIII, 768 CCCXX, 772 CCCXIX, 769	2156
evolans	CCCXX, 772	2168
scitulus	occxix, 769	2157
stearnsi	CCCXX, 771	2166
Prietis pectinatus	VIII, 27	60
probatocephalus, Archosargus	CCXVI, 554	1361
proboscides, Limanda proboscideus, Chænomugil	CCCLXXVIII, 931 CXXVII. 346	2645 816
procera, Venedica	LVIII, 152	365
productus, Merluccins	CCCLIX, 884	2531
profundorum, Lepophidium	CCCLIII. 867	2484
profundorum, Lepophidium Scylliorhinus	m, 11	22
Zesticelus	CCC, 726	1990
Promicrops itaiara	CLXXXV, 487, 487a, 487b	1162 1226
Prenotogrammus multifasciatus providens, Calamus	CXCII, 506 CCXIII, 547	1350
proximus, Microgadus	CCCLX, 889	2539
proximus, Microgadus Psettichthys melanostictus	OCCLXXIII, 921	2618
pseudoharengus, Pomolobus	LXXI, 189	425
pseudoharengus, Pomolobus Pseudopleuronectes americanus	CCCLXXIX, 933	2647
Pseudopriscanthus altus	cxcv, 512	1239

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Page
Pseuduscarus guacamaia	CCXLVI, 617	165
Pseudotriskis microdon	IV, 14 CCXLII, 60 7	16
paitticus, Xyrichthys	ccovi, 730	203
Psychromaster tuscumbia	CLXXVI, 467	110
Ptilichthys goodei	CCCXLVII, 848 XLI, 101	24.
pugetensis, Chitonotus	CCLXXXIII. 686	189
pulcher, Pimelometoponpulvereus, Fundulus	CCXXXVIII, 598 CVII, 285	156
punctatus, Bodianus fulvus	CLXXXII, 481	114
Ictalurus	xxv, 58	13
Stichæus	CCCXLV, 841 CCLVII, 630	243
ounctulatus, Cottus	сскси, 708	19
outnami, Llopsetta	COCLXXX, 936	26
ygmæa, Umbrauadracus, Apeltes	xcix, 268 cxx, 322	7:
uadricornis, Oncocottus	ccc, 728	200
uadrifilia, Bathypterois	LXXXIX, 238	54
uadrituberculatus, Pleuronectes	CCCLXXIX, 934 CCCLXXV, 925	26
uadrocellata, Ancylopsetta	LXIV, 167	3
uiescens, Copelandellus	CLXXVI, 468	110
Rabirubia inermis	CXCIX, 519 CXLVIII, 401	127
adiatus, Iridio	CCXXXIX, 600	156
Radulinus aeprellus	CCLXXXVII, 695	19:
boleoides	CCLXXXVII, 694 X, 31	191
erinacea	rx. 29	1
ocellata	1,30	ě
stellulata	XI, 32	. ?
aleighana, Harriota Ranzania truncata	XIX, 42 CCLXVIII, 651	. 9 . 175
aphidoma, Tylosurus	CXVI, 3 08	71
Rastrinus scutigerathbuni, Fundulus	CCLXXXVI, 691	194
Mulloides	CV, 280 CXXXII, 361	85
ectifrenum, Eupomacentrus	CCXXXIII, 589	f 175
, -		1317 133
eddingi, Orthopristis	CCIX, 540 CCCLXX, 916	
egalis, Cynoscion	CCXX, 562	140
Scomberomorus	CXXXV, 369	87 255
egins, Urophycis	CCCLXIV, 898 CCCXXX, 797, 797a	205 227
eticulatus, Lycodes	CCCXLIX, R54	246
etifera, Muræna	LXVI, 173	40
etrosella, Apogon Rhacochilus toxotes	CLXXVII, 471 CCXXXI, 584	110 150
Champhocottus richardsoni	CCCVII, 742, 742a, 742b, 742e	203
Shinichthys dulcis	LII, 132 j	30
thinobatus lentiginosusthinopters steindachneri	VIII, IX, 28, 28a, 28b XVII. 38, 38a	6
hodorus. Ascelichthys	cccv, 739	202
hombochirus osteochir	COCXXX, 798	227
homboides, Lagodon	ccxv, 552 cc, 521	135 127
chardsoni, Astronesthes	xciv, 252	58
Rhamphocottus	CCCVII, 742, 742a, 742b, 742c.	203
imator, Bathystoma	CCCXXXV, 813	130 233
imosus, Etropus	CCCLXXXV, 945	268
lissola marginata	CCCLIII, 868	
oberti, Hyporhamphus	CXXVII, 576 CXVII, 312	149 72
coccus chrysops	CLXXX. 477 '	113
lineatus	CLXXX, 478 CCXXIII, 568	113
loncador stearnsi	OCXXIII, 568 XC, 240	1457 548
ondeletii, Exonautes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(73
	CXVIII, 317	283

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
rosaceus. Zalembius	CCXXIX, 581	1500
rubicundus, Acipenser	xx1, 46	100
Нураурора	ccxxxiv, 591	1564
rupestre, Xiphidion	cccxliv, 838	2420
upestris, Ambloplites	CLVI, 419, 419a, 419b, 419c	99
KuhliaRupiscartes atlanticus	CLXIII, 432	239
upiscartes, Moxostoma	CCCXXXIX, 825 XXXVII, 93	19
Ruscarius meanyi	CCLXXXV, 690	190
Rutilna bicolor	XLIII, 107	24
Rypticus bistrispinus	CXCIV, 509	123
Aning Dagvaria	XIV, 36, 36a	9.
uburræ, Chasmodes Saccopharynx ampullaceus	CCCXXXIX, 824	239
Sagenichthys ancylodon	LXVI, 175 CCXXI, 564	141
aida, Borogadus	CCCLIX, 885	253
	•	49
Salmo clarkii bouvieri	LXXX, 212	281
hen sha wi	LXXIX, 208	281
macdoualdi	LXXXI, 214	{ 497
pleuriticus	LXXX, 211	1 496 2816
spilurus	LXXIX, 210	493 2819
stomias	LXXX, 213	1 49 281
virginalis	LXXIX, 209	{ 49: 281
gairdneriirideus	LXXXI, 215 LXXXI, 216	49
irideus	LXXXI, 216	500
salmoides, Micropterus	CLXIII, 431	101
saltatrix, Pomatomus	CXLVIII, 400	94
saludanus, Notropis hudsonius	XLVIII, 120 LXXXIII, 220	270 51
fontinalis	LXXXII, 228	50
malma	LXXII, 219	50
oquassa	LXXXIII, 221	51
sapidissima, Alosa	LXXII, 191	42
Sardinella humeralis*	LXXIII, 193	43
stolifera	LXXIII. 194	43
Sarritor frenatus	CCCX, 751	207
satiricus, Neoclinus	CCCXXXVI, 816	235
Oligoplites	LXVII, 178 CXXXVIII, 378	89
Scombresox	CXVII, 314	72
saxatilis, Abudefduf	CCXXXIV, 590	156
sayanus, Aphredoderus	CXXII, 331	78
Scaphirhynchus platorhynchus	XXI, 48	10
Scarus cæruleus	OCXLIV, 613	165
cozamilæ	CCXLIV, 612	164
emblematicus	CCXLV, 614	165
strongylocephalus	CCXLV, 615, 615a	
sceptions, Triglops	CCLXXXVIII, 698	192 97
Schedophilus medusophagus	CLI, 407 XXVIII, 65	14
furiosus	XXIX 69 69a 69b	i
gilberti	XXIX, 69, 69a, 69b XXVIII, 67, 67a, 67b	14
insignis	XXVIII, 66	14
miurus	XXIX, 68	14
nocturdus	, XXVII, 64	14
schmidtii, Hoplunnis	LVIII, 151	36
schepfi, Chilomycterus	CCLXVI, 648	174
Sciences coelletes	CCLX, 635 CCXXII, 567	171
Scienope ocellatus scierus, Hadropterus	CLXVII, 567	103
scitulus, Prionotus	CCCXIX, 768	213
sciurus, Hæmulon	ccv, 531	130
Scomber colias	CXXXIII, 364	86
	CXXXIII, 263	86
scombrus		
Scomberomorus maculatus	CXXXIV, 368	87

^{*}Plate by error labeled Surdinella sardina.

Scombresox sanus	Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Scorpena CXXXIII, 368 865	Scombreeov samme	CW1777 214	795
Seorgena brasilienais CCLXXVII. 689 1422 agrandicorais CCLXXVII. 689 1422 agrandicorais CCLXXVII. 680 1425 agrandicorais CCLXXVII. 670 1850 cCLXXVII. 680 cCLX	scombrus, Scomber		
grandicorais	Scorpæna brasiliensis		
Impates			
Scorpius hithys marmoratus CCLXXIII, 685 1889 1890 1807			
Scorpius, Myoxocephalas	Scorpæpichthys marmoratus		
ACTIPLE AINTERS CCLX, 635 1719 373 32014 3214	scorpius, Myoxocephalas	ccxcv, 716	
scutiger, Rastrinus CCLXXIVI, 691 1909	scripta, Alutera	CCLX, 63 6	
Seylliorhinus profundorum	scuticaris, Bascanichthys	LXIII, 165	
Sebasto marinus CLLXVIII, 552 1780 1790 1	Scullerhings profunderno	CCLXXXVI, 691	
Sebasto marinus CLLXVIII, 552 1780 1790 1	Scytalina cerdale	CCCXLVIII. 849. 849a. 849b	
Sebastodes alutus CLLXIII.600 Type	Sebastes marinus	CCLXVIII, 652	
Caurinis CCLXXIV, 663 1820 18	Sebastodes alutus	CCLXXII, 660	
Cliatus CLLXX, 655 1789			
eigemanni CCLXXI 656 1789 gilberti CCLXXV 656 1823 iopkinsi CCLXXV 656 1823 iopkinsi CCLXXV 656 1823 maliger CCLXXV 684 1822 melanops CCLXXV 684 1822 melanops CCLXXV 684 1822 melanops CCLXXV 684 1822 melanops CCLXXV 685 1784 mystinus CCLXXV 685 1784 mystinus CCLXXV 685 1784 mystinus CCLXXV 685 1784 pinniger. CCLXXV 685 1784 cCLXXV 686 1827 pinniger. CCLXXV 686 1827 cCLXXV 686 1827 sericeps CCLXXV 686 1827 cCXXV 686 1828 cCXXV 686 1827 cCXXV 686 1827 cCXXV 686 1827 cCXXV 686 1828 cCXXV 686 1827 cCXXV 686 1828 cCXXV 686			
gilberti CCLXX, 655 1823 iopkinsi CCLXXI, 659 1824 maliger CCLXXI, 654 1825 maliger CCLXXI, 654 1825 miniatus CCLXXI, 652 1744 mystimus CCLXXII, 662 1744 mystimus CCLXXII, 667 1827 pinniger CCLXXII, 668 1827 CCLXXII, 658 1823 restaurable CCLXXII, 658 1823 restaurable CCLXXII, 659 1827 CCLXXII, 659 1828 restaurable CCLXII, 539 1828 restaurable CCLXII, 539 1828 restaurable CCLXXII, 382 post pinniger CCLXXII, 383 post pinniger CCLXXII, 384 post pinniger CCXXIII, 384 post pinniger post			
maliger. CCLXIX, 654 1822 melanops CCLXIX, 651 1784 miniatus CCLXXII, 662 1794 mystimus CCLXXI, 651 1784 nigrocinctus CCLXXI, 657 1827 pinninger CCLXIX, 656 1784 pinninger CCLXIX, 653 1635 sectatrix, Kyphosus CCLXIX, 531 1635 selenter CXLIV, CXLV, 383, 3636 395 Selonops, Hodon LVVIII, 181 414 semotilus atromaculatus CIV, 277 647 Semotilus atromaculatus CXXXIX, 380 902 semotilus atromaculatus XL 100 222 Seriol adorsalis CXXXIX, 380 902 semotilus atromaculatus XL 100 222 Seriol adorsalis CXXXIX, 380 902 senotilus atromaculatus XL 100 222 Seriol adorsalis XXXIX, 380 902 seriol adorsalis XXXIX, 380 902 seriol adorsalis LVXIX, 381 902 <t< td=""><td>gillberti</td><td></td><td></td></t<>	gillberti		
melanops CCLXIII, 662 1794 miniatus CCLXXII, 667 1827 nigrocinctus CCLXXI, 667 1827 pinniger CCLXXII, 661 1837 sertriceps CCLXXII, 661 1837 Selene vomer CCLXIX, 552 1763 selent vomer CXLIV, EXLX, 533 3936 selenops, Hiodon LXVIII, 181 414 seminolis, Fundulus CIV, 277 647 Serfola dorsalis CXXIX, 380 902 zonata CXXIX, 380 903 zonata CXXIX, 381 902 serriceps, Sebastodes CCLXX, 666 1827 Serrivomer beanil LV, 142 343 seridger, Desycottus CCLXXIX, 677 1961 setiger, Desycottus CCXXIX, 381 902 setiger, Desycottus CCXXIX, 382 903 setiger, Desycottus CCXXIX, 673 1860 setiger, Desycottus CCXXIX, 686 127 setigleninis, Vomer CXXIX, 382 902	hopkinsi	CCLXXII, 659	
miniatus CCLXXIII, 662 1794 mystinus CCLXXV. 656 1827 pinniger CCLXXVI. 661 1273 serriceps CCLXXVI. 663 1827 Sebastolobus altivelis CCLXIX. 653 1763 sectatrix, Kyphosus CCLXIX. 559 1387 Selenop, Hiodon CXLIV, CXLV. 393, 3934 936 Selenops, Hiodon LY. 170 227 Semotilus atromaculatus CX. 170 227 Seriola dorsalis CXXXIX, 380 902 serpentinus, Derichthys LY. 10 222 serpontinus, Derichthys LY. 12 243 serricops, Sebastodes CCLXXX, 381 902 serricops, Sebastodes CCLXXX, 666 1827 Serrivomer beami LY. 11 133 Setarches parmatus CCLXXX, 673 1860 setiger, Dasycottus CCLXXX, 673 1860 setiger, Dasycottus CCX, 727 1991 setiger, Dasycottus CCX, 727 1991 setiger, Dasycottus CCX, 727	maliger		
mystinus CCLXX, 655 1784 nigrocinctus CCLXXVI, 667 1827 pinniger CCLXXII, 681 1793 Sebastolobus altivelis CCLXXV, 656 1827 sectatrix, Kyphosus CCXIX, 559 1387 Selene vomer CXLIV, CLLV, 393, 3932 936 selenops, Hiodon LXVIII, 811 414 seminolis, Fundulus CXLIV, CLLV, 393, 3932 936 Seriola dorsalis CXLIV, 100 222 Seriola dorsalis CXXIX, 380 902 seriola dorsalis CXXIX, 381 902 seriola principal CXXIX, 381 902 seriola dorsalis CXXIX, 381 902 seriola principal CXXIX, 381 902 seriola dorsalis CXXIX, 381 <t< td=""><td></td><td>CCLXIX, 004</td><td></td></t<>		CCLXIX, 004	
nigrocinctus CCLXXV, 667 1827 pinniger CCLXII, 661 1738 serriceps CCLXXV, 653 1827 Sebastolobus altivelis CCLXIX, 653 1763 sectatrix, Kyphosus CCLXIX, 559 1387 Selenos Percentricus CXLIV, CXIV, 393, 3934 936 Selenos, Hodon LXII, 100 222 Semotilus atromaculatus CX, 100 222 Seriola dorsalis CXXXIX, 380 902 alandi CXXXIX, 380 903 zonata CXXXIX, 381 902 serpentinus, Derichthys LV, 122 248 serricopa, Sebastodes CCLXXV, 666 1827 Serrivomer beanti LIXIX, 673 1860 setiger, Dasycottus CCLXXV, 666 1827 Setionus, Ovoides CCLXV, 666 1827 setipinnia, Vomer CXIIV, 322 933 shundid, Mancalias CCXXV, 666 1739 setipatus, Sathymaster CXXVII, 810 260 Signatus, Bathymaster CXXVII, 810 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
plininger CCLXXII, 661 1753 1763 1763 1867 1877 1765 1827 1765 1827 1765 1827 1765 1827 1	nigrocinctus		
Sebastolobus altivelis CCLXIX, 553 1763 sectatrix, Kyphosus CCXIX, 559 1387 Selene vomer CXLIV, CXLV, 393, 393a 936 selenops, Hlodon LXVIII, 81 414 seminolis, Fundulus CIV, 277 647 Seriola dorsalis CXXXIX, 380 902 seriola dorsalis CXXXIX, 381 902 seronta CXXXIX, 381 902 serpentinus, Dericithys LV, 142 343 serricops, Sebastodes CCLXXX, 666 1827 Serrivomer beanii LVIII, 153 367 Setzenches parmatus CCLXXIX, 673 1860 setiger, Dasycottus CCLXXIX, 673 1860 Signalia,	pinniger		
Seclar Year Selene year	serriceps		
Selene vomer CXLIV, CXLV, 393, 333a 936 selenops, Hiodon LXVIII, 181 144 seminolis, Fundulus CIV, 277 647 Serriola dorsalis CXXXIX, 380 902 Seriola dorsalis CXXXIX, 381 902 serpentinus, Derichthys LV, 142 343 serricops, Sebastodes CCLXXV, 686 1827 Serrivomer beanii LV, 142 343 Serrivomer beanii LVIII, 153 367 Setrachèse parmatus CCLXXV, 686 1827 Setigen Dasycottus CCCX, 727 1961 setigen Dasycottus CCCX, 727 1991 setipinnis, Vomer CXLIV, 392 34 setosus, Ovoides CXLIV, 392 34 shuffeldti, Mancalias CCCX, 727 1991 setipinnis, Vomer CXLIV, 392 34 signalosa stchafaliaye CLXVIII, 444 1046 Signalosa stchafalaye CLXVIII, 444 1046 Signalosa stchafalaye CLXXIII, 202 286 silius, Argentina	Sepastolopus altivells	CCLXIX, 653	
Selenops Hiodon	Selene vomer	CTLIV. CTLV 393 393a	
Seminolis, Fundulus	selenops, Hiodon		
Semotilius atromaciistus XI, 100 222 223 224 224 224 225	seminolis, Fundulus	civ, 277	
Ialandi		XL, 100	223
DOIATA		CXXXIX, 880	
serpentinus, Derichthys LV, 142 343 serriceps, Sebastodes CCLXXV, 666 1827 Serrivomer beanii LVIII, 153 367 Setarches parmatus CCLXXX, 673 1860 setiger, Dasycottus CCC, 727 1991 setiginiis, Vomer CCLIV, 392 934 setosus, Ovoides CCLIV, 866 1739 shuffeldti, Mancalias CCCX, 655 2730 shumardi, Cottogaster CLXVIII, 444 1046 Signalosa stchafalsaye LXIX, 184 2809 signistus, Bathymaster CCXXXII, 302 2288 signifer, Thymallus LXXXIII, 222 517 signistra, Gibertidia CCXXXII, 302 2288 silus, Argentina LXXXIII, 222 517 silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Silus, Chailuna CCXXVIV, 511 1468 Siphosoloma			
Serrivops Sebastodes CCLXXV, 686 1827 Setrarches parmatus CCLXXIX, 673 1860 Setripinnis, Vomer CCC, 727 1991 Setiger, Dasycottus CCC, 727 1991 Setiger, Dasycottus CCC, 727 1991 Setiger, Dasycottus CCC, 727 1991 Setipinnis, Vomer CXLIV, 392 S34 Setosus, Ovoides CCXV, 646 1739 Shuffeldti, Mancalias CCCXV, 646 1739 Shuffeldti, Mancalias CCXVII, 444 1046 Signalosa stchafalaye CCXXVII, 444 1046 Signalosa stchafalaye CCCXXXII, 802 2288 Signatus, Bathymaster CCCXXXII, 802 2288 Signatus, Gilbertidia CCCV, 142 2028 Signatus, Gilbertidia CCCV, 142 2028 Silus, Argentina CCCV, 142 2028 Silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus CCCXXVII, 910 2578 Sinaloe, Umbrina CCCXXVII, 910 2578 Sinaloe, Umbrina CCXXVII, 910 2579 Somaragdus, Erotelis CCXXVII, 910 2579 CCXXVIII, 910 2579	serpentinus, Derichthys	LV, 142	343
Sertivomer Deanil	serriceps, Sebastodes	CCLXXV, 666	
Setiger, Dasycottus CCC, 727 1991 Setiger, Dasycottus CCLV, 329 S944 Setosus, Ovoides CCLV, 366 1739 Shiffeldti, Mancalias CCCX, 965 2730 CLXVIII, 444 1046 Signalosa atchafalaye CLXVIII, 444 1046 Signalosa atchafalaye CCXXXII, 802 2288 Signifer, Thymalins LXXXIII, 222 517 Signalosa, Gilbertidia CCCX, 1409 2850 Sileunus, Zaprora CLII, 409 2850 Sileunus, Zaprora CLII, 409 2850 Sileunus, Argentina LXXXIII, 232 526 Sileunus, Argentina CLXX, 448 1053 Sileunus, Clocentra CCXX, 448 1053 Simula, Chalinura CCXXII, 251 2578 Sinulade, Lolainura CCXXII, 251 2578 Sinulade, Lolainura CCXXII, 251 2579 Sinulade, Leuciscus XIII, 106 2797 Sioanei, Chauliodua XCIII, 250 585 Semaragdus, Erotelis CCCXXII, 251 2584 Sordidus, Citharichthys CCCXXII, 255 1284 Sordidus, Citharichthys CCXXII, 255 1284 Spatiosa aurofrenatum CCXIII, 610 1634 CCXIII, 610 1634 CCXIII, 610 1634 CCXIII, 610 1634 CCXIII, 610 CCXIII, 610 Specializes, Amblyopsis CXII, 644 1735 Spheroides maculatus CCXIII, 644 1735 1732 CCXIII, 646 1732 CCXIII, 646 CXIII, 646 CXIIII, 646 CXIIII, 646 CXIIII, 646 CXIIII, 646 CXIIII, 6	Serrivomer beanii	LVIII, 153	
Setosus Ovoides	setion Descritue	CCLXXIX, 013	
Setosus Ovoides	setipinnis, Vomer	CXLIV, 392	
shumardi, Cottogaster CLXVIII, 444 1046 Signalosa stchafalaye LXIX, 184 2809 Signatus, Bathymaster CCCXXXII, 802 2288 signifer, Thymalins LXXXIII, 222 517 sigolutes, Gilbertidia CCCVI, 741 2028 sileaus, Zaprora CLII, 409 2850 silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus LYI, 144 349 simula, Chalinura CCCLXVIII, 910 2578 simula, Chalinura CCCLXVIII, 910 2578 siphostoma starksii CCXXIV, 571 1468 Siphostoma starksii CXX, 325 771 siuslawi, Leuciscus XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chauliodua XCIII, 250 585 samaragdua, Erotelis CCCXXVV, 952 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCCXXVV, 943 2679 Verilus, CCXXVV, 952 1284 spalicea, Lampetra I, 6 13 Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXIII, 610 634 cretense CCXIII, 610 616a hoplomystax CCXIII, 610 616a cretense CCXIII, 610 616a speculigera, Lampadena XX, 4	setosus, Ovoides	CCLTV, 648	
Signalosa atchafalaye LXIX, 184 2809 signatus, Bathymaster CCXXXII, 902 2288 signifer, Thymallus LXXXIII, 222 517 algolutes, Gilbertidia CCVI, 741 2028 silenus, Zaprora CLII, 409 2850 silenus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus LYI, 144 349 simula, Chalinura CCLXVIII, 910 2578 simula, Chalinura CCXXIV, 571 1468 Siphostoma starksii CXX, 325 771 sinalose, Umbrina CXX, 325 771 siloanei, Chauliodua XCXX, 325 771 siloanei, Chauliodua XCIII, 250 585 smaragdus, Erotelis CCCLXXXIV, 932 2579 sordidus, Citharichthys CCCLXXXIV, 943 2679 Verlus, CCII, 525 1284 spadicea, Lampetra II, 6 13 Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXIV, 616, 616a CCXIV, 616, 616a hoplomystax CCXIV, 616, 616a CCXIV, 616, 616a	shufeldti, Mancalias		
signatus, Bathymaster CCXXXII, 802 2288 signifer, Thymalins LXXXII, 222 517 signolutes, Gilbertidia CCCVI, 741 2028 silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus LXXXVII, 232 526 simula, Clocentra CLXX, 448 1053 simula, Chalinura CCXXVIV, 571 1468 Siphostoma starksii CXX, 255 771 sinalawi, Leuciscus XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chalilodus XCIII, 250 585 samaragdus, Erotelis CCCXXV 785 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCCXXV, 785 2204 spalicea, Lampetra I, 6 13 Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXIII, 610 636 Verilus, CCXIV, 616, 616a CCXIV, 616, 616a Loplomyatax CCXIV, 616, 616a CCXIV, 611 1632 sparoides, Pomoxis CXIV, 616, 616a CXIV, 616, 616a CXIV, 616, 616a CXIV, 616, 616a CXIV, 616, 616a <td>Signaloga stabatglave</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Signaloga stabatglave		
signifer, Thymalins LXXXIII, 222 517 sigolutes, Gilbertidia CCCVI, 741 2028 sileaus, Zaprora CLII, 409 2850 silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus LXXXVII, 234 349 simula, Chalinura CCLXXIII, 910 2578 simaloe, Umbrina CCXXIV, 571 1468 Sipheotoma starksii CXX, 325 771 sinslawi, Leuciscus XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chauliodus XLIII, 250 585 samaragdus, Erotelis CCCXXV 785 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCCXXV, 325 2279 Verlius, CCXXV, 525 1284 spadicea, Lampetra II, 6 13 Sparisoma surofrenatum CCXIV, 316, 616a LXXXIII, 310 1634 CCXIV, 316, 616a 616a hoplomystax CCXIV, 316, 316 speculigers, Lampadena XX, 43, 43c 101 speculigers, L	signatus. Bathymaster		
sigolutes, Gilbertidia CCVI, 741 2028 silenus, Zaprora CLII, 409 2850 silus, Argentina LXXXVII, 232 526 Simenchelys parasiticus LVI, 144 349 simotera, Clocentra CLIX, 488 1053 simula, Chalinura CCCLXVIII, 910 2578 sinaloæ, Umbrina CCX, 177 1168 Siphostoma starksii CXX, 255 771 sioanei, Chauliodua XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chauliodua XCIII, 250 585 smaragdus, Erotelis CCCXXX 785 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCCXXXXIV, 943 2679 Verilus, CCII, 257 1224 spadicea, Lampetra II, 6 13 Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXIV, 616, 616a 14 cretense CCXIV, 616, 616a 14 hoplomystax CCXIV, 616, 616a 14 speculigera, Lampadna XX, 124 561 speculigera, Lampadna XX, 124 561 speculigera, Lampadna X	signifer, Thymalins		
Simenchelys parasiticus LXXXVII, 232 525	nigoluten, Gilbertidia		
Simenchelys parasiticus	silenus, Zaprora	CLII, 409	
simula, Chalinura CCCLXVIII, 910 2578 sinalose, Umbrina CXXIV, 571 1468 Siphostoma starksii. CXX, 325 771 sioanei, Chauliodus XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chauliodus XCIII, 250 585 smaragdus, Erotelis CCCXXV 785 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCLXXXIV,943 2679 Verilus, CCI,525 1284 spadicea, Lampetra II,6 13 Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXLIV,616 616a cretense CCXLV,616 616a hoplomystax CCXLV,616 616a sparoides, Pomoxis CLIV,416 987 speculigera, Lampadena XX,43,43a 101 speculigera, Lampadena XX,1244 561 speculigera, Lampadena XX,1244 561 spheroides CCXLV,907 706 spheroides maculatus CCLXIV,644 1733	Simenchelva parasitions		
simula, Chalinura CCCLXVIII, 910 2578 sinalose, Umbrina CXXIV, 571 1468 Siphostoma starksii. CXX, 325 771 sioanei, Chauliodus XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chauliodus XCIII, 250 585 smaragdus, Erotelis CCCXXV 785 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCLXXXIV,943 2679 Verilus, CCI,525 1284 spadicea, Lampetra II,6 13 Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXLIV,616 616a cretense CCXLV,616 616a hoplomystax CCXLV,616 616a sparoides, Pomoxis CLIV,416 987 speculigera, Lampadena XX,43,43a 101 speculigera, Lampadena XX,1244 561 speculigera, Lampadena XX,1244 561 spheroides CCXLV,907 706 spheroides maculatus CCLXIV,644 1733	simotera. Clocentra.	CLXX, 448	
Siphostoma starksii Cxx, 325 771 sinalawi, Leuciscus XLIII, 106 2797 sloanei, Chauliodus XCIII, 250 585 58	simula. Chalinura	CCCLXVIII, 910	2578
Sinalawi, Leuciacus XLIII, 106 2797 Sinalawi, Leuciacus XLIII, 106 2797 Sinanaragdus, Erotelis XCIII, 250 585 58	sinaloæ, Umbrina	CCXXIV, 571	
Sloanei, Chauliodus			
maragdus, Erotelis CCCXXV 785 2204 sordidus, Citharichthys CCLXXIV, 943 2679 Verilus, CCLXXXIV, 943 2679 CCLXXIV, 943 2679 CCLXXIV, 946 2679 1284 CCLXV, 916, 6164 CCXLV, 616, 6164 CCXLV,			
Sortidus	smaragdus, Erotelis	CCCXXV. 785	
Sparlicea, Lampetra. 1,6 13	sordidus, Citharichthys	CCCLXXXIV, 943	
Sparisoma aurofrenatum CCXLIV, 616, 616 a	Verilus,		
cretense CCXLV, 616, 616a hoplomystax CCXLIV, 611 1632 sparoides, Pomoxis CLIV, 416 987 spathula, Polyodon XX, 43, 43a 101 speculigers, Lampadena XCI, 244 561 spelæus, Amblyopsis CXV, 307 706 spheroides CCLXIV, 643 1732 Spheroides maculatus CCLXIV, 644 1738	Special and Special Sp		
hoplomystax	cretense	CCX I V. 616. 616a	
sparoides, Pomoxis CLIV, 416 987 spathula, Polyodon xx, 43, 436 101 speculigers, Lampadena xc1, 244 561 speleus, Amblyopsis cx y, 307 706 spengleri, Spheroides ccLxiv, 643 1732 Spheroides maculatus ccLxiv, 644 1733	hoplomystax	CCXLIV, 611	1632
speculigers, Lampadena XCI, 244 561 spelæus, Amblyopsis CXV, 307 706 spengleri, Spheroides CCLXIV, 643 1732 Spheroides maculatus CCLXIV, 644 1733	sparoides, Pomoxis	CLIV, 410	
apelæus, Amblyopsis CXX, 307 706 apengleri, Spheroides CCLXIV, 643 1732 Spheroides maculatus CCLXIV, 644 1738	apaculigara I ampadanc		
spengleri, Spheroides CCLXIV, 643 1732 Spheroides maculatus CCLXIV, 644 1738			
Spheroides maculatus	spengleri, Spheroides		1732
nephelus CCLXIV, 642 · 1732	Spheroides maculatus	CCLXIV, 644	1733
	nephelus	cclxiv, 642	1732

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Tex pag
spheroides spengleri	CCLXIV, 643	17
testudineus	CCLXV, 645, 645a	17
phyræna barracuda	CXXVIII, 349 V, 19	્રે 28
plyrua tiburopilotus, Hypohomus	CLXVIII, 443	ſ 10
pilurus, Salmo clarkii	LXX1X, 210	\ 4
piniger, Icelus	cclxxxvi, 692	19
plendens, Beryx qualus acanthias	CXXXI, 357 VII, 24, 24a	8
umuiightus, faraiichidys	ccclxxiv, 923	26
tarksii. Siphostomatathmonotus hemphillii	CXX, 325 CCCXL, 827	7 24
carnsl Prionotus	· cccxx, 771	21
Roncadoreindachneri, Rhinopter	CCCXX, 771 CCXXIII, 568 XVII, 38, 38a	14
teindachneria argentea	CCCLXVIII, 909	25
telgis vulsustelgis vulsustellatus, Platichthys	CCC1X, 748, 748a CCCLXXXI, 937, 937a	20 26
elleri, Hexagrammos	CCLXXXI, 678	18
Myoxocephalusellifer, Fundulus	CCXCVIII, 722, 722a, 722b CV, 279	19
ellulata, Raja	x1. 32	
tenodus mackenziitenotomus aculeatus	LXXVII, 204 CCXII, 545	13
chrysops	CCX1, 544	, 13
tephanoberyx moñe	CXXIX, 353 CCCX, 750, 750a	20
teruias zenostethus	CCLXXXVIII, CCLXXXIX, 099, 039a	19
tichæus punctatustigmaticus, Gobius	CCCXLV, 841 CCCXXVI, 787	24 22
nibe, Zalocys	CXLVIII, 399	28
tilbius, Leuroglossustipes, Atherina	LXXXVII, 233 CXXII, 332	5
tizostedion canadense	CLXIV, 434	10
vitreumitolephorus perthecatus	CLXIV. 433, 433a LXXIV, 196	10
tolifera, Sardinella	LXXIII, 194	4
tomias, Atheresthes	CCCLXXI, 917 XXXV, 86	2 6 27
Salmo clarkii	LXXX, 213	1 4
Stomias ferox	xciv, 253	\ 28 5
triatus. Centropristes	CXC, 500	11
Epinephelus trongylocephalus, Scarus	CLXXXIII, 483 CCXLV, 615, 615a	11
durio oxyrhnehus, Acipenser	XX,45	1
ubbifurcata, Ulvaria	CCCXLV, 841 CXXX, 355	24 8
saldarranana Trablichthra	CXV, 306	7
ucetta Erimyzon superciliosus, Hexagrammos	XXXVI, 89 CCLXXXI, 679	18
Sufficient to the state of the	ccvIII, 537	13
Lobotes	CXCIV. 510 XLIX, 125	12
Syacium papillosum symmetricus, Apomotis	CCCLXXXIII. 941	28
Symphurus marginatus	CLIX, 424 CCCLXXXVII, 949	27
plagiusa williamsi	CCCLXXXVIII, 950 CCCLXXXVIII, 951	27 27
synagris, Neomarnis	exeviii, 518	12
Synaphobranchus pinnatus	LVI, 146	3 5
Synodus fortens	LXXXVIII, 236 CXXXVI, 372	8
tahoensis. Catostomus	xxx11,78	1 4
Talismania antillarum Tarletonbeania tenus	LXXIV, 198 XCII, 248	5
Tarpon atlanticus	LXVII, 177	4
Tautoga onitis	CCXXXVII, 596 CCXXXVII, 595	15
telescopus, Notropistenus, Tarletonbeanis	L. 126 XCII, 248	2
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4—XIII	ACII, 248	, 3

Genera and species. Pla	ate and figure.
	ocxciv, 714
Uranidea Urophycis	CCCLXV, 901
, H10don	LXVIII, 180
neus Spheroides	CCLXV, 645, 645a
nurus cuvieri	CLII. 411
occidentalis	XII, 34, 34a XI, 33
bahianus	CLVI, CCLVII, 629, 629a 1
crestonis	CCLVI, 628
thys, Osmerus	LXXXV. 227
hthys pacificus	LXXXV, 226
, Auxis	CXXXIII, 365
ra chalcogrammai, Alcidea	CCCLX, 887 2 CCLXXXIII, 684 1
	. 4
llus tricolor	LXXXIV, 223 { 2
montanus	LXXXIV, 224, 224a { 2
signifer	LXXXIII, 222
a evermanniSphyrna	CXXV, 340
Spnyrus	V, 19
Myrichthya	LXI, 161 CCCLX, 890 2
ichacochtina	CCXXXI, 584 1
OCODINAUS INVOUS	LXXXVIII, 235
otus carolinus	CXLVII, 398
culveri	CX1.VII, 397
falcatus	CXLVI, 896
glaucus	CXLVI, 395
rops orumenophthalmusrus trachurus	CXLI, 385 CXL, 384
Trackyrus	CXL, 384
ntana, Columbia	CXXII, 330
	XX, 44
ivaterocarpus	CCXXVII, 577
hus, Poronotus rus lepturus	CL, 405
rus lepturus	CXXXVII, 375 CCCXXXIII, 806 2
on trichodon	CCCXXXIII, 806 2 CCCXXXIII, 806 2
setta ventralis	CCCLXXXIII, 940 , 2
Holacanthua	CCLI11, 625 1
montanus, Thymallus	LXXXIV, 224, 224a { 2
Thymallus	
=	
s, Lactophrys	CCLXI, 638 1
tus, Entosphenus	I, 4 CCLXXXVIII, 697 1
s beani pingeli	CCLXXXVII, 696 1
	CCLXXXVIII, 698 1
s, Lactophrys r, Lactophrys	CCLXIII, 640, 640a 1
r, Lactophrys	CCLXI, 637 1
	XXII, 50
a, Ranzania ytecha, Oncorhynchus	CCLXVIII, 651 1 LXXVII, 206
sensis, Catostomus	XXXIII, 200 2
Lycodalepis	CCCL, 858 2
bia. Psychromaster	CLXXVI, 467 1
us acus raphidoma	CXVI, 309
raphidoma	CXVI, 308
chthys subterraneus	CXV, 306
gobius californiensis	CCCXXIX, 795 2 LXXIII, 195
is, Brevoortia	CLXIX, 446 1
ra gilbertimeadiæ	CLXIX, 447 2
simotera	CLXX, 448 1
Ciphistes	cccxlin, 836 2
subbifurcata	CCCXLV, 842 2
A Agosia	LII, 134 XCIX, 268
<u></u>	
DVgmæa	. ACIA, 200 :
pygmeaa sinaloænalis, Centropomus	CCXXIV. 571 1 CLXXIX, 476 1

		T
Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text: page.
unicolor nigricans, Hypoplectrus	CLXXXIX, 496	1193
unifasciatus, Hyporhamphus unimaculatus, Archosargus	CXVI, 311 CCXVI, 553	720 1859
Uponeus maculatus Uraleptus malarii	CXXXII, 362	858
Uraleptus malardi. Uranidea tenuis.	OCCLXII, 894	2545
uranope, Phenacobius	CCXCIV, 714 Li, 130	1966 304
Urophycis chesteri	CCCLXVI, 903	2556
chuss.	CCCLXV, 902 CCCLXIV, 899	2555 2553
earli	CCCLXIV, 899	2554
regins	CCCLXIV, 898	2553
tenuisuter, Catulus	CCCLXV, 901 III, 12	2555 25
vagrans, Kirtlandia	cxxiv, 386	794
variatus, Characodonvariegatus, Cyprinodon	CXI, 295, 295a	669
venier, Leidarchus	CXI, CXII, 296, 296a LXI, 160	671
Venefica procera	LVIII, 152	365
venencea, Mycteropercaventralis, Novacuilichthys	CLXXXVII, 491 CCXLI, 605	1172 1615
Ogilbia	OCCLV, 872	2503
Trichopeettavenusta, Emmeekia	CCCLXXXIII, 940	2669
Venusta, Emmeekia	. CCXL, 608 CCH, 525	1602 1284
Verma kendalli	LX, 159, 159a	875
verrillii, Lycenchelys	CCCLI. 859	2470
verrucosus, Myoxocephalusvespertilio. Ogcocephalus	CCXCVII, 720, 720a CCCXCII, 958–958b	1979 2727
veternus, Podothecus villosus, Mallotus	CCCLX, 747, 747a	2063
vinolentus, Lethotremus	LXXXV, 225 CCCXIV, 759	520 2101
viola, Antimora	CCCLXII, 898, 893a	2544
violaceus, Escolar	CXXXV, 370	878
virens, Pollachius	CCCLIX, 886	2843 2534
virgatum, Etheostoma	CLXXV, 465	1093
virginalis, Salmo clarkii	LXXIX, 209	495 2819
virginicus, Anisotremus	CCIX, 539	1322
viridis, Evoplites	CXCVI, 514 CCCLII, 864–864 <i>c</i>	1246 2479
vitreum, Štizostedion vittata, Channomuræna	CLXIV, 433, 433a	1021
vittata, Channomurænavivanua, Hemianthias	LXVI, 174	1223
volitana. Cephalacanthus	CXCII, 505 CCCXXIII, 778	2183
Exocœtus	CXVIII, 318	734
Vomer, Selene Vomer setipinnis	CXLIV, CXLV, 393, 393 <i>a</i> CXLIV, 392	936 934
vulpes, Albula	LXVIII, 179	411
Alopiasvulsus, Stelgis	VI, 20	45
watauga, Hybopaia.	CCCIX, 748, 748a Liii, 137	2067 319
watauga. Hybopaiswelaka, Notropis	XLV, 113	2799
whipplii, Notropis williamsi, Symphurus	XLVIII, 121 CCCLXXXVIII, 951	278
willoughbyl, Acrotus	CLI, 408	973
xanthurus, Lelostomus	OCXXIII, 569	1458
Xenichthys agassiziiXenochirus triacanthus	CCIII, 527 CCCXI, 754, 754 <i>a</i>	1287
Хепосув јевніш	CCII, 526	1285
xenodon, CalotomusXenopsis ocellatus	CCXLIII, 609, 609a	1626 1660
xenostethus, Sternias	CCXLVI, 618 CCLXXXVIII, 699, 699a	1927
Xesurus punctatus	· CCLVII, 630	1694
Xiphidion rupestre	CCCXLIV, 838 CCCXLIV, 837	2426 2424
ulvæ	CCCXLIII, 836	2423
Xiphophorus helleri	CXV, 304	701
Xyrauchen cypho	XXXV, 88 CCXLII, 607	184 1618
Xyrichthys peltticus. Xystema cineraum	CCXVIII, 556	1372
Xystes axinophrys	CCCX, 752, 752a	2076

Genera and species.	Plate and figure.	Text page.
Yarrella blackfordi y grecum, Astroscopus Zalembius rosaceus Zalecys stilbe zanclus, Dermatolepis Zanclus cornutus Zaprora silenus zebrinus, Fundulus Zesticelus profundorum Zoarces anguillaris zoarchus, Lycodes zonatus, Seriola zonipetus, Pomacanthus zonope, Jordania	XCIII, 249 CCCXXXIV, 808 CCXXIX,581 CXLVIII, 399 CLIXXVI, 489 CULV, 627 CLII, 409 CII, 276 CCC, 726 CCCXLIX, 853 CXXXIX, 861 CCLII, 624 CCLXXII, 683	584 2907 1500 2848 2854 1687 2850 1990 2457 2464 902 1681 1884
zostere, Hippocampus sosterura, Evermannia zyopterus, Galeorhinus	CXXI, 32 8 CCCXXIX, 794 IV, 15	778 2256 32

EXPLANATION OF PLATES AND FIGURES.

NOTE.—The actual size of the specimen from which each illustration was drawn may, in most instances, be determined by the use of the inch mark beneath the engraving, which, in the photographic reduction of the drawing, is reduced in the same proportion as the drawing itself.

PLATE I.

	. Text	page.
 Branchios 	toma caribæum Sundeval	3
Drawing	by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen in the United	
States	National Museum.	
2. Polypteru	s bichir Geoff. St. Hilaire	
Drawing	by Anna L. Brown.	
3. Petromyz	on marinus Linnæus	10
Drawing	by H. L. Todd from No. 10654, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Woods	Hole, Massachusetts, by V. N. Edwards.	
4. Entospher	nus tridentatus (Gairdner)	12
Drawing	by A. H. Baldwin from No. 48204, U.S.N.M., col-	
	in Kamchatka by Dr. L. Stejneger.	
	PLATE II.	
5. Lampetra	aurea (Bean)	13
Drawing	by H. L. Todd from No. 21524, U.S.N.M., collected by	
	M. Turner in the Yukon River, Alaska.	
6. Lampetra	spadicea Bean	13
Drawing 1	by H. L. Todd from the type specimen, No. 38005,	
U.S.N.	M., collected by Prof. A. Dugès at Guanajato, Mexico.	
7. Notorhyne	chus maculatus Ayres	17
Drawing	by H. L. Todd from No. 27191, U.S.N.M., collected	
in Hun	aboldt Bay, California, by Dr. Jordan.	
8. Hexanchu	s griseus (Gmelin)	19
Drawing	by H. L. Todd from No. 37790, U.S.N.M., collected	
in Cur	rituck Inlet, North Carolina, by D. M. Etheridge.	
	PLATE III.	
9. Gyropleur	odus francisci (Girard)	20
Drawing	from No. 24977, U.S.N.M., collected at Wilmington,	
Califor	nia.	
l0. Heterodor	itus philippii	
	by Anna L. Brown.	
•	3231	

77	t page.
11. Scylliorhinus profundorum Goode and Bean	22
Drawing by M. M. Smith from the type, No. 35646, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by the Albatross at 39° 9' N. and 72° 3' 15" W.	
12. Catulus uter Jordan and Gilbert	25
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 26866, U.S.N.M., col-	
lected at Santa Barbara, California.	
PLATE IV.	
13. Ginglymostoma cirratum (Gmelin)	26
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 2983, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Fort Jefferson, Florida, by Dr. Whitehurst.	
14. Pseudotriakis microdon Capello	27
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32516, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Amagansett Island by J. B. Edwards.	
15. Galeorhinus zyopterus Jordan and Gilbert	32
16. Prionace glauca (Linnæus)	33
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 38001, U.S.N.M., collected by schooner <i>Grampus</i> .	
• -	
PLATE V.	
16a. Prionace glauca (Linnæus)	33
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 38001, U.S.N.M., collected	
by the schooner Grampus.	
17. Carcharhinus lamia (Rafinesque)	38
Drawing by H. L. Todd.	41
18. Hypoprion brevirostris Poey	41
by the Albatrose at Watlings Island.	
19. Sphyrna tiburo (Linnæus)	44
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 26582, U.S.N.M., collected by	
Silas Stearns at Cedar Keys, Florida.	
PLATE VI.	
20. Alopias vulpes (Gmelin)	45
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 25962, U.S.N.M., collected off	
Newport, Rhode Island, by Captain Rockliff.	
21. Isurus dekayi (Gill)	48
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 37665, U.S.N.M., collected by	
Silas Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	40
22. Lamna cornubica (Gmelin)	49
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27368, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Santa Barbara, California, by Dr. Jordan.	
PLATE VII.	
23. Cetorhinus maximus (Gunner)	51
Drawing by S. F. Denton, copied from Annales du Museuro	
d'Historie Naturelle, vol. 18, pl. 6.	
· -	

Text	page.
24, 24a. Squalus acantihas Linnæus	54
PLATE VIII.	
25. Centroscymnus cololepis Bocage and Capello	55
26. Centroscyllium fabricii (Reinhardt)	56
27. Pristis pectinatus Linnæus Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 30678, U.S.N.M., collected at Pensacola, Florida, by Silas Stearns.	60
28. Rhinobatus lentiginosus Garman; lateral view	62
PLATE IX.	
28a, 28b. Rhinobatus lentignosus Garman; dorsal and ventral 'views	62
29. Raja erinacea Mitchill Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10428, U.S.N.M., collected at Woods Hole, Massachusetts, by S. F. Baird.	68
PLATE X.	
 Raja ocellata Mitchill Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 24228, U.S.N.M., collected at Provincetown, Massachusetts, by U.S.F.C. Raja ackleyi Garman 	68 70
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 2684, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at 39° 35′ N., and 70° 54′ W.	
PLATE XI.	
32. Raja stellulata Jordan and Gilbert	75
33. Tetronarce occidentalis (Storer)	77
PLATE XII.	
34, 34a. Tetronarce californica (Ayres)	77

PLATE XIII.	·
35, 35a. Narcine brasiliensis (Ölfers)	t page. 78
PLATE XIV.	
36, 36a. Dasyatis sabina (Le Sueur)	84
PLATE XV.	
37. Actobatus narinari (Euphrasen)	88
PLATE XVI.	
37a. Aetobatus narinari (Euphrasen)	88
PLATE XVII.	
38, 38a. Rhinoptera steindachneri Evermann and Jenkins Drawings by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 43235, U.S.N.M., collected at Guaymas, on the Gulf of California, by Drs. Evermann and Jenkins in 1887.	91
PLATE XVIII.	
39. Manta birostris (Walbaum)	92
PLATE XIX.	
40. Chimeera affinis Capello; female	95
41. Hydrolagus colliei (Lay and Bennett)	95
42. Harriota raleighana Goode and Bean Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 35520, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at station 2210, lat. 39° 37′ 45″ N., long. 71° 18′ 45″ W., at a depth of 991 fathoms.	96
PLATE XX.	
43, 43a. Polyodon spathula (Walbaum)	101

Text	page.
44. Heterocercal tail of Acipenser transmontanus Richardson	104
Drawing by Anna L. Brown.	
45. Acipenser sturio oxyrhynchus (Mitchill)	105
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 22495, U.S.N.M., collected by William Woltz in the Potomac River.	
William Woltz in the Potomac River.	
PLATE XXI.	
46. Acipenser rubicundus Le Sueur	106
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10252, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Ecorse, Michigan, by J. W. Milner.	
47. Acipenser brevirostrum Le Sueur	106
Drawing by H. L. Todd from photograph of specimen taken	
at Woods Hole by the U.S.F.C.	
48. Scaphirhynchus platorhynchus (Rafinesque)	107
Drawing by H. L. Todd.	
PLATE XXII	
49. Lepisosteus platostomus Rafinesque	110
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 3241, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Cleveland, Ohio, by Spencer F. Baird.	
50. Lepisosteus tristœchus (Bloch and Schneider)	111
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 24794, U.S.N.M., col-	
lected by Professor Poey in Cuba.	
51, 51a. Amia calva Linnæus, female	113
Drawings by S. F. Denton.	
PLATE XXIII.	
52. Felichthys felis (Linnæus)	118
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10422, U.S.N.M., collected	
at Woods Hole, Massachusetts, by Spencer F. Baird.	
53. Galeichthys milberti (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	128
Drawing by H. L. Todd from a specimen collected at Pensa-	
cola, Florida, by Silas Stearns.	
PLATE XXIV.	
54. Galeichthys gilberti Jordan and Williams.	2773
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 1667, L. S. Jr.	
Univ. Mus., collected by the Hopkins expedition at Mazat-	
lan, Mexico.	
55. Galeichthys azureus Jordan and Williams	2775
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 1575, L. S. Jr.	
Univ. Mus., collected by the Hopkins expedition at Mazat-	
lan, Mexico.	
·	

	PLATE XXV.	
KR	Text Ictalurus furcatus (Le Sueur)	page. 134
	Drawing by M. M. Smith from No. 838, U.S.N.M., type of Pimelodus affinis, collected at Brownsville, Texas, by Capt. Van Vliet.	104
57.	Ictalurus anguilla Evermann and Kendall	2788
58.	Ictalurus punctatus (Rafinesque)	134
	PLATE XXVI.	
	59a, 59b. Ameiurus dugeaii Bean	138
60.	Ameiurus melas (Rafinesquo)	141
	PLATE XXVII.	
61.	Ameiurus platycephalus (Girard)	142
62.	Leptops olivaris (Rafinesque)	143
63.	Noturus flavus Rafinesque	144
64.	Schilbeodes nocturnus (Jordan and Gilbert)	146
^-		147
60.	Schilbeodes exilis (Nelson)	147
66.	Schilbeodes insignis (Richardson)	147
67,	67a, 67b. Schilbeodes gilberti (Jordan and Evermann) Drawings by S. F. Denton from the type, No. 39931, U.S.N.M., collected by D. S. Jordan and party in Roanoke River, Salem, Virginia.	148

	PLATE XXIX.	
	Text	page.
	Schilbeodes miurus (Jordan)	148
69,	69a, 69b. Schilbeodes furiosus (Jordan and Meek)	149
	PLATE XXX.	
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20774, U.S.N.M., collected by S. A. Forbes at Normal, Illinois.	163
	Carpiodes cyprinus (Le Sueur) Drawing by H. L. Todd from a specimen collected by Dr. Bean at Havre de Grace, Maryland.	167
72.	Cycleptus elongatus (Le Sueur)	168
	PLATE XXXI.	
73.	Pantosteus jordani Evermann	171
74.	Catostomus latipinnis Baird and Girard Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20078, U.S.N.M., collected in the Gila River, Arizona.	174
75.	Catostomus griseus (Girard)	175
	PLATE XXXII.	
	Catostomus pocatello Gilbert and Evermann	175
77	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32888, U.S.N.M., collected by E. W. Nelson, in the Yukon River, Alaska.	176
78	Catestomus tahoensis Gill and Jordan	177
	. PLATE XXXIII.	
79	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected in the Sacramento River, by Dr. Jordan.	178

		t page.
80.	Catostomus tsiltooosensis Evermann and Meek	2793
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48479, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Meek in Tsiltcoos Lake, Oregon.	
81.	Pharyngeal teeth of Catostomus macrocheilus Girard	178
82.	Pharyngeal teeth of Placopharynx duquesnii (Le Sueur)	198
	PLATE XXXIV.	
83.	Catostomus commersonii (Lacépède)	178
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10458, U.S.N.M., collected by J. W. Milner at Ecorse, Michigan.	
81.	Catostomus ardens Jordan and Gilbert.	179
•••	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 27363, U.S.N.M.,	• • • •
	collected by Dr. Jordan in Utah Lake, Utah.	
OF.	Chasmistes liorus Jordan	183
ου.		100
	Drawing by S. F. Denton from No. 3042, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Jordan in Utah Lake.	
	PLATE XXXV.	
86.	Chasmistes stomias Gilbert	2794
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48223, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Gilbert and Cramer in Upper Klamath Lake,	
	Oregon.	
Q 7	Chasmistes copei Evermann and Meek	2795
01.	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48224, U.S.N.M.,	2100
	collected by Meek and Alexander in Upper Klamath Lake,	
	Oregon.	*01
88.	Xyrauchen cypho (Lockington)	184
•	Drawing by S. F. Denton from a specimen collected by Dr.	
	Jordan in Green River, Blake City, Utah.	
	PLATE XXXVI.	
89.	Erimyzon sucetta Lacépède	185
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27867, U.S.N.M., collected	
	by Dr. Forbes in Nipisink Lake, Illinois.	
90.	Minytrema melanops (Rafinesque)	187
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 17800, U.S.N.M., collected	
	by Dr. Bean in Round Lake, near Montgomery, Alabama.	
01	Moxostoma congestum (Baird and Girard)	192
JI.	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 36510, U.S.N.M., collected	100
	in the Rio Lampasas, Belton, Texas.	
	PLATE XXXVII.	
00	Moxostoma austrinum Bean	192
74.		134
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 23121, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected at Piedad, in Morelia (Michoacan), Mexico, by	
	Prof. A. Dugès.	

· Tex	page.
93. Moxostoma rupiscartes Jordan and Jenkins	196
PLATE XXXVIII.	
94, 94a. Lagochila lacera Jordan and Brayton	199
PLATE XXXIX.	
95. Campostoma anomalum (Rafinesque)	205
96. Orthodon microlepidotus (Ayres)	207
97. Acrochellus alutaceus Agassiz and Pickering	208
PLATE XL.	
98. Algansea dugesi Bean	211
99. Mylocheilus caurinus (Richardson)	219
100. Semetilus atromaculatus (Mitchill). Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 19163, U.S.N.M., collected by Robert Kennicott in Aux Plaines River, Illinois.	222
PLATE XLI.	
101. Ptychocheilus oregonensis (Richardson)	221
102. Leuciscus bicolor (Girard) Drawing by Chloe Lesley Starks from a specimen collected in Upper Klamath Lake, Oregon, by Gilbert, Cramer, and Otaki.	232
103. Leuciscus lineatus (Girard)	232
PLATE XLII.	
104. Leuciscus hydrophlox (Cope)	238

Tex	t page.
105. Leuciscus balteatus (Richardson)	238
105a. Leuciscus balteatus (Richardson) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 43953, U.S.N.M., type of Leuciscus gilli Evermann, collected in Browns Gulch Creek, Silver Bow, Montana, by Evermann, Jenkins, and Clapham.	238
PLATE XLIII.	
106. Leuciscus siuslawi Evermann and Meek	2797
107. Rutilus bicolor (Girard)	244
PLATE XLIV.	
108. Opsoposodus osculus Evermann	. 248
109. Opsoposodus emiliæ Hay Drawing by A. H. Baldwin.	248
110. Opsoposodus bollmani Gilbert	248
PLATE XLV.	
111. Abramis crysoleucas (Mitchill)	250
112. Notropis aztecus Woolman	258
113. Notropis welaka Evermann and Kendall	2799
PLATE XLVI.	
114. Notropis cayuga atrocaudalis Evermann	260

Tex	t page.
115. Notropis kanawha Jordan and Jenkins	264
Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type, No. 39928, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Jordan, Evermann, and Jenkins, in Reed Creek,	
Wytheville, Virginia.	
116. Notropis chihuahua Woolman	265
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 44151, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Woolman and Cox in the Rio de las Conchos,	
Chihuahua, Mexico.	
PLATE XLVII.	
117. Notropis nux Evermann	267
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45555, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley, in Trinity	
River, near Palestine, Texas.	•
118. Notropis nocomis Evermann	268
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45556, U.S.N.M.,	200
collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Trinity	
River, Magnolia Point, Texas.	
119. Notropis hudsonius (Clinton)	269
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Geo.	209
D. Head in Kilpatrick Lake, Minnesota.	
PLATE XLVIII.	
120. Notropis hudsonius saludanus (Jordan and Brayton)	270
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 23513, U.S.N.M., the type of	
Hudsonius suryopa Bean, collected by A. Graves in McBean	
Creek, Georgia.	
121. Notropis whipplii (Girard)	278
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 36748, U.S.N.M., collected in	
White River, Indiana, by Dr. Gilbert,	
122. Notropis galacturus (Cope)	279
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Tellico River, Tellico	
Plains, Tennessee.	
PLATE XLIX.	
192 Water to managemental Tandan and Tanking	004
123. Notropis macdonaldi Jordan and Jenkins	284
Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type, No. 39859, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Jordan and Jenkins in the Shenandoah River,	
Luray, Virginia.	
124. Notropis coccogenis (Cope)	284
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Arnwine Spring Creek,	
Mount Verd, Tennessee.	
125. Notropis swaini Jordan	290
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in San Marcos River, San	
Marcos, Texas.	

	PLATE L.	
100		page. 292
120,	Notropis telescopus (Cope)	292
	Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Tellico River, Tellico	
	Plains, Tennessee.	
127.	Notiopis notemigonoides Evermann	292
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45559, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Neches	
	River, near Palestine, Texas.	
128.	Notropis metallicus Jordan and Meek	297
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
	A. J. Woolman in the Withlacoochee River, near Richland,	
	Florida. PLATE LI.	
120	Ericymba buccata Cope	302
120.	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 36803, U.S.N.M., collected	
	by Dr. Meek in Lost Creek, near Defiance, Ohio.	
190	Phenacobius uranops Cope	304
200.	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
	Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Chickamauga Creek, Lee	
	& Gordon's mill, Georgia.	
131.	Evarra eigenmanni Woolman	304
202.	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45571, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Woolman and Cox at the City of Mexico.	
	PLATE LII.	
132.	Rhinichthys dulcis (Girard)	306
	Drawing by S. F. Denton from a specimen collected by Dr.	-
	Jordan in Yellowstone Park.	
133.	Agosia klamathensis Evermann and Meek	3144
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48225, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Meek and Alexander in Upper Klamath Lake,	
	Oregon.	
134.	Agosia umatilla Gilbert and Evermann	313
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45390, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Gilbert and Rutter in the Columbia River at	
	Umatilla, Oregon.	
	PLATE LIII.	
135.	Agosia falcata Eigenmann and Eigenmann	313
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type collected by C. H.	
	Eigenmann in Boise River near Caldwell, Idaho.	
136.	Hybopsis æstivalis marconis Jordan and Gilbert	316
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected in the	
	San Marcos River, San Marcos, Texas, by Evermann, Scovell,	
	and Gurley.	
137.	Hybopsis watauga Jordan and Evermann	319
	Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type, No. 39929, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Jordan and Evermann in the Watauga River	
	near Elizabethtown, Tennessee.	

PLATE LIV.	
	page.
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 23125, U.S.N.M., collected in Lake Tupataro, Guanajuato, Mexico, by Prof.	321
A. Dugès.	
139. Platygobio gracilis (Richardson)	326
140. Exoglossum maxillingua (Le Sueur)	327
PLATE LV.	
141. Brycon dentex Günther Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 39909, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. L. E. H. Best in Nicaragua.	337
142. Derichthys serpentinus Gill. Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type collected by the Albatross in the Gulf Stream at Station 2094 in 1,022 fathoms.	343
143. Anguilla chrysypa Rafinesque. Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20470, U.S.N.M., collected at Holyoke, Massachusetts.	348
PLATE LVI.	
144. Simenchelys parasiticus Gill	349
145. Ryophis brunneus Gilbert	350
146. Synaphobranchus pinnatus (Gronow)	351
PLATE LVII.	
147. Histiobranchus infernalis Gill	352
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 38205, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross in lat. 36° 35' N., long. 74° 03' 30' W.	
148. Leptocephalus conger (Linnæus)	354
149. Leptocephalus caudilimbatus (Poey) Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type of Conger caudicula Bean, No. 30709, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	355
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4 — xiv	

PLATE LVIII.	
.150. Congrellus flavus (Goode and Bean)	age. 357
151. Hoplunnis schmidtii Kaup Drawing by J. C. Van Hook from No. 44240, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at Station 2402.	361
152. Venefica procera Goode and Bean	365
153. Serrivomer beanii Gill and Ryder	367
PLATE LIX.	
154. Avocettina gillii Bean	2801
154a, 154b. Avocettina gillii Bean	2801
155. Labichthys carinatus Gill and Ryder	368
156. Labichthys elongatus Gill and Ryder	369
PLATE LX.	
157, 157a, 157b. Nemichthys avocetta Jordan and Gilbert Drawings by Anna L. Brown from a specimen in the Provincial Museum at Victoria, British Columbia, collected by M. W. Norgate, at Beacon Hill, near Victoria.	36 9
158. Ahlia egmontis (Jordan)	370
159. Verma kendalli (Gilbert)	375
PLATE LXI.	
160. Letharchus velifer Goode and Bean Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 31458, U.S.N.M., collected by Kaiser and Martin, on west coast of Florida.	375
161. Myrichthys tigrinus Girard	376

PLATE LXII.	
	page.
162. Myrichthys pantostigmius Jordan and McGregor	2802
163. Piscodonophis cruentifer Goode and Bean	377
PLATE LXIII.	
164. Calechelys muræna Jordan and Evermann	378
165. Bascanichthys scutioaris (Goode and Bean)	378
166, 166a. Bascanichthys peninsulæ (Gilbert)	379
PLATE LXIV.	
167. Quassiremus evionthas (Jordan and Bollman)	380
168. Ophichthus guttifer (Bean and Dresel)	383
169. Ophichthus ocellatus (Le Sueur)	383
PLATE LXV.	
170. Mystriophis intertinctus (Richardson)	386
171. Lycodontis moringa (Cuvier)	395
172. Muræna insularum Jordan and Davis	400
PLATE LXVI.	
173. Muræna retifera Goode and Bean. Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 31393, U.S.N.M., collected by C. C. Leslie, at Charleston, South Carolina.	401
174. Channomuræna vittata (Richardson)	404
175. Saccopharynx ampullaceus (Harwood)	406

	PLATE LXVII.	
	Text	page.
176.	Gastrostomus bairdii Gill and Ryder	406
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 33386, U.S.N.M., collected	
	by the Albaiross at Station 2074, in N. lat. 41° 43', W. long.	
	65° 21' 50'', at a depth of 1,309 fathoms.	
177.	Tarpon atlanticus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	409
	Drawing by H. L. Todd.	
178.	Elops saurus Linnæus	410
	Drawing by H. L. Todd.	
	PLATE LXVIII.	
179.	Albula vulpes (Linnæus)	411
	Drawing by H. L. Todd.	
180.	Hiodon tergisus Le Sueur	413
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 8710, U.S.N.M., collected	
	by George Clark, at Ecorse, Michigan.	
181.	Hiodon selenops Jordan and Bean	414
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 19844, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Daniel J. Duffy, at Chattanooga, Tennessee.	
`	PLATE LXIX.	
182	Chanos chanos (Forskål)	414
102.	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 28240, U.S.N.M., col-	
	lected by Dr. Gilbert at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
183	Dorosoma cepedianum (Le Sueur)	416
100.	Drawing by H. L. Todd.	
184.	Signalosa atchafalayæ Evermann and Kendall	2809
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48790, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by Fred M. Chamberlain in the Atchafalaya	
	River at Melville, Louisiana.	
	PLATE LXX.	
105	Olympa haraness Linnova	421
160.	Clupea harengus Linnæus	ABT
100	Drawing by H. L. Todd.	422
186.	Clupea pallasii Cuvier and Valenciennes	422
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27718, U.S.N.M., collected	
105	by L. Bailey at Unalaska.	425
187.	Pomolobus chrysochloris Rafinesque	420
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 30159, U.S. N.M., collected by	
	Silas Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	
	PLATE LXXI.	
188.	Pomolobus mediocris (Mitchill)	425
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 25132, U.S.N.M., collected at	
	Washington market by Dr. Bean.	

	page.
189. Pomolobus pseudoharengus (Wilson)	426
Washington market.	
190. Pomolobus æstivalis (Mitchill)	426
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32639, U.S.N.M., collected at Washington market.	
PLATE LXXII.	
191. Alosa sapidissima (Wilson)	427
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 25099, U.S.N.M., collected by U.S. F. C. at Norfolk, Virginia.	
192, 192a. Alosa alabamæ Jordan and Evermann	2810
Drawings by A. H. Baldwin from the types, Nos. 47690,	
male, and 47689, female, U.S.N.M., collected by J. N.	
Fitts in Black Warrior River, at Tuscaloosa, Alabama.	
PLATE LXXIII.	
193. Sardinella humeralis (Cuvier & Valenciennes)	431
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type of Harengula pensacola	
Goode and Bean, No. 22831, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas	
Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	404
194. Sardinella stolifera (Jordan and Gilbert)	431
collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
195. Brevoortia tyrannus (Latrobe)	433
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20666, U.S.N.M., collected at	
Woods Hole, Massachusetts.	
PLATE LXXIV.	
196. Stolephorus perthecatus Goode and Bean	442
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 30483, U.S.N.M., collected	
by Silas Stearns in south Florida.	
197. Alepocephalus agassizii Goode and Bean	453
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. CCCXXXVIII, M. C. Z.,	
collected by A. Agassiz in N. lat. 38° 18′ 40″, W. long. 73° 18′ 10″, at a depth of 922 fathoms.	
198. Talismania antillarum Goode and Bean	455
Drawing by M. M. Smith from the type, No. 43739, U.S.N.M.,	100
collected by the Albatross at Station 2394, in N. lat. 28° 38'	
30", W. long. 87° 02', at a depth of 420 fathoms.	
PLATE LXXV.	
199. Aleposomus copei Gill	459
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 33551, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by the Albatrose at Station 2099, in N. lat. 37° 12'	
$20^{\prime\prime}$, W. long. 69° 39^{\prime} , at a depth of 2,949 fathoms.	

Text	page.
200. Coregonus williamsoni Girard	463
200a. Coregonus williamsoni Girard	463
PLATE LXXVI.	
201. Coregonus coulterii Eigenmann and Eigenmann	462
202. Coregonus clupeiformis (Mitchill)	465
203. Argyrosomus nigripinnis Gill	472
PLATE LXXVII.	
204. Stenodus mackenzii (Richardson)	474
 205. Oncorhynchus gorbuscha (Walbaum) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27743, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Bean in Cooks Inlet, Alaska. 206. Oncorhynchus tschawytscha (Walbaum) Drawing by H. L. Todd. 	478 479
PLATE LXXVIII.	
207. Oncorhynchus nerka (Walbaum)	481
207a. Oncorhynchus nerka (Walbaum)	481
207b. Oncorhynchus nerka (Walbaum)	481
PLATE LXXIX.	
208. Salmo clarkti henshawi (Gill and Jordan)	2819

Text	page.
209. Salmo clarkii virginalis (Girard)	2819
210. Salmo clarkii spilurus (Cope)	2819
PLATE LXXX.	
211. Salmo clarkii pleuriticus (Cope)	
212. Salmo clarkii bouvieri (Bendire)	
213. Salmo clarkii stomias (Cope)	2819
PLATE LXXXI.	
214. Salmo clarkii macdonaldi Jordan and Evermann 497; Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type, No. 41730, U.S.N.M., collected by George Fisher in Twin Lakes, Colorado.	
215. Salmo gairdneri Richardson	497 500
PLATE LXXXII.	
217. Cristivomer namayoush (Walbaum)	504
218. Salvelinus fontinalis (Mitchill)	506
219. Salvelinus malma (Walbaum)	50 7
PLATE LXXXIII.	
220. Salvelinus alpinus aureolus (Bean)	51 1
221. Salvelinus oquassa (Girard)	514
222. Thymallus signifer (Richardson)	51 7

PLATE LXXXIV.	_	
223. Thymallus tricolor Cope Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 11115, U.S.N.M., collect by J. W. Milner in Ausable River, Michigan.		
224. Thymallus tricolor montanus (Milner) Drawing by S. F. Denton from a specimen collected by Jordan at Horsethief Springs, Montana.	Dr.	
224a. Thymallus tricolor montanus (Milner)	519; te d	2871
PLATE LXXXV. 225. Mallotus villosus (Müller)		520
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 3418, U.S.N.M., collect by Dr. E. Coues in Grosswater Bay. 226. Thaleichthys pacificus (Richardson)		521
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 28001, U.S.N.M., collect by Marcus Baker in Chilkat River, Alaska.	ted	
227. Osmerus thaleichthys Ayres		522
PLATE LXXXVI.		
228. Osmerus mordax (Mitchill)		5 23
229. Osmerus dentex Steindachner		524
230. Hypomesus pretiosus (Girard)		5 25
PLATE LXXXVII.		
231. Hypomesus olidus (Pallas)	ted	5 25
232. Argentina silus Ascanius		526
233. Leuroglossus stilbius Gilbert		527
PLATE LXXXVIII.		
234. Bathylagus benedicti Goode and Bean Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by: Albatross at Station 2711, in N. lat. 38° 59', W. long. ' 07', in 1,344 fathoms.	the	529

	Text	page.
	Trachinocephalus myops (Forster)	533
236.	Synodus foetens (Linnæus)	538
	PLATE LXXXIX.	
237.	Benthosaurus grallator Goode and Bean	543
	Bathypterois quadrifilis Günther	545
239.	Ipnops murrayi Günther Drawing by H. L. Todd from a specimen collected by the Blake at Station CCXXXIII, in N. lat. 24° 36', W. long. 84° 5', in 955 fathoms.	547
	PLATE XC.	
240.	Rondeletia bicolor Goode and Bean	548
241.	Cetomimus gillii Goode and Bean. Drawing by M. M. Smith from the type, No. 35529, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at Station 2206, in N. lat. 39° 35′, W. long. 71° 24′ 30″, in 1,043 fathoms.	549
242.	Ceratoscopelus madeirensis (Lowe)	557
	PLATE XCI.	
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected at Nice, and obtained by the U.S.N.M. through the Royal Zoological Museum at Florence, Italy.	558
244.	Lampadena speculigera Goode and Bean	561
245.	Drawing by S. F. Denton from No. 35445, U.S.N.M., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 2182, in N. lat. 39° 25′ 30″, W. long. 71° 44′, in 861 fathoms.	563

	PLATE XCII.	
	Text	
246.	Æthoprora lucida Goode and Bean	565
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 44084, U.S.N.M., col-	
	lected by the Albatross at Station 2127, in N. lat. 19° 45', W.	
	long. 75° 04′, in 1639 fathoms.	
247.	Myctophum opalinum Goode and Bean	571
	Drawing by J. C. Van Hook from No. 43798, U.S.N.M., col-	
	lected by the Albatross at Station 2585, in N. lat. 39° 08′ 30″,	
	W. long. 72° 17', in 542 fathoms.	
248.	Tarletonbeania tenua Eigenmann and Eigenmann	575
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 41882, U.S.N.M., col-	
	lected by C. H. Eigenmann off Point Loma, near San Diego,	
	California.	
	PLATE XCIII.	
24 9.	Yarrella blackfordii Goode and Bean	584
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No: 44242, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by the Albatross at Station 2376, in N. lat. 29° 03'	
	15", W. long. 88° 16', in 324 fathoms.	
250.	Chauliodus sloanei Bloch and Schneider	585
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 23420, U.S.N.M., collected by	
	Capt. Charles Anderson and crew, of the Gloucester fish-	
	ing fleet, in N. lat. 42° 08', W. long. 65° 35', in 185 fathoms.	
251.	Astronesthes gemmifer Goode and Bean	586
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 24645, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by the schooner Polar Ware from the stomach of	
	a halibut, in N. lat. 44° 25', W. long. 53° 12', in 300 fathoms.	
	DI ATE VOIV	
	PLATE XCIV.	
252	Astronesthes richardsoni Poey	587
	Drawing by M. M. Smith from No. 35540, U.S.N.M., collected	•••
	by the Albatross at Station 2202, in N. lat. 39° 38', W. long.	
	71° 39′ 45″, in 515 fathoms.	
959	Stomias ferox Reinhardt	588
200.	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 23360, U.S.N.M., collected	300
	by Capt. David Cammel and crew, of the Gloucester fish-	
	ing fleet, at East Banquereux.	
0-4	-0	590
204.	Grammatostomias dentatus Goode and Bean	290
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 37370, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by the Albatross, at Station 2565, in N. lat. 38° 19'	
	20", W. long. 69° 02' 30", in 2069 fathoms.	
	· PLATE XCV.	
255	Photonectes graciles Goode and Bean	591
200.	Drawing by M. M. Smith from the type, collected by the	
	Blake at Station XL, off Martinique, in 472 fathoms.	
	at the state of the sta	

	page.
Drawing by H. L. Todd, from No. 32169, U.S.N.M., collected by Capt. Charles Anderson and crew, of the schooner Alice G. Wonson, on the northeastern edge of Georges Bank, in 125 fathoms. 257. Alepisaurus ferox Lowe.	593
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20593, U.S.N.M., obtained in the New York market by E. G. Blackford.	595
PLATE XCVI.	
258. Alepisaurus æsculapius (Bean)	595
259. Arctosenus coruscans (Jordan & Gilbert)	601
260. Paralepis coregonoides Risso	602
PLATE XCVII.	
261, 261a. Argyropelecus olfersi (Cuvier)	604
PLATE XCVIII.	
262. Aldrovandia macrochir (Günther)	609
263. Aldrovandia gracilis Goode and Bean	610
284. Notacanthus analis Gill	615
265. Notacanthus phasganorus Goode	616
PLATE XCIX.	
266. Lipogenys gillii Goode and Bean Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 39212, U.S.N.M collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 2742, in N. lat. 37° 46′ 30″, W. long. 73° 56′ 30″, in 865 fathoms.	619

	t page.
267. Dallia pectoralis Bean	621
268. Umbra pygmæa (De Kay)	624
PLATE C.	
269, 269a. Lucius lucius (Linnæus) Drawings by H. L. Todd from No. 9389, U.S.N.M., collected at Ecorse, Michigan.	628
270. Lucius masquinongy (Mitchill)	629
PLATE CI.	
271, 271a. Fundulus majalis (Walbaum)	639
271b. Fundulus majalis (Walbaum)	639
PLATE CII.	
272. Fundulus pallidus Evermann	638
273. Fundulus heteroclitus (Linnæus)	640
274. Fundulus ocellaris Jordan and Gilbert	642
PLATE CIII.	
275. Fundulus diaphanus (Le Sueur)	645
275a. Fundulus diaphanus (Le Sueur) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a female example collected by H. M. Smith at St. George Island, Maryland.	645
276. Fundulus zebrinus Jordan and Gilbert	646

PLATE CIV.	
	page.
277. Fundulus seminolis Girard	647
278. Fundulus catenatus (Storer)	648
278a. Fundulus catenatus (Storer)	648
PLATE CV.	
279. Fundulus stellifer (Jordan)	648
280. Fundulus rathbuni Jordan and Meek	649
281. Fundulus albolineatus Gilbert	649
PLATE CVI.	
282. Pundulus funduloides (Evermanu) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45563, U.S.N.M., collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Dickinson Bayon, near Galveston, Texas.	650
283. Fundulus macdonaldi (Meek)	651
284. Fundulus jenkinsi Evermann Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45562, U.S. N.M., collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Dickinson Bayou, near Galveston, Texas.	651
PLATE CVII.	
25. Fundulus pulvereus (Evermann)	652
286. Fundulus luciæ (Baird)	654
287. Fundulus chrysotus Holbrook	655

PLATE CVIII.		
	page.	
288. Fundulus nottii (Agassiz)	656	
289. Fundulus notatus (Rafinesque)	659	
290. Adinia dugesii (Bean)	661	
PLATE CIX.		
291. Fundulus goodei (Jordan)	2831	
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin, from a specimen collected by A. J. Woolman in Florida.		
292. Lucania parva (Baird and Girard)	665	
293. Characodon bilineatus Bean	668	
PLATE CX.		
294, 294a, 294b, 294c, 294d. Empetrichthys merriami Gilbert Drawings from the type, No. 46101, U.S.N.M., collected by Merriam and Bailey in Ash Meadows, Amargosa Desert, on the boundary between California and Nevada.	667	
PLATE CXI.		
295, 295a. Characodon variatus Bean Drawings by H. L. Todd from No. 37810, U.S.N.M., the type of C. ferrugineus Bean, collected by Professor Dugès in Guanajuato, Mexico.	669	
296. Cyprinodon variegatus Lacépède Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a male example collected by H. M. Smith at St. George Island, Maryland.	671	
PLATE CXII.		
296s. Cyprinodon variegatus Lacépède	671	
297. Cyprinodon carpio Günther	675	
298. Jordanella floridæ Goode and Bean Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by A. J. Woolman in Florida.	677	

PLATE CXIII.	
·	page.
299. Gambusia affinis (Baird and Girard)	680
299a. Gambusia affinis (Baird and Girard)	680
300. Anableps dovii Gill	685
PLATE CXIV.	
301. Goodea atripinnis Jordan	685
302. Heterandria formosa Agassiz	687
303. Poscilia presidionis Jordan and Culver	697
PLATE CXV.	
304. Xiphophorus helleri Heckel	701
Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type of <i>C. aritus</i> Jordan and Jenkins, No. 39864, U.S.N.M., collected by Jenkins and Meek in the outlet of the Dismal Swamp, Virginia.	703
306. Typhlichthys subterraneus Girard	704
307. Amblyopsis spelæus DeKay	706
PLATE CXVI.	
308. Tylosurus raphidoma (Ranzani)	715
309. Tylosurus acus (Lacépède)	716
310. Chriodorus atherinoides Goode and Bean	719
311. Hyporhamphus unifasciatus (Ranzani) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 16944, U.S.N.M., collected by Otto Lugger in Chesapeake Bay.	72 0

PLATE CXVII.		
312. Hyporhamphus roberti (Cuvier and Valenciennes)		
port, New Jersey, by Dr. Bean. 313. Hemirhamphus brasiliensis (Linnæus)		
314. Scombresox saurus (Walbaum) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 19853, U.S.N.M., collecte by V. N. Edwards at Woods Hole.	. 725 d	
315. Fodiator acutus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)		
PLATE CXVIII.		
316. Exonautes exsiliens (Müller)	y	
317. Exonautes rondelettii (Cuvier and Valenciennes)		
318. Exocostus volitans Linnæus	. 734 d	
PLATE CXIX.		
319. Cypsilurus californicus (Cooper)		
320. Gasterosteus aculeatus Linnæus		
321. Gasterosteus cataphractus (Pallas)	. 749	
PLATE CXX.		
322. Apeltes quadracus (Mitchill)		
323. Aulorhynchus flavidus Gill Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 21585, U.S.N.M., collecte by J. G. Swan in Puget Sound.		
324. Aulostomus maculatus Valenciennes		

page.	Text	
771	Siphostoma starksii Jordan & Culver	325.
2838	Presidio, Mazatlan, Mexico. Corythroichthys cayorum Evermann and Kendall Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48784, U S.N.M., a male, collected by Evermann and Kendall at Key West, Florida.	326.
	PLATE CXXI.	
777	Hippocampus hudsonius De Kay	327.
778	Hippocampus zosteræ Jordan and Gilbert	328.
784	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Dr. Evermann in East Okoboji Lake, lows.	329.
	PLATE CXXII.	
784	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, collected at the mouth of the Umatilla River, Oregon, by Dr. Eigenmann.	330.
786	. Aphredoderus sayanus (Gilliams) Drawing from No. 34401, U.S.N.M., collected by William McAdams in the Illinois River.	331.
790	Atherina stipes Müller and Troschel	332.
-	PLATE CXXIII.	
790	3. Atherina area Jordan and Gilbert	333.
793	i. Chirostoma humbolditanum (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 44156, U.S.N.M., collected by Scovell and Woolman in Mexico.	334
; 2840	5. Eslopsarum jordani (Woolman)	335
	PLATE CXXIV.	
794	6. Kirklandia vagrans (Goode and Bean)	336

		page.
337.	Menidia peninsulæ (Goode and Bean)	797
338.	Menidia gracilis beryllina (Cope)	797
	PLATE CXXV.	
339.	Eurystole eriarcha (Jordan and Gilbert)	803
34 0.	Thyrina evermanni Jordan and Culver Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 2688, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	804
34 1.	Atherinopsis californiensis Girard	806
	PLATE CXXVI.	
342.	Atherinops affinis (Ayres)	807
3 43.	Mugil cephalus Linnæus Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 24456, U.S.N.M., collected at Woods Hole, Massachusetts, by V. N. Edwards.	811
344.	Mugil curema Cuvier and Valenciennes	813
	PLATE CXXVII.	
345.	Mugil hospes Jordan and Culver	814
346.	Chænomugil proboscideus (Günther)	816
347.	Agonostomus monticola (Baucroft)	819
•	PLATE CXXVIII.	
34 8.	Joturus pichardi Poey Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 31010, U.S.N.M., collected by Captain Dow at Panama.	821

Text	page.
349. Sphyræna barracuda (Walbaum)	2841
350. Polydactylus octonemus (Girard)	830
PLATE CXXIX.	
351. Ammodytes americanus De Kay	833
352. Bathyclupea argentea Goode and Bean	835
353. Stephanoberyx monæ Gill. Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 33445, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at Station 2077, in the Gulf Stream.	836
PLATE CXXX.	
354. Hoplostethus mediterraneus Cuvier and Valenciennes Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 43624, U.S.N.M., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 2059.	837
355. Plectromus suborbitalis Gill	841
356. Plectromus crassiceps Günther Drawing by S. F. Denton from No. 33378, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross in N. lat. 41° 40′ 30′′, W. long. 65° 35′, in 855 fathoms. PLATE CXXXI.	843
357. Beryx splendens Lowe	844
Drawing by M. M. Smith from a specimen collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 2415, in N. lat. 30° 44′, W. long. 79° 26′, in 440 fathoms.	022
358. Holocentrus ascensionis (Osbeck)	848
359. Flammeo marianus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	; 2871
PLATE CXXXII.	0=6
360. Mullus auratus Jordan and Gilbert Drawing by A. H. Baldwin.	856
381. Mulloides rathbuni (Evermann and Jenkins)	85 7

362.	Upeneus maculatus (Bloch)	958
	PLATE CXXXIII.	
36 3.	Scomber scombrus Linnæus	865
364.	Scomber colias Gmelin	866
365.	Auxis thazard (Lacépède)	867
	PLATE CXXXIV.	
366.	Gymnosarda alleterata (Rafinesque)	869
367.	Germo alalunga (Gmelin)	871
368.	Scomberomorus maculatus (Mitchill)	87 1
	PLATE CXXXV.	
	Scomberomorus regalis (Bloch)	875
	Escolar violaceus (Bean)	2843
371.	Epinnula magistralis Poey	880
٠	PLATE CXXXVI.	
372.	Evoxymetopon tæniatus Poey	886
373.	Lepidopus caudatus (Euphrasen) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 10115, U.S.N.M., collected by John Xantus at Cape San Lucas, Lower California.	886

Text	page.
374. Benthodesmus atlanticus Goode and Bean	887
PLATE CXXXVII.	
 375. Trichiurus lepturus Linnæus Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 18028, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Janeway at St. Augustine, Florida. 376. Istiophorus nigricans (Lacépède) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 37923, U.S.N.M., collected by U. S. Fish Commission at Woods Hole, Massachusetts. 	889 891
PLATE CXXXVIII.	
377. Nematistius pectoralis Gill	895
378. Oligoplites saurus (Bloch and Schneider)	898
PLATE CXXXIX.	
379. Naucrates ductor Linnæus	900
380. Seriola dorsalis (Gill)	902
381. Seriola zonata (Mitchill)	902
PLATE CXL.	
382. Seriola lalandi Cuvier and Valenciennes	903
383. Decapterus macarellus (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd.	909
384. Trachurus trachurus (Linnæus)	910
PLATE CXLI.	
385. Trachurops crumenophthalmus (Bloch)	911

	Text	page.
	Hemicaranx amblyrhynchus (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 30177, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns, at Pensacola, Florida.	912
387.	Caranx hippos (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10431, U.S.N.M., collected by V. N. Edwards, at Woods Hole, Massachusetts.	920
	PLATE CXIII.	
	Caranx latus Agassiz	921
389.	Caranx crysos (Mitchill)	923
390.	Caranx meduaicola Jordan and Starks	924
391.	Hynnis hopkinsi Jordan and Starks	933
	PLATE CXLIV.	
	Vomer setipinnis (Mitchill)	934
393.	Selene vomer (Linneus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 22007, U.S.N.M., a young example, collected by C. J. Copley at Stapleton, Staten Island.	936
000	PLATE CXLV.	936
393a	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 22279, U.S.N.M., an adult.	990
394.	Chloroscombrus chrysurus (Linnæus)	938
	PLATE CXLVI.	
395.	Trachinotus glaucus (Bloch)	940
396.	Trachinotus falcatus (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 26585, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns in Florida.	941

PLATE CXLVII.	
Tex	t page.
397. Trachinotus culveri Jordan and Starks	942
398. Trachinotus carolinus (Linuæus)	944
PLATE CXLVIII.	
399. Zalocys stilbe Jordan and McGregor	2848
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 11996, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by R. C. McGregor, at Clarion Island.	
400. Pomatomus saltatrix (Linnæus)	946
Drawing by H. L. Todd, from a cast.	
401. Rachycentron canadus (Linnæus)	948
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 18563, U.S.N.M.	
PLATE CXLIX.	
402. Coryphæna hippurus Linnæus	952
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 16482, U.S.N.M., obtained by E. G. Blackford in Fulton Market.	002
403. Centrolophus niger (Gmelin)	963
PLATE CL.	
404. Peprilus paru (Linnæus)	965
405. Poronotus triacanthus (Peck)	967
PLATE CLI.	
406. Icichthys lockingtoni Jordan and Gilbert	969
407. Schedophilus medosophagus Cocco	970
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 39340, U.S.N.M., collected by Chas. Willoughby at the Quinault Agency, west coast of Washington.	973

	PLATE CLII.	
	Text	page.
409.	Zaprora silenus Jordan	2850
	Museum at Victoria, British Columbia, collected by H. T. Stainton, at Nanaimo, Vancouver Island.	
410.	Grammicolepis brachiusculus Poey	974
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a drawing by R. W. Shufeldt, Jour. Morph., Vol. 11.	
411.	Tetragonurus cuvieri Risso	976
	PLATE CLIII.	
412.	Pempheris mulleri Poey	978
413.	Pempheris poeyi Bean	979
	Drawing by M. M. Smith from the type, No. 37184, U.S.N.M., collected by Prof. Poey in Cuba.	
414.	Elassoma evergladei Jordan	982
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by A. J. Woolman in Florida.	
	PLATE CLIV.	
415.	Pomoxis annularis Rafinesque.	987
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10387, U.S.N.M.	
416.	Pomoxis sparoides (Lacépède)	987
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10077, U.S.N.M.	
	PLATE CLV.	
417.	Centrarchus macropterus (Lacépède)	988
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20397, U.S.N.M., collected	
41Q	by W. S. Hyatt at Kingston, North Carolina. Acantharchus pomotis (Baird)	989
410.	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 6475, U.S.N.M., collected at Tarboro, North Carolina.	
	W 1010010, 110101 Out 0111101	
	PLATE CLVI.	
419.	Ambloplites rupestris (Rafinesque)	990
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 9401, U.S.N.M., collected by George Clark at Ecorse, Michigan.	
419	A, B, C. Skull of Ambloplites rupestris (Rafinesque)	990
-10,	Drawings from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. 1, p. 3.	

PLATE CLVII.	
Tex	t page.
420. Archoplites interruptus (Girard)	991
421. Chænobryttus gulosus (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 17803, U.S.N.M., collected by Kumlien and Bean in Jackson Lake, near Montgomery, Alabama.	992
PLATE CLVIII.	
422. Enneacanthus gloriosus (Holbrook)	993
423. Mesogonistius chætodon (Baird)	995
PLATE CLIX.	
424. Apomotis symmetricus (Forbes)	9 98
425. Lepomis auritus (Linnæus)	1001
425c. Skull of Lepomis auritus (Linnæus)	1001
PLATE CLX.	
426. Lepomis megalotis (Rafinesque)	1002
427. Lepomis pallidus (Mitchill) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 8448, U.S.N.M.	1005
PLATE CLXI.	
428. Eupomotis euryorus (McKay)	1008
429. Eupomotis gibbosus (Linnæus)	1009
PLATE CLXII.	
430. Micropterus dolomieu Lacépède	1011
430a. Vertebræ of Micropterus dolomieu Lacépède	1011

Text page 431. Micropterus salmoides (Lacépède) 1013 Drawing by H. L. Todd. 432. Kuhlia rupestris (Lacépède) 1013 Drawings from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. I, fig. 4, p. 35. PLATE CLXIV. 433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill) 1021 Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10072, U.S.N.M., collected by J. W. Milner at Rochester, New York. 433a. Tail of Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill) 1021 Drawing by Anna L. Brown. 434. Stizostedion canadense (Smith) 1022
Drawing by H. L. Todd. 432. Kuhlia rupestris (Lacépède) Drawings from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. I, fig. 4, p. 35. PLATE CLXIV. 433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10072, U.S.N.M., collected by J. W. Milner at Rochester, New York. 433a. Tail of Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill) Drawing by Anna L. Brown. 434. Stizostedion canadense (Smith)
432. Kuhlia rupestris (Lacépède) Drawings from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. I, fig. 4, p. 35. PLATE CLXIV. 433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
Drawings from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. I, fig. 4, p. 35. PLATE CLXIV. 433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
Vol. I, fig. 4, p. 35. PLATE CLXIV. 433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
PLATE CLXIV. 433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
433. Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10072, U.S.N.M., collected by J. W. Milner at Rochester, New York. 433a. Tail of Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
J. W. Milner at Rochester, New York. 433a. Tail of Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill)
433a. Tail of Stizostedion vitreum (Mitchill) 1021 Drawing by Anna L. Brown. 434. Stizostedion canadense (Smith) 1022
Drawing by Anna L. Brown. 434. Stizostedion canadense (Smith)
434. Stizostedion canadense (Smith)
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10555, U.S.N.M., collected
by J. W. Milner at Ecorse, Michigan.
PLATE CLXV.
435. Perca flavescens (Mitchill)
Drawing by H. L. Todd.
436. Percina caprodes (Rafinesque) 1026
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 34744, U.S.N.M., collected by
H. G. Dresel in Licking County reservoir, Ohio.
436a. Skull of Percina caprodes (Rafinesque)
Vol. 1, fig. 7, p. 57.
PLATE CLXVI.
437. Hadropterus macrocephalus (Cope)
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Dr. Gurley in Indian Creek, near Cumberland Gap, Tennessee.
438. Hadropterus aspro (Cope and Jordan)
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Chickamanga Creek, at
Lee and Gordon's mill, Georgia.
PLATE CLXVII.
439. Hadropterus gruntheri Eigenmann and Eigenmann 1033
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by A.
J. Woolman in the Red River of the North, Moorehead,
Minnesota.
2000 TT- 3
440. Hadropterus evides (Jordan and Copeland) 1036
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River, at Walkers
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River, at Walkers Ford, Tennessee.
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River, at Walkers
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River, at Walkers Ford, Tennessee. 441. Hadropterus soierus Swain

PLATE CLXVIII.	
Text	page.
442. Hypohomus aurantiacus (Cope)	1040
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River, at Walkers	
Ford, Tennessee.	•
443. Hypohomus spilotus (Gilbert)	1043
444. Cottogaster shumardi (Girard)	1046
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 17852, U.S.N.M., collected	
by Dr. Jordan in the Wabash River, Indiana.	
PLATE CLXIX.	
445. Cottogaster cheneyi Evermann and Kendall	2851
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type No. 48781, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Evermann and Bean in Racket River, Norfolk, New York.	
446. Ulocentra gilberti Evermann and Thoburn	1049
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type No. 47531, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River,	
Walkers Ford, Tennessee.	
447. Ulocentra meadiæ Jordan and Evermann	2852
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type No. 48903, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Dr. Gurley in Indian Creek, Cumberland Gap,	
Tennessee.	
PLATE CLXX.	
448. Ulocentra simotera (Cope)	1051
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Arnwine Spring, Mount	
Verd, Tennessee.	
449. Diplesion blennioides (Rafinesque)	1053
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by	
Evermann, Scovell, and Gurley in Clinch River, at Walkers Ford, Tennessee.	
450. Boleosoma nigrum (Rafinesque)	1056
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by R. R.	2000
Gurley in Ball Creek, near Tazewell, Tennessee.	
PLATE CLXXI.	
451. Boleosoma nigrum olmstedi (Storer)	1057
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 30243, U.S.N.M., col-	
lected by Col. Marshall McDonald in the Potomac River,	
Gunston, Virginia.	
452. Boleosoma camurum Forbes	1060
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type No. 23455, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Dr. Jordan in the Illinois River.	
453. Crystallaria asprella (Jordan)	1061
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 45455, U.S.N.M., col-	
lected by Dr. Evermann in the Wabash River, New Har-	
mony, Indiana.	

PLATE CLXXII.	
	Text page.
454. Ammocrypta pellucida clara (Jordan and Meek) Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type No. 35828, U.S.N. collected by Jordan and Meek in the Des Moines Riv Ottumwa. Iows.	М.,
455. Ammocrypta beanii Jordan	1064
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 17833, U.S.N.M., of lected by Bean and Maxson in Notalbany River, Louisia	ol-
456. Etheostoma camurum (Cope)	1076
Gurley in Indian Creek, near Cumberland Gap, Tennesse	
PLATE CLXXIII.	
457. Etheostoma cinereum Storer	
458. Etheostoma jordani Gilbert	1079
459. Etheostoma pottsii (Girard)	of
PLATE CLXXIV.	
460. Etheostoma iowæ Jordan and Meek	by
 461. Etheostoma jessiæ (Jordan and Brayton) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27896, U.S.N.M., collecting by Dr. Forbes, in Lake Peoria, Illinois. 	
462. Etheostoma lepidogenys Evermann and Kendall	40,
PLATE CLXXV.	
463. Etheostoma obeyense Kirsch Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 45565, U.S.N. collected by Dr. Kirsch, in tributary of Obeys River, Clin County, Kentucky.	М.,
464. Etheostoma pagei Meck	М.,
465. Etheostoma virgatum (Jordan) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 36644, U.S.N.M., collect by Gilbert and Swain in Rock Castle River, Livingst Kentucky.	1093 ted

PLATE CLXXVI.	
	t page.
466. Etheostoma juliæ Meek	1093
Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type collected by Meek,	
Drew, and Rettger in James River, near Springfield, Missouri.	
467. Psychromaster tuscumbia (Gilbert and Swain)	1100
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 36154, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Gilbert and Swain in Spring Creek, Tuscum-	
bia, Alabama.	
468. Copelandellus quiescens (Jordan)	1100
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin.	
PLATE CLXXVII.	
489. Boleichthys fusiformis (Girard)	1101
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 36415, U.S.N.M., collected by	1101
Jordan and Gilbert in Washita River, Arkadelphia, Ar-	
kansas.	
470. Microperca fonticola (Jordan and Gilbert)	1104
Drawing by Ernest Copeland from the type, No. 36523,	
U.S.N.M., collected by Jordan and Gilbert in San Marcos	
River, San Marcos, Texas.	
471. Apogon retrosella (Gill)	1108
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 2917, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.,	
collected by the Hopkins expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
PLATE CLXXVIII.	
472. Apogon pigmentarius (Poey)	1109
473. Apogonichthys alutus (Jordan & Gilbert)	1110
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 30874, U.S.N.M., collected	
by Jordan and Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	
PLATE CLXXIX.	
474. Cheilodipterus affinis Poey	1113
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 37416, U.S.N.M., collected	1110
by Professor Poey in Cubs.	
475. Hypoclydonia bella Goode and Bean	1115
Drawing by S. F. Denton from No. 39338, U.S.N.M., collected	1110
by the Albatross at Station 2426, in N. lat. 36° 01' 30", W.	
long. 74° 47′ 30°, in 93 fathoms.	
476. Centropomus undecimalis (Bloch)	1110
	1118
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 19907, U.S.N.M.	
PLATE CLXXX.	
477. Roccus chrysops (Rafinesque)	1132
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10326, U.S.N.M., collected by	
J. W. Milner at Sandusky, Ohio.	
478. Roccus lineatus (Bloch)	1132
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 25219, U.S.N.M., obtained	
by Professor Baird in the Washington market.	

PLATE CLXXXI.	
	page.
479. Morore americana (Gmelin)	1134
480, 480a. Polyprion americanus (Bloch & Schneider) Drawings from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes Vol. I, fig. 12, p. 149.	1139
PLATE CLXXXII.	
481. Bodianus fulvus punotatus (Linnæus)	1146
482. Epinephelus adsoensionis (Osbeck)	1152
PLATE CLXXXIII.	
483. Epinephelus striatus (Bloch)	1157
484. Epinephelus drummond-hayi Goode and Bean	1159
PLATE CLXXXIV.	
485. Epinephelus morio (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1160
486. Garrupa nigrita (Holbrook)	1161
PLATE CLXXXV.	
487. Promicrops itaiara (Lichtenstein)	1162
487a, 487b. Promicrops itaiara (Lichtenstein)	1162
PLATE CLXXXVI.	
488. Alphestes chloropterus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1164
488a. Alphestes chloropterus (Cuvier and Valencienues) Drawing from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. I, fig. 18, p. 254.	1164

m	
ermatolepis zanclus Evermann and Kendall	page. 2854
PLATE CLXXXVII.	
ycteroperca boulengeri Jordan and Starks	1171
ycteroperca venenosa (Linnæus)	1172
rull of Mycteroperca bonaci (Poey)	1174
PLATE CLXXXVIII.	
ycteroperca jordani (Jenkins and Evermann)	1176
ycteroperca microlepis (Goode and Bean)	1177
ycteroperca falcata phenax Jordan and Swain	1185
PLATE CLXXXIX.	
ypoplectrus unicolor nigricans (Poey)	1193
ypoplectrus gemma Goode and Bean	1193
PLATE CXC.	
uralabrax maculatofasciatus (Steindachner)	1196
kull of Paralabrax humeralis (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. 1, fig. 20, p. 275.	1196
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 14838, U.S.N.M., collected by the U. S. Fish Commission at Noank, Connecticut.	1199

	PLATE CXCI.	
501.	Centropristes philadelphicus (Linnæus)	page. 1201
502.	Diplectrum formosum (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21543, U.S.N.M., collected by C. C. Leslie at Charleston, South Carolina.	1207
503.	Prionodes bulleri (Boulenger)	1213
	PLATE CXCII.	
504.	Paranthias furoifer (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1221
	Hemianthias vivanus (Jordan and Swain)	1223
506.	Pronotogrammus multifasciatus Gill	1226
	PLATE CXCIII.	
507.	Anthias asperilinguis Günther Drawing from Boulenger's Catalogue of Perciform Fishes, Vol. I, pl. XIII.	1227
508.	Gramma loreto Poey Drawing by J. W. Folsom from the type, No. 10031, M.C.Z., collected by Professor Poey at Matanzas, Cuba.	1229
	PLATE CXCIV.	
509.	Rypticus bistrispinus (Mitchill)	1233
510.	Lobotes surinamensis (Bloch)	1235
	PLATE CXCV.	
511 .	Priacanthus arenatus Cuvier and Valenciennes	1237
512.	Pseudopriacanthus altus Gill Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 2317, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross off Key West, Florida.	1239

PLATE CXCVI.	
513. Hoplopagrus guntheri Gill	page. 1244
514. Evoplites viridis (Valenciennes)	1246
PLATE CXCVII.	
515. Neomænis apodus (Walbaum)	1258
516. Neomænus aya (Bloch)	1264
PLATE CXCVIII.	
517. Neomænis analis (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1265
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 36922, U.S.N.M., collected by the U. S. Fish Commission at Key West, Florida.	1266
PLATE CXCIX.	
519. Rabirubia inermie (Peters)	1274
520. Ocyurus chrysurus (Bloch)	1275
PLATE CC.	
521. Rhomboplites aurorubens (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21338, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	1277
522. Apsilus dentatus Guichenot	1278
PLATE CCI.	
323. Aprion macrophthalmus (Miller and Troschel)	1280
524. Btelis oculatus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1282

	PLATE CCII.	
EOE		page.
	Verilus sordidus Poey	1284
526.	Xenocys jessies Jordan and Bollman	1285
	PLATE CCIII.	
527.	Xenichthys agassizii Steindachner	1287
528.	Hæmulon album Cuvier and Valenciennes	1295
	PLATE CCIV.	
529.	Hæmulon macrostomum Günther	1296
53 0.	Hæmulon parra (Desmarest)	1297
	PLATE CCV.	
	Hæmulon sciurus (Shaw)	1303
532.	Hæmulon plumieri (Lacépède)	1304
	PLATE CCVI.	
533 .	Brachygenys chrysargyreus (Günther)	1307
534 .	Bathystoma rimator (Jordan and Swain) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 34957, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at St. Thomas, West Indies.	1308
	PLATE CCVII.	
5 35.	Bathystoma aurolineatum (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 26567, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns at Key West, Florida.	13 10
53 6.	Lythrulon opalescens Jordan and Starks	1312

PLATE CCVIII.	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	t page. 1318
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Evermann and Bean in Indian River at Fort Pierce, Florida.	1310
538. Anisotremus bilineatus (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 30878, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. J. A. Henshall in Indian River Inlet, Florida.	1319
PLATE CCIX.	
539. Anisotremus virginicus (Linnæus)	1322
540. Orthopristis reddingi Jordan and Richardson	1336
PLATE CCX.	
541. Orthopristis chrysopterus (Linnæus)	1338
542. Microlepidotus inornatus Gill	1341
PLATE CCXI.	
543. Otrynter caprinus (Bean) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32683,-U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns at Pensacola, Florida.	1345
544. Stenotomus chrysops (Linnæus)	1346
PLATE CCXII.	
Stenotomus aculeatus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1346
#6. Calamus calamus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1349
PLATE CCXIII.	
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 35056, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Jordan at Key West, Florida.	13 50
548. Calamus bajona to (Bloch and Schneider)	1352

	•	
	PLATE CCXIV.	
	Calamus penna (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 6134, U.S.N.M., collected in Charlotte Harbor, Florida. Calamus arctifrons Goode and Bean	page. 1354 1355
	collected by Silas Stearns at Pensacola, Florida. PLATE CCXV.	
	FLATE CCAV.	
551.	Pagrus pagrus (Linnæus)	1356
552.	Lagodon rhomboides (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21280, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Goode in St. Johns River, Florida.	1358
	PLATE CCXVI.	
553.	Archosargus unimaculatus (Bloch)	1359
554.	Archosargus probatocephalus (Walbaum)	1361
	PLATE CCXVII.	
555.	Diplodus holbrookii (Bean) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32632, U.S.N.M., collected at Pensacola, Florida.	1362
555a	Diplodus holbrookii (Bean) Drawing by H. L. Todd from a young example, No. 4693, U.S.N.M.	1362
	PLATE CCXVIII.	
556.	Xystema cinereum (Walbaum)	1372
557.	Gerres olisthostomus Goode and Bean	1376
	PLATE CCXIX.	
558.	Hermosilla azurea Jenkins and Evermann	1383
559.	Kyphosus sectatrix (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20635, U.S.N.M., collected at Woods Hole, Massachusetts.	1387

PLATE CCXX.	
Tex	page.
560. Medialuna californiensis (Steindachner)	1391
561. Cynoscion nothus (Holbrook)	1406
562. Cynoscion regalis (Bloch and Schneider)	1407
PLATE CCXXI.	
563. Cynoscion nebulosus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1409
564. Sagenichthys ancylodon (Bloch and Schneider)	1416
565. Larimus argenteus (Gill)	1421
	1.00
566. Bairdiella chrysura (Lacépède)	1433
567. Sciænops ocellatus (Linnæus)	1453
PLATE CCXXIII.	
568. Roncador stearnsi (Steindachner). Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 26864, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Jordan at Santa Barbara, California. 569. Leiostomus xanthurus Lacépède. Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20222, U.S.N.M., collected by	1557 1458
Samuel Powell at Newport, Rhode Island.	
PLATE CCXXIV.	
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20742, U.S.N.M., collected by Samuel Powell at Newport, Rhode Island.	1461
571. Umbrina sinaloæ Scofield	1468
PLATE CCXXV.	
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 22832, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Steams at Pensacola, Florida.	
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 18036, U.S.N.M., collected by J. C. Willetts at Matanzas River Inlet, Florida.	1482

PLATE CCXXVI.	
Text 574. Aplidonotus grunniens Rafinesque	page. 1484
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10542, U.S.N.M., collected by J. W. Milner at Ecorse, Michigan.	1404
575. Eques lanceolatus (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32097, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Poey in Cuba.	1489
PLATE CCXXVII.	
576. Cirrhites rivulatus Valenciennes	1491
577. Hysterocarpus traski Gibbons	1496
PLATE CCXXVIII.	
578. Abeona minima (Gibbons)	1497
579. Cymatogaster aggregatus Gibbons	1498
579a. Cymatogaster aggregatus Gibbons	1498
580. Brachyistius frenatus Gill	1499
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 26990, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Jordan in Monterey Bay, California.	1455
581. Zalembius rosaceus (Jordan and Gilbert)	1500
PLATE CCXXX.	
582. Hypocritichthys analis (A. Agassiz)	1500
583. Phanerodon furcatus Girard	1506
PLATE CCXXXI.	
584. Rhacochilus toxotes Agassiz	1507
585. Hypsurus caryi (Agassiz)	1508

PLATE CCXXXII.	
586. Damalichthys argyrosomus (Girard)	page. 1509
587. Cichlasoma bartoni (Bean). Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 43765, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Duges at Huazteca Potosina, San Luis Potosi, Mexico.	1515
PLATE CCXXXIII.	
588. Azurina hirundo Jordan and McGregor	1544
589. Eupomacentrus rectifrenum (Gill)	; 3176
PLATE CCXXXIV.	
590. Abudefduf saxatilis (Linnæus)	1561
591. Hypsypops rubioundus (Girard)	1564
PLATE CCXXXV.	
592. Microspathodon bairdii (Gill)	1566
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 13042, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Poey in Cuba.	1567
PLATE CCXXXVI.	
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 2895, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., type of M. azurissimus Jordan and Starks, collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Venados Island, Mazatlan, Mexico.	1568
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 17745, U.S.N.M., collected by V. N. Edwards at Woods Hole, Massachusetts.	1577

PLATE CCXXXVII.	
596. Tautoga onitis (Linnæus)	t page. 1578
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 17738, U.S.N.M., collected by V. N. Edwards at Woods Hole, Massachusetts.	
597. Lachnolaimus maximus (Walbaum)	1579
PLATE CCXXXVIII.	
598. Pimelometopon pulcher (Ayres)	1585
599. Clepticus parræ (Bloch and Schneider)	1586
PLATE CCXXXIX.	
600. Iridio radiatus (Linnæus)	1590
601. Irido bivittatus (Bloch)	1595
PLATE CCXL.	
602. Iridio dispilus (Günther)	1597
603. Emmeekia venusta (Jenkins & Evermann)	1602
PLATE CCXLI.	
604. Chlorichthys grammaticus (Gilbert)	1610
605. Novaculichthys ventralis (Bean)	1615
606. Novaculichthys infirmus (Bean) Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 37076, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Bean at Cozumel Island.	1616
PLATE CCXLII.	
607. Xyrichthys paitticus (Linnæus)	1618
608. Crytotomus beryllinus (Jordan and Swain) Drawing by H. L. Todd from a specimen collected by the Albatross.	1625

	PLATE CCXLIII.	
***		page.
609,	609a. Calotomus zenodon Gilbert	1626
	lected by the Atoutross at Socorro Island.	1001
610.	Sparisoma aurofrenatum (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by Anna L. Brown from a specimen in L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.	1634
	PLATE CCXLIV.	
611.	Sparisoma hoplomystax (Cope)	1632
612.	Scarus cusamilæ Bean	1648
	Drawing by S. F. Denton from the type, No. 37128, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Bean at Cozumel Island.	•
613.	Jawa of Scarus cæruleus (Bloch)	1652
	Drawing by Anna L. Brown from a specimen in L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.	
	PLATE CCXLV.	
	Scarus emblematicus Jordan and Rutter	1654
615,	615a. Scarus strongylocephalus Lower and upper pharyngeal bones. Drawings by Anna L. Brown,	
6 16,	616a. Sparisoma cretense	
	PLATE CCXLVI.	
617.	Pseudoscarus guacamaia (Cuvier)	1657
618.	Zenopsis ocellatus (Storer)	1660
	PLATE CCXLVII.	
619.	Chætodipterus faber (Broussonet)	1668
	PLATE CCXLVIII.	
62 0.	Chatodon nigrirostris (Gill). Drawing by W. S. Atkinson from No. 5981, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by R. C. McGregor at Clarion Island.	1673

	PLATE CCXLIX.	
621.	Chætodon ocellatus (Bloch)	page. 1674
	PLATE CCL.	
622.	Chætodon capistratus Linnæus	1677
	PLATE CCLI.	
623.	Pomacanthus arcuatus (Linnæus)	1679
	PLATE CCLII.	
624.	Pomacanthus zonipectus (Gill)	1681
	PLATE CCLIII.	
625.	Holacanthus tricolor (Bloch)	1684
	PLATE CCLIV.	
626.	Angelichthys ciliaris (Linnæus)	1684
626a	. Angelichthys ciliaris (Linnæus), skeleton showing vertebræreduced in number and enlarged	1684
	PLATE CCLV.	
627.	Zanclus cornutus (Linnæus) Drawing by W. S. Atkinson from a specimen in L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.	1687
	PLATE CCLVI.	
	Teuthis crestonis Jordan and Starks	1692
629.	Teuthis bahianus (Caetelnau)	1693

PLATE CCLVII.	
629a. Tail of Teuthis bahianus (Castelnau)	page, 1693 1694
PLATE CCLVIII.	
631. Balistes carolinensis Gmelin	1701
632. Cantherines carolæ Jordan and McGregor	1713
PLATE CCLIX.	
633. Monacanthus ciliatus (Mitchill)	
634. Monacanthus hispidus (Linnæus)	1715
PLATE CCLX.	
635. Alutera schoepfii (Walbaum) Drawing by W. S. Haines from No. 6068, U.S.N.M., collected by Judge Steele at Cedar Keys, Florida.	1718
636. Alutera scripta (Osbeck) Drawing by W. S. Haines from No. 34397, U.S.N.M., collected by V. N. Edwards at Woods Hole, Massachusetts.	1719
PLATE CCLXI.	
637. Lactophrys triqueter (Linnæus)	1722
638. Lactophrys tricornis (Linnæus) Drawing by W. S. Haines from No. 21548, U.S.N.M., collected by C. C. Leslie at Charleston, South Carolina.	1724
PLATE CCLXII.	
639, 639s, 639b. Lactophrys bicaudalis (Linnæus)	1723
PLATE CCLXIII.	
640,640a. Lactophrys trigonus (Linnæus)	1723
641. Lagocephalus lævigatus (Linnæus)	1728

PLATE CCLXIV.	
642. Spheroides nephelus Goode and Bean	page. 1732
643. Spheroides spengleri (Bloch)	1732
644. Spheroides maculatus (Bloch and Schneider)	1733
PLATE CCLXV.	
645, 645a. Spheroides testudineus (Linnæus)	1734
646. Ovoides setosus (Rosa Smith)	1739
PLATE CCLXVI.	
647. Diodon hystrix Linnæus	1745
648. Chilomycterus schæpfi (Walbaum)	1748
PLATE CCLXVII.	
649. Lyosphæra globosa Evermann and Kendall	1751
649a. Lyosphæra globosa Evermann and Kendall	1751
650. Mola mola (Linnæus)	1753
PLATE CCLXVIII.	
651. Ranzania truncata (Retzius)	1755
652. Sebastes marinus (Linnæus)	1760

	PLATE CCLXIX.	
653.	Bebastolobus altivelis Gilbert	t page. 1763
65 4.	Sebastodes melanops (Girard)	1782
	PLATE CCLXX.	
65.	Sebastodes ciliatus (Tilesius)	1783
656.	Sebastodes mystinus (Jordan and Gilbert)	1784
	PLATE CCLXXI.	
657.	Sebastodes brevispinis (Bean)	1787
658,	Sebastodes eigenmanni Cramer	1789
	PLATE CCLXXII.	
659.	Sebastodes hopkinsi Cramer	1789
660.	Sebastodes alutus (Gilbert) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48244, U.S.N.M., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 3339, Santa Barbara Tslands.	1790
	PLATE CCLXXIII.	
661.	Sebastodes pinniger (Gill) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27488, U.S.N.M., collected by J. G. Swan at Neah Bay, Washington.	1793
662.	Sebastodes miniatus (Jordan and Gilbert)	1794

	PLATE CCLXXIV.	
663.	Sebastodes caurinus (Richardson)	page. 1820
664.	by Capt. H. E. Nichols in Departure Bay, British Columbia. Sebastodes maliger (Jordan and Gilbert)	1822
	PLATE CCLXXV.	
665.	Sebastodes gilberti Cramer	1823
666.	Sebastodes serriceps (Jordan and Gilbert)	1827
	PLATE CCLXXVI.	
667.	Sebastodes nigrocinctus (Ayres)	1827
668.	Scorpæna cristulata Goode and Bean	1841
	PLATE CCLXXVII.	
	Scorpæna brasiliensis Cuvier and Valenciennes	1842
67 0.	Scorpæna mystes Jordan and Starks	1849
	PLATE CCLXXVIII.	
671.	Scorpæna grandicornis Cuvier and Valenciennes	1850
672.	Pontinus macrolepis Goode and Bean	1855
	PLATE CCLXXIX.	
673.	Setarches parmatus Goode	186 0

674. Anoplopoma fimbria (Pallas)	1864
PLATE CCLXXX.	
676. Hexagrammos decagrammus (Pallas)	octed
676a. Skeleton of Hexagrammos decagrammus	ebræ g by
677. Hexagrammos octogrammus (Pallas)	1869
PLATE CCLXXXI.	
678. Hexagrammos stelleri Tilesius	
679. Hexagrammos superciliosus (Pallas)	
680. Hexagrammos otakii Jordan and Starks	l. Jr.
PLATE CCLXXXII.	
681. Ophidion elongatus Girard	1875 ected
62. Oxylebius pictus Gill	Jniv.
683. Jordania zonope Starks Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 3124, L. S Univ. Mus., collected by Miss Maude Parker and A Hubbert at Point Orchard, Puget Sound, Washington.	3. Jr.
PLATE CCLXXXIII.	
684. Alcides thoburni (Gilbert)	1887 y the
68. Skull of Scorpsenichthys marmoratus (Ayres)	1889

Text	page.
686. Chitonotus pugetensis (Steindachner)	1890
lected by Dr. Jordan in the Straits of Juan de Fuca, Washington.	
PLATE CCLXXXIV.	
687. Icelinus borealis Gilbert	1896
688. Astrolytes notospilotus (Girard)	1899
688a. Astrolytes notospilotus (Girard)	1899
PLATE CCLXXXV.	
689. Artediellus atlanticus Jordan and Evermann	1906
690. Ruscarius meanyi Jordan and Starks Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 3127, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by E. C. Starks at Point Orchard, Puget Sound, Washington.	1908
PLATE CCLXXXVI.	
691. Rastrinus scutiger (Bean)	1909
692. Icelus spiniger Gilbert	1914
693. Icelus canaliculatus Gilbert Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, collected by the Albatross at Station 3329, off Unalaska.	1917
PLATE CCLXXXVII.	
694. Radulinus boleoides Gilbert	1919
695. Radulinus asprellus Gilbert	1920
696. Triglops pingeli Reinhardt	1923

PLATE CCLXXXVIII.	
Text	
697. Triglops beani Gilbert	1924
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, collected by the	
Albaiross at Station 3220.	1923
698. Triglops sceptious Gilbert	1923
Albatross at Station 3339.	
699. Sternias xenostethus (Gilbert)	1927
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, collected by the	1921
Albaiross at Station 3220, north of Unalaska, in 34 fathoms.	
609a. Sternias xenostethus (Gilbert)	1927
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, co lected by the	1021
Albatross at Station 3220, north of Unalaska, in 34 fathoms.	
Atoutives at Station 5220, not the of Onalaska, in 54 factions.	
PLATE CCLXXXIX.	
700. Prionistius macellus Bean	1928
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 31958, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Capt. H. E. Nichols in Carter Bay, British	
Columbia.	
701. Elanura forficata Gilbert	1930
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, collected by the	
Albatross at Station 3214, in the Aleutian Islands.	
702. Melletes papilio Bean	1932
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 23751, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by H. W. Elliott at St. Paul Island, Pribilof	
Group, Bering Sea.	
PLATE CCXC.	
703. Hemilepidotus jordani Bean	1934
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 27598, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by Sylvanus Bailey at Unalaska.	
704, 704a, 704b. Hemilepidotus hemilepidotus (Tilesius)	1935
Drawings by S. F. Denton from No. 27609, U.S.N.M., collected	
at Sitka by T. H. Bean.	
PLATE CCXCI.	
705. Enophrys bison (Girard)	1738
Drawing by H. L. Todd from a specimen collected by Dr.	2.00
Jordan in Puget Sound.	
706. Ceratocottus diceraus (Pallas)	1940
Drawing by W. S. Haines, from No. 32007, U.S.N.M., collected	
by Capt. H. E. Nichols in Tolstoi Bay, Alaska.	
PLATE CCXCII.	
707. Cottus evermanni Gilbert.	1945
Drawing by Chloe Lesley Starks from the type, No. 48228,	TOTO
U.S.N.M., collected by Gilbert, Cramer, and Otaki in Lost	
River, near Lostine, Oregon.	
Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——xvII	

		page.
708.	Cottus punctulatus (Gill)	1948
	PLATE CCXCIII.	
709.	Cottus perplexus Gilbert and Evermann	1955
	Cottus klamathensis Gilbert	1955
711.	Cottus aleuticus Gilbert	1957
	PLATE CCXCIV.	
712.	Cottus leiopomus Gilbert and Evermann	1962
7 13.	Cottus princeps Gilbert. Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 48227, U.S.N.M., collected by Gilbert, Cramer, and Otaki in Upper Klamath Lake, Oregon.	1962
714.	Uranidea tenuis Evermanı and Meek	1966
	PLATE CCXCV.	
7 15,	715a. Myoxocephalus æneus (Mitchill)	1972
716.	Myoxocephalus scorpius (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21989, U.S.N.M., collected by L. Kumlein in Cumberland Gulf.	1974
	PLATE CCXCVI.	
717.	Myoxocephalus octodecimspinosus (Mitchill)	1976
718.	Myoxocephalus polyacanthocephalus Pallas	1976
7 19.	Myoxocephalus jaok (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	1977

PLATE CCXCVII.	
	page.
720, 720s. Myoxocephalus verruocsus (Bean)	1979
721. Myoxocephalus axillaris (Gill)	1980
PLATE CCXCVIII.	
722, 722s, 722b. Myoxooephalus stelleri Tilesius	1981
723. Myoxocephalus niger (Bean)	1985
PLATE CCXCIX.	·
724, 724s. Megalocottus platycephalus (Pallas)	1987
725, 725s. Megalocottus laticeps (Gilbert)	1988
PLATE CCC.	
726. Zesticelus profundorum (Gilbert)	1990
727. Dasycottus setiger Bean. Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 3761, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by E. C. Starks in Puget Sound, near Seattle, Washington.	1991
728. Oncocottus quadricornis (Linnæus)	2001
PLATE CCCI.	
729, 729a, 729b. Gymnocanthus pistilliger (Pallas)	2006
730. Gymnocanthus galeatus Bean. Drawing by W. S. Haines from the type, No. 28097, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Bean at Unalaska, Alaska.	2010

PLATE CCCII.	
731. Leiocottus hirundo Girard	p ag e. 2011
W. P. Trowbridge at San Miguel, California. 732. Leptocottus armatus Girard Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27968, U.S.N.M., collected at Sitka, Alaska, by Dr. Bean.	2012
733. Oligocottus maculosus Girard	2013
PLATE CCCIII.	
734. Blennicottus embryum (Jordan and Starks)	2864
735. Histiocottus bilobus (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by W. S. Haines from No. 30307, U.S.N.M., collected by W. J. Fischer at St. Paul, Kadiak Island, Alaska.	2018
PLATE CCCIV.	
736. Blepsias cirrhosus (Pallas)	2018
736a, 736b. Blepsias cirrhosus (Pallas)	2018
PLATE CCCV.	
738. Hemitripterus americanus (Gmelin) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 23199, U.S.N.M., collected by the U. S. Fish Commission at Halifax, Nova Scotia, in 16 fathoms.	2023
739. Ascelichthys rhodorus Jordan and Gilbert	2025
PLATE CCCVI.	
740. Psychrolutes paradoxus Günther Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 3371, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by E. C. Starks in Puget Sound near Point Orchard, Washington.	2026
741. Gilbertidia sigolutes (Jordan and Starks)	2028

PLATE CCCVII.	
Text	page.
742,742a. Rhamphocottus richardsoni Giinther	2030
742b, 742c. Rhamphocottus richardsoni Giinther	2030
PLATE CCCVIII.	
743. Occa dodeoaedron (Tilesius)	2044
744. Pallasina barbata (Steindachner)	2049
745, 745a. Podothecus accipiter Jordan and Starks	2055
PLATE CCCIX.	
746. Podothecus acipenserinus (Tilesius)	2061
747, 747a. Podothecus veternus Jordan and Starks Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 4823, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by Capt. J. C. Blair at Robben Island.	2063
748, 748a. Stelgis vulsus (Jordan and Gilbert)	2067
749, 749a. Avertuncus emmelane Jordan and Starks	2069
PLATE CCCX.	
750, 750a. Averruncus sterletus Gilbert	2071
U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at Station 3662, off Avalon, Coronado Island, California, in 47 fathoms.	
751. Sarritor frenatus (Gilbert)	2073
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type collected by the Albatross at Station 3229.	

	page
752. Xystes axinophrys Jordan and Starks	2076
PLATE CCCXI.	
753. Bathygonus nigripinnis Gilbert	2078
754, 754a. Xenochirus triacanthus Gilbert	2084
PLATE CCCXII.	
755, 755a, 755b. Aspidophoroides guntheri Bean	2090
756, 756a. Aspidophoroides monopterygius (Bloch)	209
PLATE CCCXIII.	
757. Cyclopterus lumpus Linnæus	209
758. Lethotremus muticus Gilbert	210
PLATE CCCXIV.	
759. Lethotremus vinolentus Jordan and Starks	210
760, 760s. Neoliparis callyodon (Pallas) Drawings by M. M. Smith from No. 30317, U.S.N.M., collected by W. J. Fischer at St. Paul, Kadiak Island, Alaska.	211
PLATE CCCXV.	
761, 761a. Neoliparis mucosus (Ayres)	211

762. Neoliparis floræ Jordan and Starks	page. 2111
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 3126, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by E. C. Starks at Waadda Island, Neah Bay, Washington.	
PLATE CCCXVI.	
763, 763a. Neoliparis greeni Jordan and Starks	2112
764, 764s. Liparis cyclopus Giinther	2118
PLATE CCCXVII.	
765. Liparis agassizii Putnam	2121
766, 766a. Liparis dennyi Jordan and Starks	2124
PLATE CCCXVIII.	
767. Bathyphasma ovigerum Gilbert. Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48622, U.S.N.M., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 3342, off Queen Charlotte Island, in 1,588 fathoms.	2128
76%. Prionotus carolinus (Linnæus)	2156
PLATE CCCXIX.	
769. Prionotus scitulus Jordan	2157
770. Prionotus alatus Goode and Bean	2159
PLATE CCCXX.	
771. Prionotus stearnsi Jordan and Swain	2166
772. Prionotus evolans (Linnæus)	2168

PLATE CCCXXI.	
773. Bellator egretta (Goode and Bean)	page. 2174
774. Peristedion miniatum Goode Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 26023, U.S.N.M., collected by the Fish Hawk at Station 869, in N. lat. 409 02' 18", W. long. 70° 23' 06", in 192 fathoms.	2178
775. Peristedion longispathum Goode and Bean	2178
PLATE CCCXXII.	
776. Peristedion gracile Goode and Bean	2179
777, 777a. Peristedion platycephalum Goode and Bean	2180
PLATE CCCXXIII.	
778. Cephalacanthus volitans (Linnæus)	2183
779. Callionymus agassizii Goode and Bean	2186
780. Ioglossus calliurus Bean	2193
PLATE CCCXXIV.	
781. Philypnus dormitor (Lacépède)	2194
782. Dormitator maoulatus (Bloch)	2196
PLATE CCCXXV.	
783. Electris pisonis (Gmelin)	2200
784. Alexurus armiger Jordan and Richardson	2203
785. Erotelis smaragdus (Cuvier and Valenciennes) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin.	2204

PLATE CCCXXVI.	
	page.
786. Lophogobius cyprinoides (Pallas) Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 37509, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Poey in Cuba.	2209
মেন. Gobius stigmaticus (Poey)	2224
Drawing by W. S. Haines from No. 30469, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns in south Florida.	2224
788. Gobius hastatus Girard	2229
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 35155, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Jordan at Key West, Florida.	
PLATE CCCXXVII.	
78. Gobius oceanicus Pallas	2230
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 35155, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Jordan at Key West, Florida.	
789s. Gobius oceanicus Pallas	2230
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by Dr.	
Evermann at Palo Seco, Puerto Rico.	
790. Garmannia paradoxa (Günther)	2232
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 3765, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
PLATE CCCXXVIII.	
791. Bollmannia chlamydes Jordan	2238
Drawing by W. S. Atkinson from a specimen in L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> off the coast of Colombia.	
792. Aboma etheostoma Jordan and Starks	2240
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type, No. 3459, L.S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by the Hopkins Expedition in the Astillero at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
793. Clevelandia ios (Jordan and Gilbert)	2254
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 3666, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by E. C. Starks in Elliot Bay, near Scattle, Washington.	
PLATE CCCXXIX.	
794. Evermannia sosterura (Jordan and Gilbert)	2256
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 2927, L. S. Jr. Univ.	
Mus., collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
785. Typhlogobius californiensis Steindachner	2262
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 34747, U.S.N.M., col-	
lected by Rosa Smith at San Diego, California.	
796. Echeneis naucrates Linnæus	2269
Drawing by H. L. Todd.	

PLATE CCCXXX.	
Text	page.
797, 797a. Remora brachyptera (Lowe)	2272
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 23374, U.S.N.M., collected by Daniel McEachran in N. lat. 42° 40′, W. long. 63° 6′, in 250 fathoms.	
798. Rhombochirus osteochir (Cuvier)	2273
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 20971, U.S.N.M., collected by Silas Stearns at the Pensacola Snapper Banks.	2277
PLATE CCCXXXI.	
800. Opisthognathus macrognathum Poey	2281
800a. Opisthognathus macrognathum Poey	2281
801. Gnathypops maxillosa Poey Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 5866, U.S.N.M., collected at Garden Key, Florida.	2284
PLATE CCCXXXII.	
802. Bathymaster signatus Cope	2288
	2289
804. Chiasmodon niger Johnson	2291
000, 22, pase 0 200 B0 0 200 a	2 2 94
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by the Albatross at Station 2377.	
Drawing by M. M. Smith from No. 27980, U.S.N.M., collected by Marcus Baker at the Shumagin Islands.	229 5
807. Arctoscopus japonicus (Steindachner)	2297

PLATE CCCXXXIV.	
	page.
808. Astroscopus y-græcum (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	2307
Drawing by M. M. Smith from No. 18029, U.S.N.M., collected	
by J. C. Willets at Matanzas River Inlet, Florida.	0010
809, 809a. Kathetostoma albigutta Bean	2312
lected by the Albatross.	
lected by the Atomiross.	
PLATE CCCXXXV.	
810. Opsanus pardus (Goode and Bean)	2316
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 22237, U.S.N.M.,	_010
collected by Silas Stearns at the Pensacola Snapper Banks, Florida.	
811. Porichthys porosissimus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	2319
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by the	2010
Albaiross at Station 2121.	
812. Caularchus mæandricus (Girard)	2328
Drawing by H. L. Todd.	
813. Rimicola muscarum (Meek and Pierson)	2338
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type in L. S. Jr. Univ.	
Mus., collected by Meek and Pierson in Monterey Bay,	
California.	
PLATE CCCXXXVI.	
814. Enneanectes carminalis (Jordan and Gilbert)	2350
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 3854, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.,	
collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
815. Gibbonsia elegans evides (Jordan and Gilbert)	2352
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from No. 34784, U.S.N.M., collected	
by Rosa Smith at San Diego, California.	
816. Neoclinus satiricus Girard	2355
Drawing by W. S. Atkinson from No. 2288, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus.,	
collected by Dr. Gilbert at Pacific Grove, California.	
PLATE CCCXXXVII.	
917 Character and Carl Manager Cills and	0000
817. Cryptotrema corallinum Gilbert	2266
Mua.	
818. Exerpes asper (Jenkins and Evermann)	2367
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 39643, U.S.N.M.,	2307
collected by Jenkins and Evermann at Guaymas, Mexico.	
819. Auchenopterus nox (Jordan and Gilbert)	2373
Drawing by Anna L. Brown from the type collected by Dr.	EU 13
Jordan at Key West, Florida.	
TOTAL NO SECT IT COM E SOLETIME	

	PLATE CCCXXXVIII.	
900		page.
820.	Blennius favosus Goode and Bean	2380
	Blennius cristatus Linnæus	2382
822.	Hypsoblennius ionthas (Jordan and Gilbert)	2388
	PLATE CCCXXXIX.	
823.	Hypsoblennius hentz (Le Sueur)	2390
824 .	Chasmodes saburræ Jordan and Gilbert	2392
825.	Rupiscartes atlanticus (Cuvier and Valenciennes)	2397
	PLATE CCCXL.	
826.	Emblemaria atlantica Jordan and Evermann	2402
827.	Stathmonotus hemphillii Bean	2407
	PLATE CCCXLI.	
828.	Bryostema polyactocephalum (Pallas)	2408
829.	Bryostema nugator Jordan and Williams	2410
830.	Apodichthys flavidus Girard	2411
	PLATE CCCXLII.	
	Pholis dolichogaster (Pallas)	2416
832.	Pholis gunnellus (Linnæus)	2419

	page.
833. Pholis ornatus (Girard) Drawing by M. M. Smith from No. 27996, U.S.N.M., collected by Dr. Bean at Sitka, Alaska.	2419
PLATE CCCXLIII.	
834. Asternopteryx gunnelliformis Rüppell	2420
835. Anoplarchus atropurpureus (Kittlitz) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 29820, U.S.N.M., collected by L. M. Turner at Atka Island, Alaska.	2422
836. Xiphistes ulvæ Jordan and Starks	2423
PLATE CCCXLIV.	
837. Xiphistes chirus (Jordan and Gilbert)	2424
838. Exphision rupestre (Jordan and Gilbert)	2426
839. Lumpenus mackayi Gilbert	2436 2438
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 13852, U.S.N.M.	
PLATE CCCXLV.	
841. Stichæus punctatus (Fabricius) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21718, U.S.N.M., collected by L. M. Turner at St. Michaels, Alaska.	2439
842. Ulvaria subbifurcata (Storer)	2440
843. Cryptacanthodes maculatus Storer Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 22309, U.S.N.M, obtained from E. G. Blackford.	2443
PLATE CCCXLVI.	
844. Lyconectes aleutensis Gilbert	2444
845. Anarhichas latifrons Steenstrup and Hallgrimsson	2446

PLATE CCCXLVII.	
	page.
846. Anarhichas lupus Linnæus	2446
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21846, U.S.N.M., collected	
by Capt. John Gourville at Georges Bank.	
847. Anarhichas lepturus Bean	2447
Drawing from the type, collected by L. M. Turner at St. Mi-	
chaels, Alaska.	
848. Ptilichthys goodei Bean	24 52
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 26619, U.S.N.M.,	
collected at Iliuliuk (Unalaska), Alaska.	
•	
PLATE CCCXLVIII.	
849, 849a, 849b. Scytalina cerdale Jordan and Gilbert	2454
Drawings by Anna L. Brown from No. 3389, L. S.	
Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by E. C. Starks at	
Waadda Island, Neah Bay, Washington.	
850. Zoarces anguillaris (Peck)	2457
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10438, U.S.N.M., collected	2401
by the U. S. Fish Commission at Eastport, Maine.	
	2458
851. Embryx crotalinus (Gilbert)	2100
Albatross at Station 2980, off Santa Barbara Islands.	
PLATE CCCXLIX.	
852. Aprodon cortesianus Gilbert	2461
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 46457, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by the Albatross on Cortez Banks, off San Diego,	
California.	
853. Lycodes zoarchus Goode and Bean	2464
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 39298, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by the Albaiross in N. lat. 44° 46′ 30′, W. long. 59°	
55' 45", off Nova Scotia, in 130 fathoms.	
854. Lycodes reticulatus Reinhardt	2465
Drawing by H. L. Todd from a specimen collected by Capt.	2400
R. Markuson at S. W. Banquereau, in 300 fathoms.	
A. Markuson at S. W. Danquereau, in 500 fathoms.	
PLATE CCCL.	
855. Lycodes perspicillum Kröyer	2465
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 39336, U.S.N.M., collected	-100
by the Albatross at Station 2456, in N. lat. 47° 29', W. long.	
52° 18′, in 86 fathoms.	
	0405
856. Lycodes frigidus Collett	246 5
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 32995, U.S.N.M., collected	
by the Albatross at Station 2018, in N. lat. 37° 12′ 22″, W.	
long. $74^{\circ} 20' 04''$, in 788 fathoms.	

Wa	t page.
857. Lycodalepis polaris (Sabine)	24 6 8
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27748, U.S.N.M., the type of	
Lycodes roccineus Bean, collected by Dr. Bean at Big Dio-	
mede Island, Bering Strait.	
858. Lycodalepis turneri (Bean)	2469
Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 21529, U.S.N.M.,	
collected by L. M. Turner at St. Michaels, Alaska.	
PLATE CCCLI.	
859. Lycenchelys verrillii (Goode and Bean)	2470
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21015, U.S.N.M., an old	
male, collected by the U.S. Fish Commission, 27 miles	
southwest of Chebucto, Nova Scotia.	
860, 860a, 860b, 860c, 860d. Lycenchelys paxillus (Goode and Bean).	2471
Drawings by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 22177,	
U.S.N.M., collected by Capt. J. W. Collins in N. lat.	
42° 48′, W. long. 63° 07′.	
861. Purcimanus diapterus (Gilbert)	2472
Drawing by W. S. Atkinson from a specimen in L. S. Jr.	
Univ. Mus.	
PLATE CCCLII.	
862. Lycodonus mirabilis (Goode and Bean)	2474
Drawing by S. F. Denton from No. 39207, U.S.N.M., collected	
by the Albatross at Station 2742, in N. lat. 370 46' 30", W.	
long. 73° 56′ 30′′.	
863. Lyconema barbatum Gilbert	2474
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, collected by the	
Albatross at Station 3129, in 204 fathoms.	
861, 864a, 864b, 864c. Gymnelis viridis (Fabricius)	2479
Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21999a, U.S.N.M., col-	
lected at Niantilik Harbor, Cumberland Gulf, by W. A.	
Mintzer. 855. Melanostigma pammelas Gilbert	2479
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, collected by the	2410
Albatrose at Station 3202, on coast of California.	
PLATE CCCLIII.	
866. Lepophidium marmoratum (Goode and Bean)	2482
Drawing by M. M. Hildebrant from the type, No. 37237,	
U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross in N. lat. 23° 10′ 39′′,	
W. long. 82° 20′ 21″, in 213 fathoms.	
867. Lepophidium profundorum (Gill)	2484
Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from a specimen collected by the	
Albatross at Station 2042.	0400
868. Rissola marginata (De Kay)	2489

	PLATE CCCLIV.	
		page.
869.	Otophidium omostigmum (Jordan and Gilbert)	2490
	collected by Jordan and Stearns at the Pensacola Snapper Banks.	
870.	Lycodapus dermatinus Gilbert	2492
n=4	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, collected by the Albatross at Station 3162, off Lower California.	
871.	Brotula barbata (Bloch and Schneider)	2500
	PLATE CCCLV.	
872.	Ogilbia ventralis (Gill)	2503
	Drawing by Anna L. Brown from No. 2903, L. S. Jr. Univ. Mus., collected by the Hopkins Expedition at Mazatlan, Mexico.	
873.	Ogilbia oayorum Evermann and Kendall	2503
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 48792, U.S.N.M., collected by Evermann and Kendall at Key West, Florida.	
874.	Dicromita agassizii Goode and Bean	2506
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, collected by the Blake off Grenada.	
	PLATE CCCLVI.	
875.	Bassosetus normalis Gill	2507
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 39416, U.S.N.M., collected	
	by the Albatross in N. lat. 28° 02′ 30″, W. long. 87° 43′ 45″.	
876.	Bassozetus catena Goode and Bean	2509
	Drawn by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 37341, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by the <i>Albatross</i> in N. lat. 28° 00' $15''$, W. long. 87° 42', in 1,467 fathoms.	
876a	. Bassozetus catena Goode and Bean	2509
	Drawn by H. L. Todd from same specimen.	
	PLATE CCCLVII.	
877.	Neobythites gillii Goode and Bean	2512
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 37340, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by the Albatross in N. lat. 280 35', W. long. 850 33',	
	in 111 fathoms.	
878.	Neobythites marginatus Goode and Bean	2513
	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type collected by the Blake	
	off Barbados, in 209 fathoms.	
879.	Bassogigas gillii Goode and Bean	2515
	Drawing by A. H. Baldwin from the type, No. 39417, U.S.N.M.,	
	collected by the Albatross off Cape Henlopen, Delaware, in N. lat. 39° 35′, W. long. 70° 54′, in 1,106 fathoms.	
680	Barathrodemus manatinus Goode and Bean	2517
ccu.	Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type in M. C. Z., collected by	2011
	the Blake in N. lat. 33° 35′ 20″, W. long. 76°, in 647 fathoms.	

	PLATE CCCLVIII.	
	Text	page.
	Porogadus miles Goode and Bean	2520
	Dicrolene intronigra Goode and Bean	2522
883.	Barathronus bicolor Goode and Bean	2524
	PLATE CCCLIX.	
884.	Merluccius productus (Ayres)	2531
	Borogadus saida (Lepechin)	2533
886.	Pollachius virens (Linnæus) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10443, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Baird at Eastport, Maine.	2534
	PLATE CCCLX.	
887.	Theragra chalcogramma (Pullas)	2535
888.	Eleginus navaga (Kölreuter) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 9286, U.S.N.M., collected by H. Bannister at St. Michaels, Alaska.	2537
	Microgadus proximus (Girard) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 27982, U.S.N.M., collected at Yakutat Bay, Alaska, by Dr. T. H. Bean.	2539
890.	Microgadus tomcod (Walbaum)	2540
	PLATE CCCLXI.	
891.	Gadus callarias Linnæus Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10444, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Baird at Eastport, Maine.	2541
892.	Melanogrammus æglefinus Linnæus. Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 10440, U.S.N.M., collected by Professor Baird at Eastport, Maine.	2542
892	Melanogrammus æglefinus Linnæus	2542
	Bull. No. 47, pt. 4——xvIII	

	PLATE CCCLXII.	
893,	893a. Antimora viola (Goode and Bean)	page. 2544
894.	Uraleptus malardi (Risso)	2545
	PLATE CCCLXIII.	
895.	Lotella maxillaris Bean	254 6
896.	Physiculus fulvus Bean	2547
	PLATE CCCLXIV.	
897.	Lota maculosa (Le Sueur)	2550
898.	Urophycis regius (Walbaum)	2553
899.	Urophycis cirratus (Goode and Bean)	2553
	PLATE CCCLXV.	
900.	Urophycis earlli (Bean)	2554
901.	Urophycis tenuis (Mitchill) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 21029, U.S.N.M., collected by the Speedwell in Halifax Harbor.	255 5
902.	Urophycis chuss (Walbaum) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 28707, U.S.N.M., collected by the Fish Hawk at Station 918, in N. lat. 40° 20′24″, W. long. 70° 41′30″, in 245 fathoms.	2555
	PLATE CCCLXVI.	
903.	Urophycis chesteri Goode and Bean	25 56

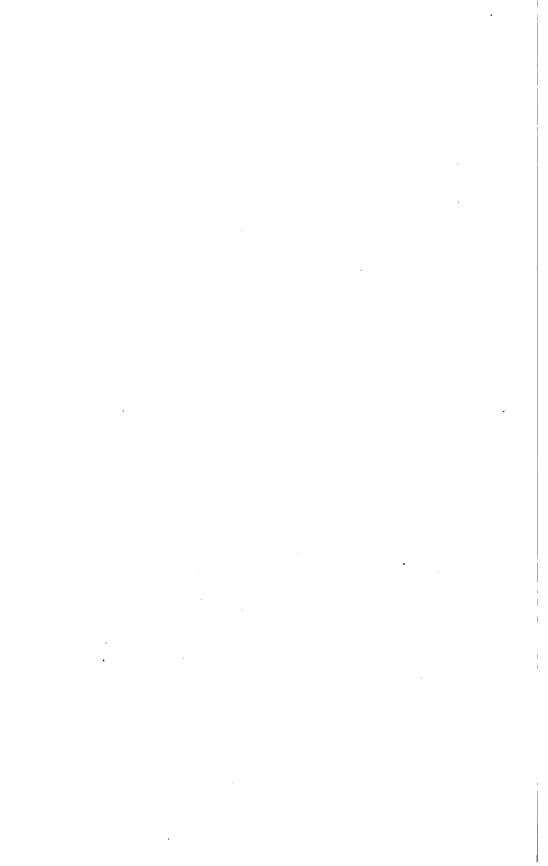
	Text	page.
	Drawing by W. S. Haines from No. 38331, U.S.N.M., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 2397 in N. lat. 28° 42', W. long. 86° 38', in 280 fathoms.	2556
905.	Lemonema melanurum Goode and Bean	2557
	PLATE CCCLXVII.	
	Gairdropsarus argentatus (Rheinhardt)	2559
٠	Euchelyopus cimbrius (Linnœus)	2560
908.	Bathygadus favosus Goode and Bean	2565
	PLATE CCCLXVIII.	
909.	Steindachneria argentea Goode and Bean	2568
910.	Chalinura simula Goode and Bean. Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 39152, U.S.N.M., collected by the Albatross at Station 2095 in N. lat. 39° 29', W. long. 70° 58' 40'', in 1,342 fathoms.	2578
911.	Coryphænoides carapinus Goode and Bean	2579
	PLATE CCCLXIX.	
	Hymenocephalus cavernosus (Goode and Bean)	2580
	October Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type No. 37334, U.S.N.M., collected by the <i>Albatross</i> at Station 2396 in N. lat. 28° 34′, W. long. 86° 48′, in 335 fathoms.	2588
914.	Ocelorhynchus carminatus (Goode) Drawing by H. L. Todd from No. 26187, U.S.N.M., collected by the Fish Hawk at Station 893, off Marthas Vineyard, in 372 fathoms.	2588

	PLATE CCCLXX.	
915.	Coelorhynchus caribbseus (Goode and Bean)	page. 2589
916.	Regalecus gleane (Ascanius)	2596
	PLATE CCCLXXI.	
917.	Atheresthes stomias (Jordan and Gilbert)	2609
918.	Hippoglossus hippoglossus (Linnæus)	2611
	PLATE CCCLXXII.	
919.	Hippoglossoides platessoides (Fabricius)	2614
920.	Hippoglossoides elassodon Jordan and Gilbert	2615
	PLATE CCCLXXIII.	
921.	Psettichthys melanostictus Girard	2618
922.	Paralichthys dentatus (Linnæus)	2629
	PLATE CCCLXXIV.	
923.	Paralichthys squamilentus Jordan and Gilbert	2631
924.	Paralichthys oblongus (Mitchill)	2632
•	PLATE CCCLXXV.	
	Ancylopsetta quadrocellata Gill	2634 2637

PLATE CCCLXXVI.	
	page.
927. Inopsetta ischyra (Jordan and Gilbert)	2641
928. Lepidopsetta bilineata (Ayres)	2643
PLATE CCCLXXVII.	
929. Limanda ferruginea (Storer)	2644
930. Limanda aspera (Pallas)	2645
PLATE CCCLXXVIII.	
931. Limanda proboscidea Gilbert	2645
932. Limanda beanii Goode Drawing by H. L. Todd from the type, No. 26102, U.S.N.M., collected by the Fish Hawk at Station 875, off the south coast of New England.	2646
PLATE CCCLXXIX.	
933. Pseudopleuronectes americanus (Walbaum)	2647
84. Pleuronectes quadrituberculatus Pallas	2648
PLATE CCCLXXX.	
935. Liopsetta glacialis (Pallas)	2649
936. Liopsetta putnami (Gill)	2650
PLATE CCCLXXXI.	
937, 937a. Platichthys stellatus (Pallas)	2652

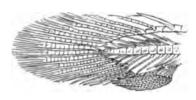
	PLATE CCCLXXXII.	
938.	Lophopsetta maculata (Mitchill)	page. 2660
939.	Platophrys ocellatus (Agassiz)	2663
	PLATE CCCLXXXIII.	
	Trichopsetta ventralis (Goode and Bean)	2669
941.	Syacium papillosum (Linnæus)	2671
	PLATE CCCLXXXIV.	
	Azevia panamensis (Steindachner)	2677
943.	Citharichthys sordidus (Girard)	2679
944.	Citharichthys macrops Dresel	2684
945.	Etropus rimosus Goode and Bean	2688
	PLATE CCCLXXXVI.	
946.	Etropus crossotus Jordan and Gilbert	2689
947.	Achirus lineatus (Linnæus)	2697
	PLATE CCCLXXXVII.	
	Achirus fasciatus Lacépède	2700
949.	Symphurus marginatus (Goode and Bean)	2706

PLATE CCCLXXXVIII.	
Tex	page.
950. Symphurus plagiusa (Linnæus)	2710
951. Symphurus williamsi Jordan and Culver	2711
952. Lophius piscatorius Linnæus	2713
PLATE CCCLXXXIX.	
953. Chaunax pictus Lowe	2726
954. Ceratias holbolli Kröyer	2729
PLATE CCCXC.	
955. Mancalias shufeldti (Gill)	2730
956. Cryptopsaras couesii Gill	2731
PLATE CCCXCI.	
957. Caulophryne jordani Goode and Bean	2735
PLATE CCCXCII.	
958, 958a, 958b. Ogcocephalus vespertilio (Linnæus)	2737





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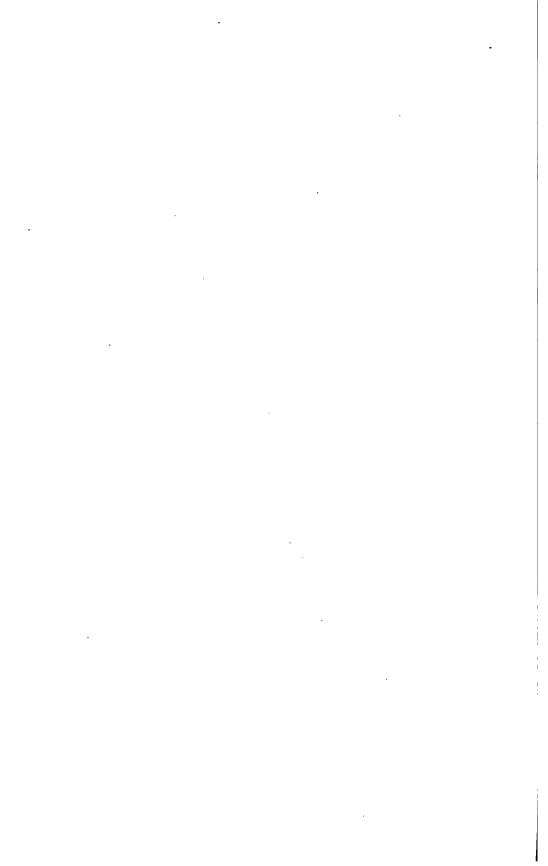


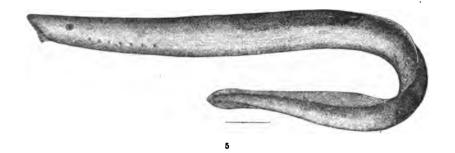


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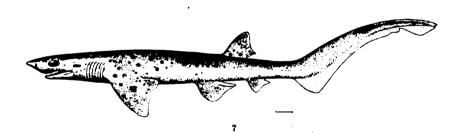


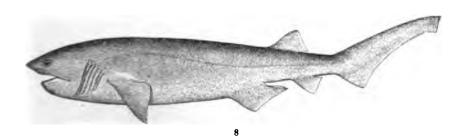
- 1. Branchiostoma caribleum. (P. 3.)
 2. Tail of Polypterus Bichir.
 3. Petromyzon marinus. (P. 10.)
 4. Entosphenus tridentatus. (P. 12.)





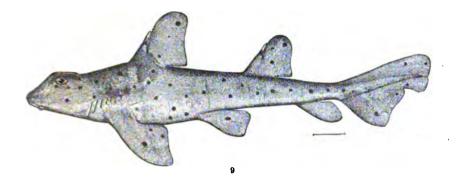


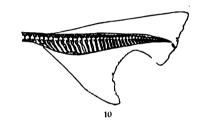


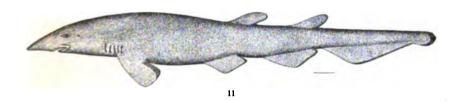


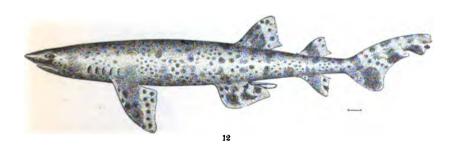
- 5. LAMPETRA AUREA. (P. 13.)
 6. LAMPETRA SPADICEA. (P. 13.)
 7. NOTORHYNCHUS MACULATUS. (P. 17.)
 8. HEXANCHUS GRISEUS. (P. 19.)

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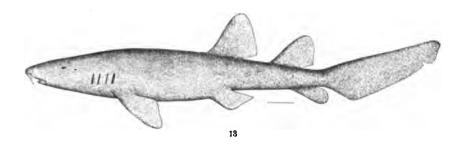


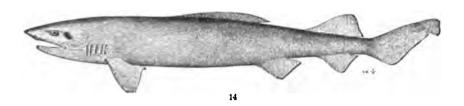


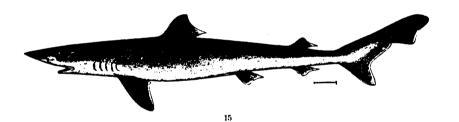


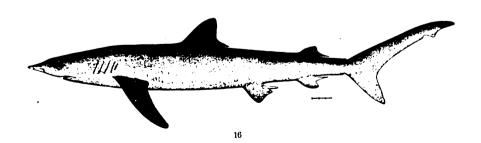
- 9. Gyropleurodus francisci. (P. 20.) 10. Heterocercal tail of Heterodontus philippii. 11. Scylliorhinus profundorum. (P. 22.) 12. Catulus uter. (P. 25.)

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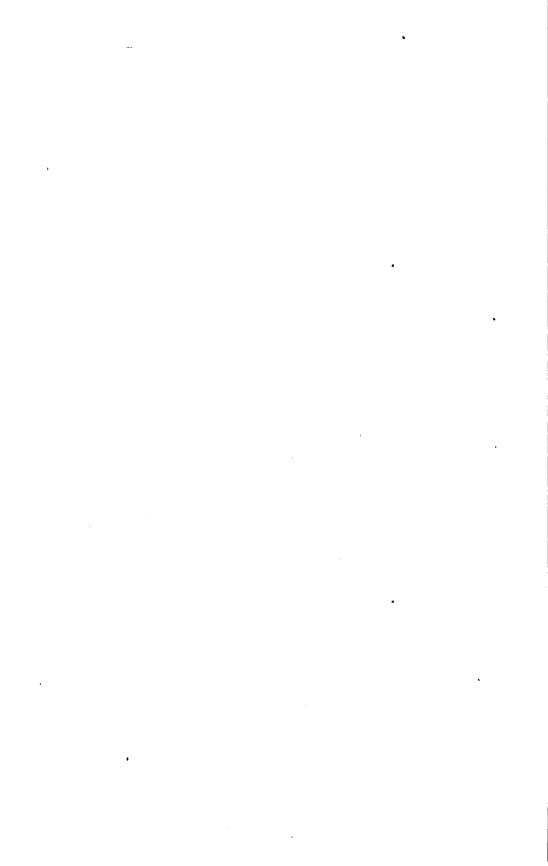


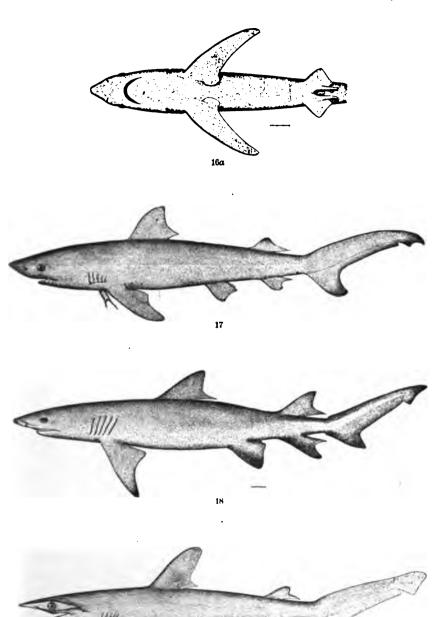






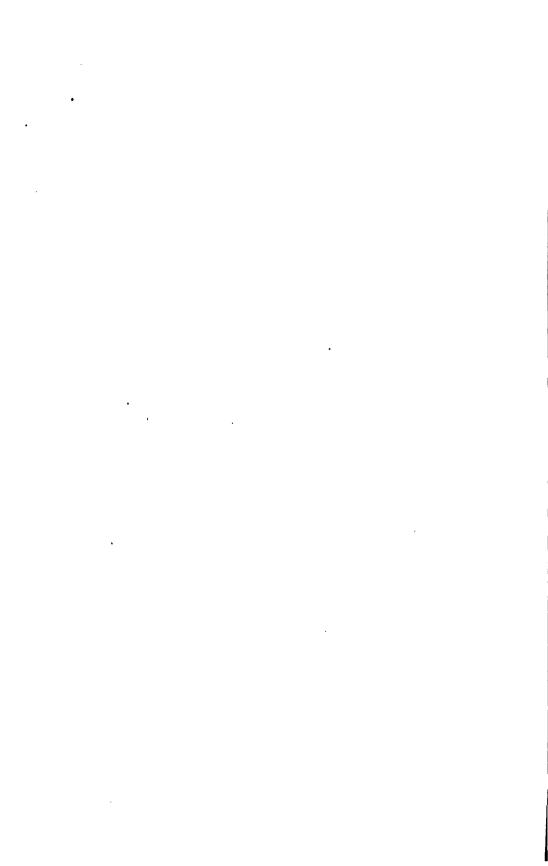
- 13. GINGLYMOSTOMA CIRRATUM. (P. 26.) 14. PSEUDOTRIAKIS MICRODON. (P. 27.) 15. GALEORHINUS ZYOPIERUS. (P. ?2.) 16. PRIONACE GLAUCA. (P. 33.)

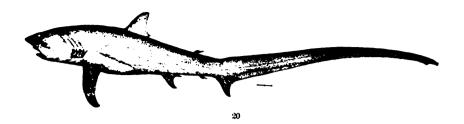


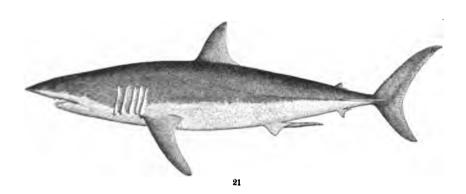


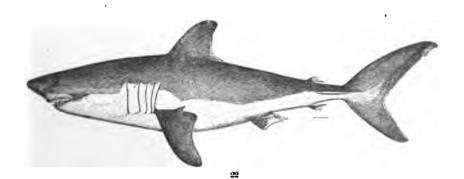
16a. PRIONACE GLAUCA. (P. 33.) 17. CARCHARHINUS LAMIA. (P. 38.) 18. HYPOPRION BREVIROSTRIS. (P. 41.) 19. SPHYRNA TIBURO. (P. 44.)

19



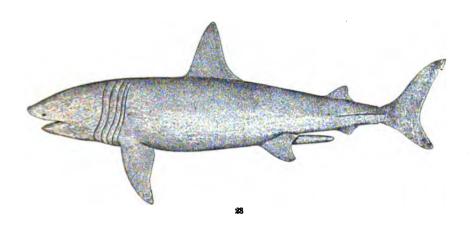


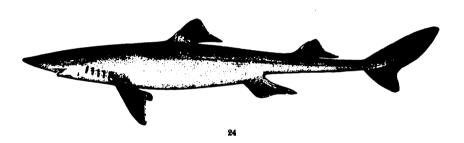


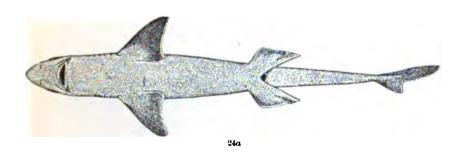


20. Alopias vulpes. (P. 45.)
21. Isurus dekayi. (P. 48.)
22. Lamna cornubica. (P. 49.)



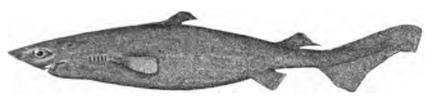






23. CRTORHINUS MAXIMUS. (P. 51.) 24, 24a. SQUALUS ACANTHIAS. (P. 54.)





25

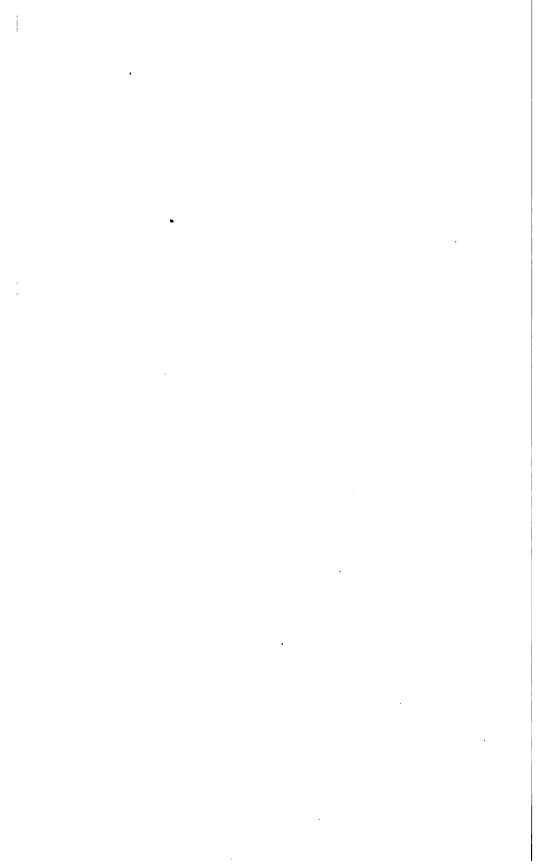


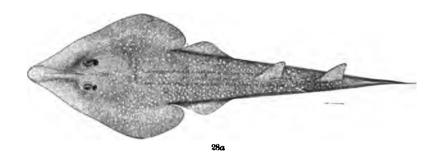


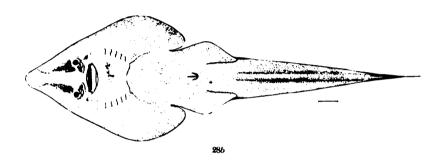
27

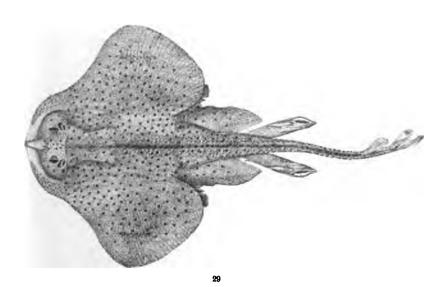


- 25. CENTROSCYMNUS CŒLOLEPIS. (P. 55.) 26. CENTROSCYLLIUM FABRICII. (P. 56.) 27. PRISTIS PECTINATUS. (P. 60.) 28. RHINOBATUS LENTIGINOSUS. (P. 62.)



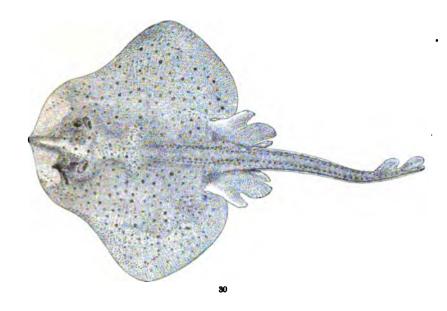


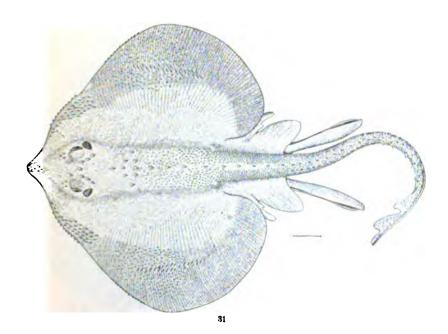




28a, 28b. RHINOBATUS LENTIGINOSUS. (P. 62.) 29. RAJA ERINACEA. (P. 68.)

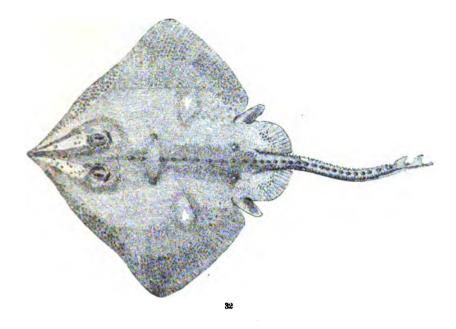


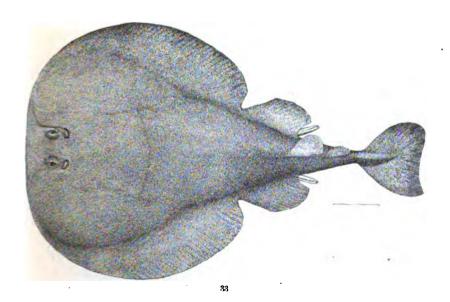




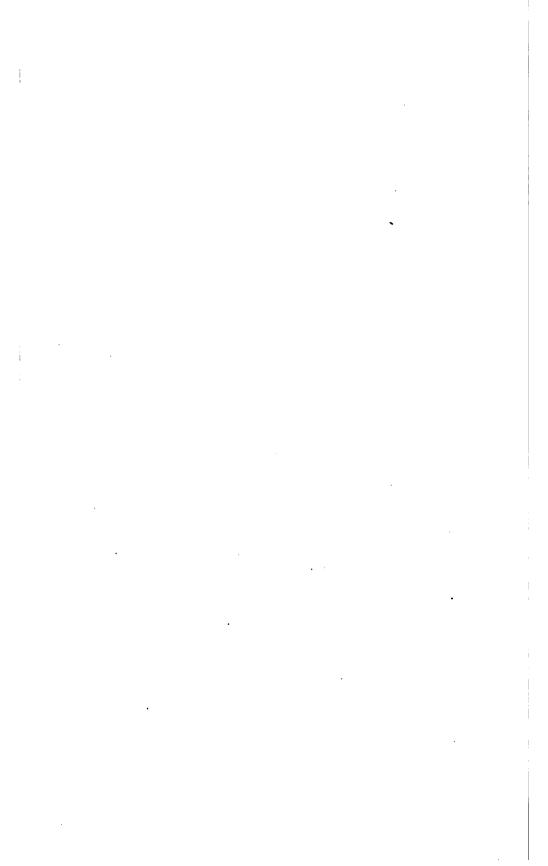
30. Raja ocellata. (P. 68.) 31. Raja ackleyi. (P. 70.)

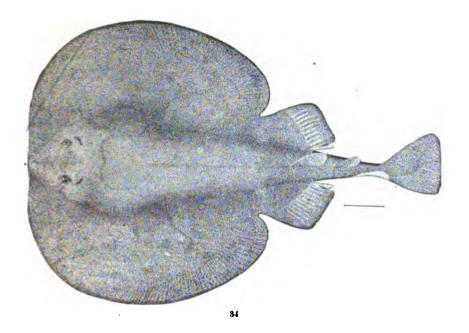


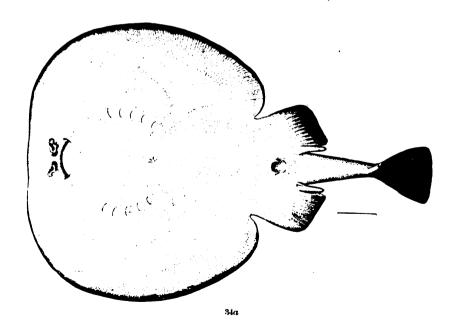




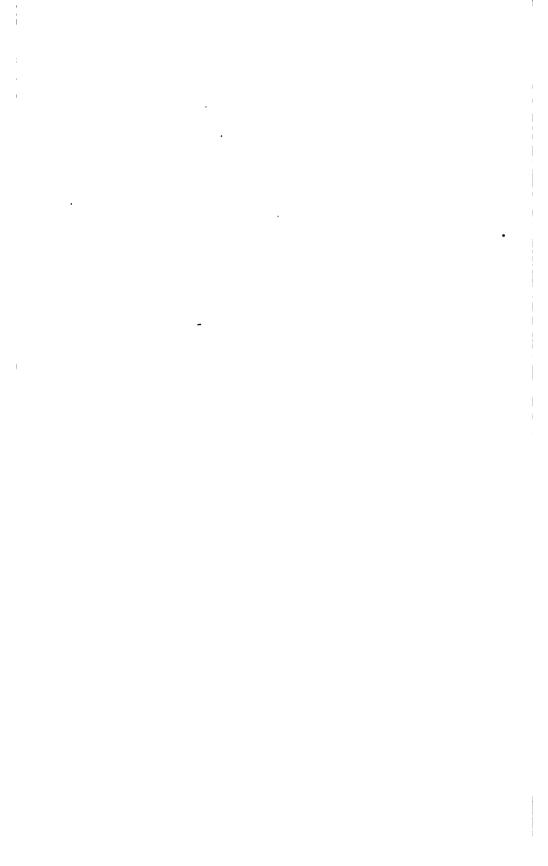
32. Raja stellulata. (P. 75.) 33. Tetronarce occidentalis. (P. 77.)

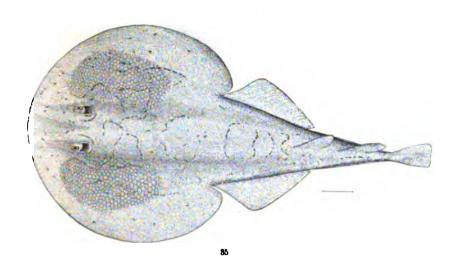


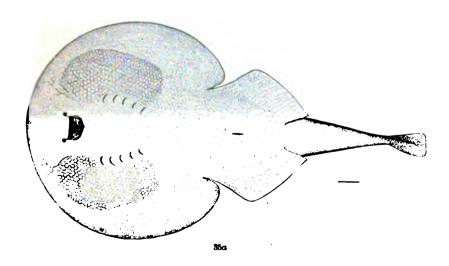




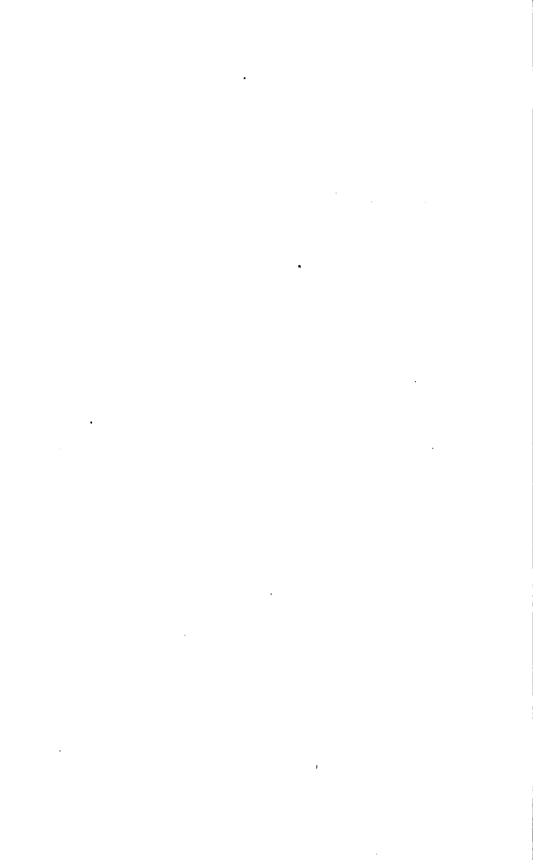
34, 34a. TETRONARCE CALIFORNICA. (P. 77.)

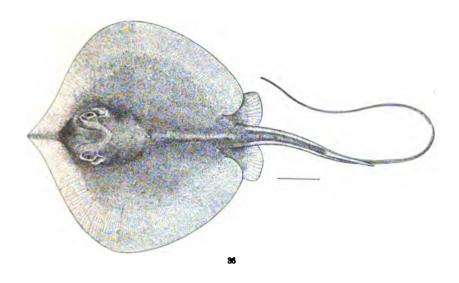


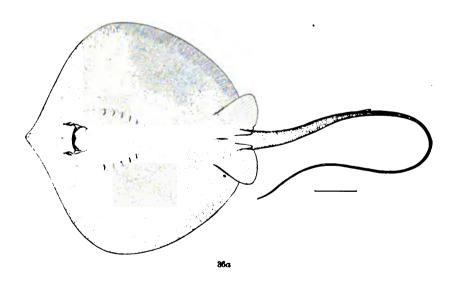




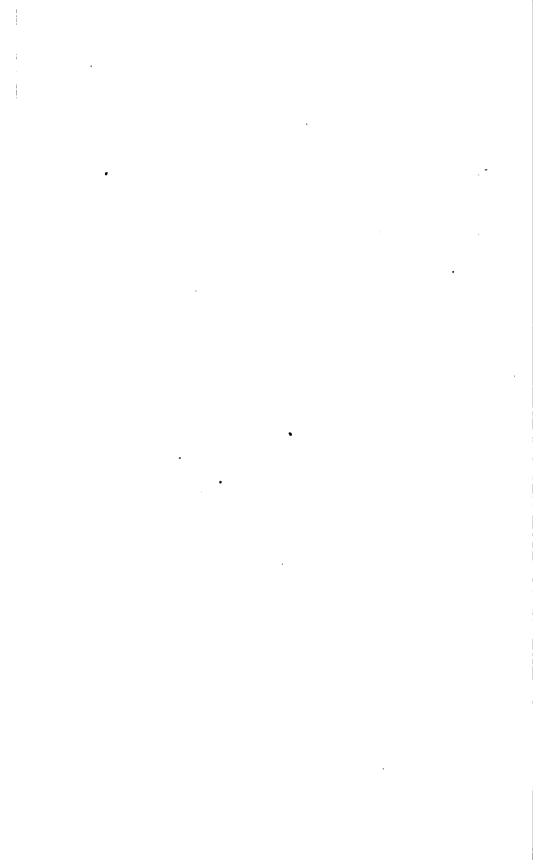
35, 35a. NARCINE BRASILIENSIS. (P. 78.)

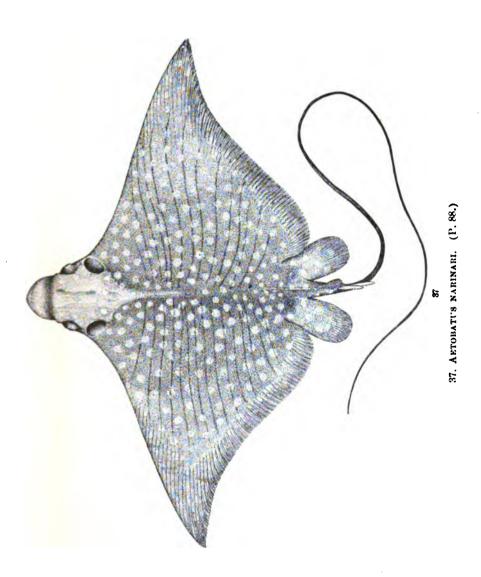


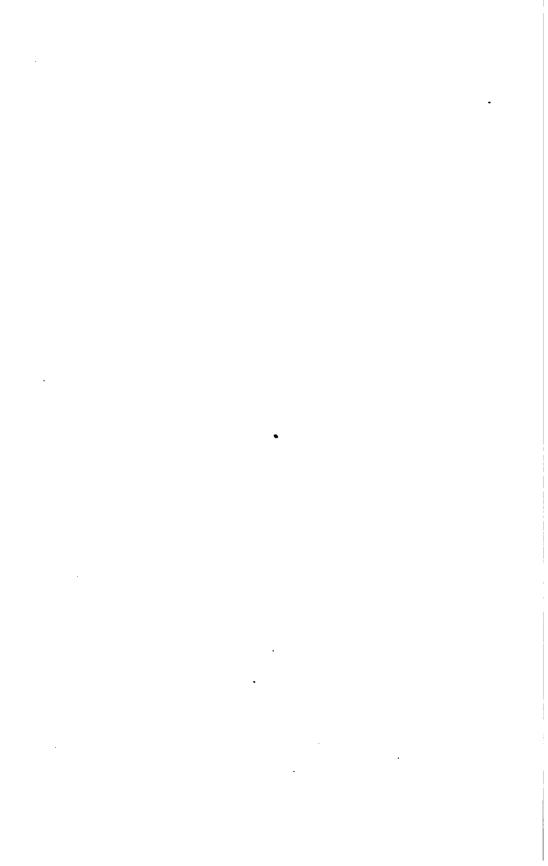


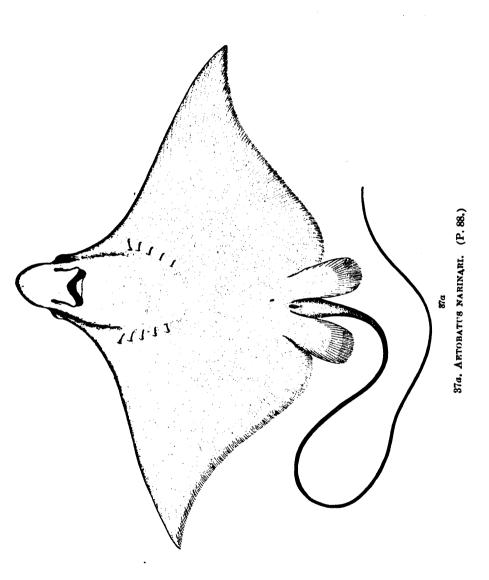


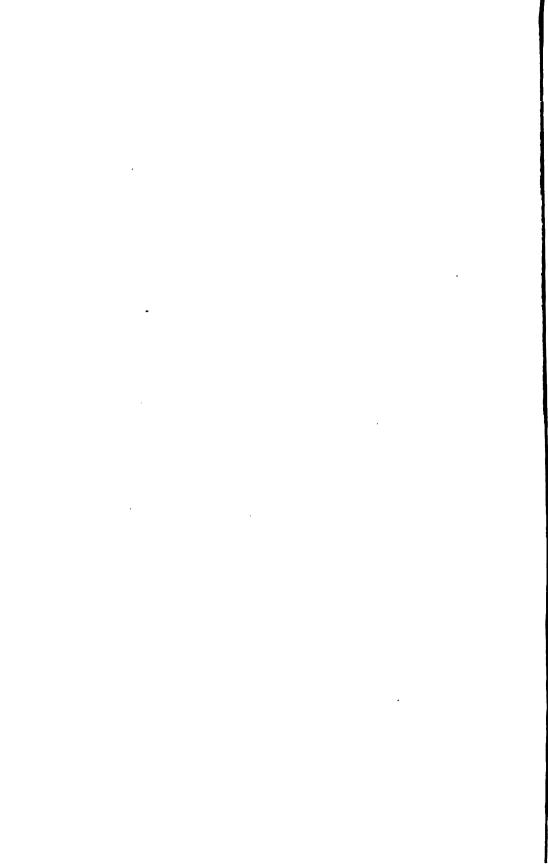
36, 36a. DASYATIS SABINA. (P. 84.)

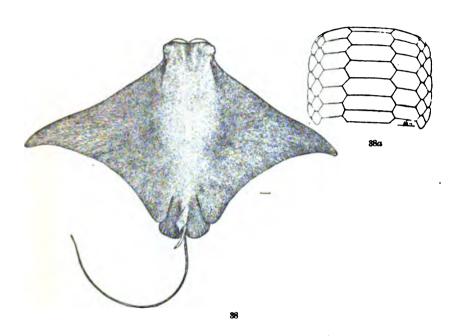




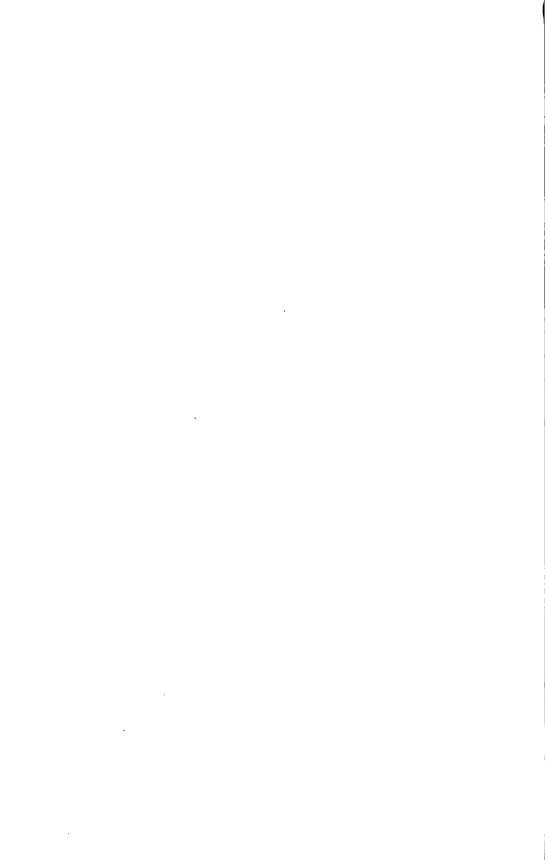


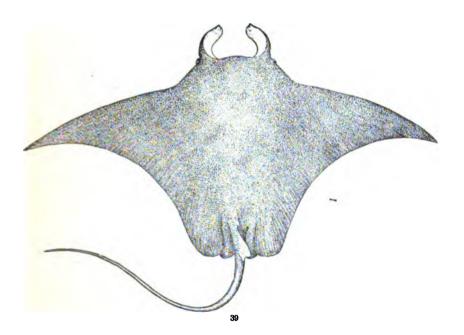




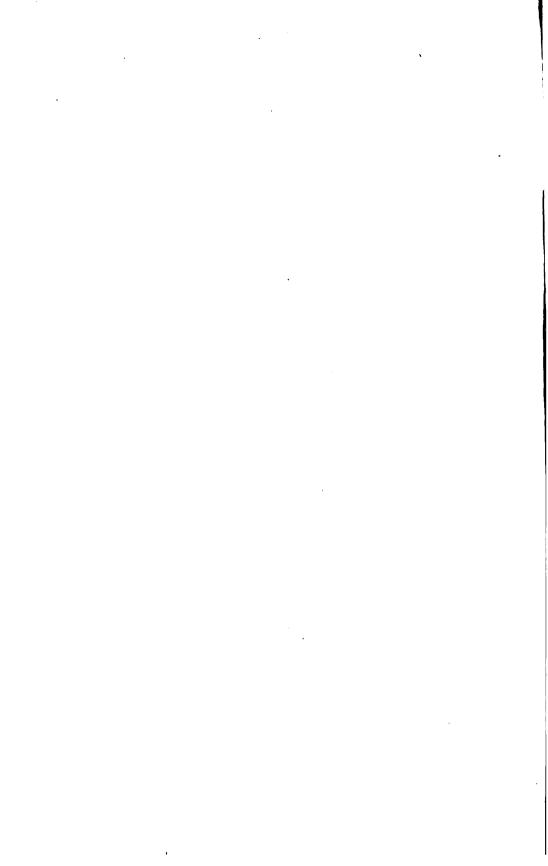


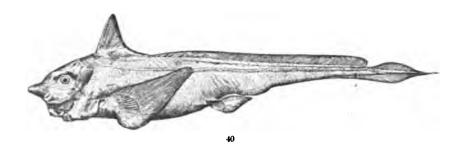
38. RHINOPTERA STEINDACHNERI. (P. 91.)
38a. PAVED TEETH OF RHINOPTERA STEINDACHNERI. (P. 91.)

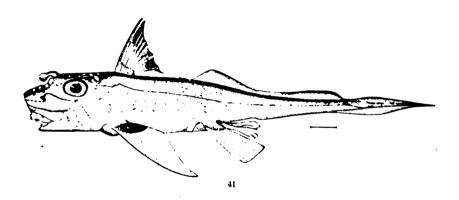


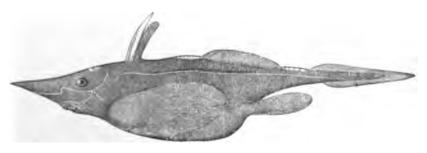


39. MANTA BIROSTRIS. (P. 92.)



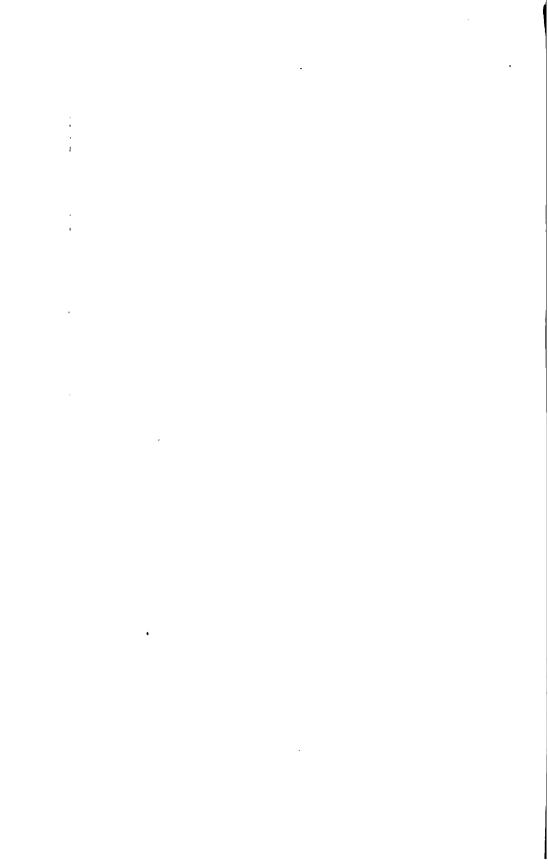


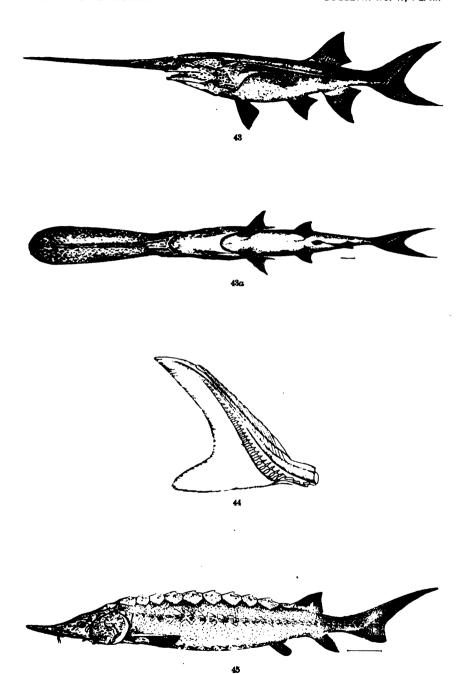




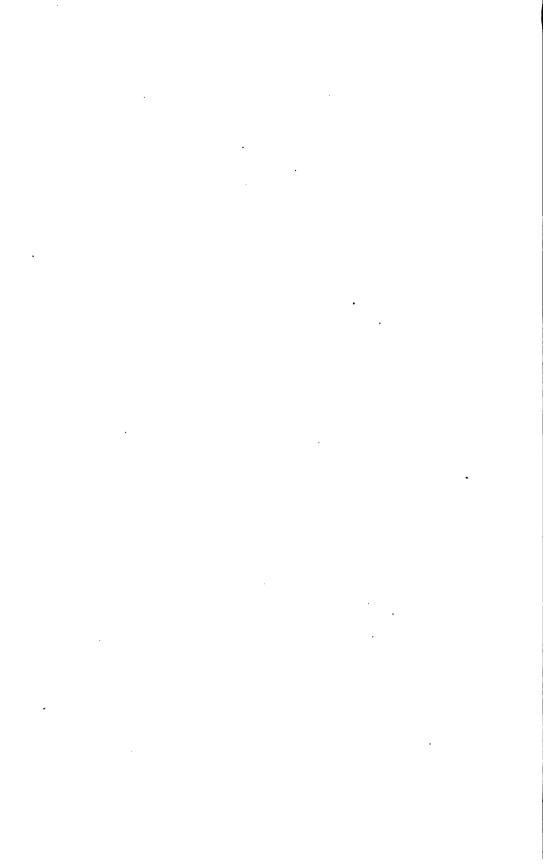
42

- 40. CHIMÆRA AFFINIS. (P. 95.) 41. HYDIROLAGUS COLLIEL. (P. 95.) 42. HARRIOTTA RALEIGHANA. (P. 96.)





43, 43a. POLYODON SPATHULA. (P. 101.)
44. HETEROCERCAL TAIL OF ACIPENSER TRANSMONTANUS. (P. 104.)
45. ACIPENSER STURIO OXYRHYNCHUS. (P. 105.)



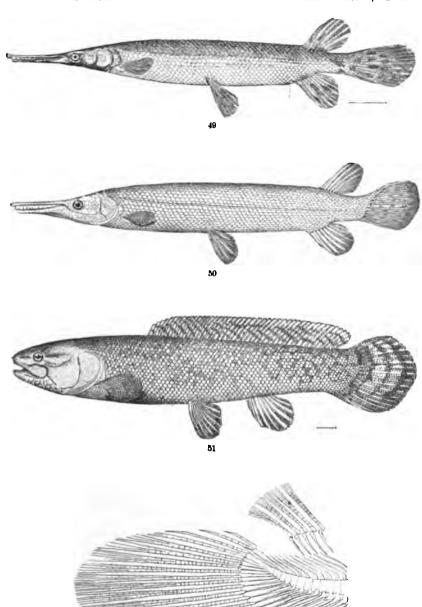






- 46. ACIPENSER RUBICUNDUS. (P. 106.)
 47. ACIPENSER BREVIROSTRUM. (P. 106.)
 48. SCAPHIRHYCHUS PLATORYNCHUS. (P. 107.)

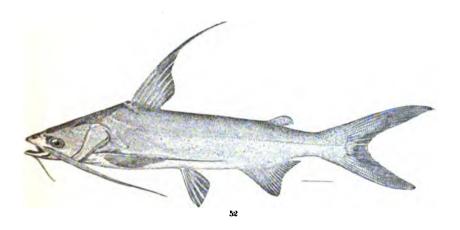


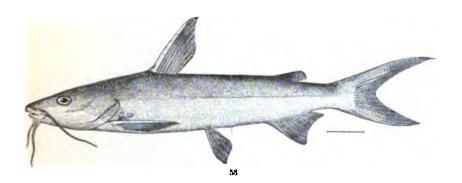


49. LEPISOSTEUS PLATOSTOMUS. (P. 110.) 50. LEPISOSTEUS TRISTIECHUS. (P. 111.) 51. AMIA CALVA; female. (P. 113.) 51a. HETEROCERCAL TAIL OF AMIA CALVA. (P. 113.)

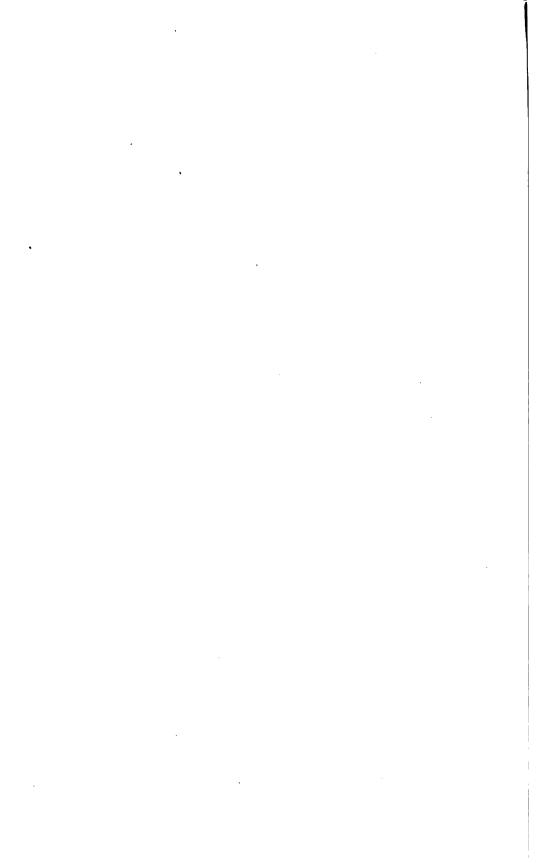
51a

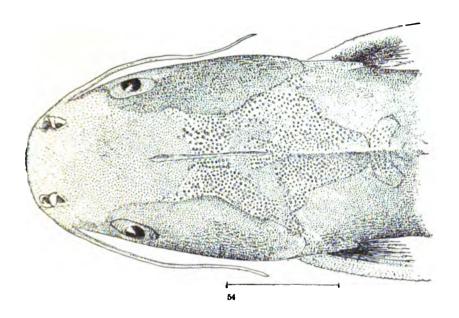


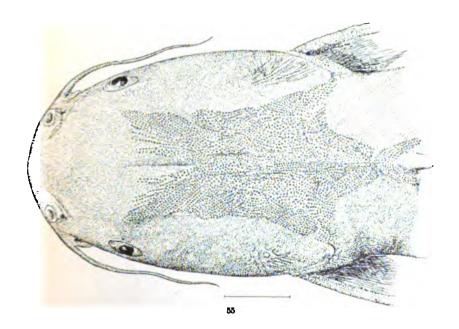




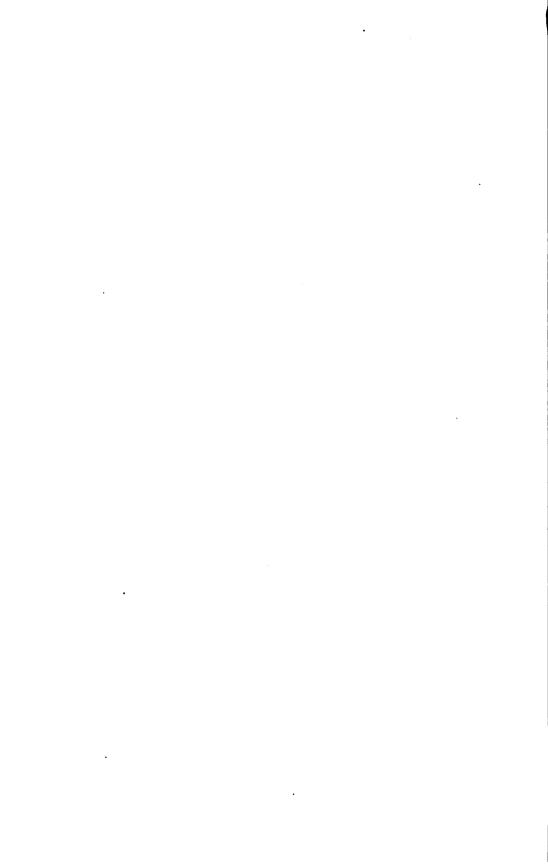
52. Felichthys marinus. (P. 118.) 53. Galeichthys felis. (P. 128.)

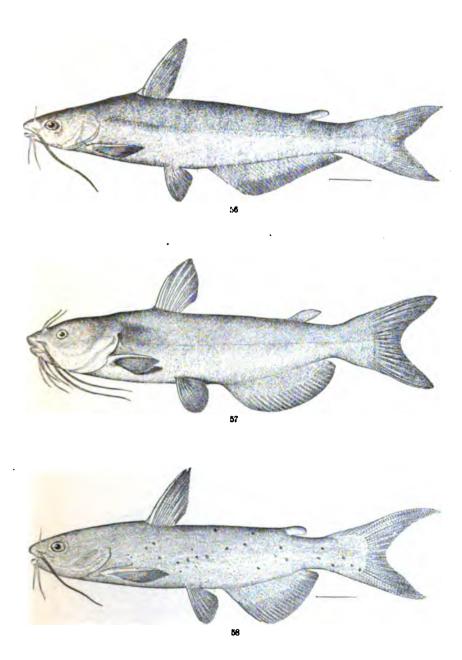




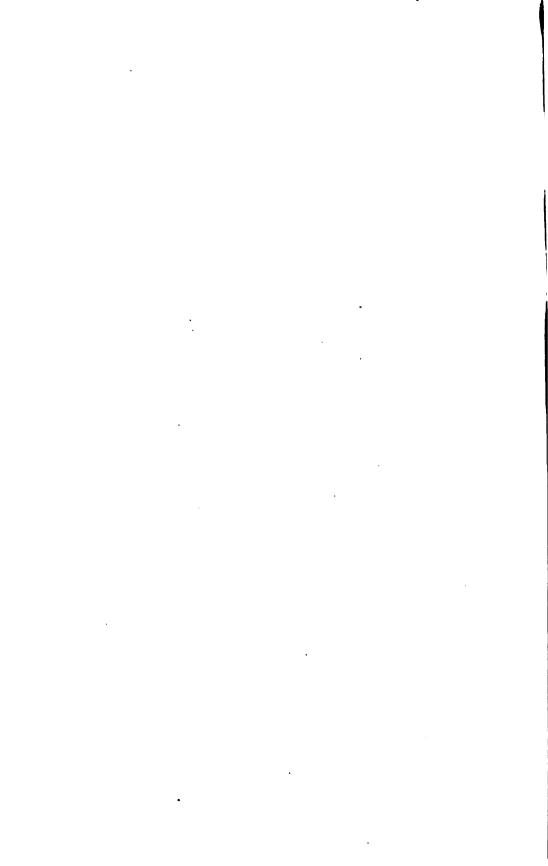


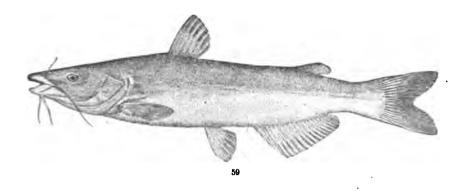
54. GALEICHTHYS GILBERTI. (P. 2773.) 55. GALEICHTHYS AZUREUS. (P. 2775.)

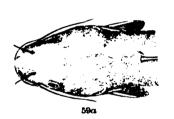


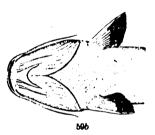


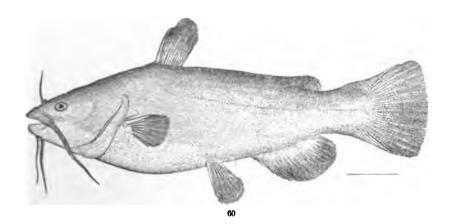
56. ICTALURUS FURCATUS. (P. 134.)
57. ICTALURUS ANGUILLA. (P. 2788.)
58. ICTALURUS PUNCTATUS. (P. 134.)



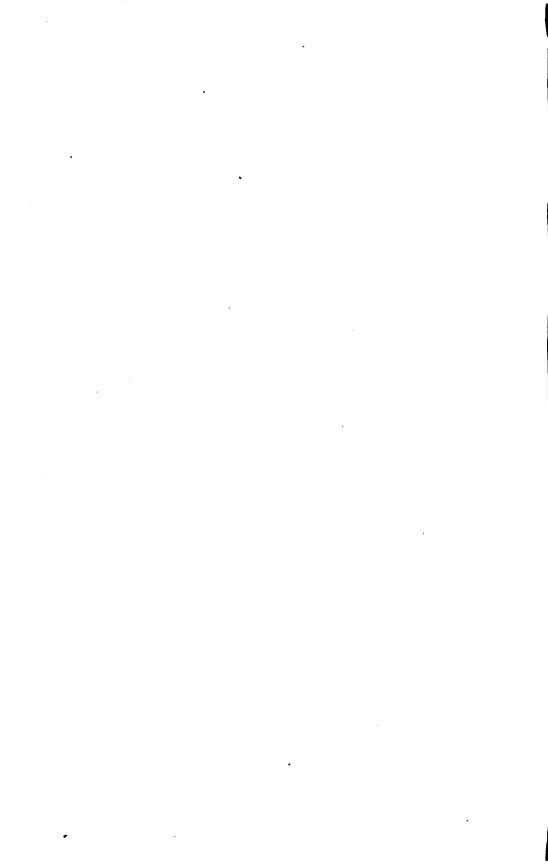


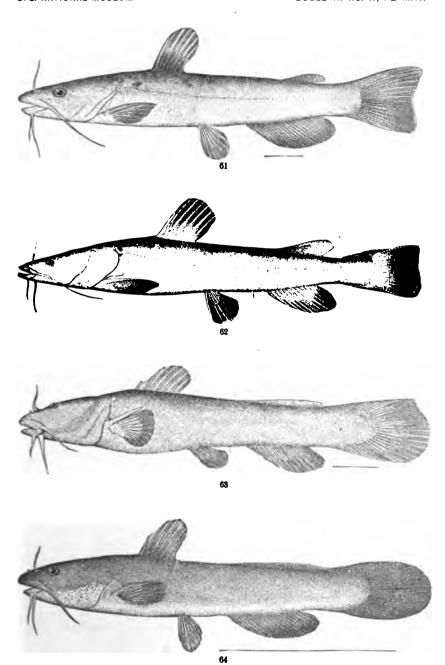




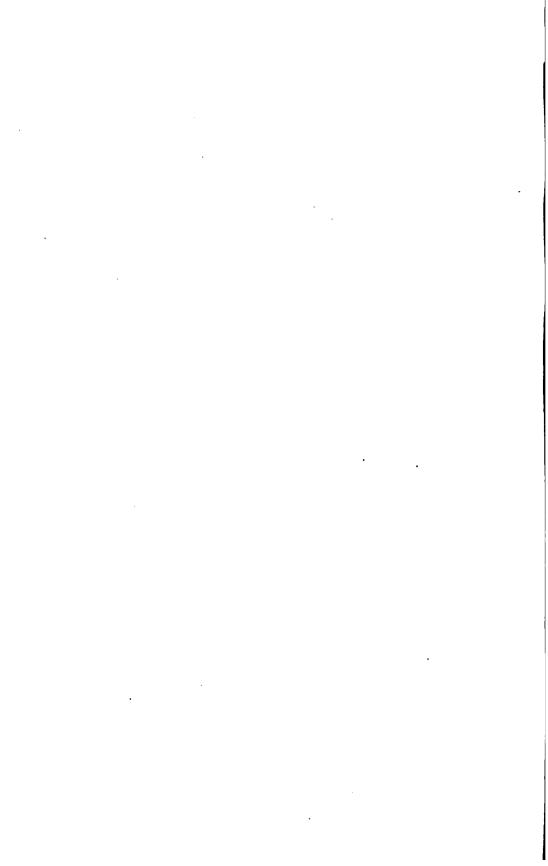


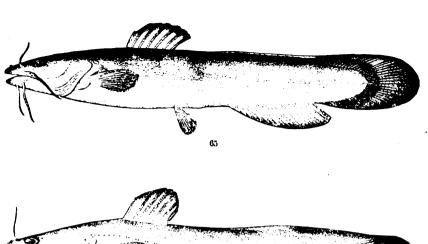
59, 59a, 59b. Ameiurus dugesi. (P. 138.) 60. Ameiurus melas. (P. 141:)

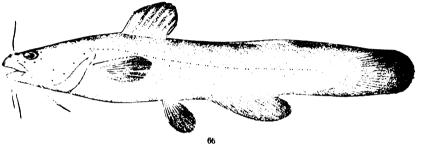


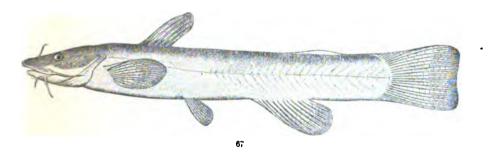


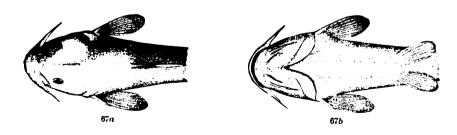
- 61. Ameiurus platycephalus. (P. 142.)
 62. Leptops olivaris. (P. 143.)
 63. Noturus plavus. (P. 144.)
 64. Schilbrodes nocturnus. (P. 146.)



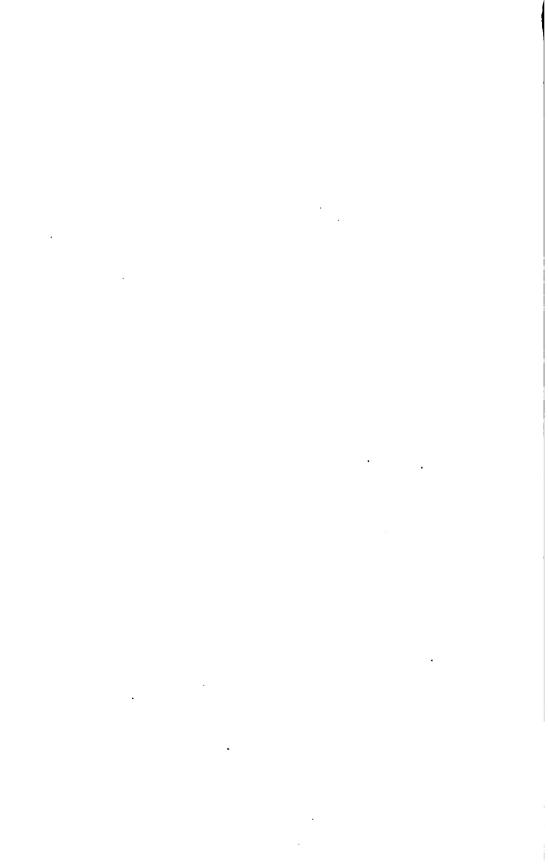


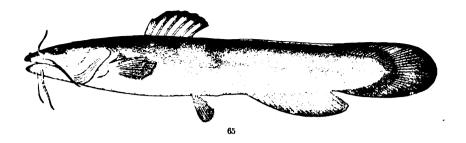


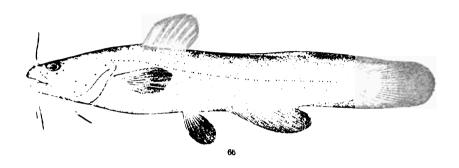


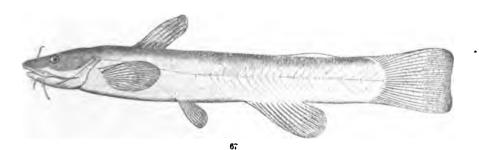


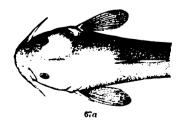
65. SCHILBEODES EXILIS. (P. 147.) 66. SCHILBEODES INSIGNIS. (P. 147.) 67, 67a, 67b. SCHILBEODES GILBERTI. (P. 148.)

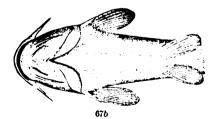






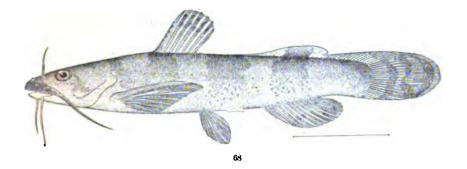


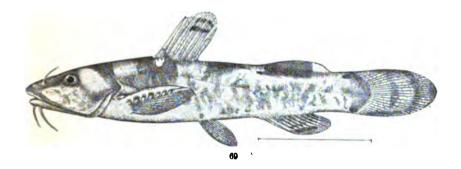


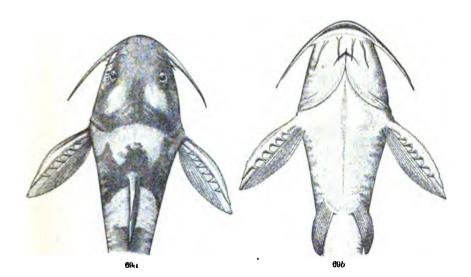


- 65. SCHILBEODES EXILIS. (P. 147.)
 66. SCHILBEODES INSIGNIS. (P. 147.)
 67, 67a, 67b. SCHILBEODES GILBERTI. (P. 148.)







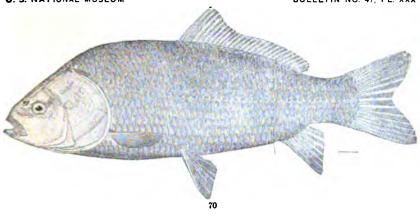


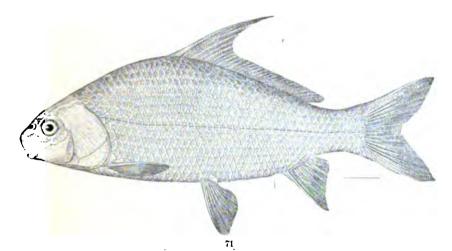
68. SCHILBEODES MIURUS. (P. 148.) 69, 69a, 69b. SCHILBEODES FURIOSUS. (P. 149.)

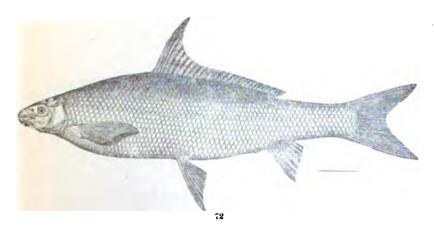




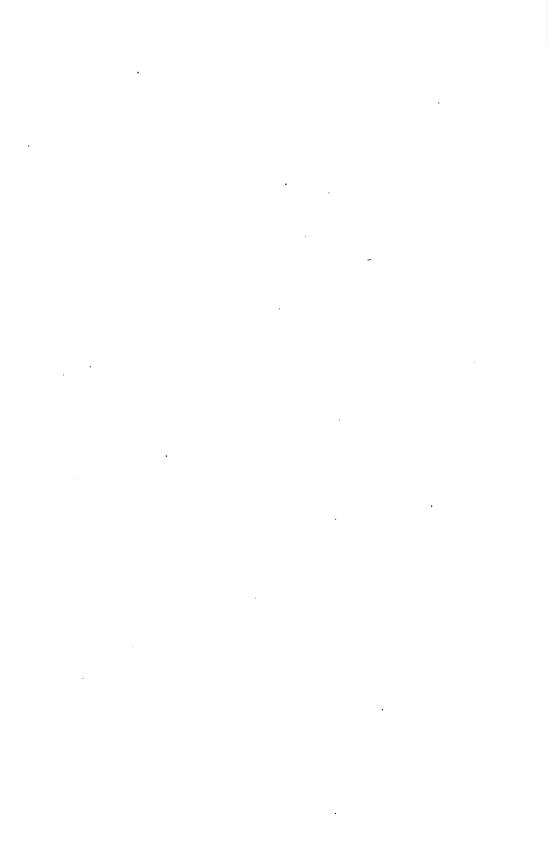
BULLETIN NO. 47, PL. XXX

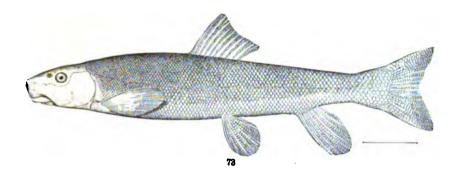


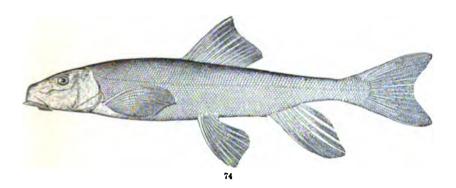


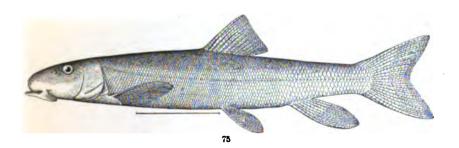


70. ICTIOBUS CYPRINELLA. (P. 163.) 71. CARPIODES CYPRINUS. (P. 168.) 72. CYCLEPTUS ELONGATUS. (P. 168.)

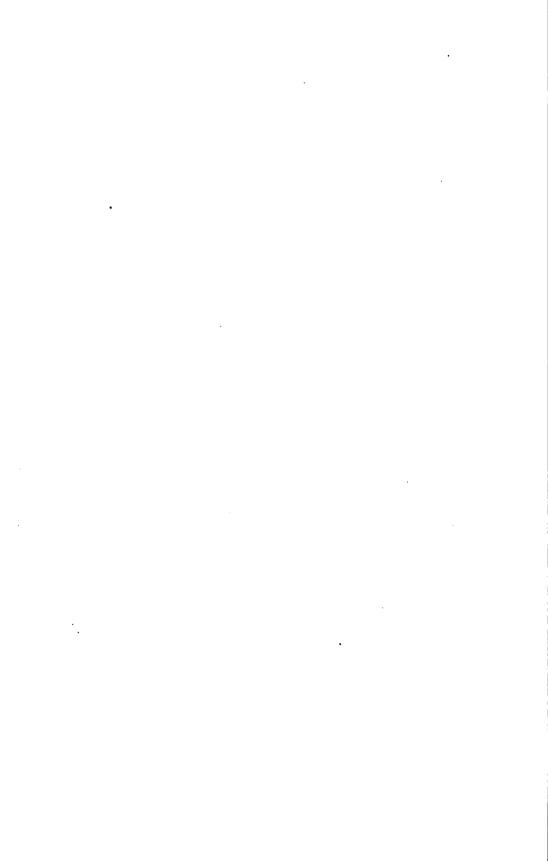


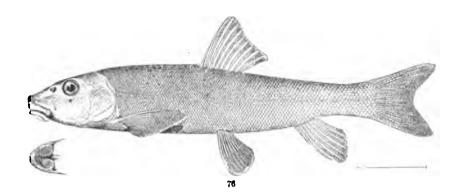


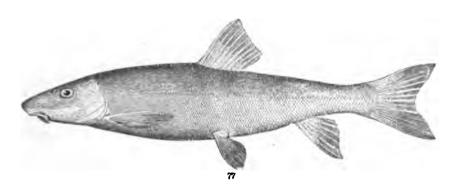


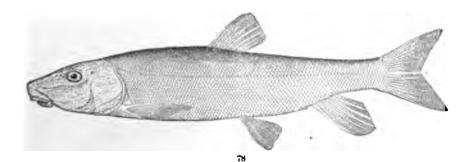


73. Pantosteus jordani. (P. 171.)
74. Catostomus latipinnis. (P. 174.)
75. Catostomus griseus. (P. 175.)

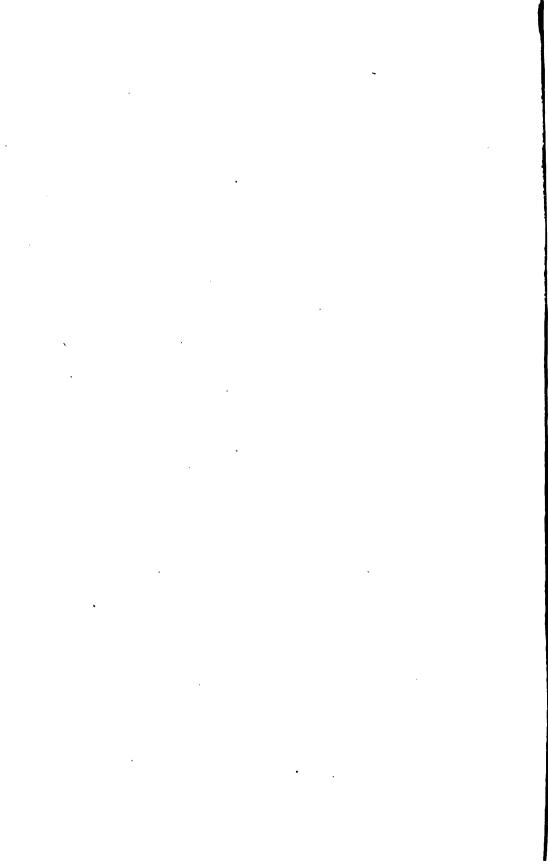


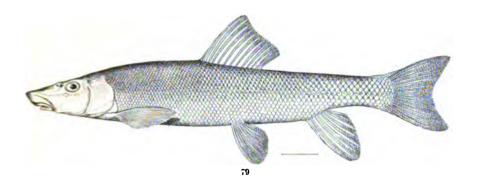


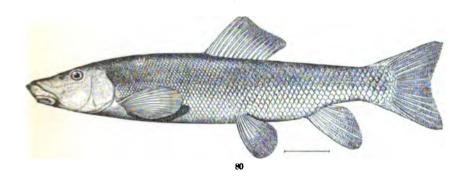


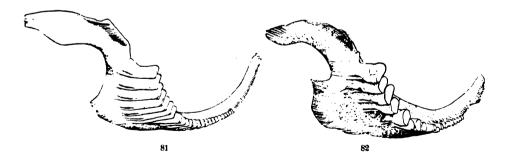


76. CATOSTOMUS POCATELLO. (P. 175.)
77. CATOSTOMUS CATOSTOMUS. (P. 176.)
78. CATOSTOMUS TAHOENSIS. (P. 177.)



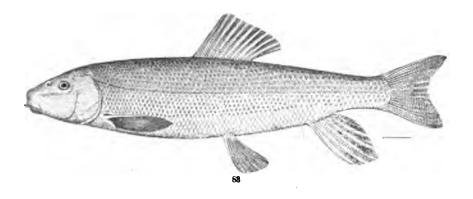


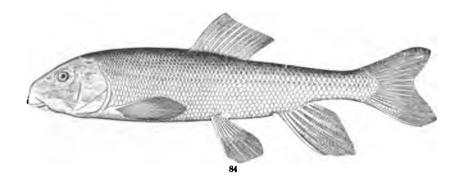


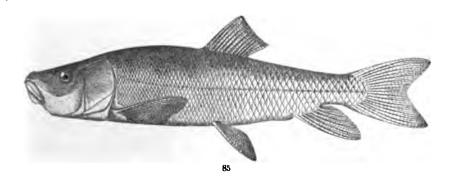


- 79. CATOSTOMUS OCCIDENTALIS. (P. 178.)
 80. CATOSTOMUS TSILTCOOSENSIS. (P. 2793.)
 81. PHARYNGEAL TEETH OF CATOSTOMUS MACROCHEILUS. (P. 178.)
 82. PHARYNGEAL TEETH OF PLACOPHARYNX DUQUESNII. (P. 198.)

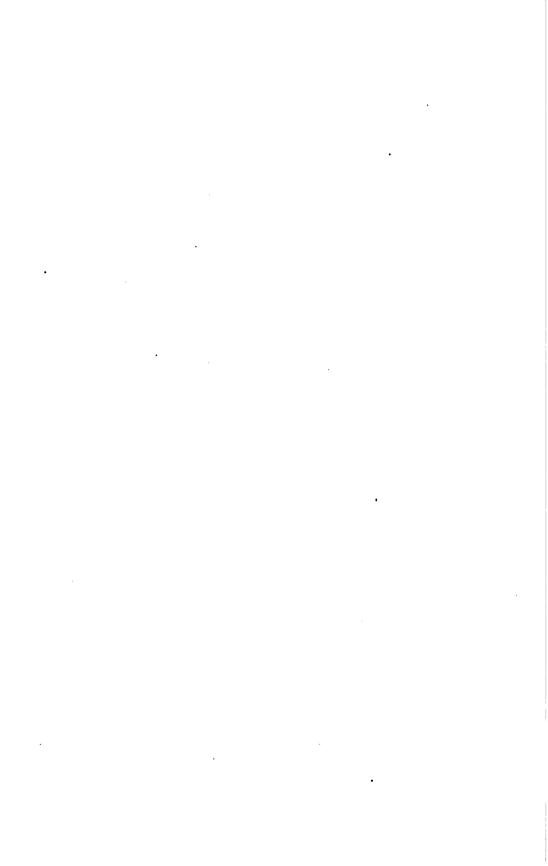
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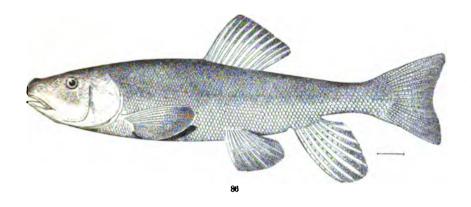


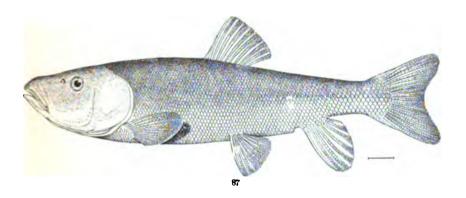


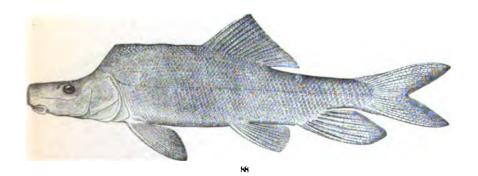


83. CATOSTOMUS COMMERSONII. (P. 178.) 84. CATOSTOMUS ARDENS. (P. 179.) 85. CHASMISTES LIORUS. (P. 183.)

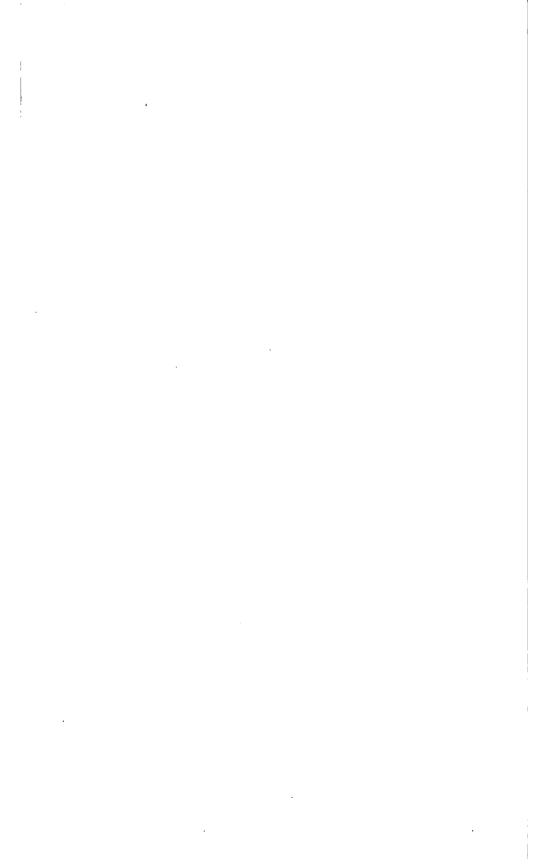


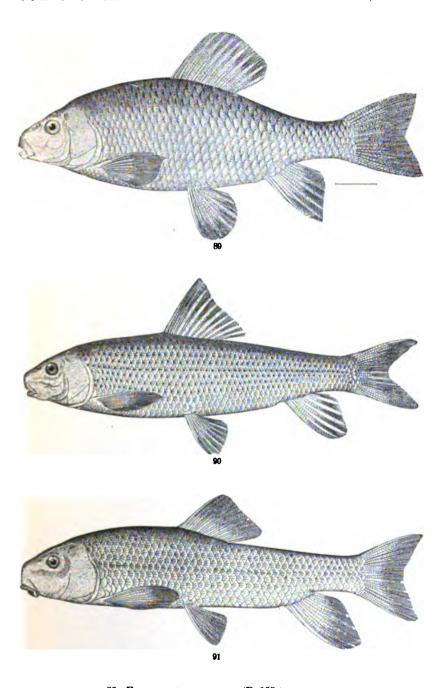




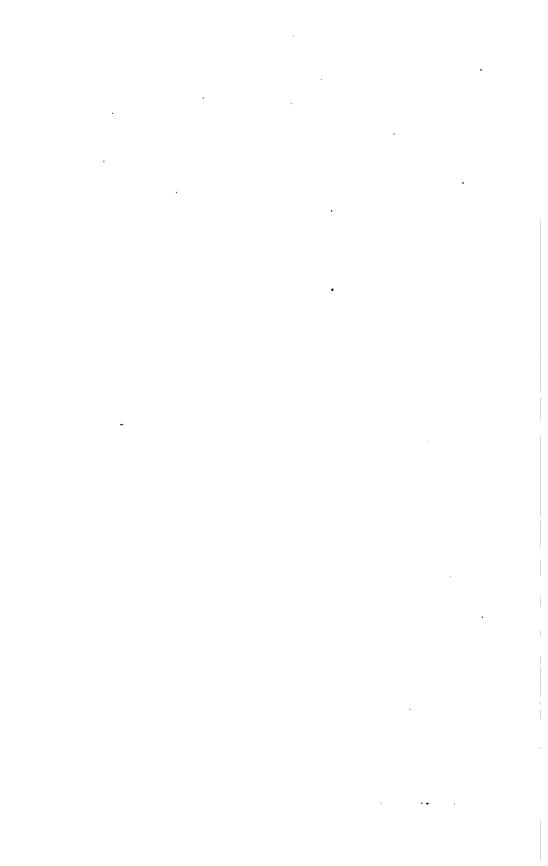


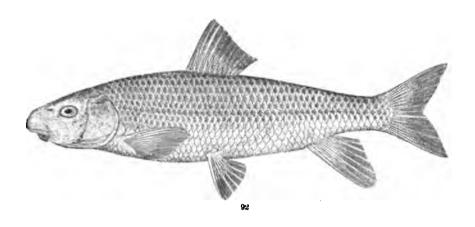
86. Chasmistes stomias. (P. 2794.) 87. Chasmistes copel. (P. 2795.) 88. Xyrauchen cypho. (P. 184.)

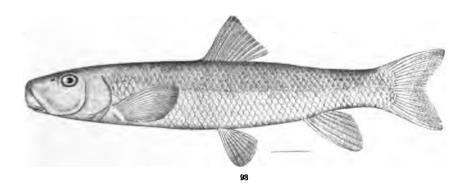




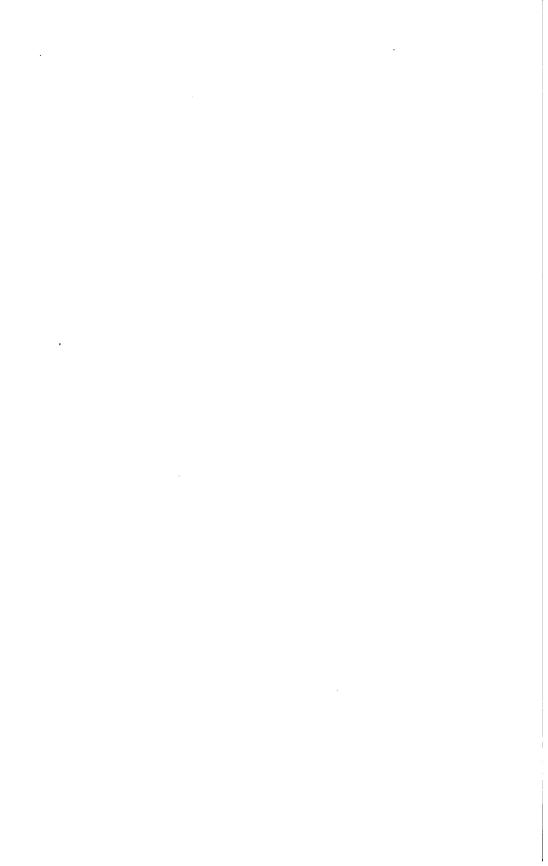
89. ERIMYZON SUCETTA. (P. 185.) 90. MINYTREMA MELANOPS. (P. 187.) 91. MOXOSTOMA CONGESTUM. (P. 192.)

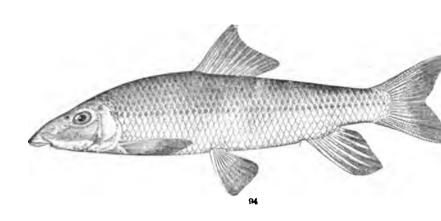


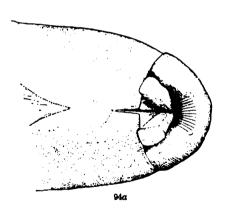




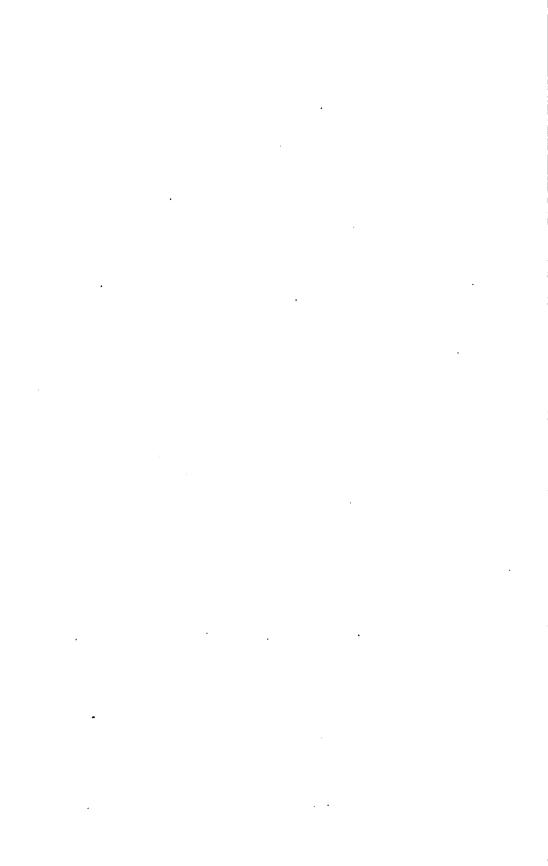
92. Monostoma austrinum. (P. 192.) 93. Monostoma rupiscartes. (P. 196.)

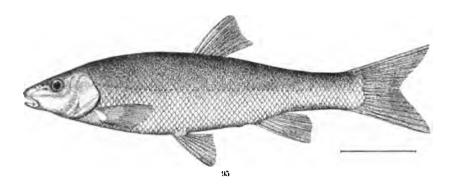


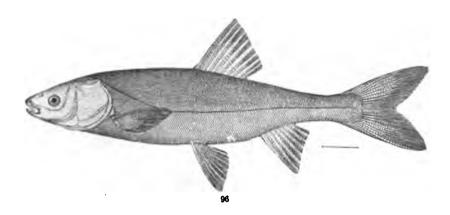


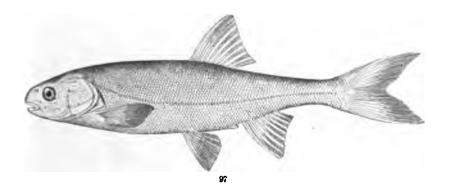


94, 94a. LAGOCHILA LACERA. (P. 199.)



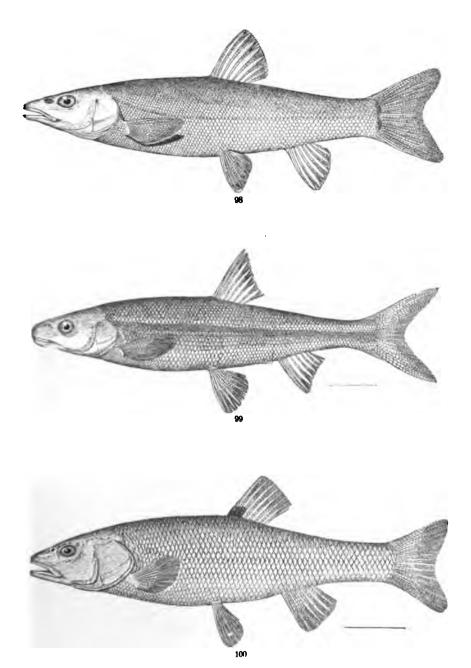






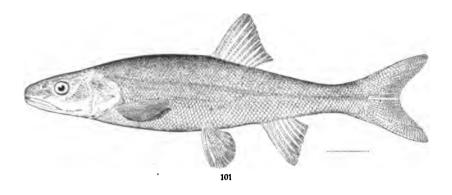
95. Campostoma anomalum. (P. 205.) 96. Orthodon microlepidotus. (P. 207.) 97. Acrochellus alutaceus. (P. 208.)

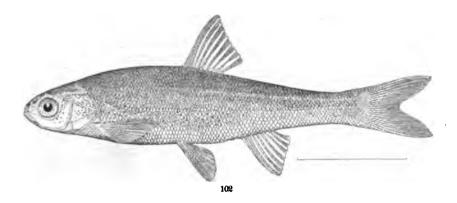


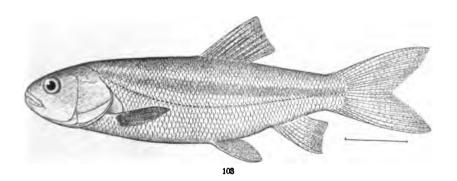


98. ALGANSEA DUGESI. (P. 211.) 99. MYLOCHEILUS CAURINUS. (P. 219.) 100. SEMOTILUS ATROMACULATUS. (P. 222.)

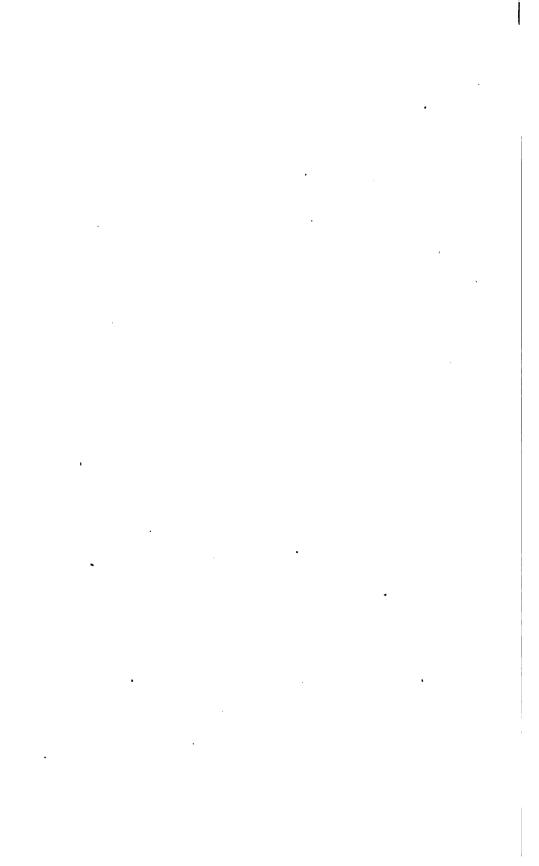


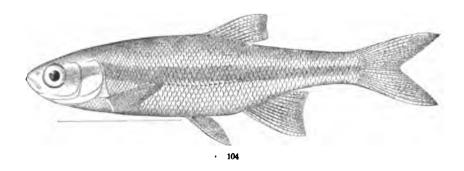


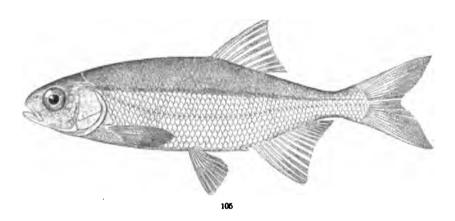


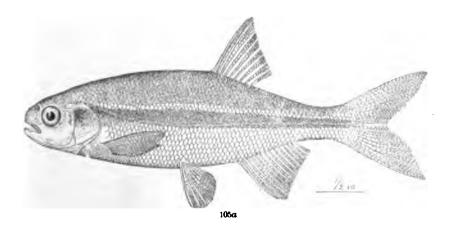


101. PTYCHOCHEILUS OREGONENSIS. (P. 224.) 102. LEUCISCUS BICOLOR. (P. 232.) 103. LEUCISCUS LINEATUS. (P. 232.)

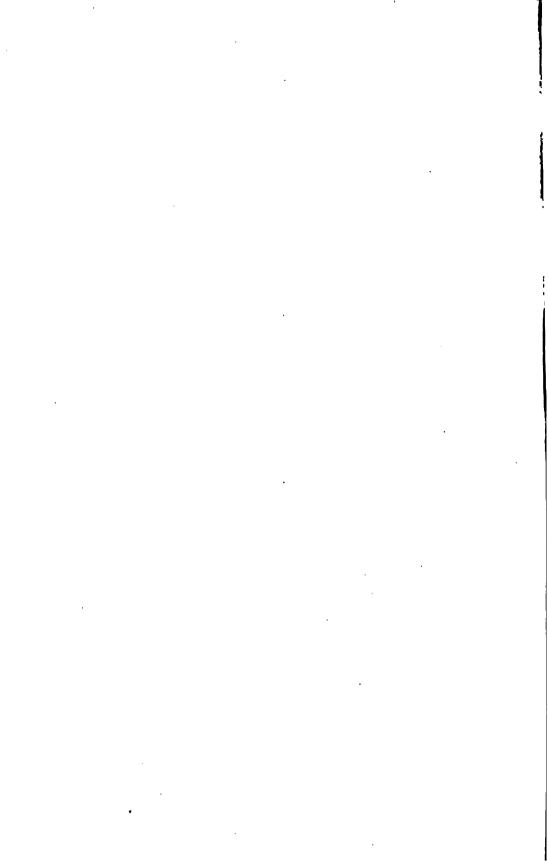


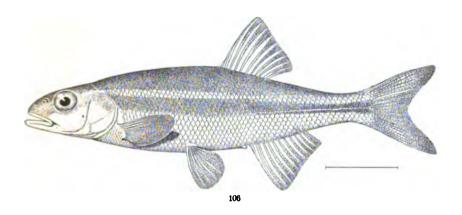


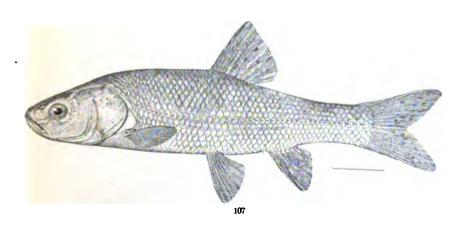




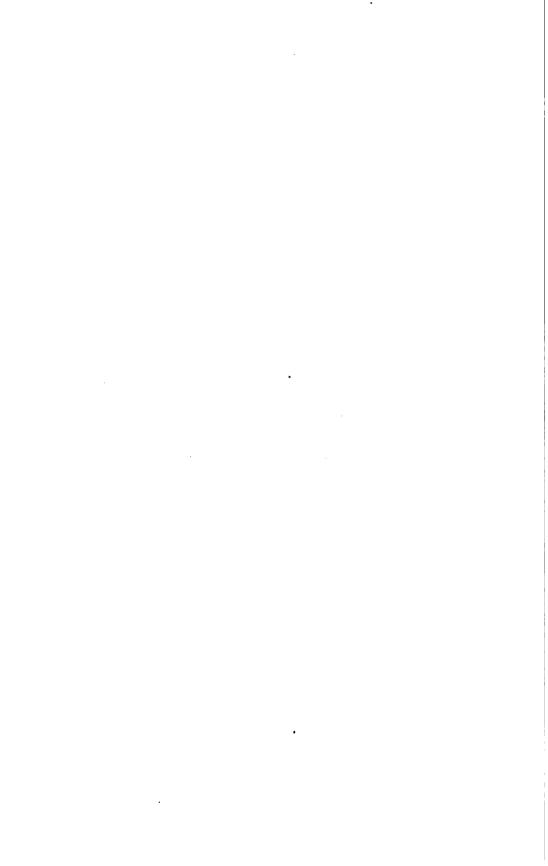
104. LEUCISCUS HYDROPHLOX. (P. 238.) 105. LEUCISCUS BALTEATUS. (P. 238.) 105d. LEUCISCUS BALTEATUS, FROM TYPE OF LEUCISCUS GILLII. (P. 238.)

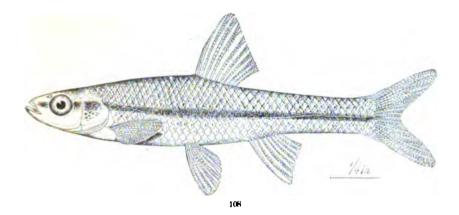


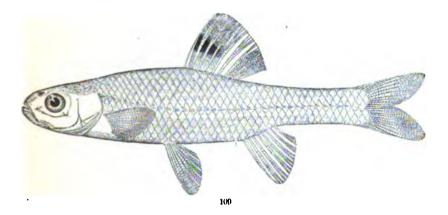


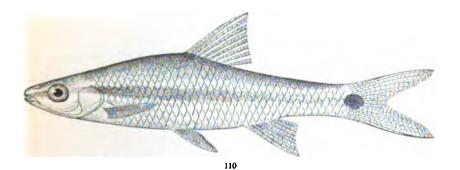


106. Leuciscus siuslawi. (P. 2797.) 107. Rutilus bicolor. (P. 244.)

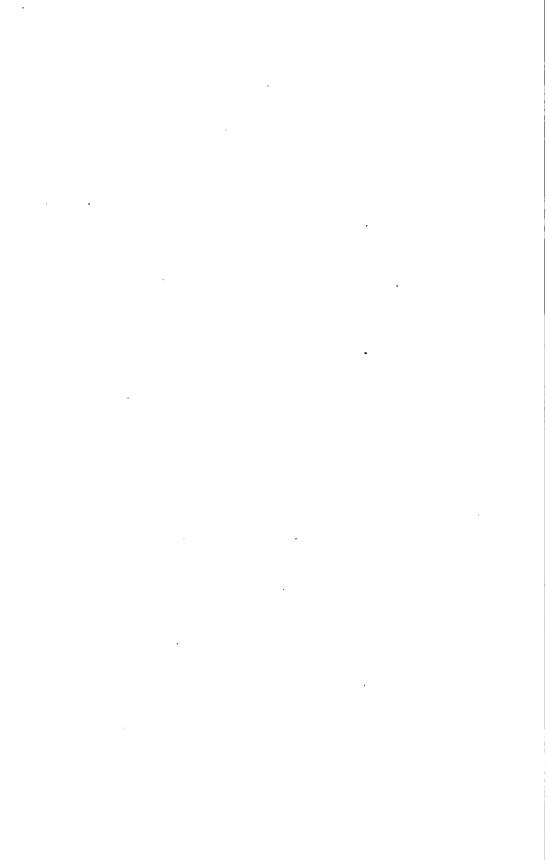


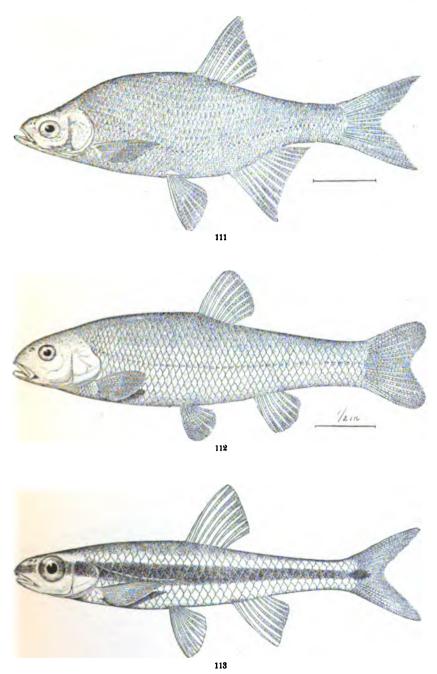




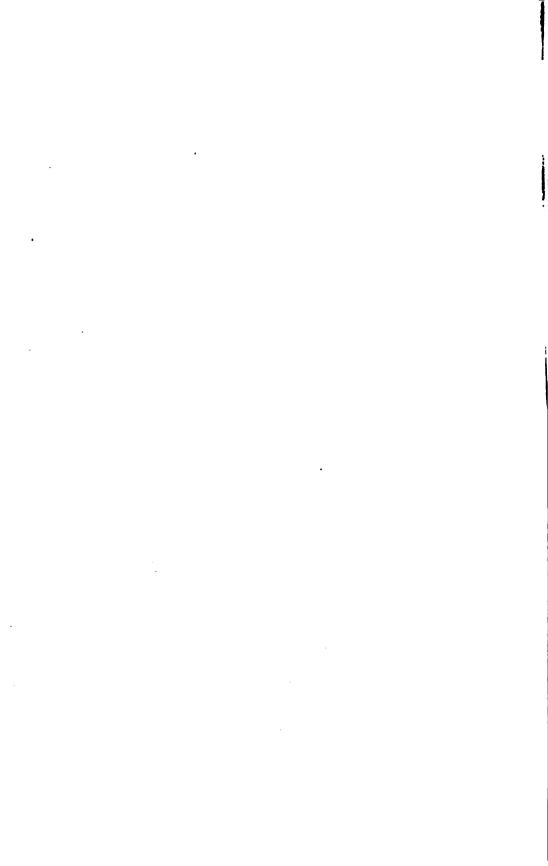


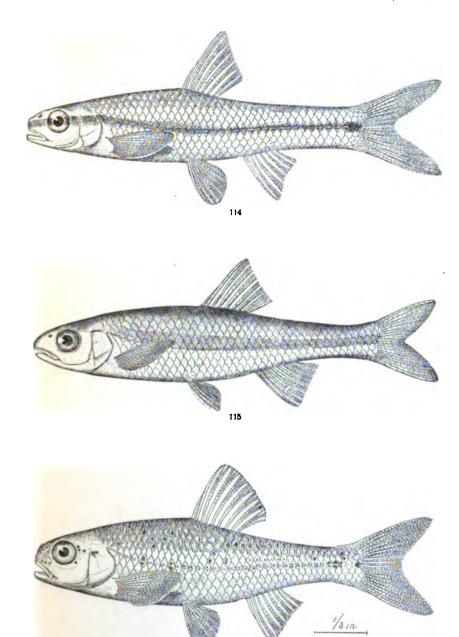
108. Opsopeodus osculus. (P. 248.) 109. Opsopeodus emiliæ. (P. 248.) 110. Opsopeodus bollmani. (P. 249.)





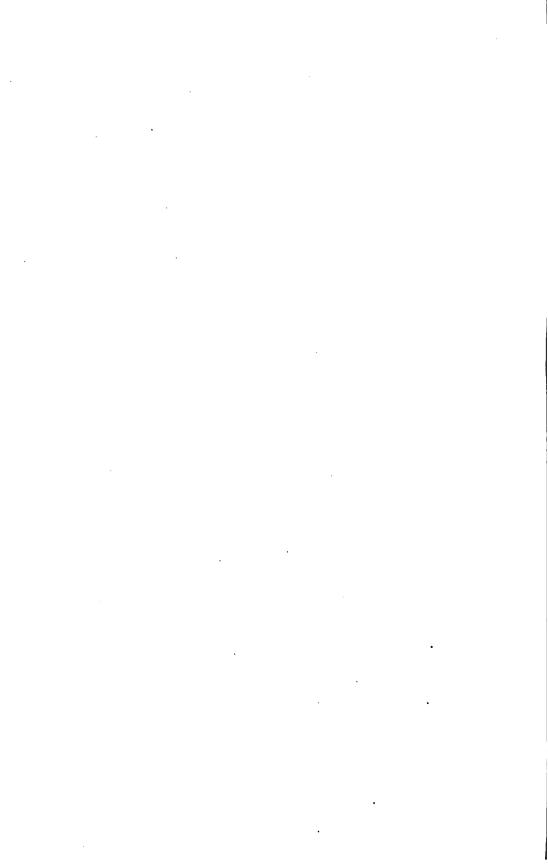
111. Abramis crysoleucas. (P. 250.) 112. Notropis aztecus. (P. 258.) 113. Notropis welaka. (P. 2799.)

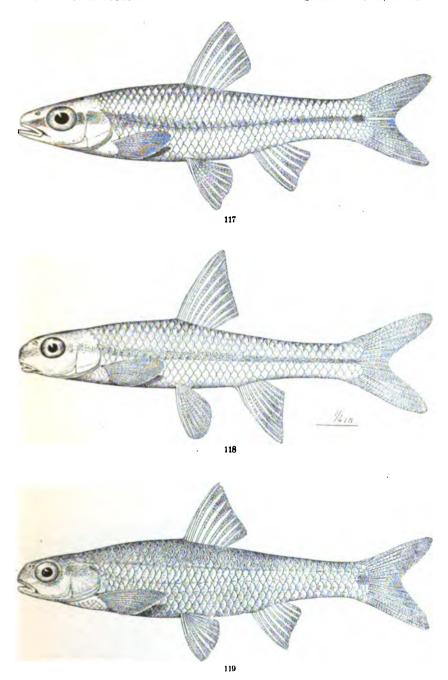




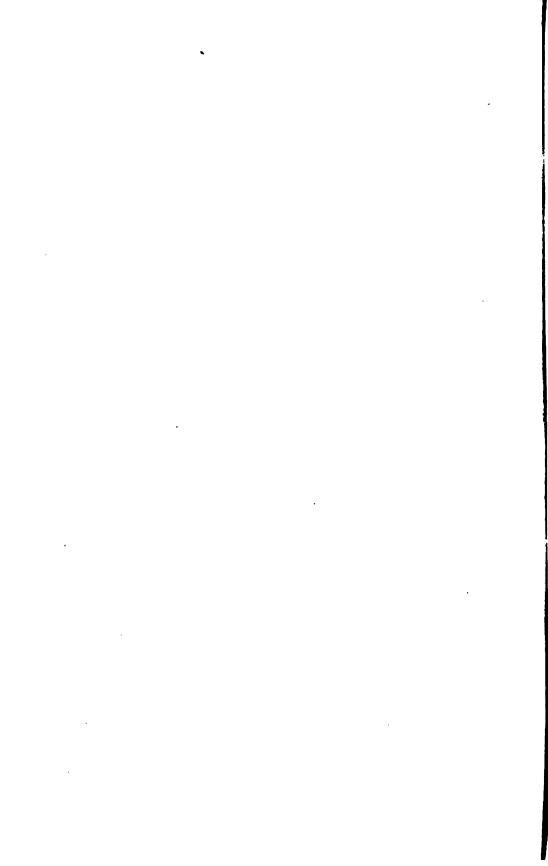
114. Notropis cayuga atrocaudalis. (P. 260.) 115. Notropis kanawha. (P. 264.) 116. Notropis chihuahua. (P. 265.)

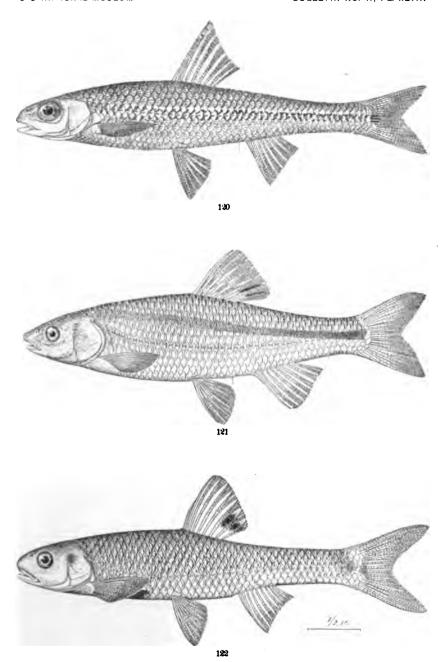
116



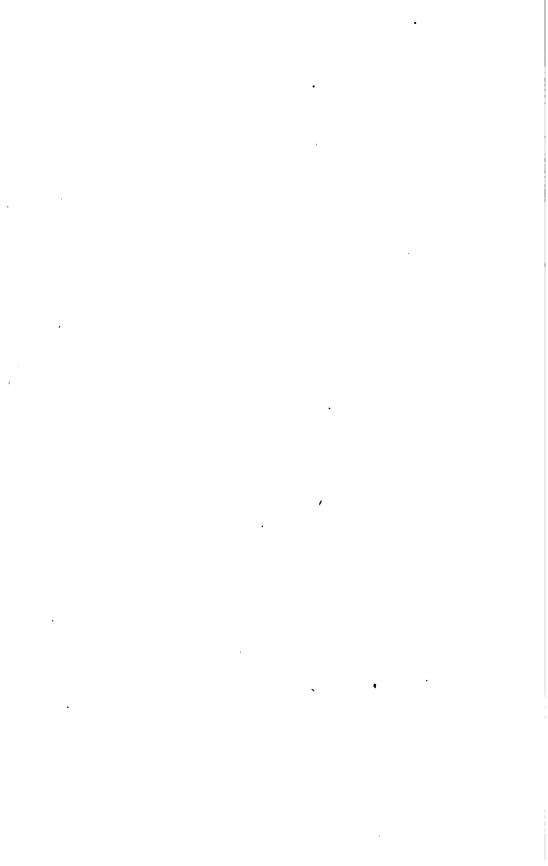


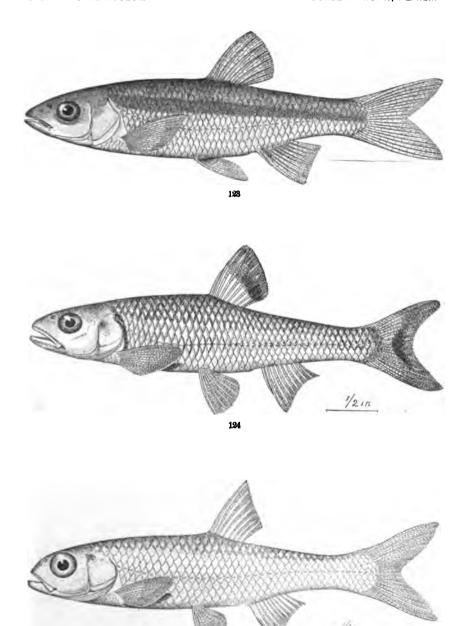
- 117. Notropis nux. (P. 267.)118. Notropis nocomis. (P. 268.)119. Notropis hudsonius. (P. 269.)





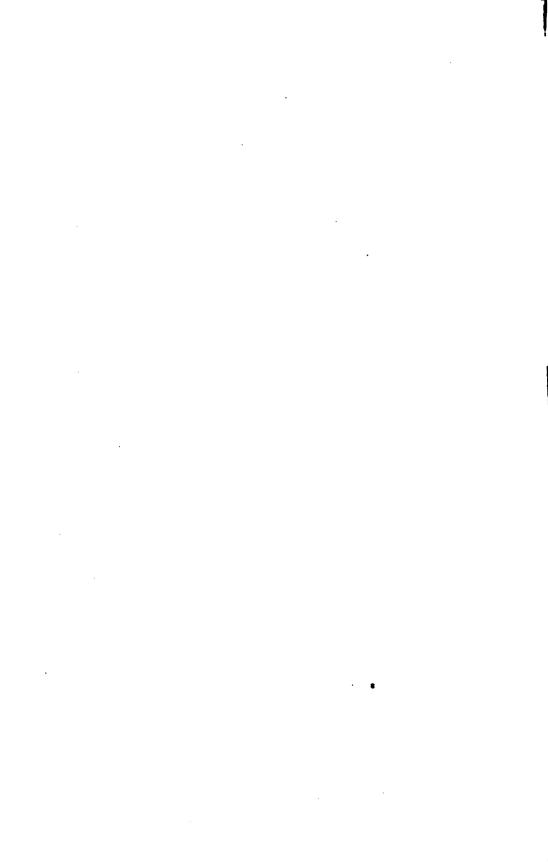
- 120. Notropis hudsonius saludanus. (P. 270.) 121. Notropis whipplii. (P. 278.) 122. Notropis galacturus. (P. 279.)

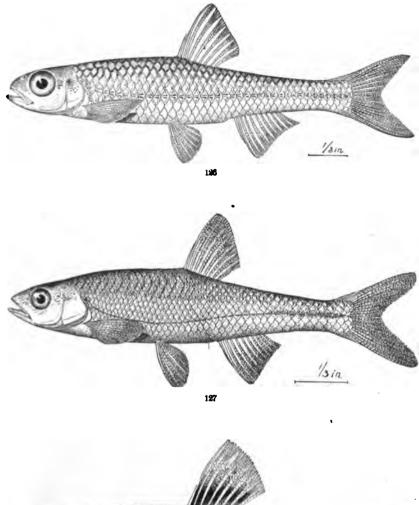


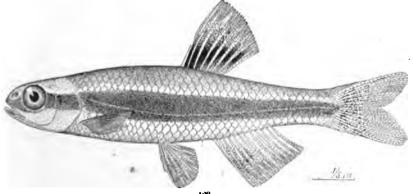


123. NOTROPIS MACDONALDI. (P. 284.) 124. NOTROPIS COCCOGENIS. (P. 284.) 125. NOTROPIS SWAINI. (P. 290.)

125

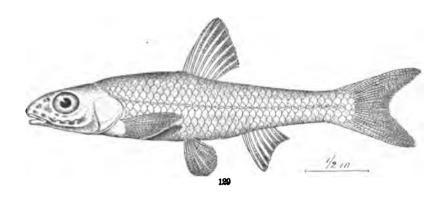


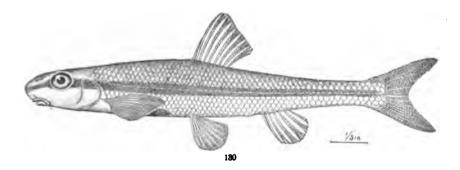


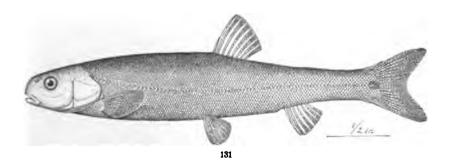


- 126. Notropis telescopus. (P. 292.) 127. Notropis notemigonoides. (P. 292.) 128. Notropis metallicus. (P. 297.)

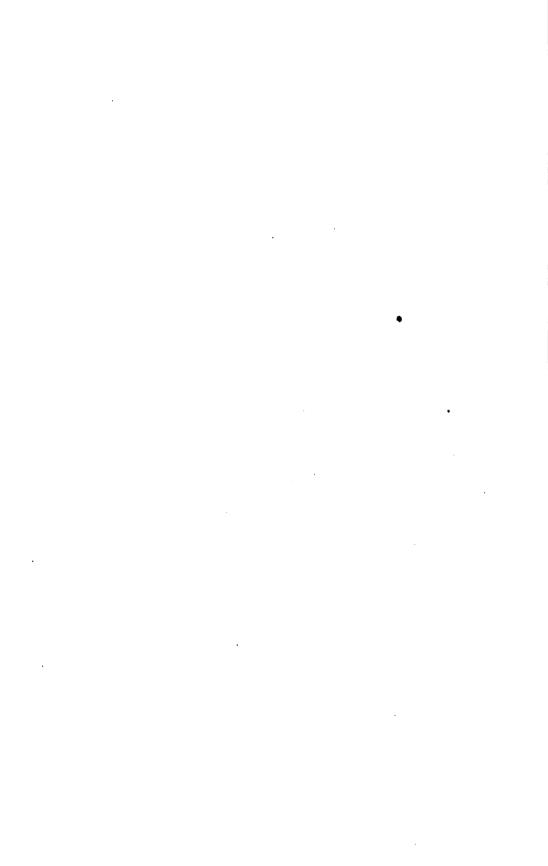


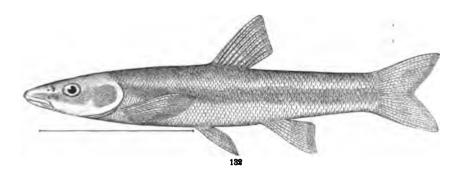


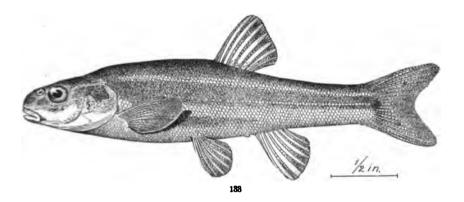


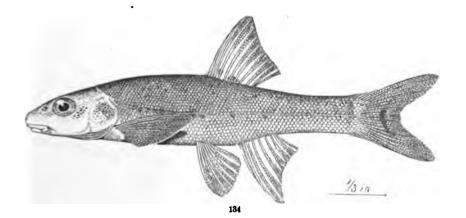


129. ERICYMBA BUCCATA. (P. 302.) 130. PHENACOBIUS URANOPS. (P. 304.) 131. EVARRA BIGRNMANNI. (P. 304.)

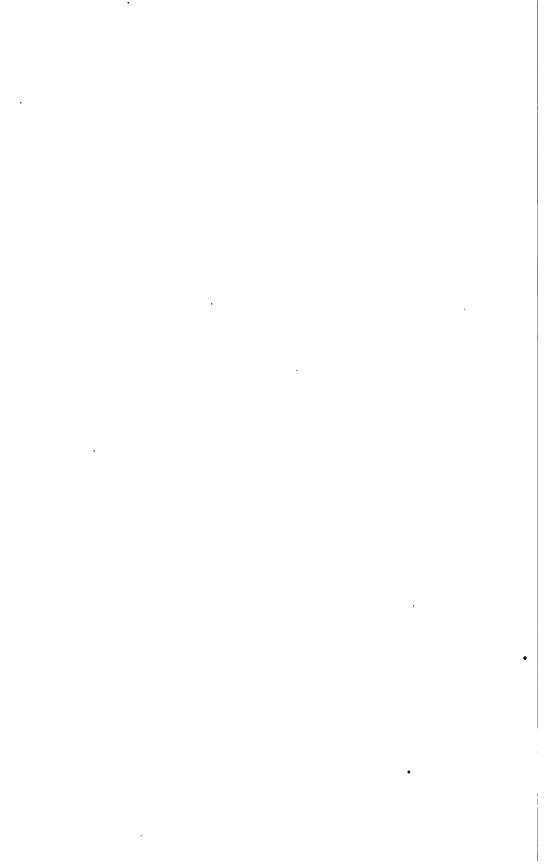


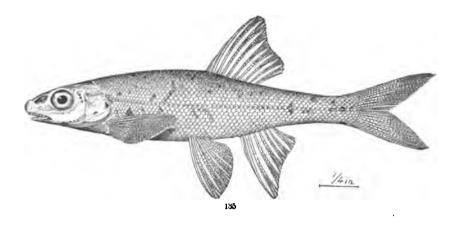


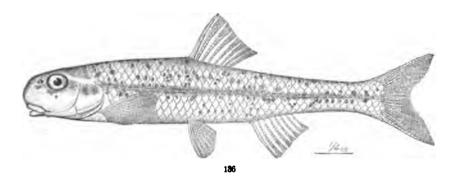


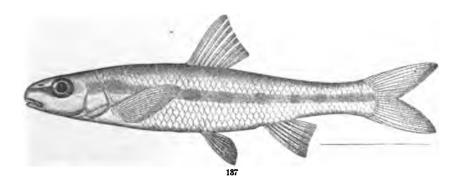


132. RHINICHTHYS DULCIS. (P. 306.) 133. AGOSIA KLAMATHENSIS. (P. —...) 134. AGOSIA UMATILLA. (P. 313.)

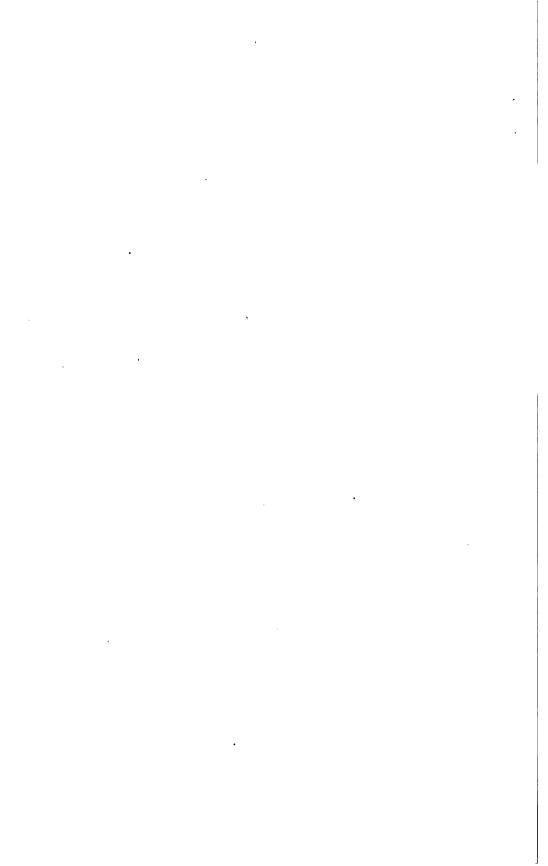


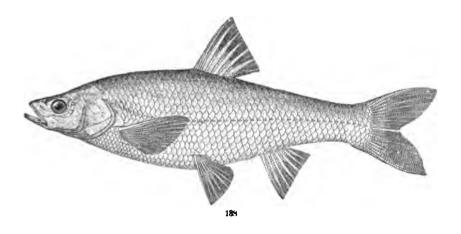


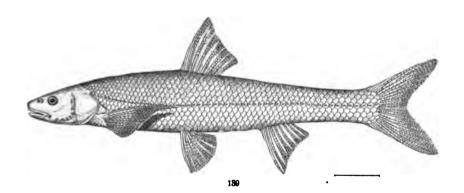


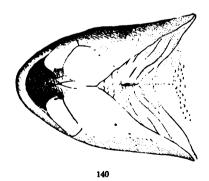


135. Agosia falcata. (P. 313.) 136. Hybopsis æstivalis marconis. (P. 316.) 137. Hybopsis watauga. (P. 319.)

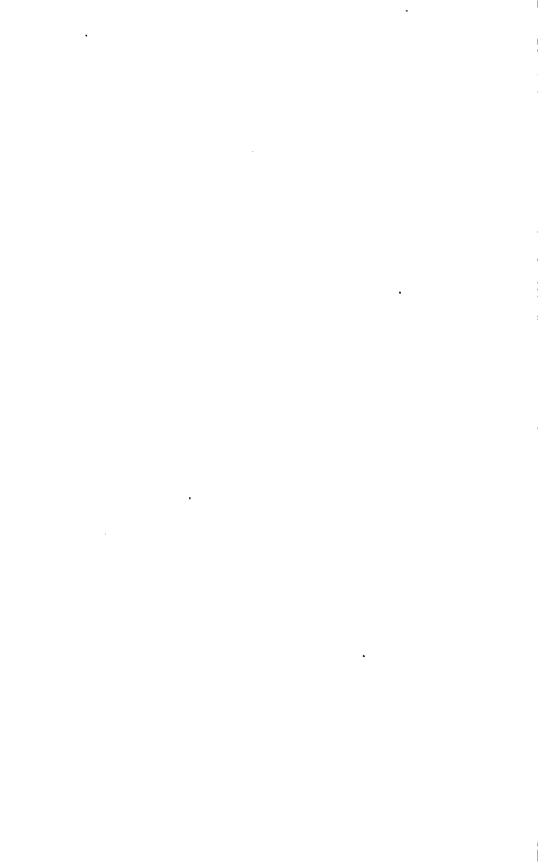


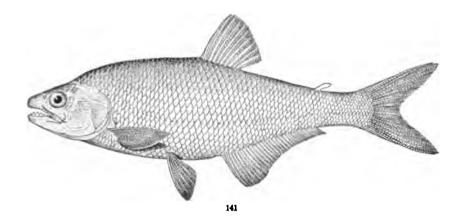


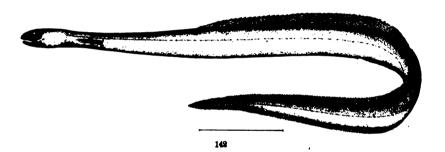


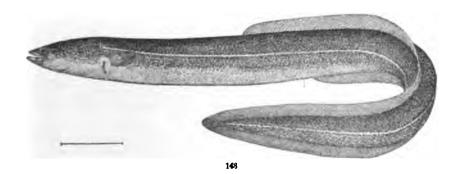


138. Hybopsis altus. (P. 321.) 139. Platygobio gracilis. (P. 326.) 140. Exoglossum maxillingua. (P. 327.)



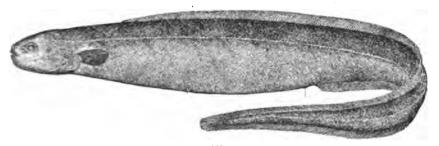


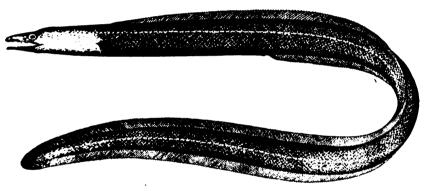




- 141. Brycon dentex. (P. 337.) 142. Derichthys serpentinus. (P. 343.) 143. Anguilla chrysypa. (P. 348.)

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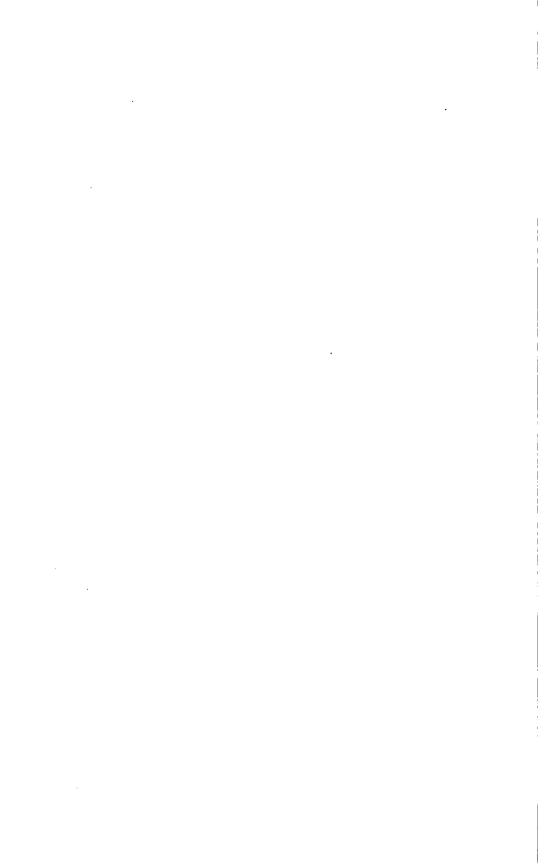


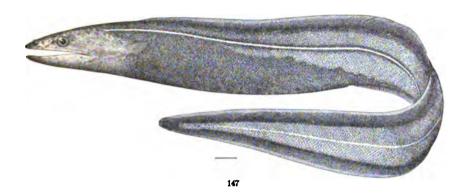


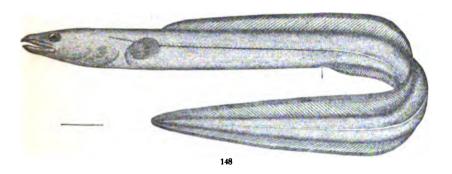
145

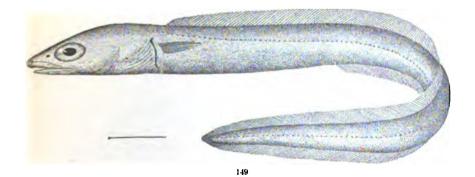


144. SIMENCHELYS PARASITICUS. (P. 349.) 145. ILYOPHIS BRUNNEUS. (P. 350.) 146. SYNAPHOBRANCHUS PINNATUS. (P. 351.)

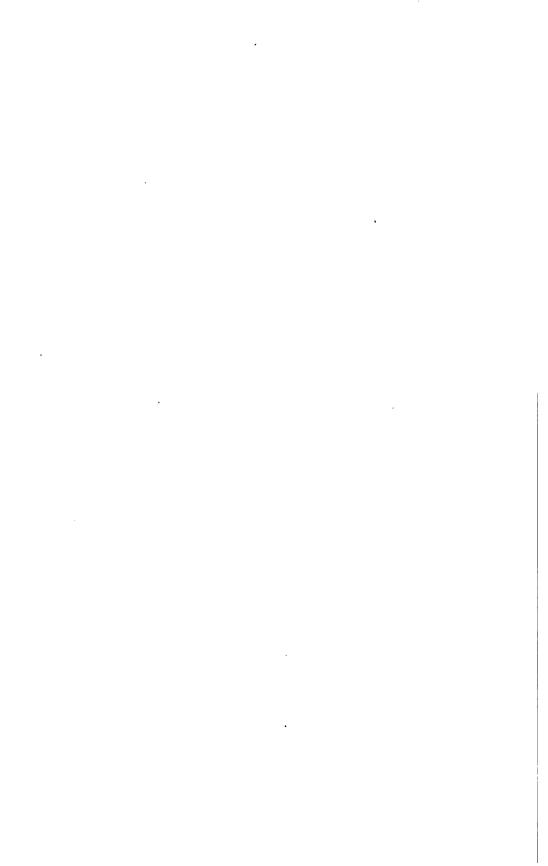




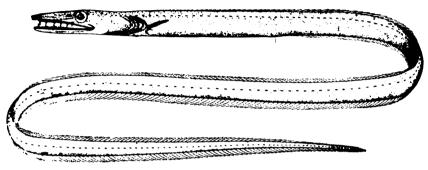




- 147. HISTIOBRANCHUS INFERNALIS. (P. 352.) 148. LEPTOCEPHALUS CONGER. (P. 354.) 149. LEPTOCEPHALUS CAUDILIMBATUS. (P. 355.)



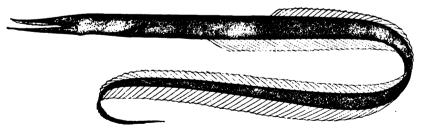




151



152



158

- 150. Congrellus flavus. (P. 357.) 151. Hoplunnis schmidtii. (P. 361.) 152. Venefica procera. (P. 365.) 153. Serrivomer beanii. (P. 367.)

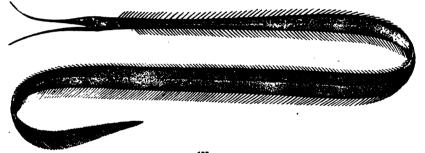
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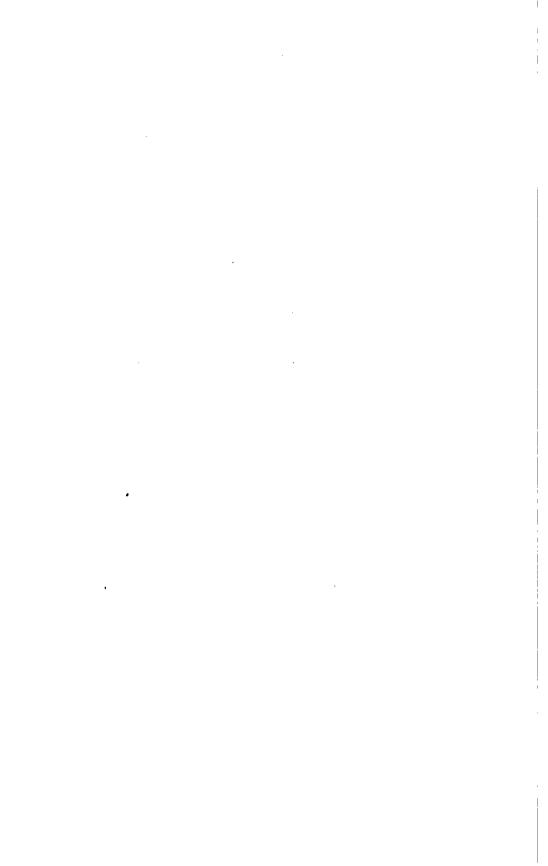


155



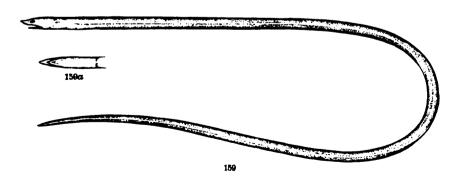
156

154. AVOCETTINA GILLI. (Pp. 367, 2801.) 154a, 144b. AVOCETTINA GILLI. (P. 2801.) 155. LABICHTHYS CARINATUS. (P. 368.) 156. LABICHTHYS ELONGATUS. (P. 369.)

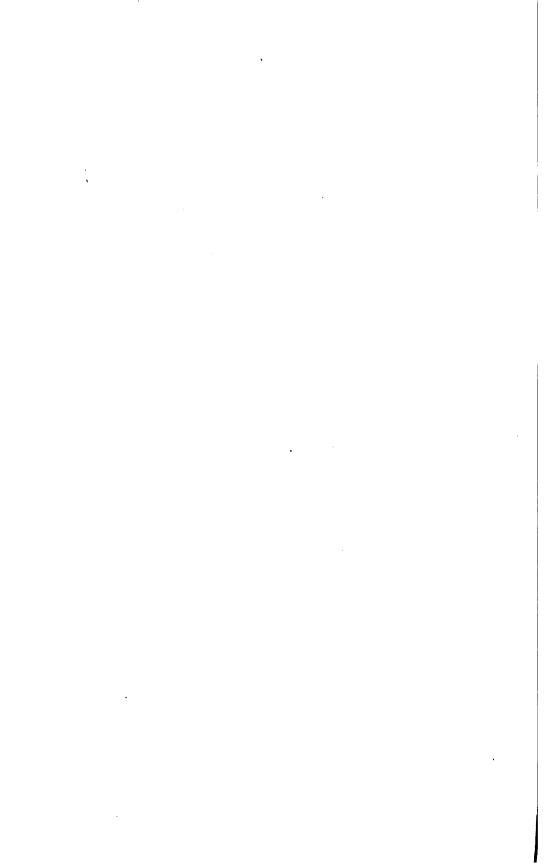


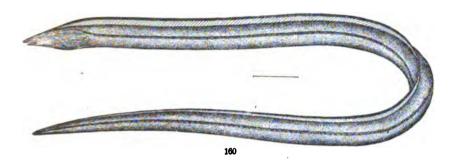


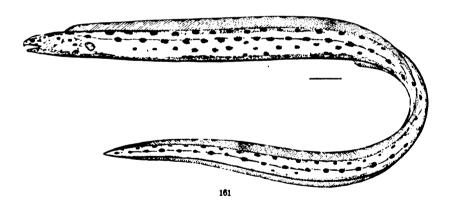




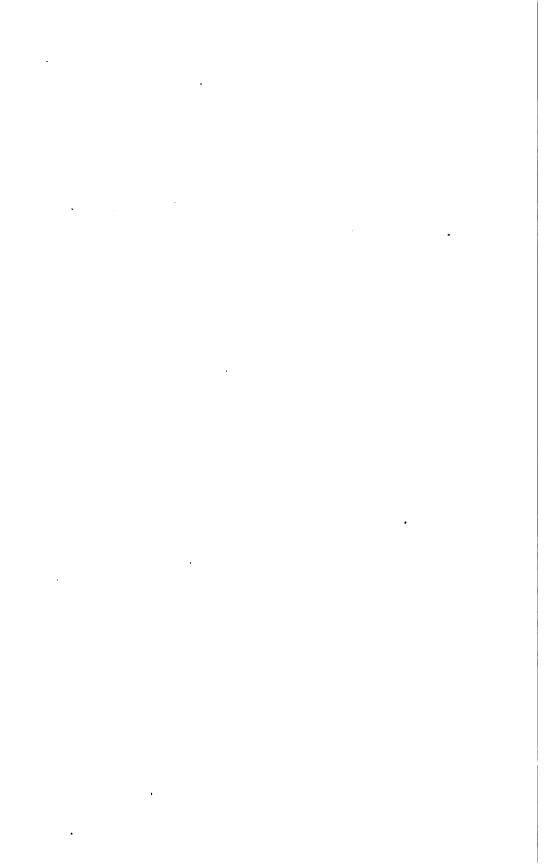
157, 157a, 157b. Nemichthys avocetta. (P. 369.) 158. Ahlia egmontis. (P. 370.) 159, 159a. Verma kendalli. (P. 375.)

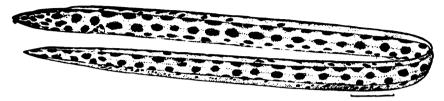


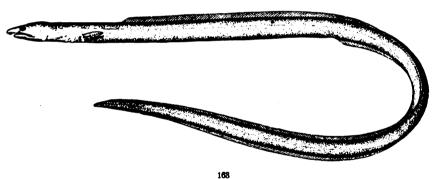




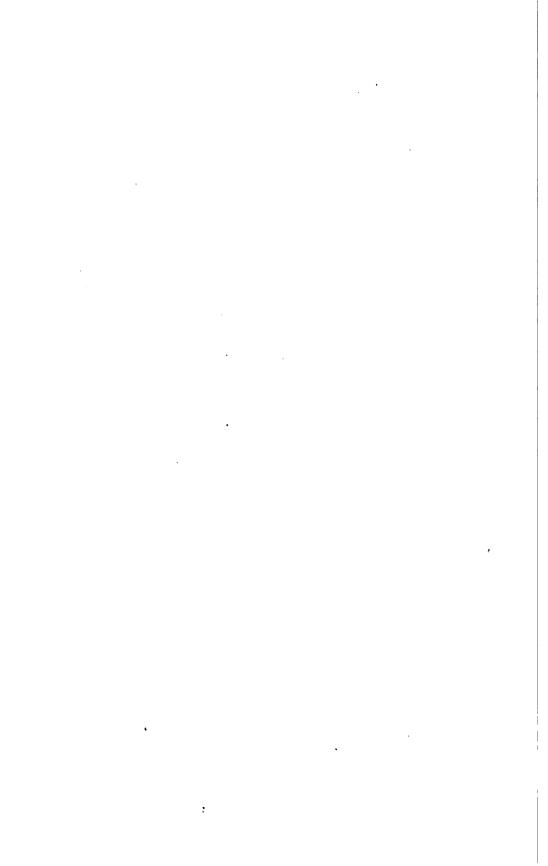
160. LETHARCHUS VELIFER. (P. 375.) 161. MYRICHTHYS TIGRINUS. (P. 376.)

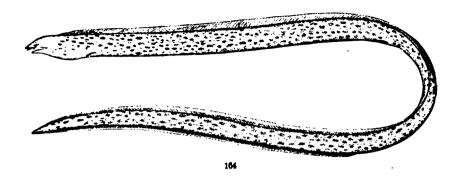


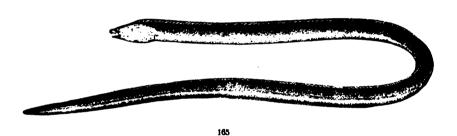


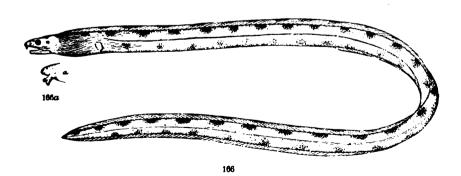


162. Myrichthys pantostigmius. (P. 2802.) 163. Pisoodonophis cruentifer. (P. 377.)



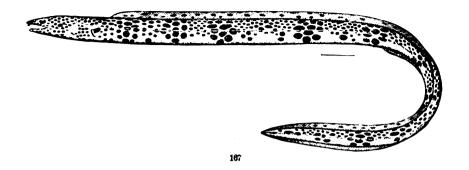


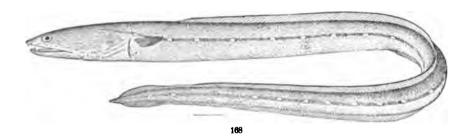


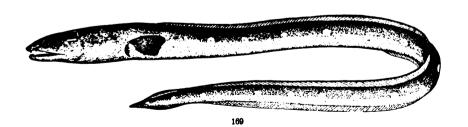


164. CALECHRLYS MURÆNA. (P. 378.) 165. BASCANICHTHYS SCUTICARIS. (P. 378.) 166, 166a. BASCANICHTHYS PENINSULÆ. (P. 379.)

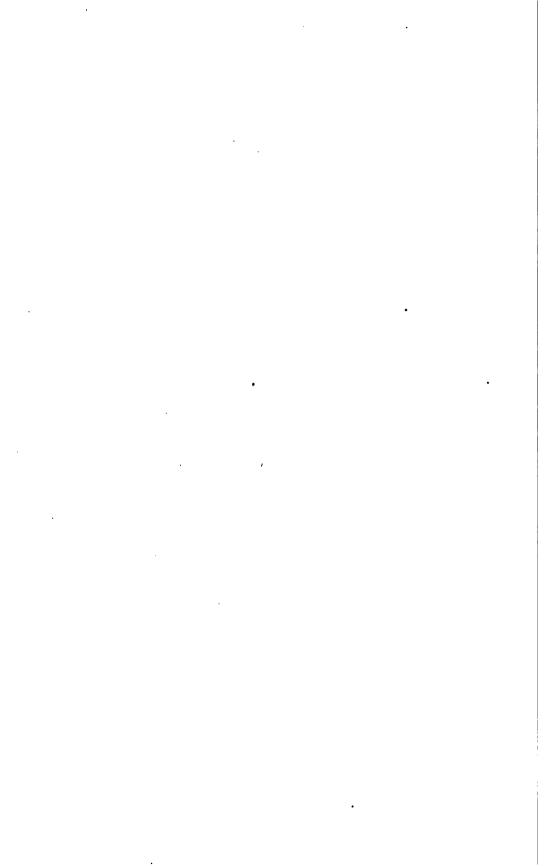
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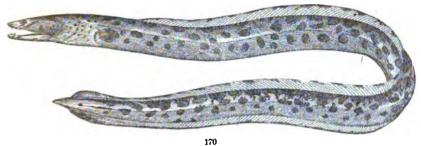


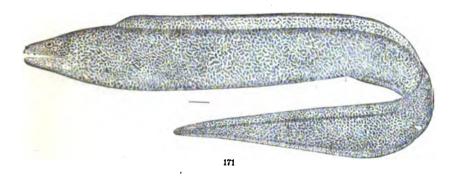


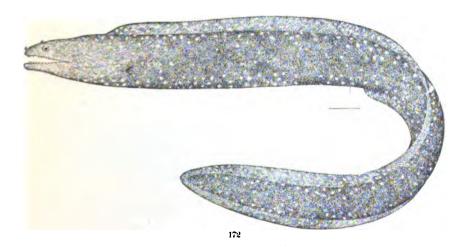


- 167. QASSIREMUS EVIONTHAS. (P. 380.) 168. OPHICHTHUS GUTTIFER. (P. 383.) 169. OPHICHTHUS OCELLATUS. (P. 383.)

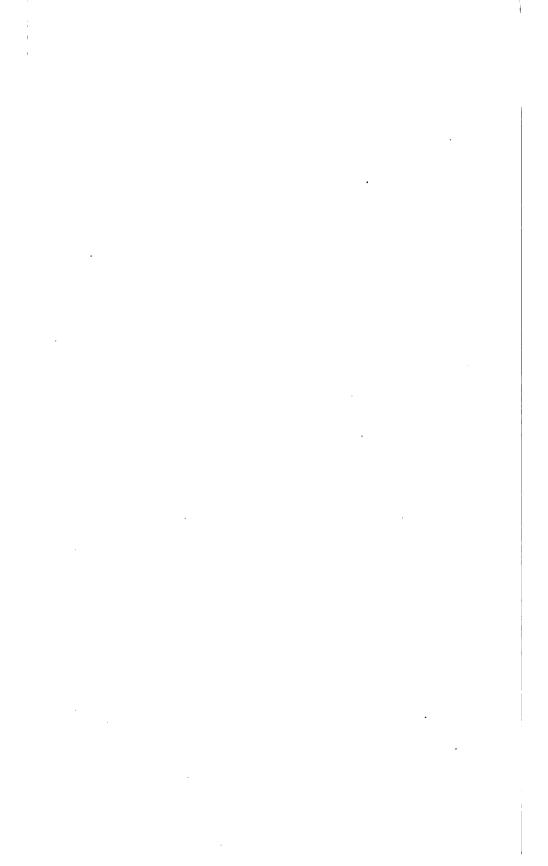


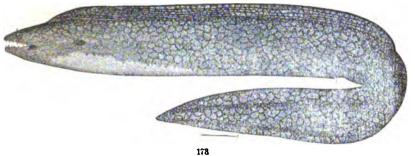


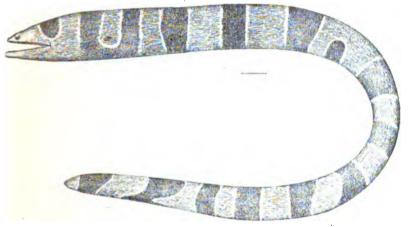


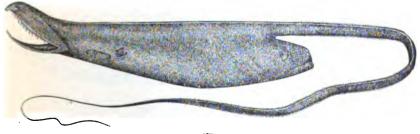


170. Mystriophis intertinctus. (P. 386.) 171. Lycodontis moringa. (P. 395.) 172. Mur.ena insularum. (P. 400.)





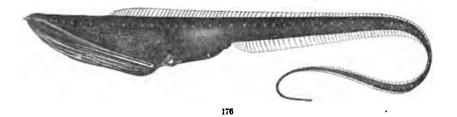


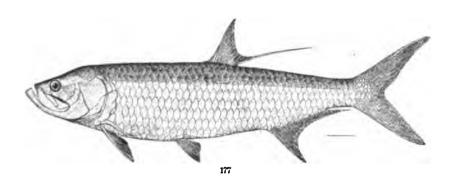


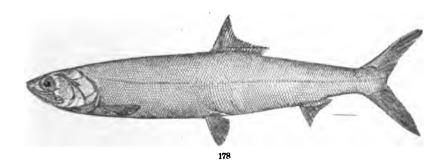
175

173. MURÆNA RETIFERA. (P. 401.) 174. CHANNOMURÆNA VITTATA. (P. 404.) 175. SACCOPHARYNX AMPULLACEUS. (P. 406.)

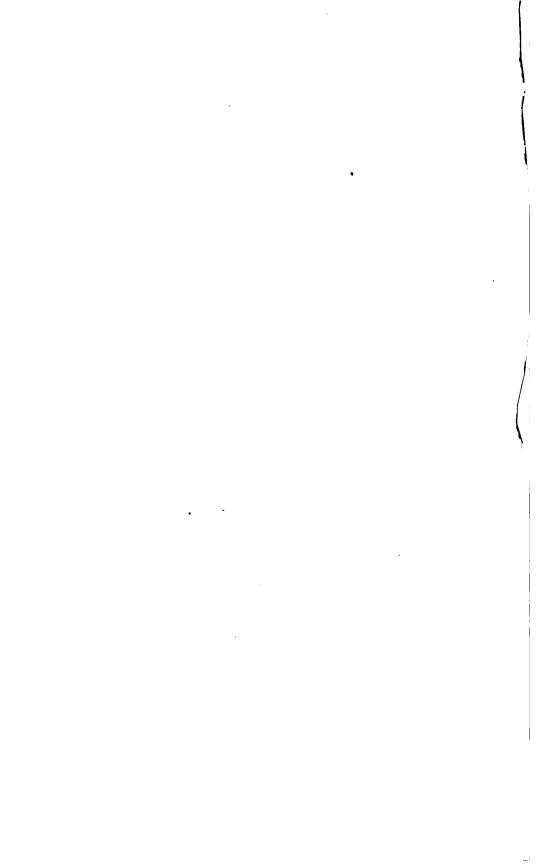


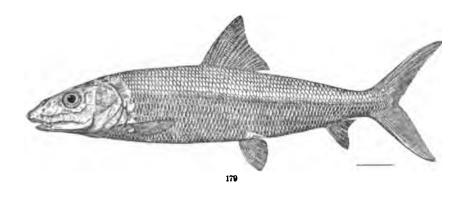


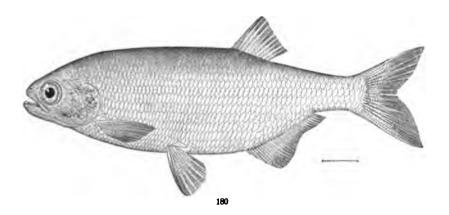


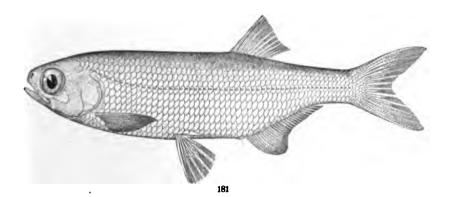


176. Gastrostomus bairdii. (P. 406.) 177. Tarpon atlanticus. (P. 409.) 178. Elops saurus. (P. 410.)

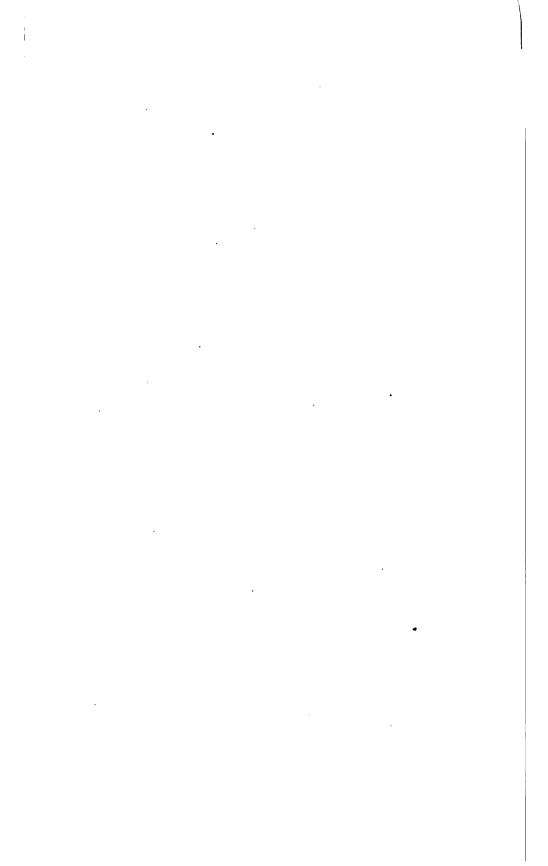


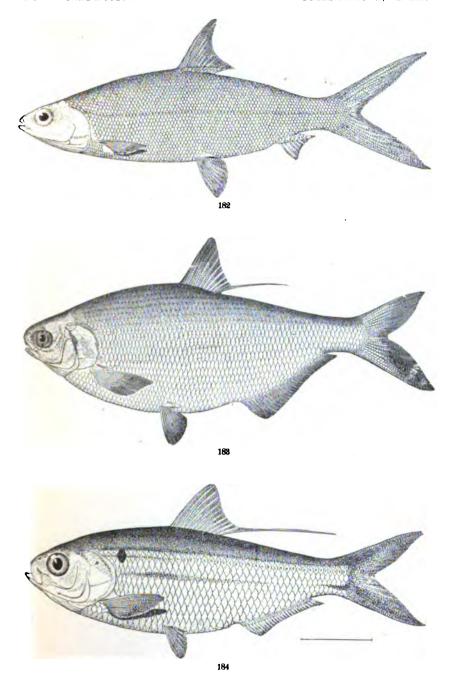




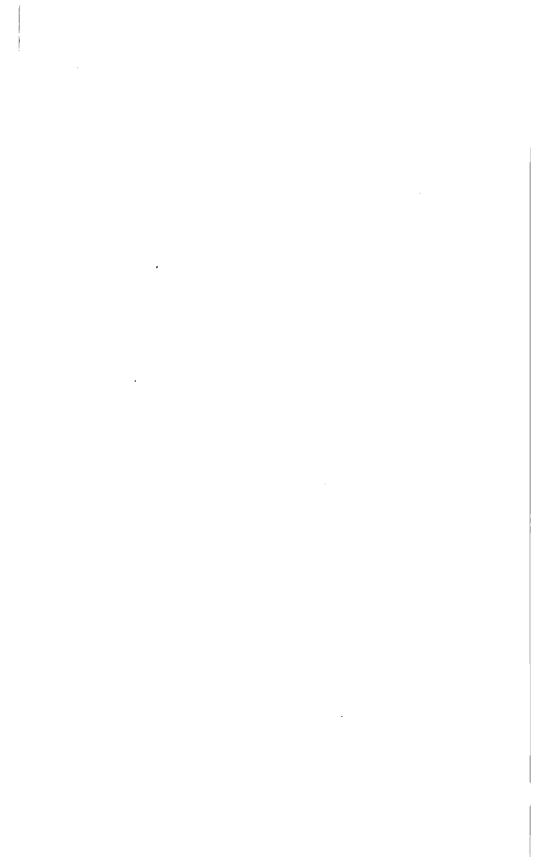


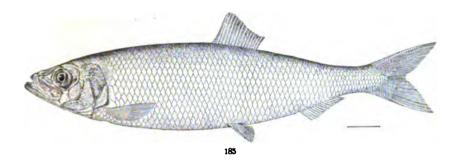
179. ALBULA VULPES. (P. 411.) 180. HIODON TERGISUS. (P. 413.) 181. HIODON SELENOPS. (P. 414.)

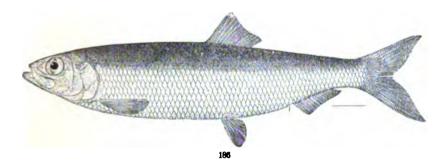


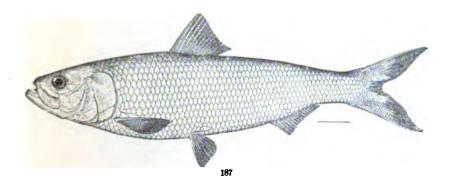


182. Chanos chanos. (P. 414.)183. Dorosoma cepedianum. (P. 416.)184. Signalosa atchafalayæ. (P. 2809.)

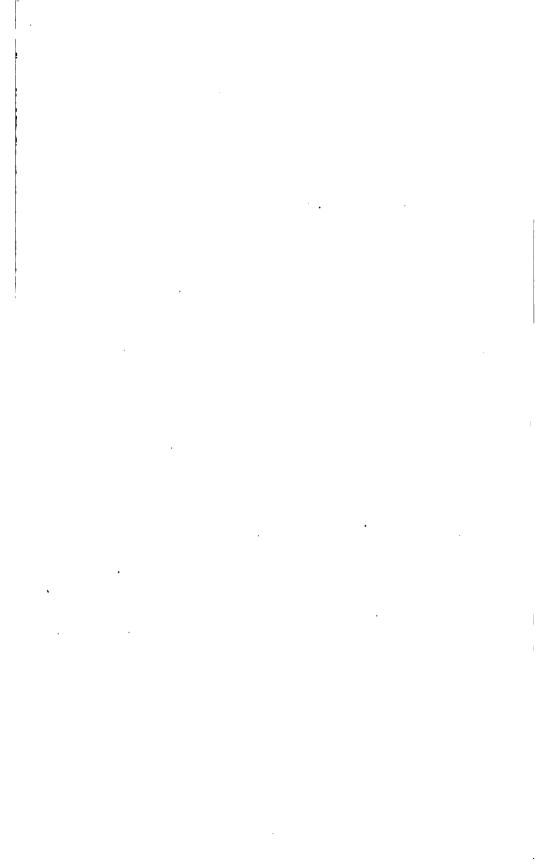


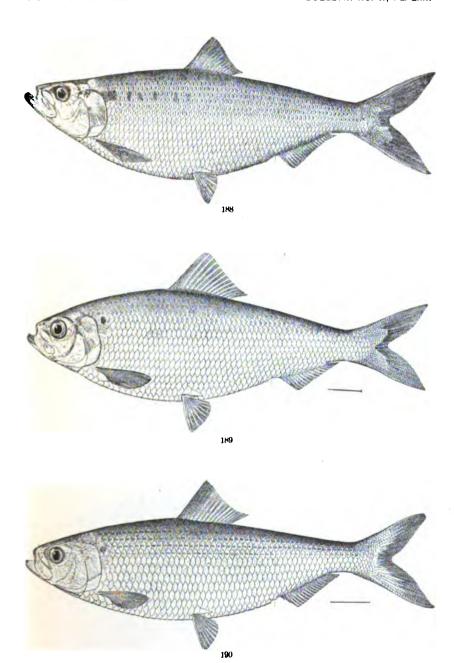




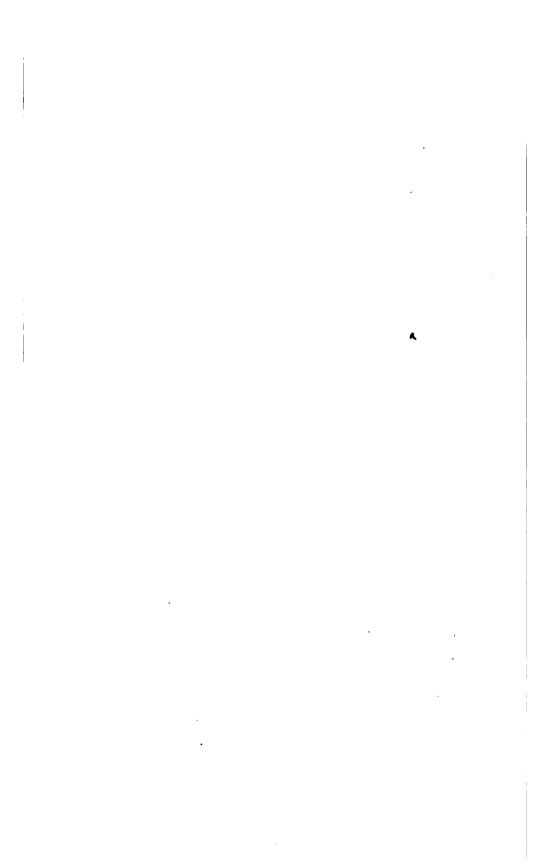


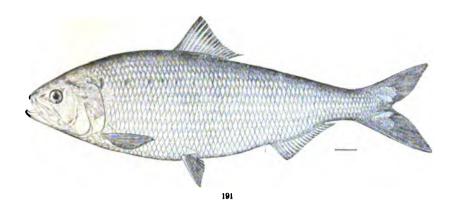
185. CLUPEA HARENGUS. (P. 421.) 186. CLUPEA PALLASII. (P. 422.) 187. POMOLOBUS CHRYSOCHLORIS. (P. 425.)

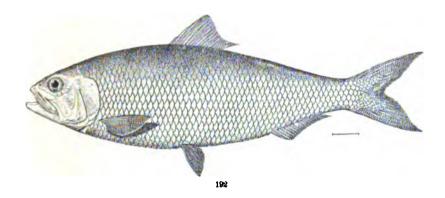


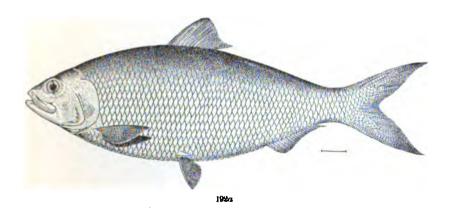


- 188. Pomolobus mediocris. (P. 425.) 189. Pomolobus pseudoharengus. (P. 426.) 190. Pomolobus æstivalis. (P. 426.)



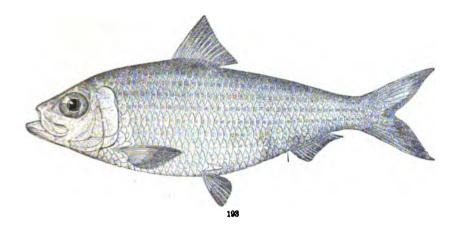


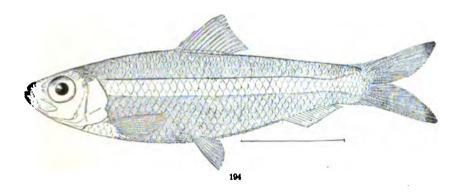


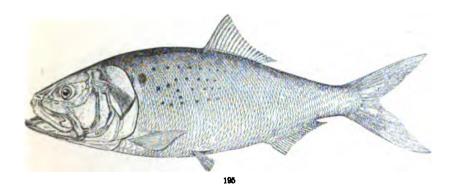


191. ALOSA SAPIDISSIMA. (P. 427.) 192. ALOSA ALABAMÆ; male. (P. 2810.) 1924. ALOSA ALABAMÆ; female. (P. 2810.)

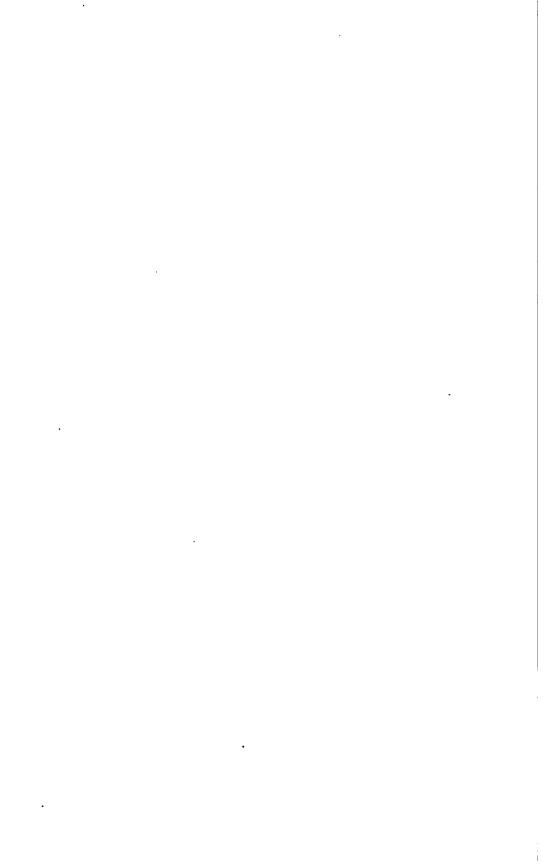
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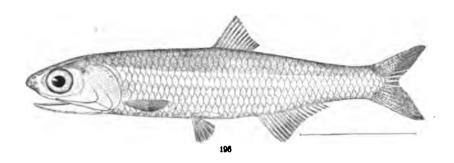


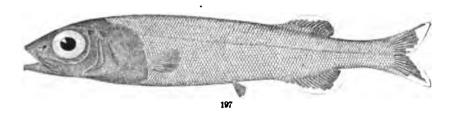


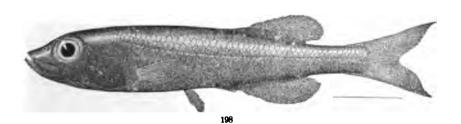


193. SARDINELLA SARDINA. (P. 430.) 194. SARDINELLA STOLIFERA. (P. 431.) 195. BREVOORTIA TYRANNUS, (P. 433.)

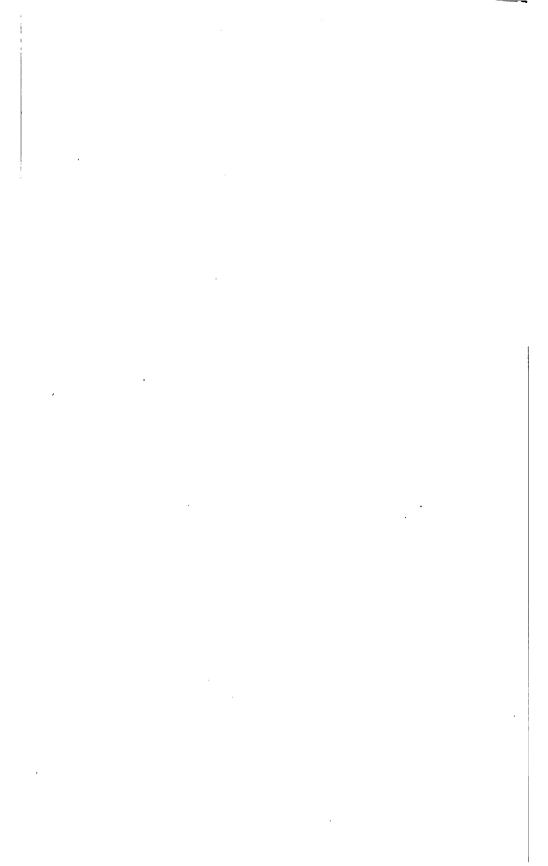


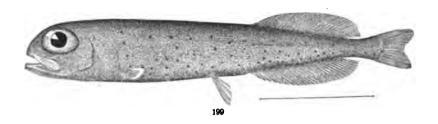


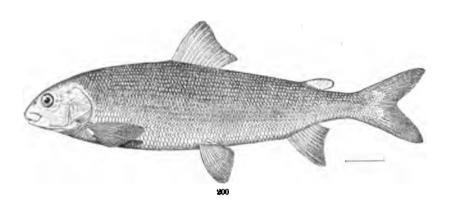


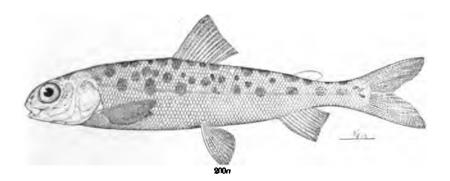


196. STOLEPHORUS PERTHECATUS. (P. 442.) 197. ALEPOCEPHALUS AGASSIZII. (P. 453.) 198. TALISMANIA ANTILLARUM. (P. 455.)



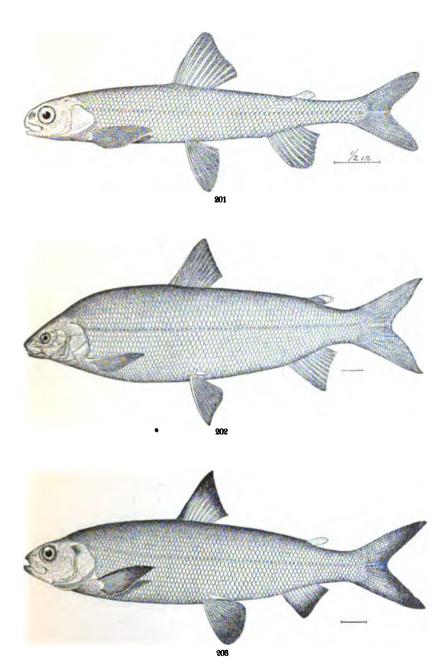




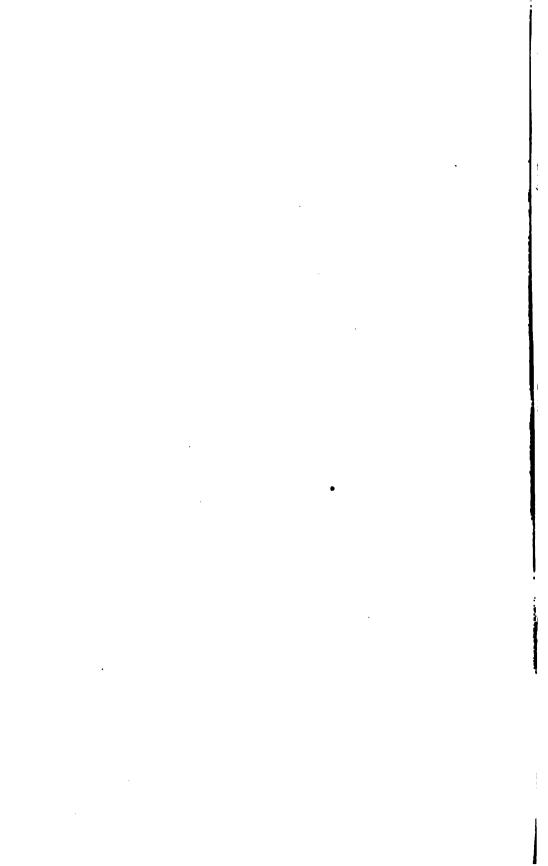


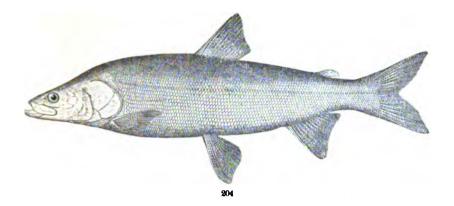
199. ALEPOSOMUS COPEI. (P. 459.) 200. COREGONUS WILLIAMSONI. (P. 463.) 2006. COREGONUS WILLIAMSONI; young. (P. 463.)

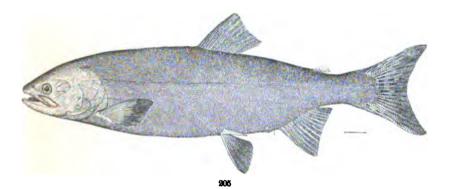


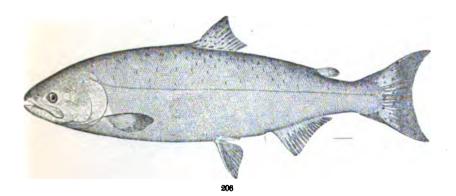


201. COREGONUS COULTERII. (P. 462.) 202. COREGONUS CLUPEIFORMIS. (P. 465.) 203. ARGYROSOMUS NIGRIPINNIS. (P. 472.)

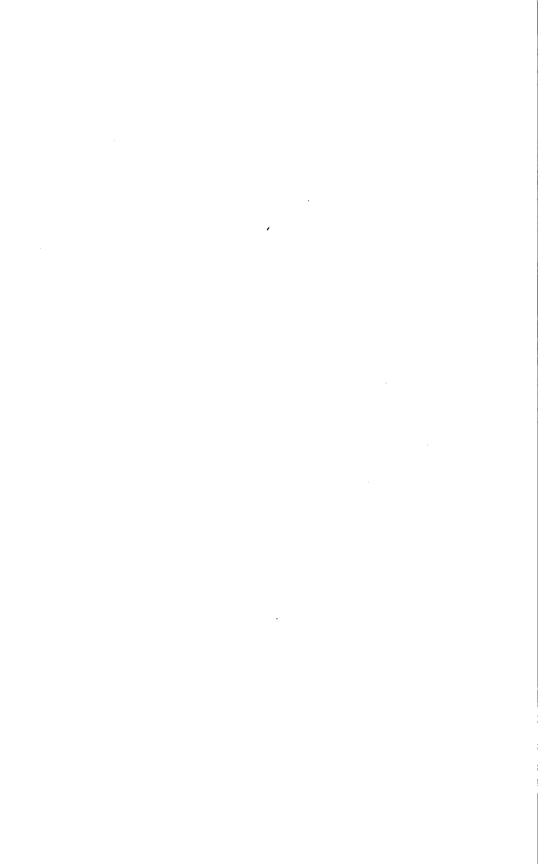


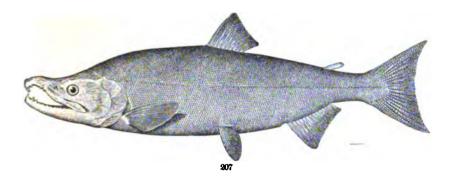


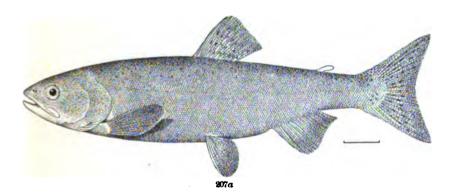


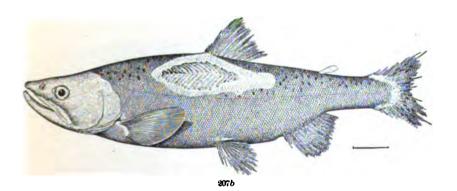


204. STENODUS MACKENZII. (P. 474.) 205. ONCORHYNCHUS GORBUSCHA. (P. 478.) 206. ONCORHYNCHUS TSCHAWYTSCHA. (P. 479.)

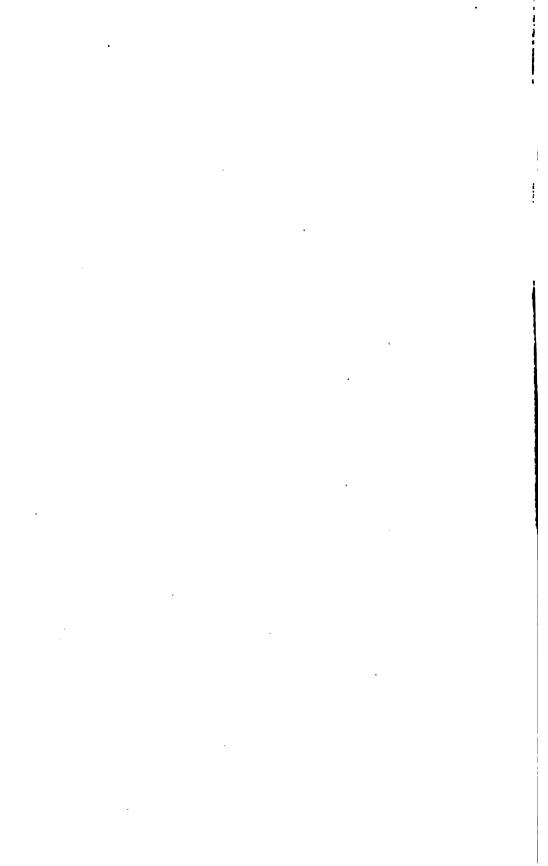


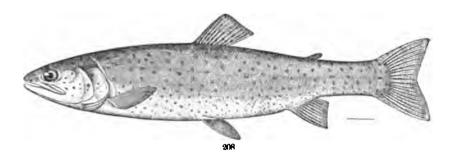


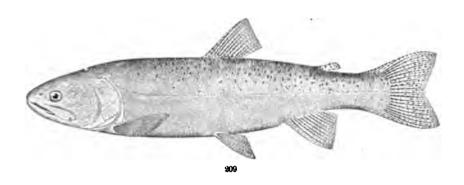


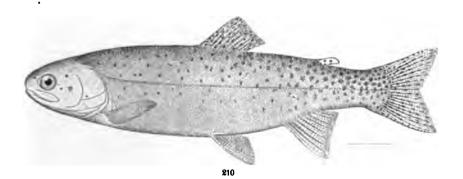


207. Oncorhynchus nerka; adult male, large form. (P. 481.)
207a. Oncorhynchus nerka; adult female, small form. (P. 481.)
207b. Oncorhynchus nerka; adult mutilated male, small form. (P. 481.)

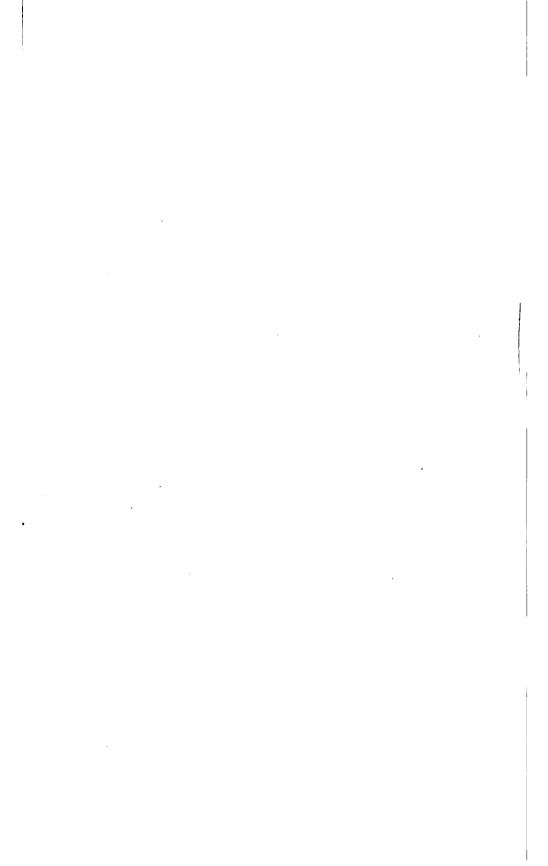


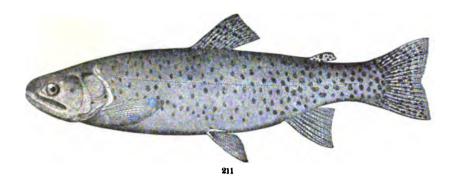


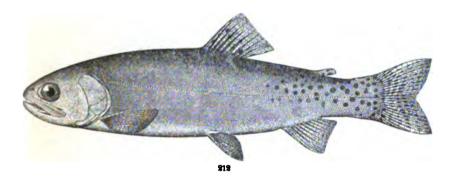


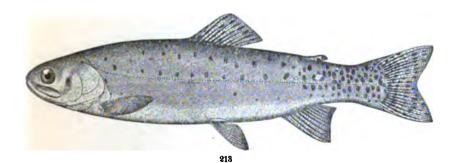


208. SALMO CLARKII HENSHAWI. (Pp. 493, 2819.) 209. SALMO CLARKII VIRGINALIS. (Pp. 495, 2819.) 210. SALMO CLARKII SPILURUS. (Pp. 495, 2819.)

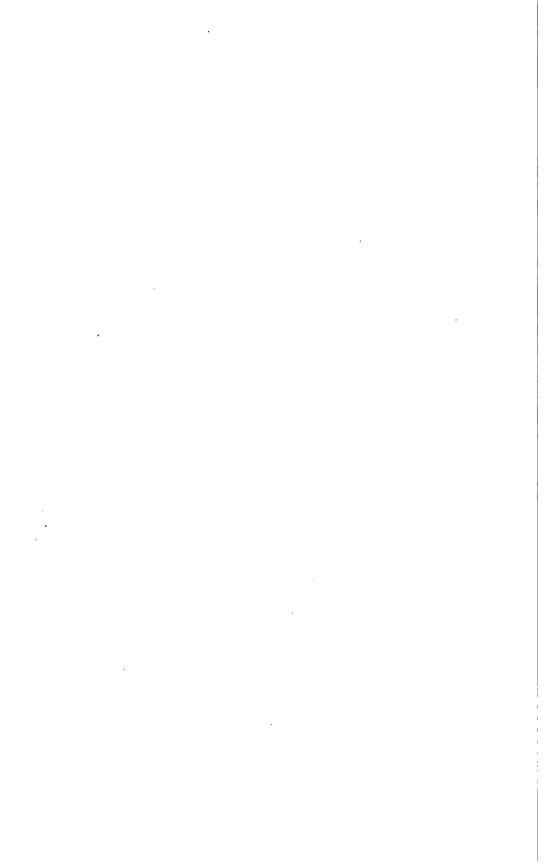


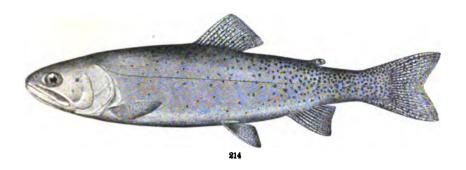


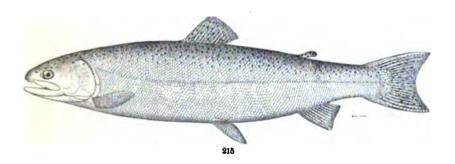


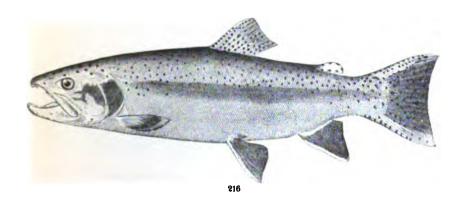


211. Salmo clarkii pleuriticus. (Pp. 496, 2819.)
212. Salmo clarkii bouvieri. (Pp. 496, 2819.)
213. Salmo clarkii stomias. (Pp. 497, 2819.)

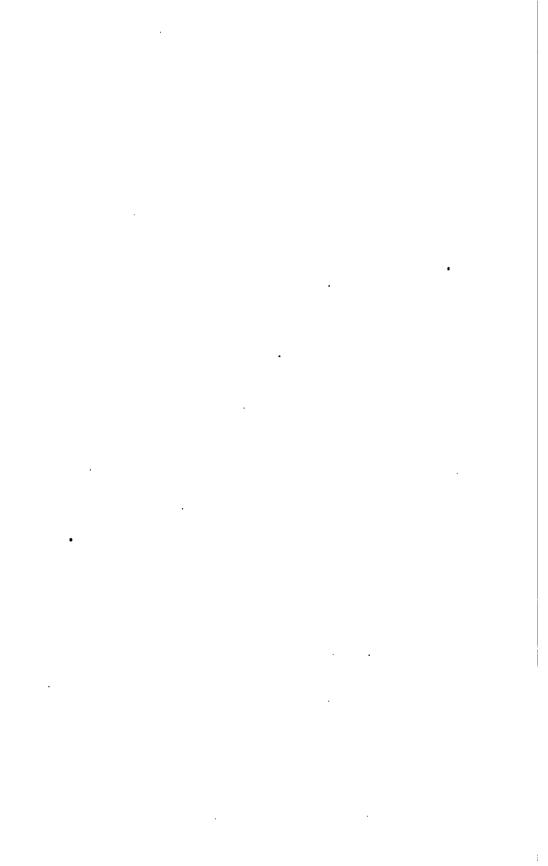


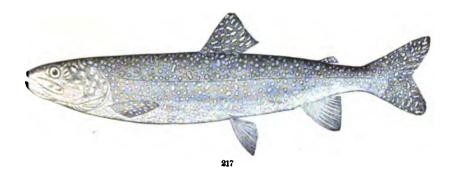


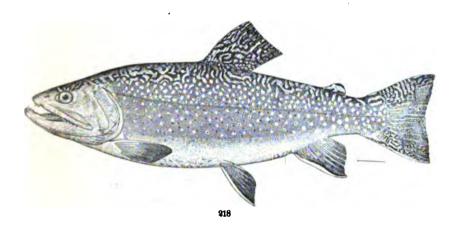


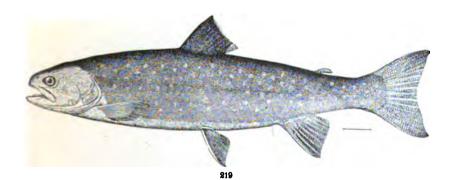


214. SALMO CLARKII MACDONALDI. (Pp. 497, 2819.) 215. SALMO GAIRDNERI. (P. 497.) 216. SALMO IRIDEUS. (P. 500.)

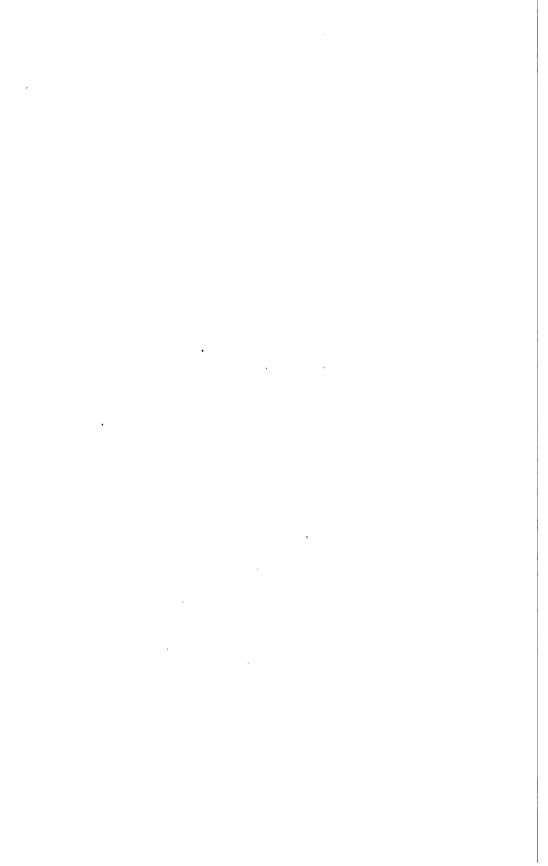


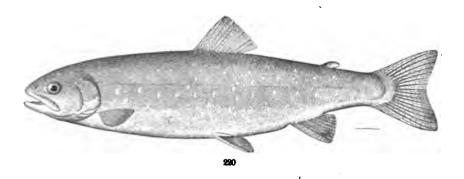


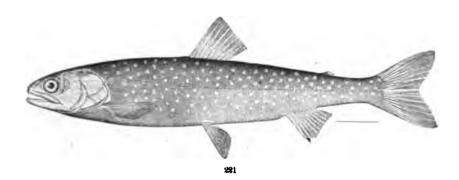


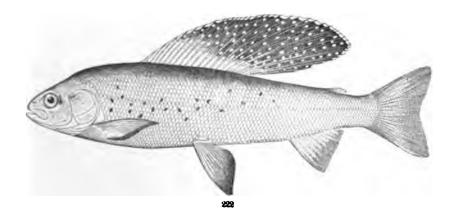


217. CRISTIVOMER NAMAYCUSH. (P. 504.) 218. SALVELINUS FONTINALIS. (P. 506.) 219. SALVELINUS MALMA. (P. 507.)

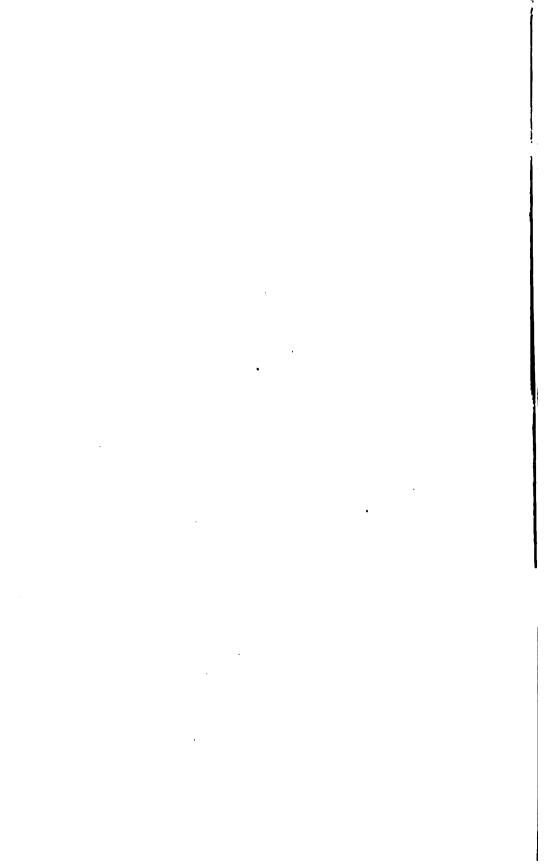


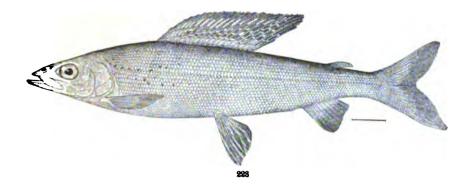


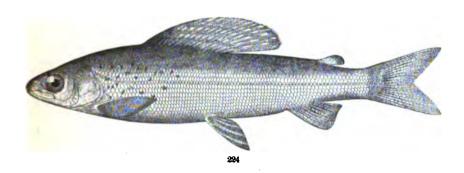


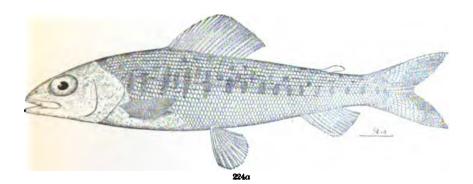


220. Salvelinus alpinus aureolus. (P. 511.) 221. Salvelinus oquassa, (P. 514.) 222. Thymallus signifer. (P. 517.)

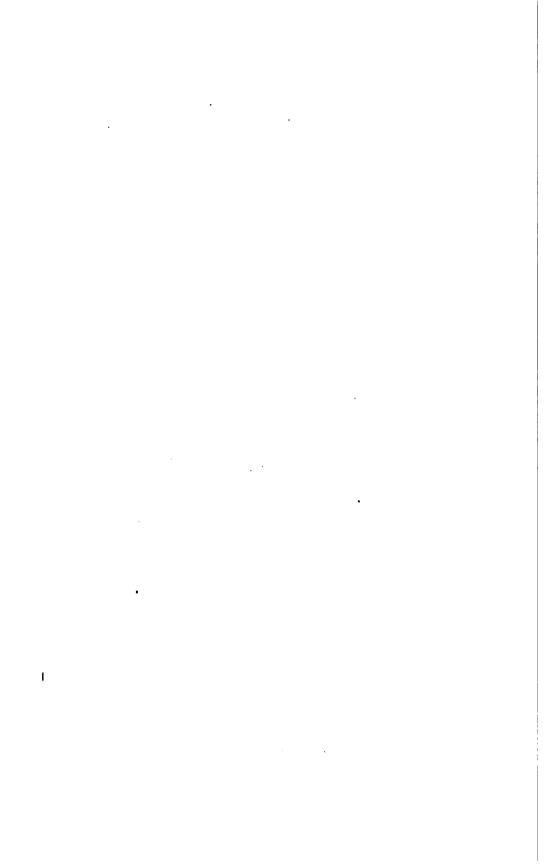


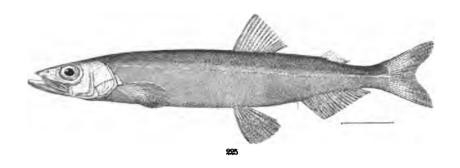


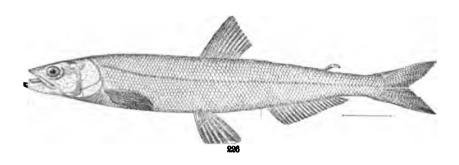


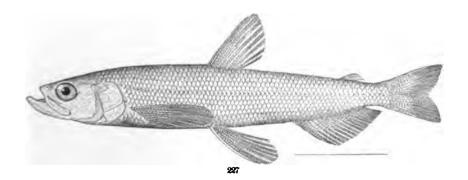


223. Thymallus tricolor. (Pp. 518, 2871.)
224. Thymallus tricolor montanus. (Pp. 519, 2871.)
224a. Thymallus tricolor montanus; young. (Pp. 519, 2871.)

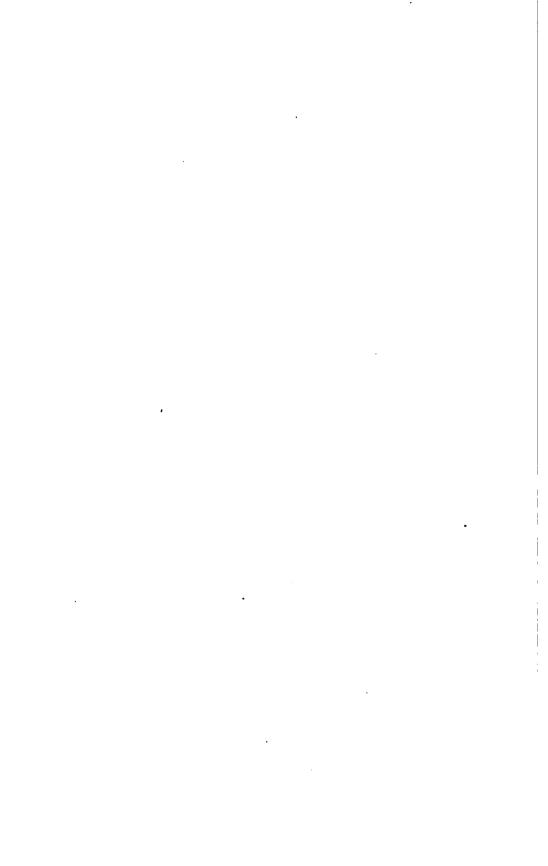


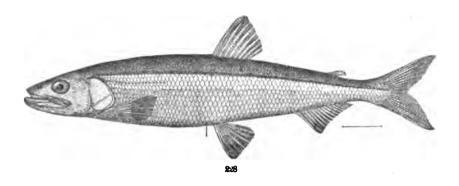


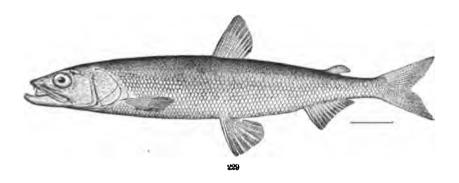


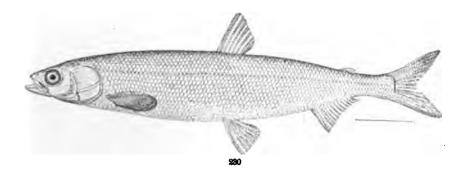


225. MALLOTUS VILLOSUS. (P. 520.) 226. THALEICHTHYS PACIFICUS. (P. 521.) 227. OSMERUS THALEICHTHYS. (P. 522.)

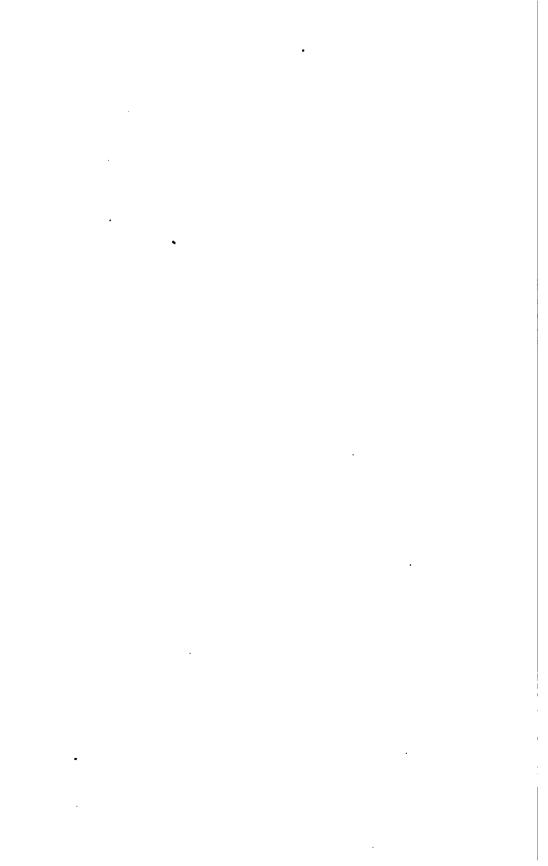


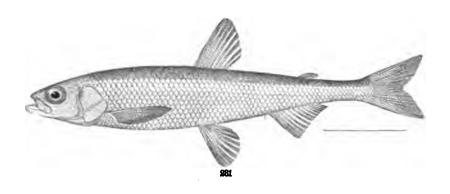


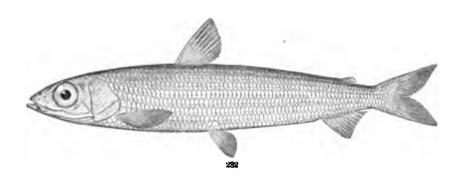


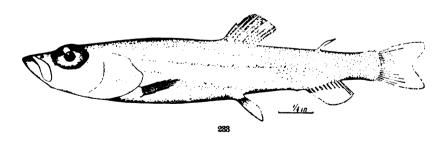


228. OSMERUS MORDAX. (P. 523.) 229. OSMERUS DENTEX. (P. 524.) 230. HYPOMESUS PRETIOSUS. (P. 525.)

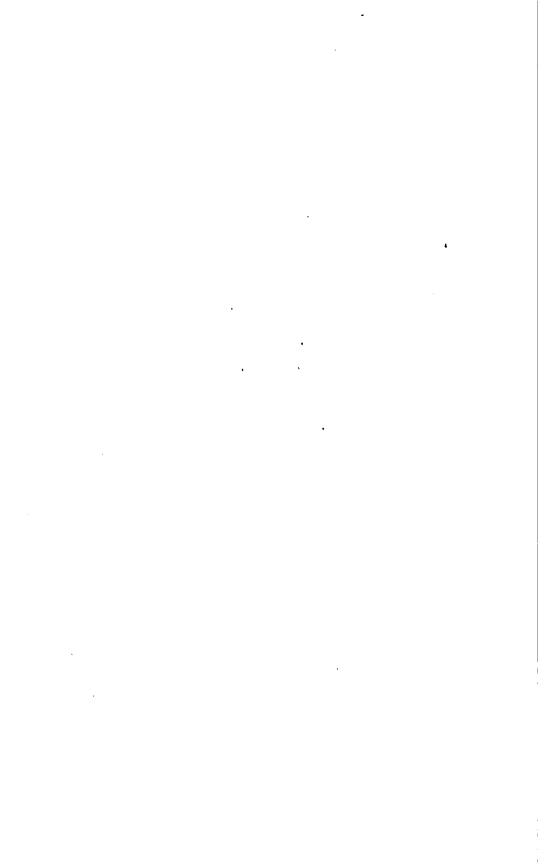


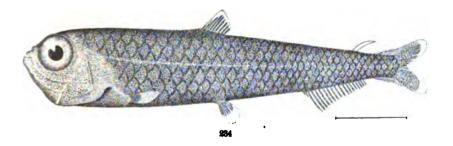


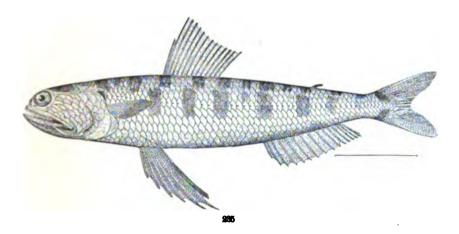


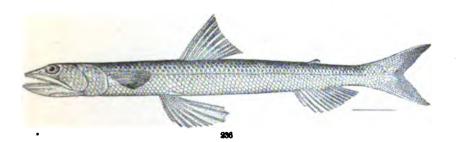


231. Hypomesus olidus. (P. 525.) 232. Argentina silus. (P. 526.) 233. Leuroglossus stilbius. (P. 527.)

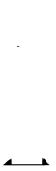






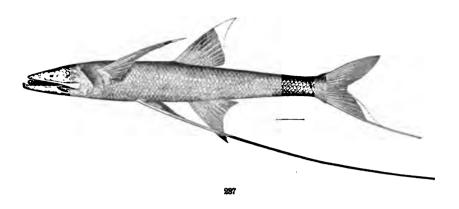


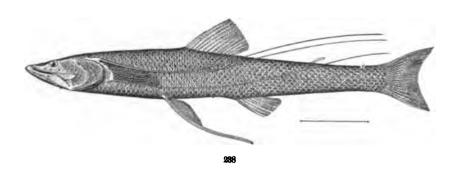
234. BATHYLAGUS BENEDICTI. (P. 529.) 235. TRACHINOCEPHALUS MYOPS. (P. 533.) 236. SYNODUS FŒTENS. (P. 538.)

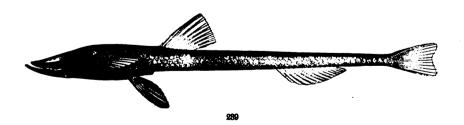


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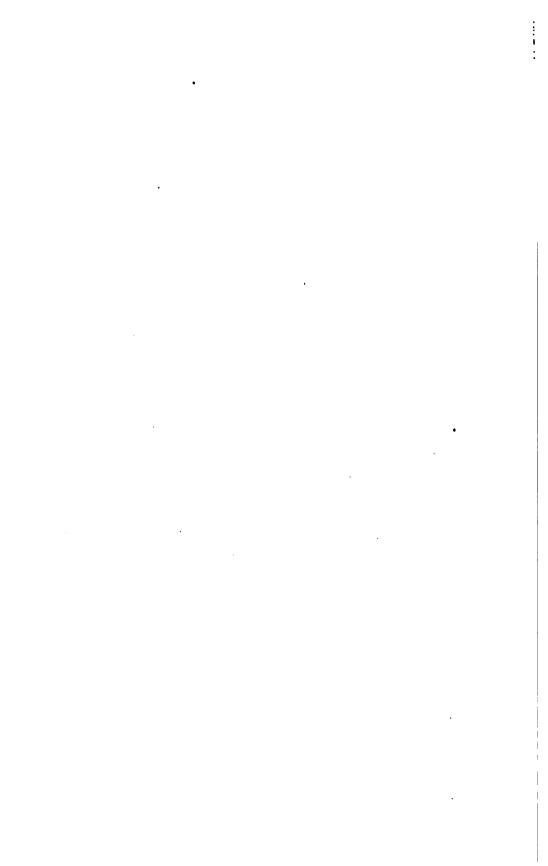
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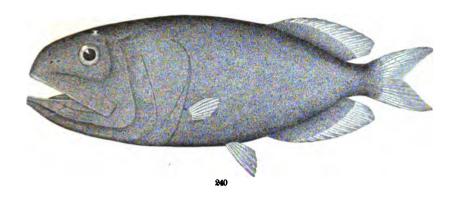


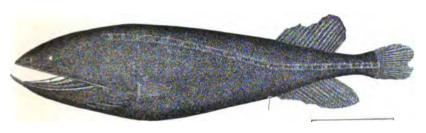




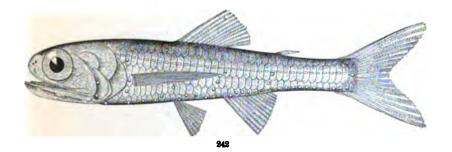
237. BENTHOSAURUS GRALLATOR. (P. 543.) 238. BATHYPTEROIS QUADRIFILIS. (P. 545.) 239. IPNOPS MURRAYI. (P. 547.)



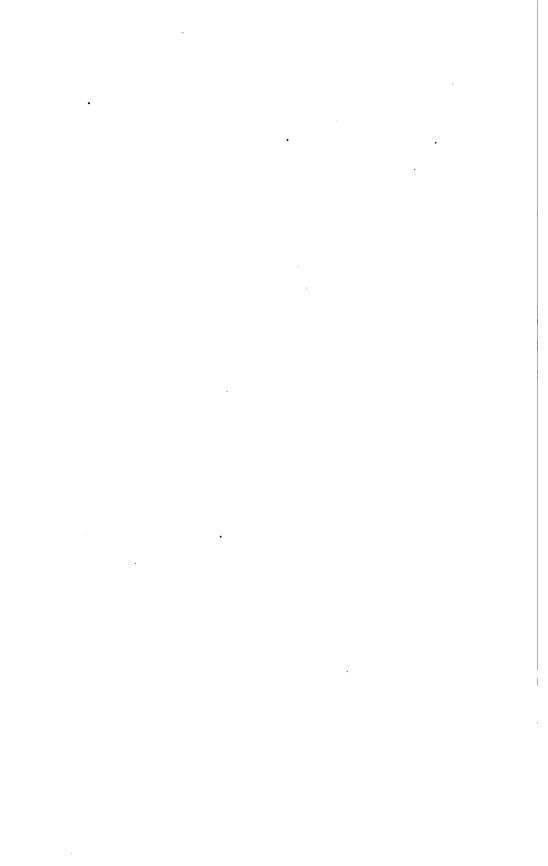


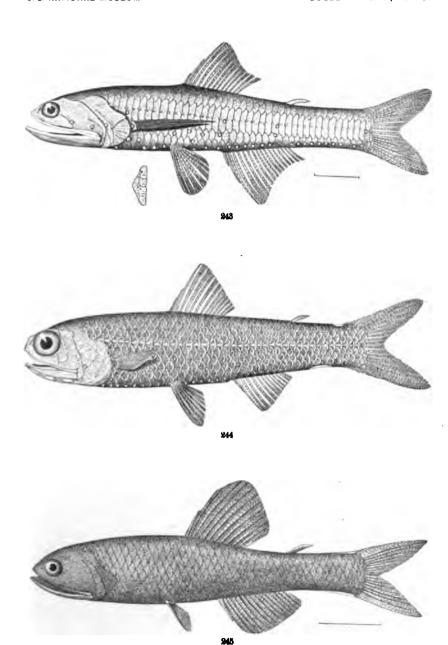


941



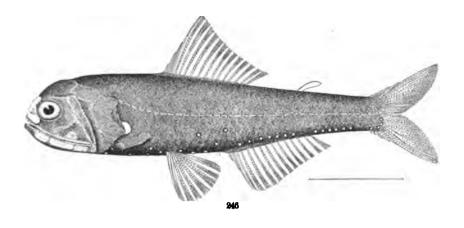
240. RONDELETIA BICOLOR. (P. 548.) 241. CETOMIMUS GILLII. (P. 549.) 242. CERATOSCOPELUS MADEIRENSIS. (P. 557.)

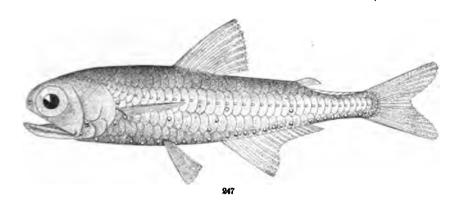


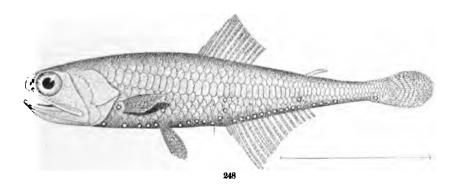


243. Lampanyctus crocodilus. (P. 558.) 244. Lampadena speculigera. (P. 561.) 245. Nannobrachium macdonaldi. (P. 563.)

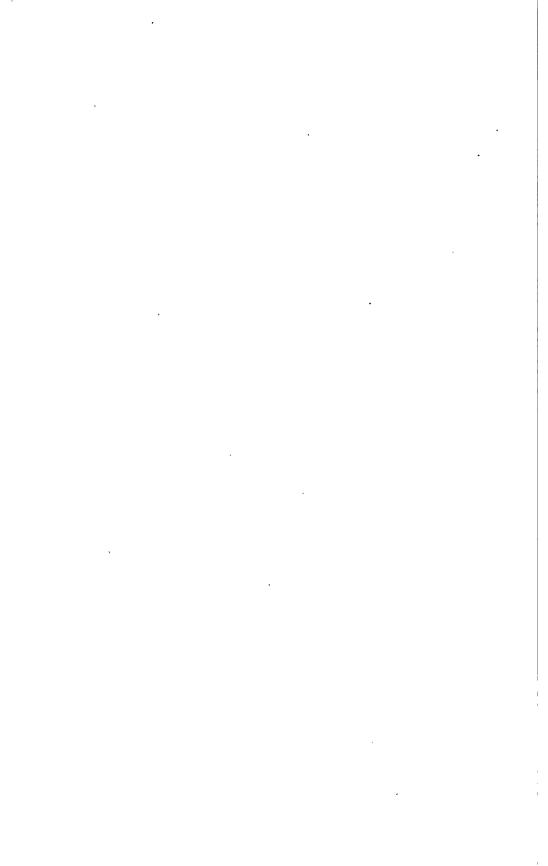


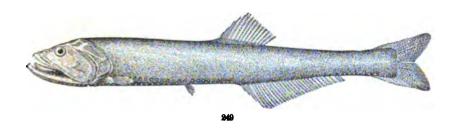


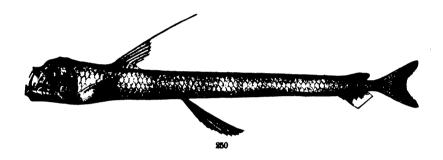


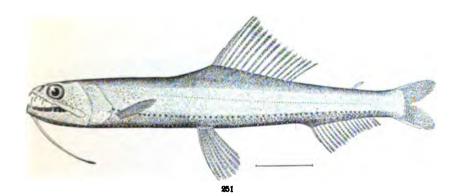


Zthoprora lucida. (P. 565.)
 Myctophum opalinum. (P. 571.)
 Tarletonbeania tenua. (P. 575.)

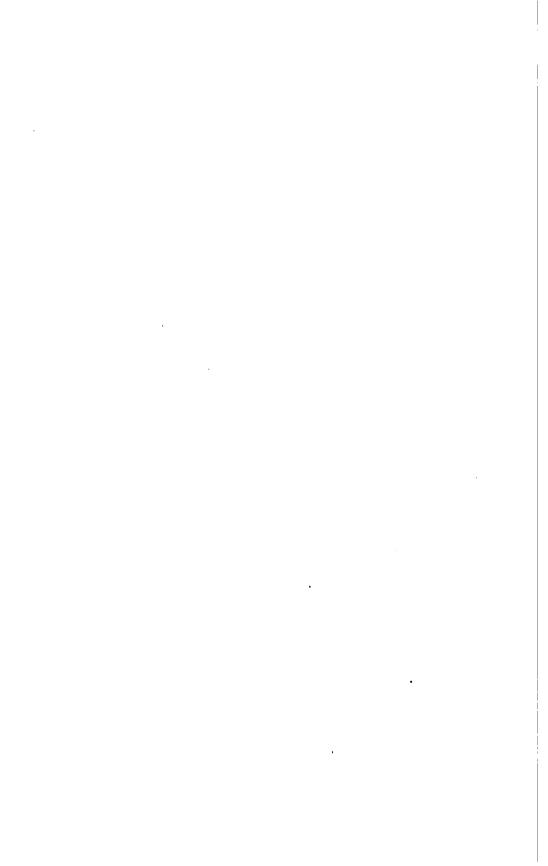


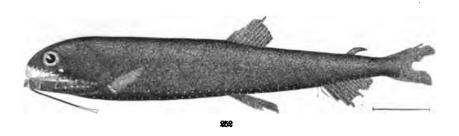






249. YARRELLA BLACKFORDI. (P. 584.) 250. CHAULIODUS SLOANEI. (P. 585.) 251. ASTRONESTHES GEMMIFER. (P. 586.)

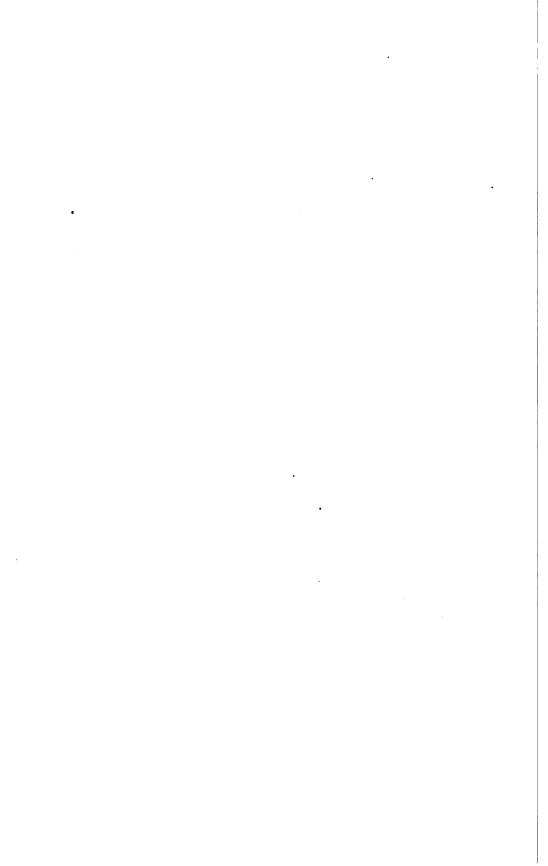




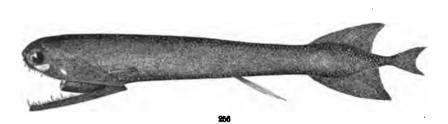


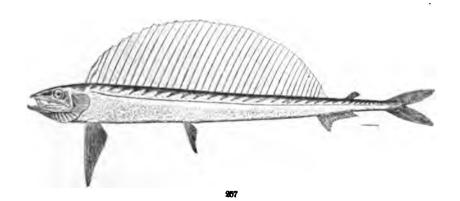


252. ASTRONESTHES RICHARDSONI. (P. 587.) 253. STOMIAS PEROX. (P. 588.) 254. GRAMMATOSTOMIAS DENTATUS. (P. 590.)



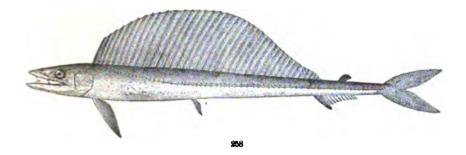


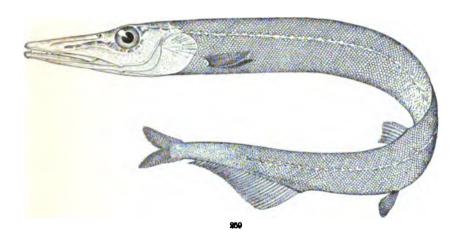




255. PHOTONECTES GRACILIS. (P. 591.) 256. MALACOSTEUS NIGER. (P. 593.) 257. ALEPISAURUS FRROX. (P. 595.)

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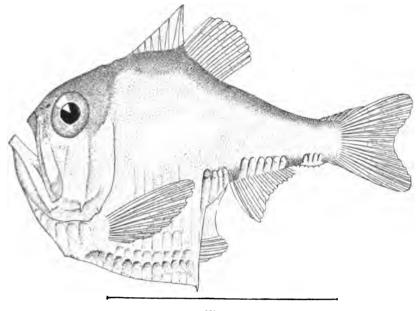




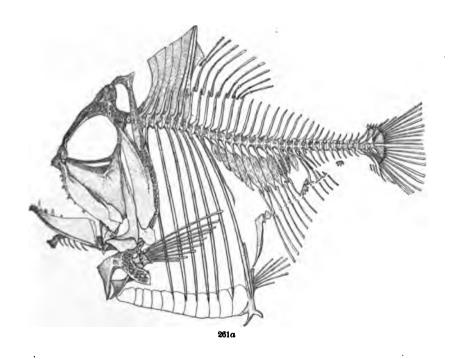


258. ALEPISAURUS ÆSCULAPIUS. (P. 595.) 259. ARCTOZENUS CORUSCANS. (P. 601.) 260. PARALEPIS COREGONOIDES. (P. 602.)

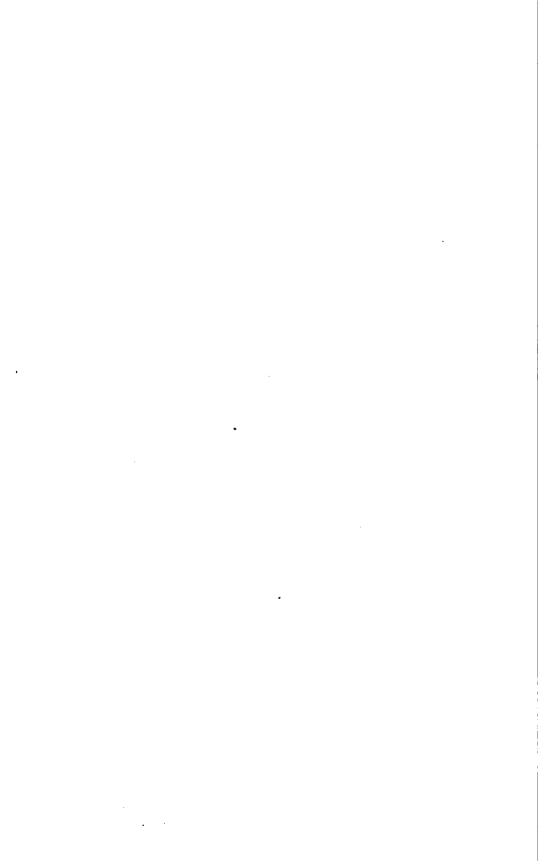


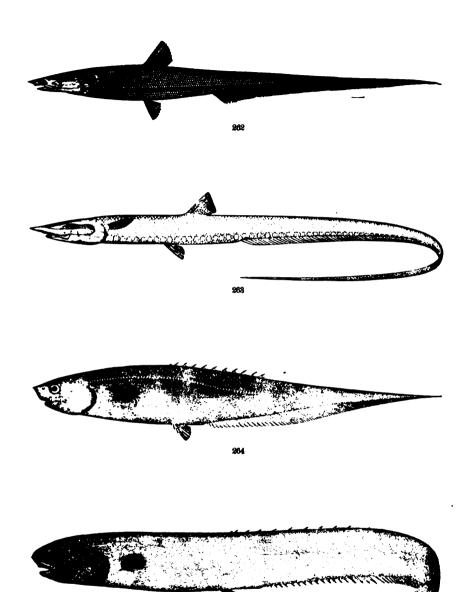


261



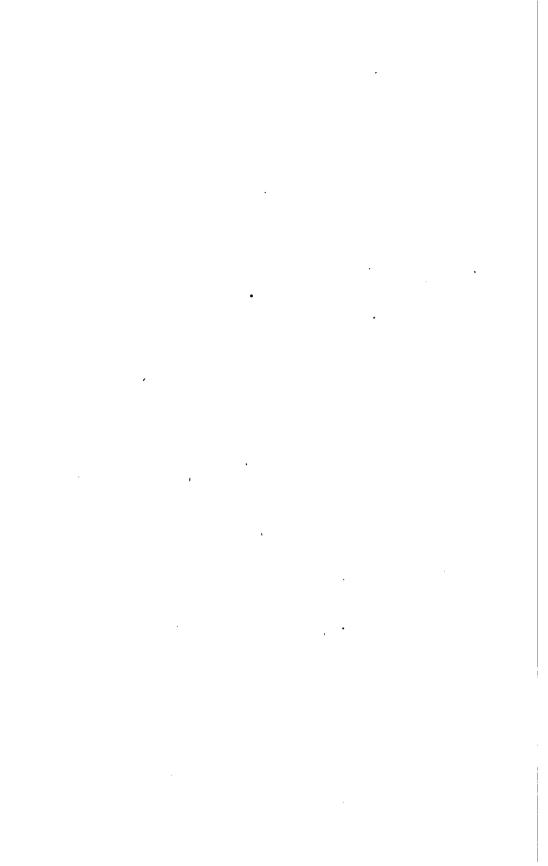
261, 261a. ARGYROPELECUS OLFERSI. (P. 604.)



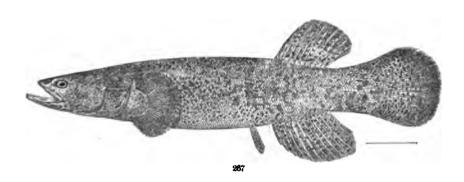


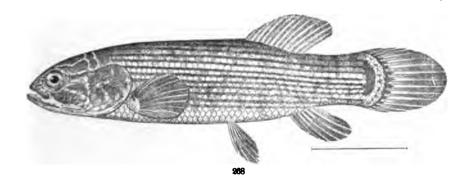
262. ALDROVANDIA MACROCHIR. (P. 609.) 263. ALDROVANDIA GRACILIS. (P. 610.) 264. NOTACANTHUS ANALIS. (P. 615.) 265. NOTACANTHUS PHASGANORUS. (P. 616.)

265

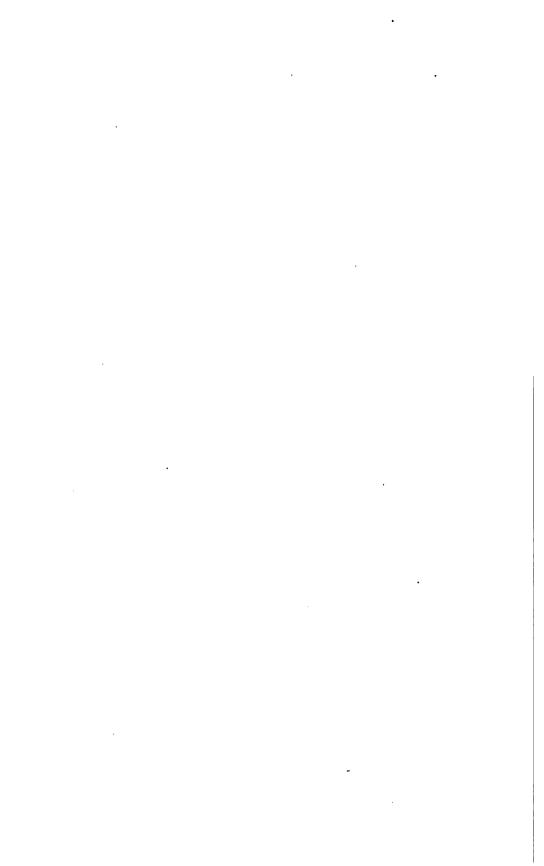


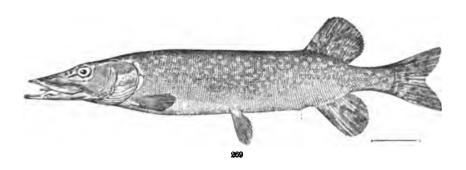


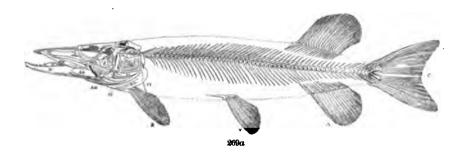


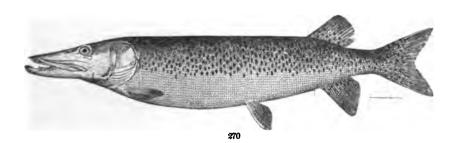


266. LIPOGENYS GILLII. (P. 619.) 267. DALLIA PECTORALIS. (P. 621.) 268. UMBRA PYMÆA. (P. 624.)

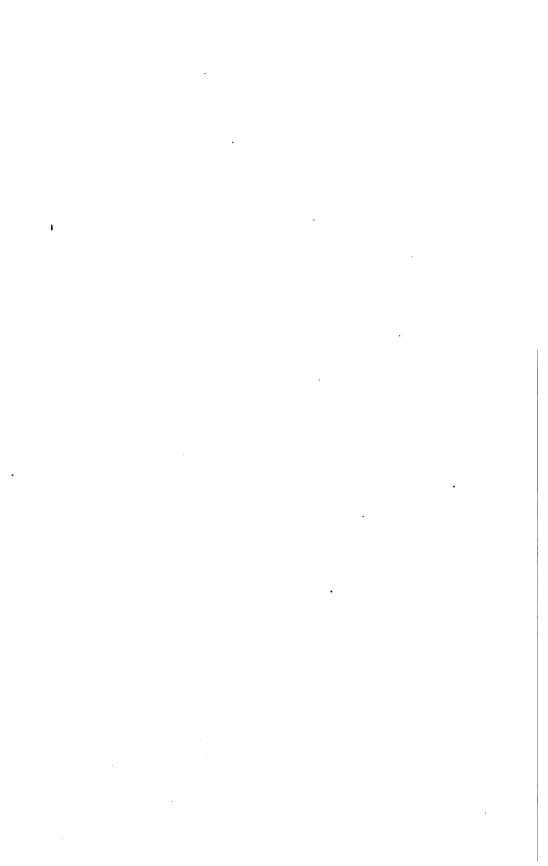


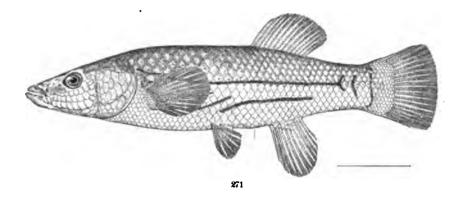


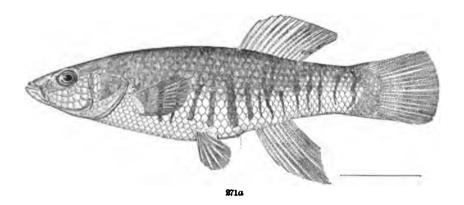


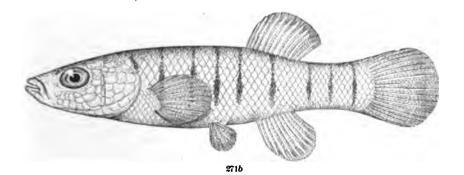


269, 269a. Lucius lucius. (P. 628.) 270. Lucius masquinongy. (P. 629.)



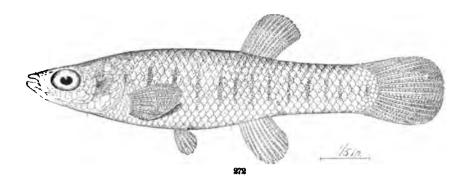


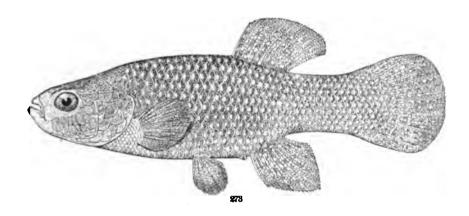


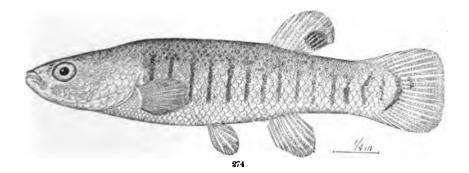


271. FUNDULUS MAJALIS; female. (P. 639.) 271a. FUNDULUS MAJALIS; male. (P. 639.) 271b. FUNDULUS MAJALIS; young. (P. 639.)

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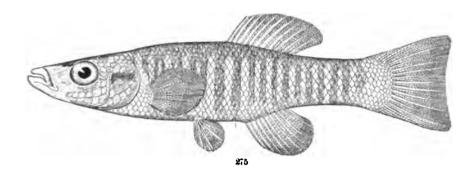


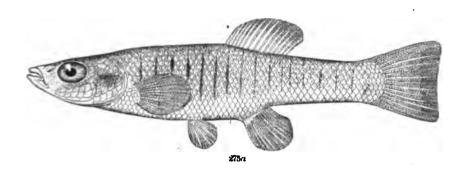


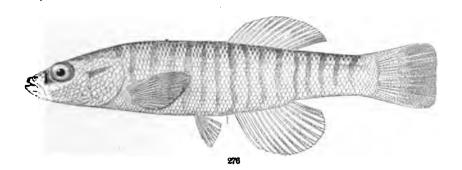


272. FUNDULUS PALLIDUS. (P. 638.) 273. FUNDULUS HETEROCLITUS; male. (P. 640.) 274. FUNDULUS OCELLARIS. (P. 642.)



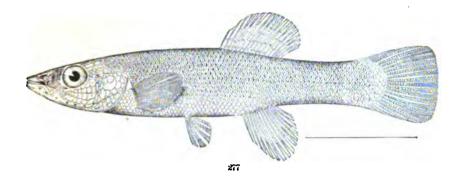


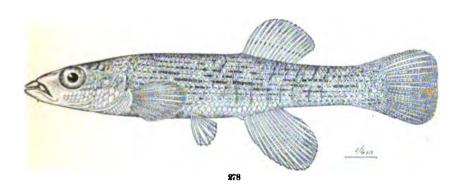


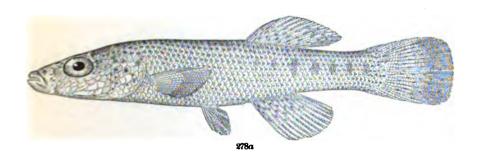


275. Fundulus diaphanus; male. (P. 645.) 275a. Fundulus diaphanus; female. (P. 645.) 276. Fundulus zebrinus. (P. 646.)

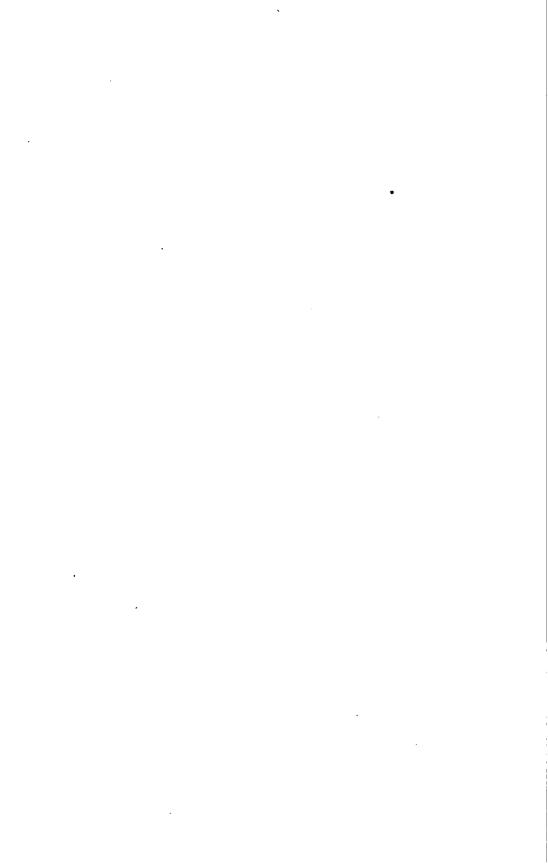


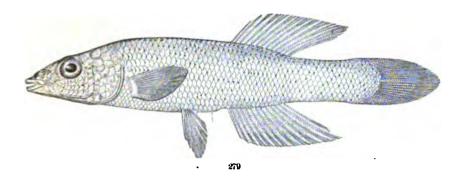


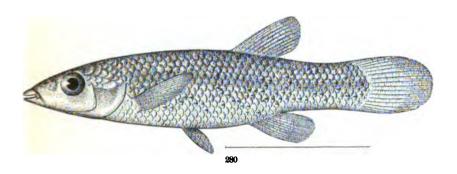


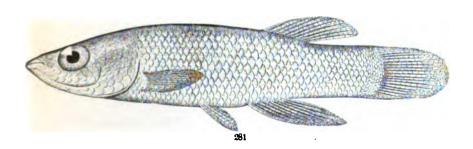


277. FUNDULUS SEMINOLIS. (P. 647.)
278. FUNDULUS CATENATUS; male. (P. 648.)
2784. FUNDULUS CATENATUS; female (P. 648.)

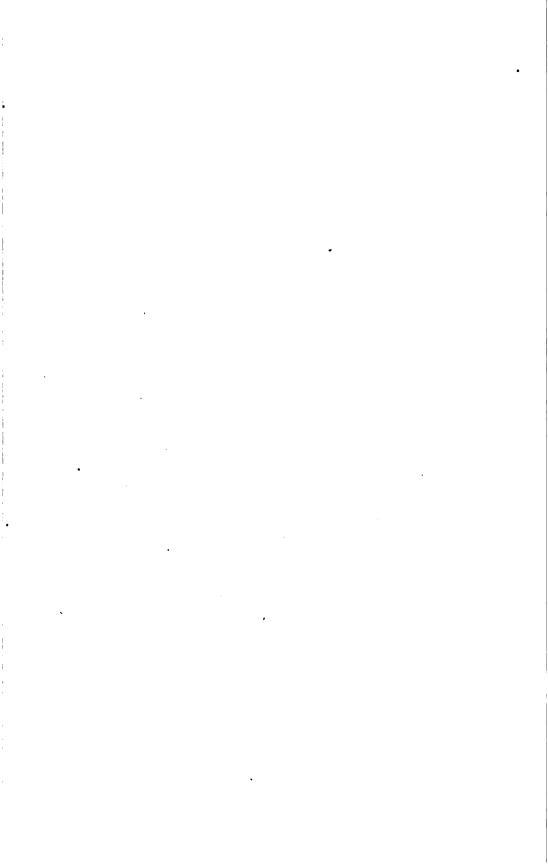


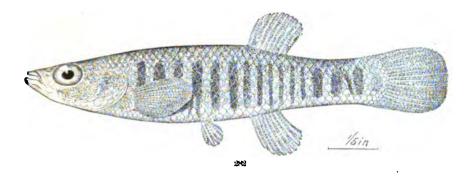


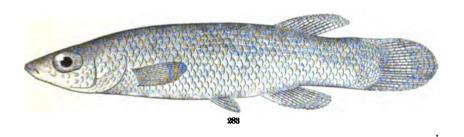


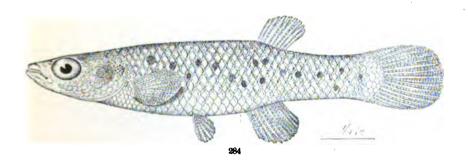


279. FUNDULUS STELLIFER. (P. 648.) 280. FUNDULUS RATHBUNI. (P. 649.) 281. FUNDULUS ALBOLINEATUS. (P. 649.)



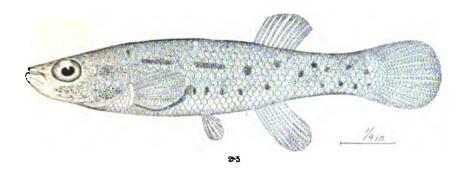


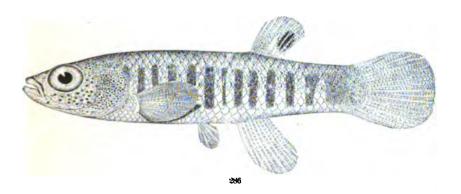


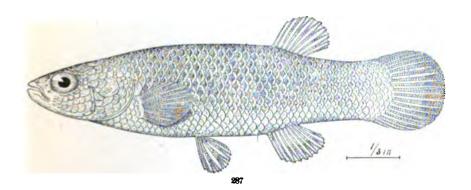


282. Fundulus funduloides. (P. 650.) 283. Fundulus macdonaldi. (P. 651.) 284. Fundulus jenkinsi. (P. 651.)



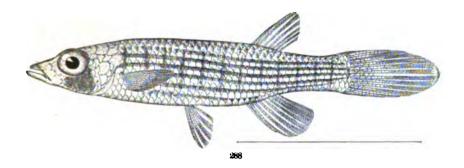


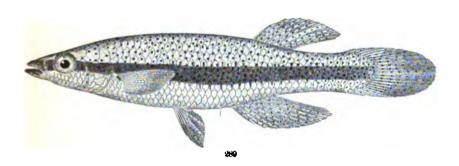


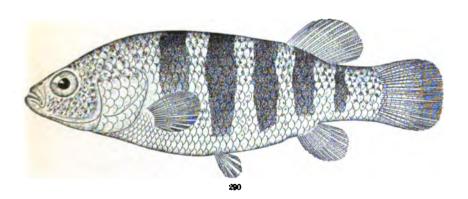


285. Fundulus pulvereus. (P. 652.) 286. Fundulus luciæ. (P. 654.) 287. Fundulus chrysotus. (P. 655.)



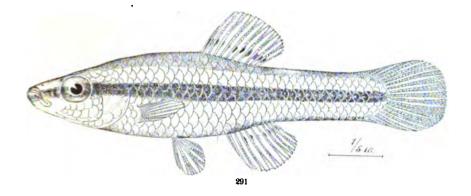


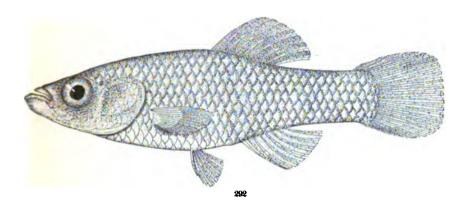


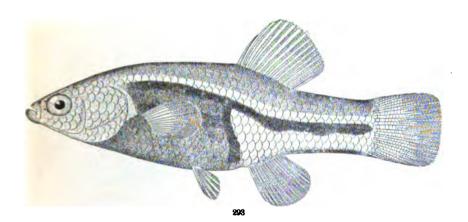


288. Fundulus nottii. (P. 656.) 289. Fundulus notatus. (P. 659.) 290. Adinia dugesii. (P. 661.)

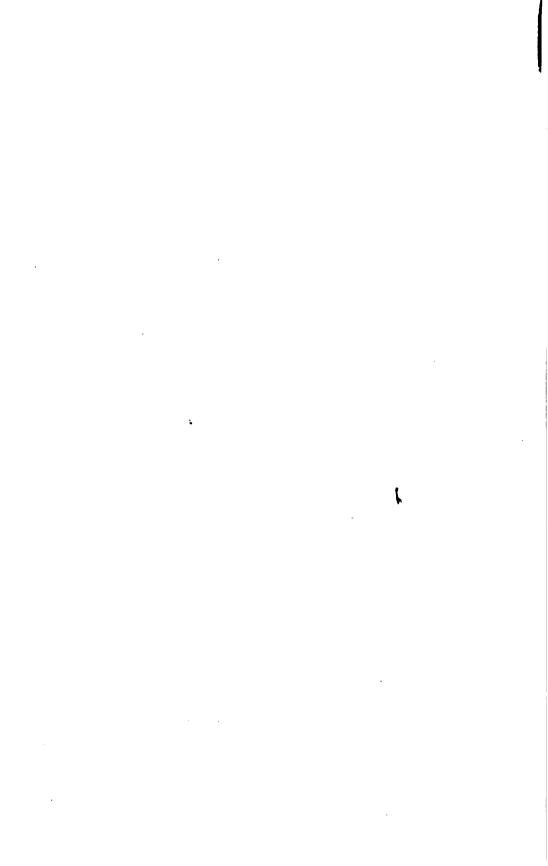


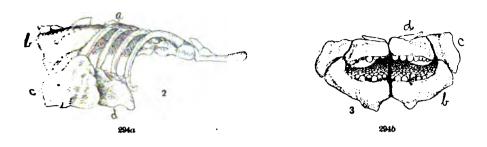


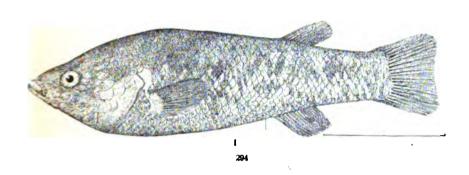




291. FUNDULUS GOODEI. (Pp. 664, 2831.) 292. LUCANIA PARVA. (P. 665.) 293. CHARACODON BILINEATUS. (P. 668.)

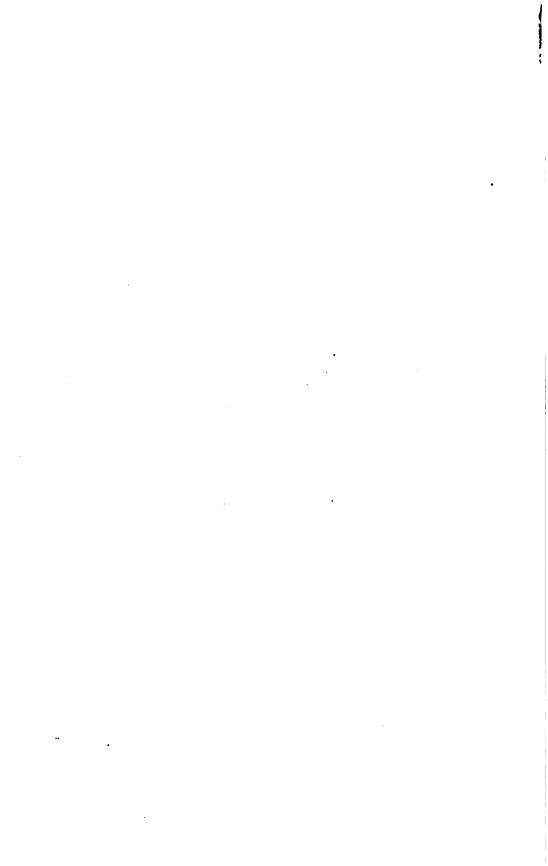


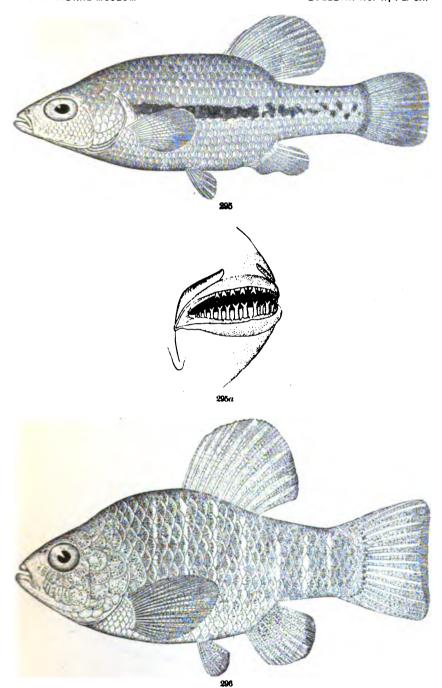




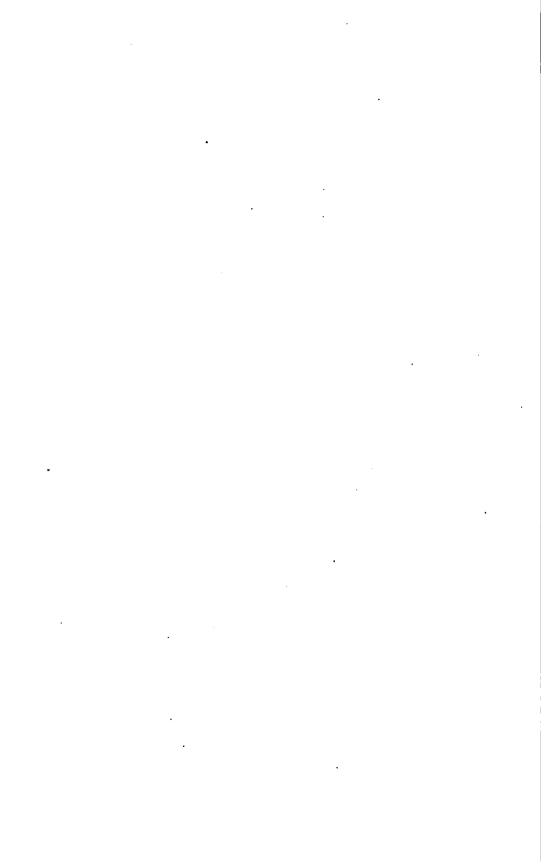


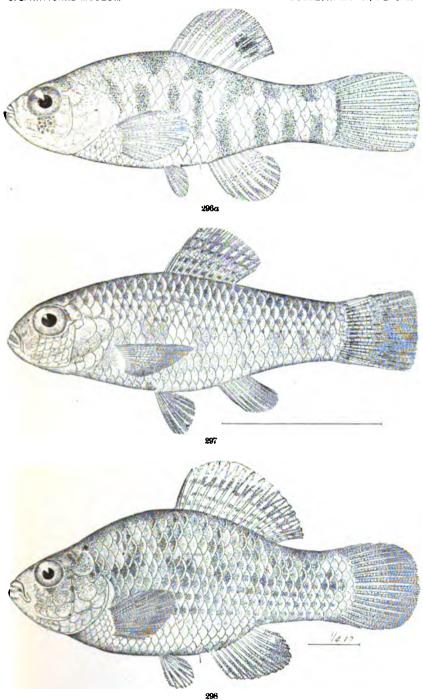
294, 294a, 294b, 294c, 294d. EMPETRICHTHYS MERRIAMI. (P. 667.)





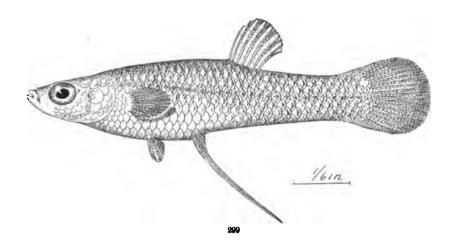
295. CHARACODON VARIATUS. (P. 669.) 295a. TEETH OF CHARACODON VARIATUS. (P. 669.) 296. CYPRINODON VARIEGATUS. (P. 671.)

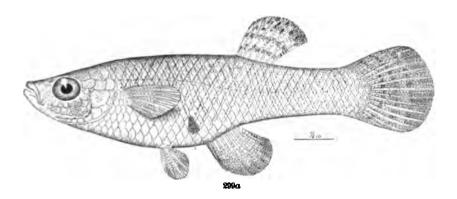


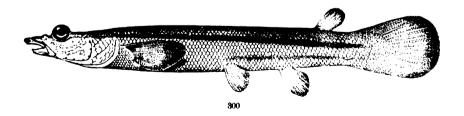


296a. Cyprinodon variegatus; young. (P. 671.) 297. Cyprinodon carpio. (P. 675.) 298. Jordanella floridæ. (P. 677.)



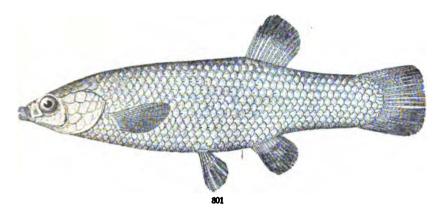


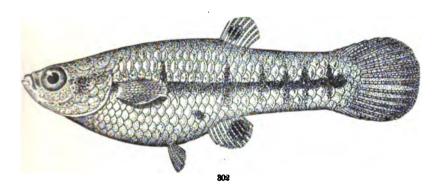


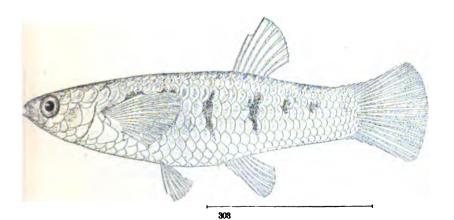


299. GAMBUSIA AFFINIS; male. (P. 680.) 299a. GAMBUSIA AFFINIS; female. (P. 680.) 300. ANABLEPS DOVII. (P. 685.)

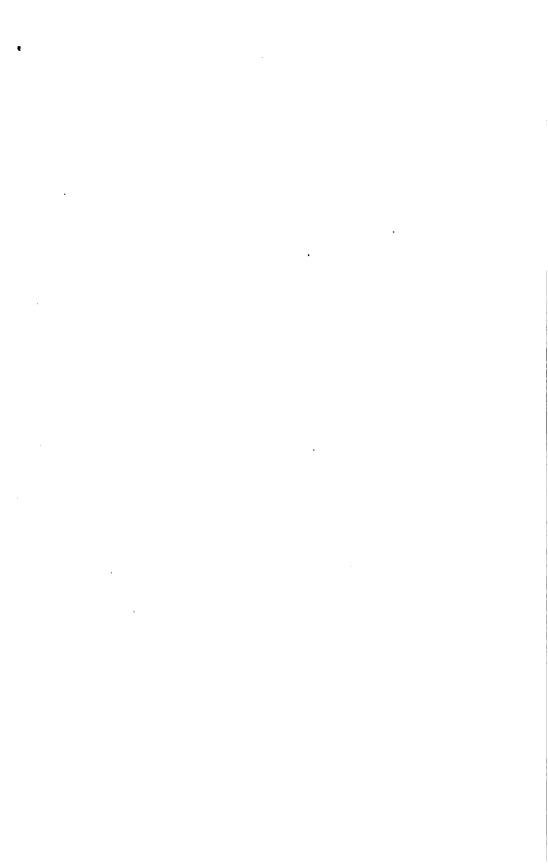
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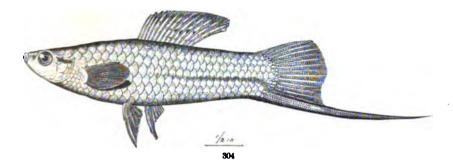


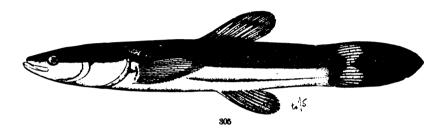


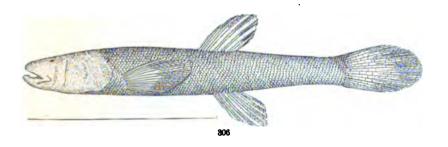


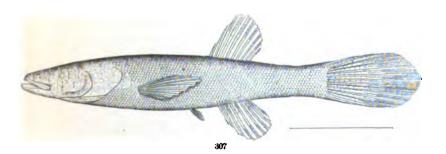
301. GOODBA ATRIPINNIS. (P. 685.) 302. HETERANDRIA FORMOSA. (P. 687.) 303. PŒCILIA PRESIDIONIS; female. (P. 697.)



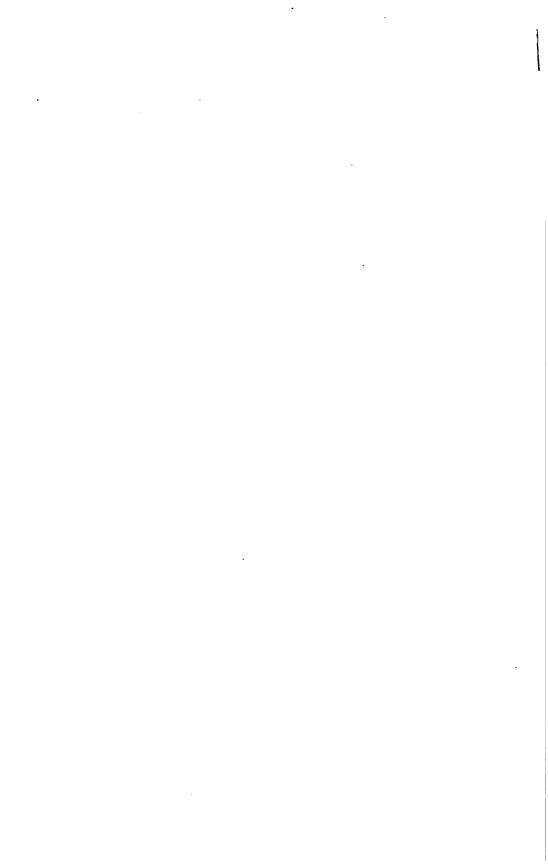




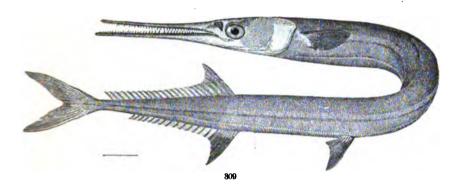


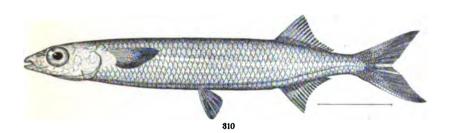


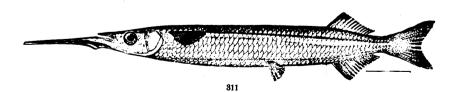
304. XIPHOPHORUS HELLERI. (P. 701.) 305. CHOLOGASTER CORNUTUS. (P. 703.) 306. TYPHLICHTHYS SUBTERRANEUS. (P. 704.) 307. Amblyopsis spelæus. (P. 706.)







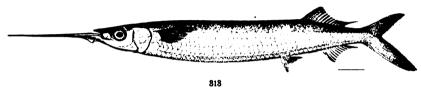




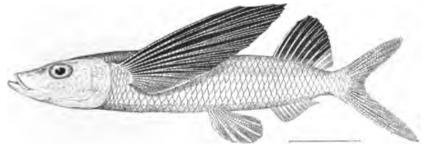
308. Tylosurus raphidoma. (P. 715.) 309. Tylosurus acus. (P. 716.) 310. Chriodorus atherinoides. (P. 719.) 311. Hyporhamphus unifasciatus. (P. 720.)





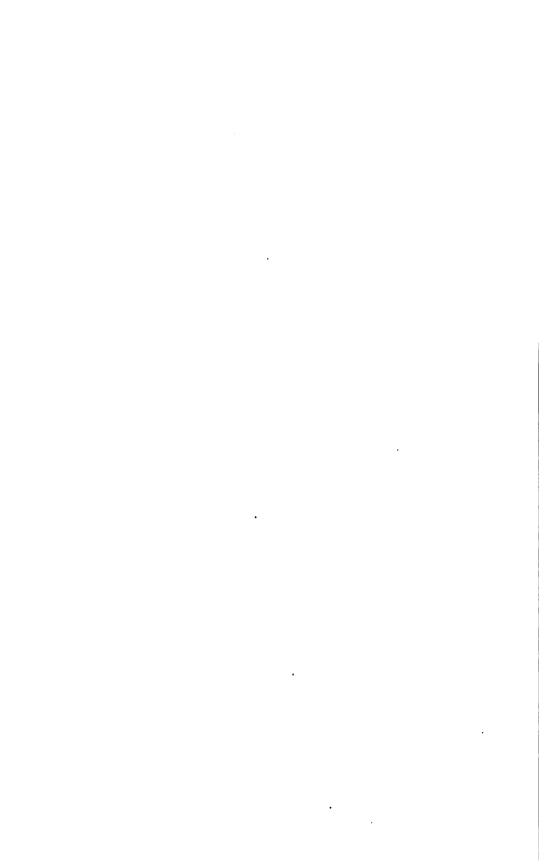


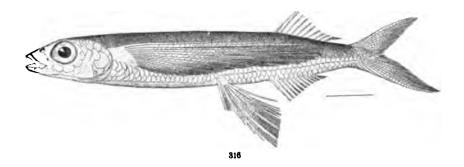


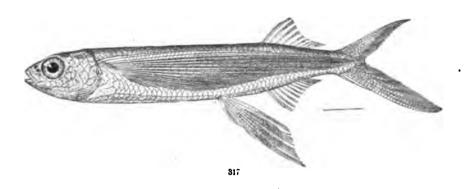


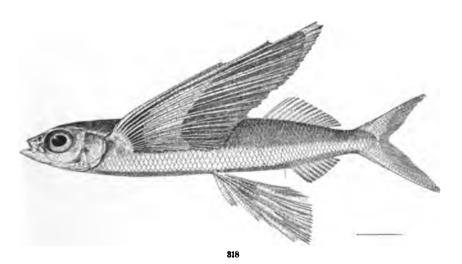
815

- 312. Hyporhamphus roberti. (P. 721.) 313. Hemiramphus brasiliensis. (P. 722.) 314. Scombresox saurus. (P. 725.) 315. Fodiator acutus. (P. 728.)

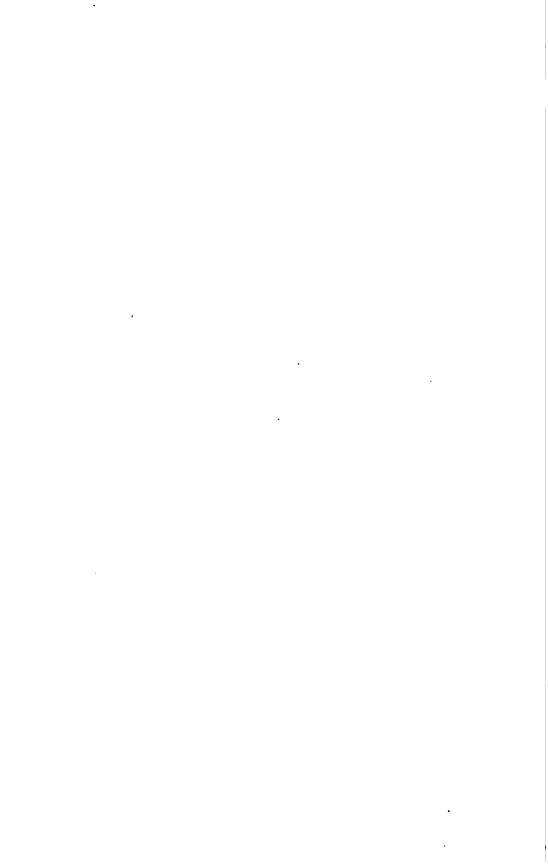


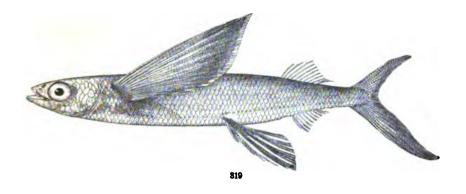


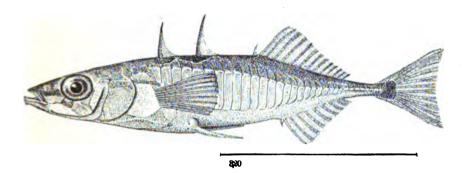


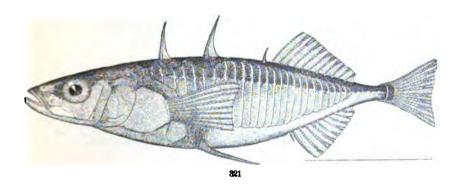


316. EXONAUTES EXSILIENS. (Pp. 732, 2830.) 317. EXONAUTES RONDELETII. (Pp. 733, 2830.) 318. EXOCCTUS VOLITANS. (P. 734.)



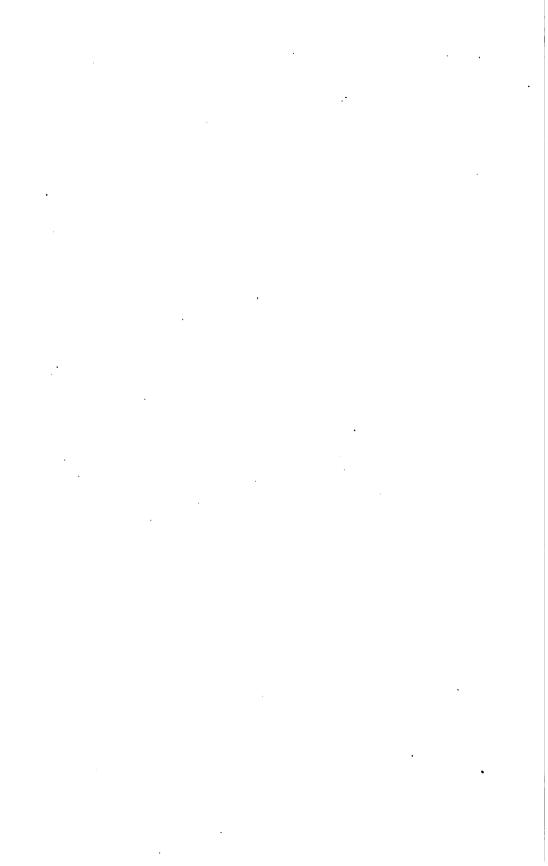


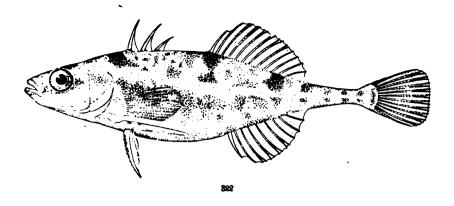




319. CYPSILURUS CALIFORNICUS. (Pp. 740, 2830.) 320. GASTEROSTEUS ACULEATUS. (P. 747.) 321. GASTEROSTEUS CATAPHRACTUS. (P. 749.)

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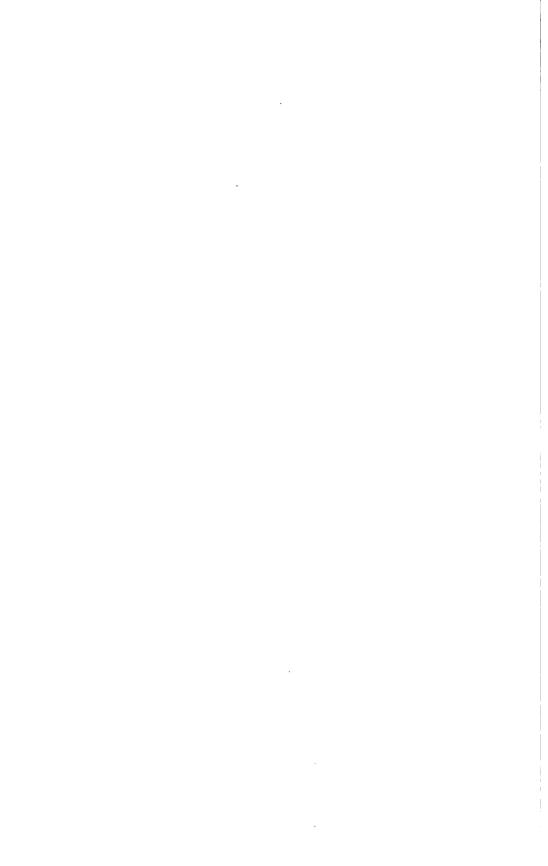


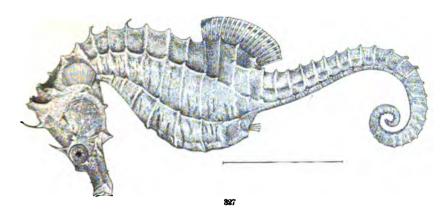


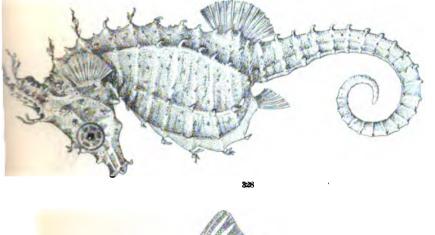


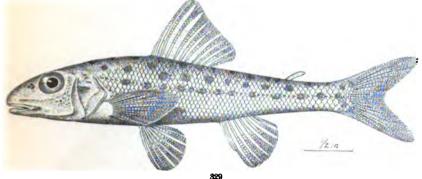


322. APELTES QUADRACUS. (P. 752.)
323. AULORHYNCHUS FLAVIDUS. (P. 754.)
324. AULOSTOMUS MACULATUS. (P. 754.)
325. SIPHOSTOMA STARKSII. (P. 771.)
326. CORYTHROICHTHYS CAYORUM. (P. 2838.)



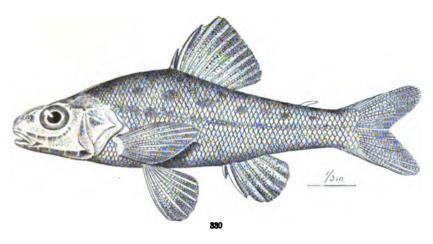


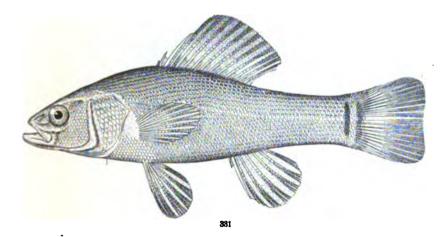


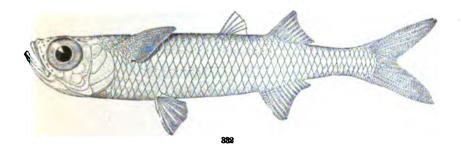


327. HIPPOCAMPUS HUDSONIUS. (P. 777.) 328. HIPPOCAMPUS ZOSTERÆ. (P. 778.) 329. PERCOPSIS GUTTATUS. (P. 784.)



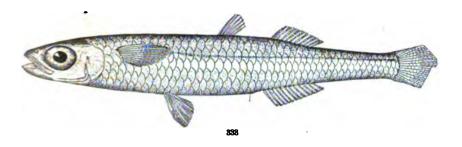


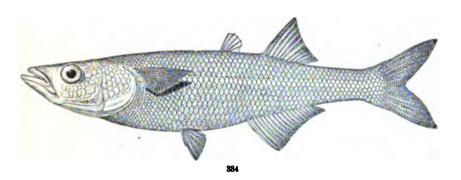


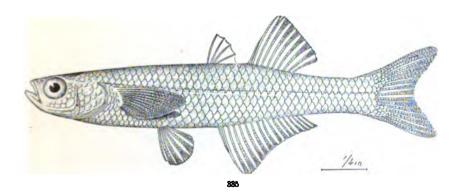


330. COLUMBIA TRANSMONTANA. (P. 784.) 331. APHREDODERUS SAYANUS. (P. 786.) 332. ATHERINA STIPES. (P. 790.)

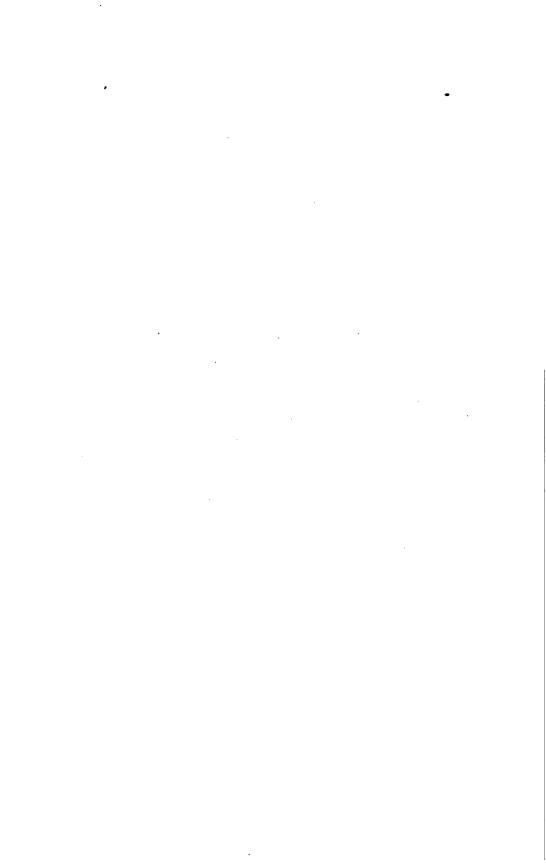


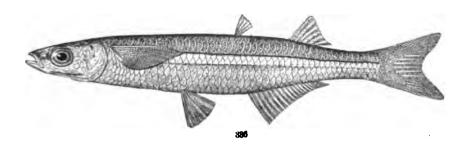


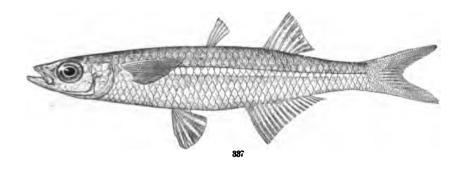


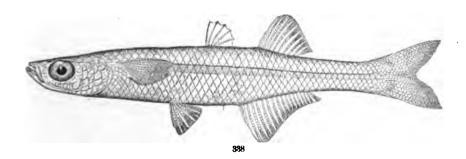


333. Atherina aræa. (P. 790.)
334. Chirostoma humboldtianum. (P. 793.)
335. Eslopsarum jordani. (Pp. 793, 2840.)



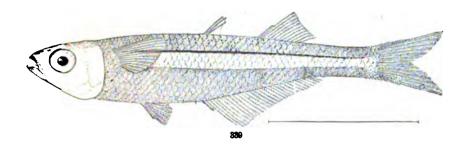


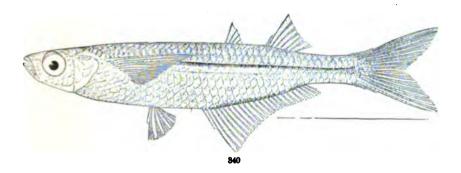


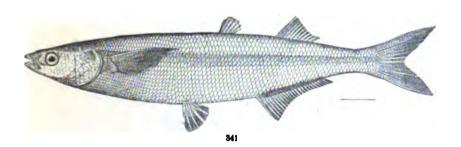


336. KIRTLANDIA VAGRANS. (P. 794.) 337. MENIDIA PENINSULÆ. (P. 797.) 338. MENIDIA GRACILIS BERYLLINA. (P. 797.)

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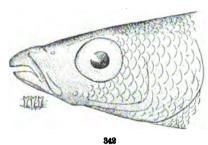


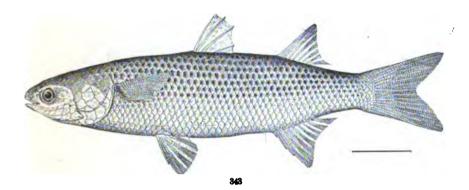


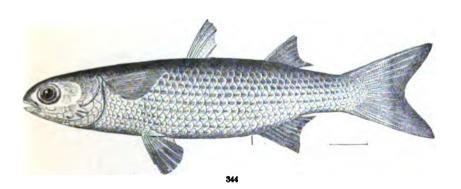


339. Eurystole eriarcha. (P. 803.) 340. Thyrina evermanni. (P. 804.) 341. Atherinopsis californiensis. (P. 806.)



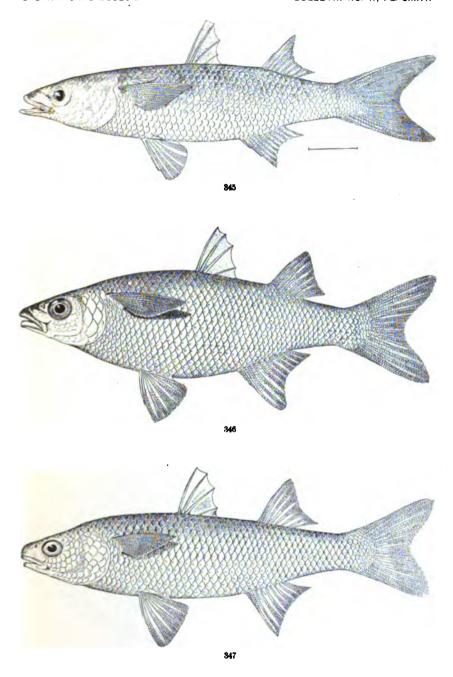






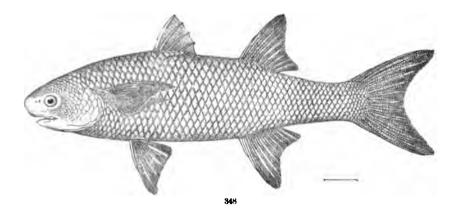
342. ATHERINOPS AFFINIS. (P. 807.) 343. MUGIL CEPHALUS. (P. 811.) 344. MUGIL CUREMA. (P. 813.)

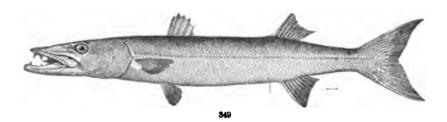


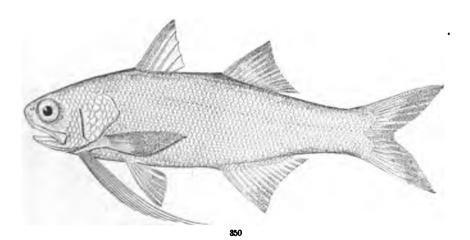


345. MUGIL HOSPES. (P. 814.) 346. CHÆNOMUGIL PROBOSCIDEUS. (P. 816.) 347. AGONOSTOMUS MONTICOLA. (P. 819.)

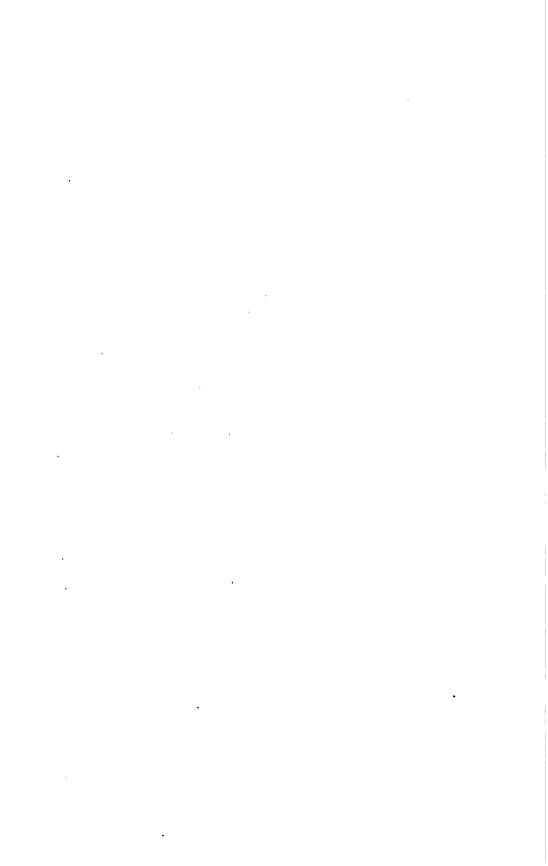
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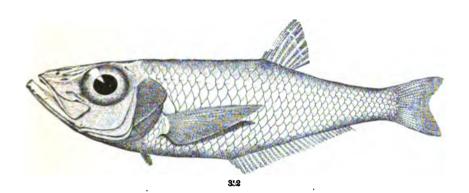


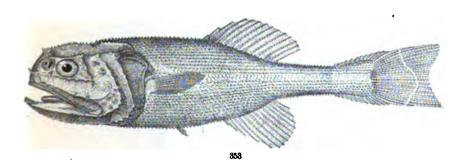


348. JOTURUS PICHARDI. (P. 821.) 349. SPHYRÆNA BARRACUDA. (Pp. 823, 2841.) 350. POLYDACTYLUS OCTONEMUS. (P. 830.)

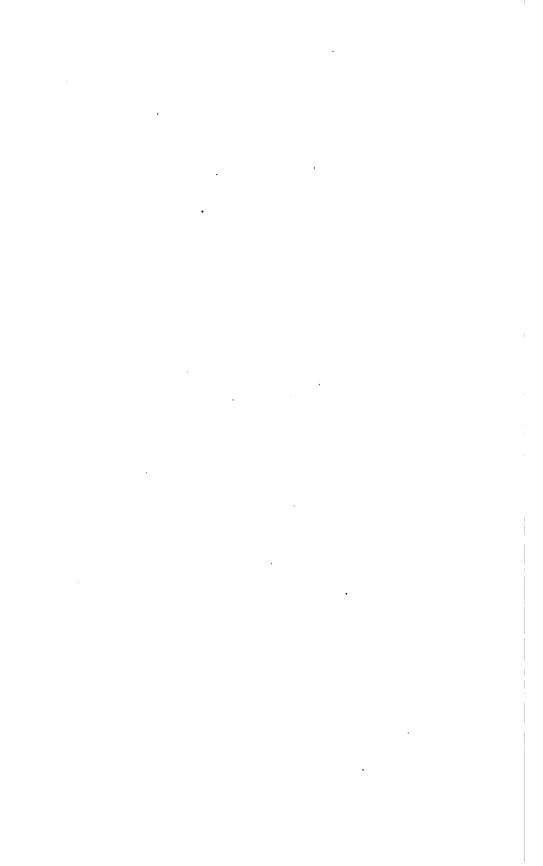


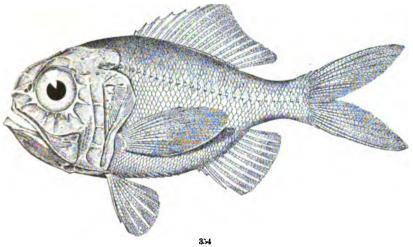


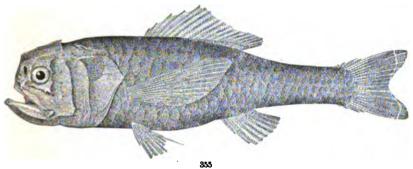


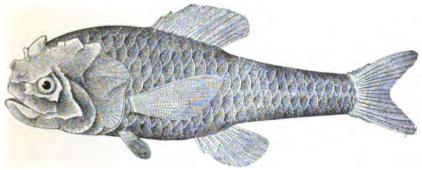


351. Ammodytes americanus. (P. 833.) 352. Bathyclupea argentea. (P. 835.) 353. Stephanoberyx monæ. (P. 836.)

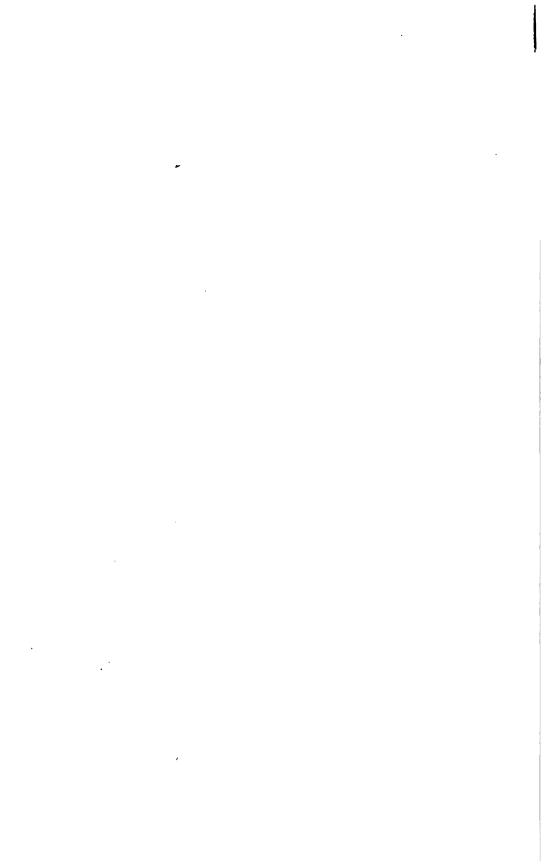


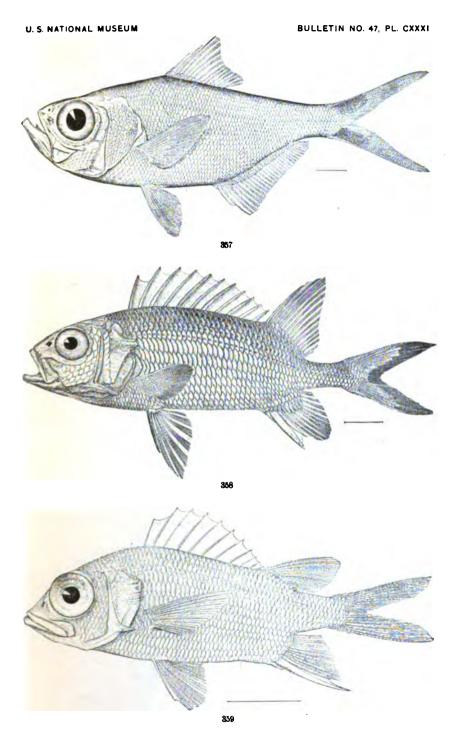




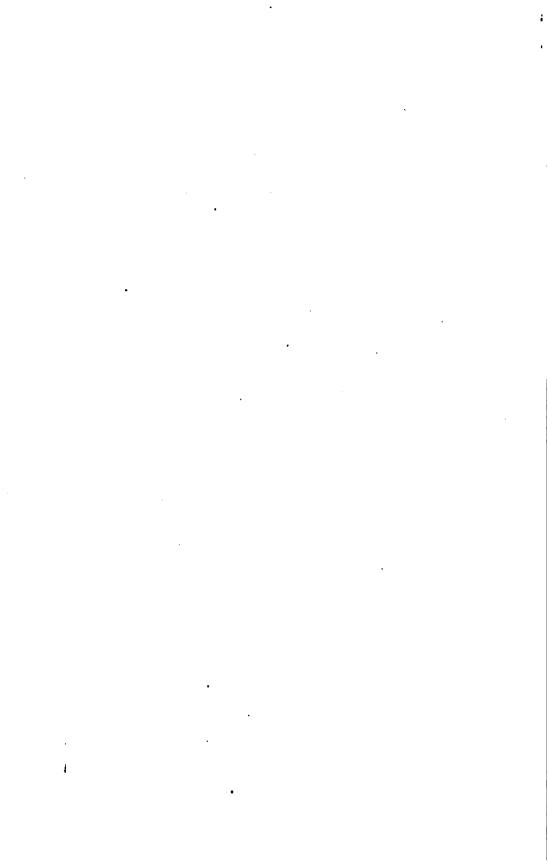


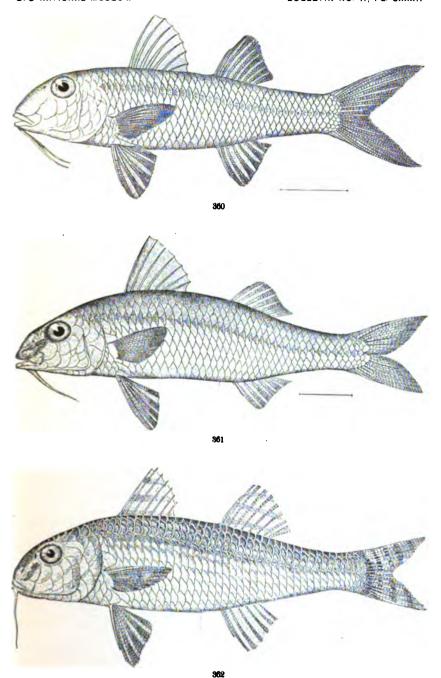
354. Hoplostethus mediterraneus. (P. 837.) 355. Plectromus suborbitalis. (P. 841.) 356. Plectromus crassicers. (P. 843.)





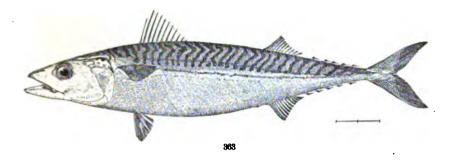
- 357. Beryx splendens. (P. 844.) 358. Holocentrus ascensionis. (P. 848.) 359. Flammeo marianus. (Pp. 852, 2871.)

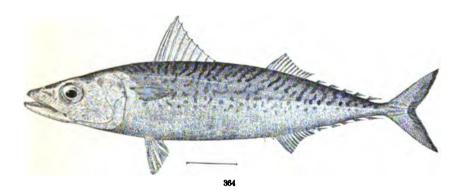


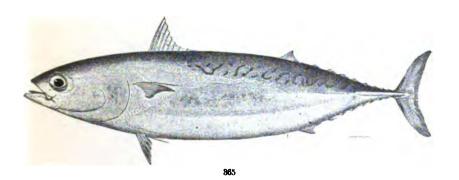


360. MULLUS AURATUS. (P. 856.) 361. MULLOIDES RATHBUNI. (P. 857.) 362. UPENBUS MACULATUS. (P. 858.)

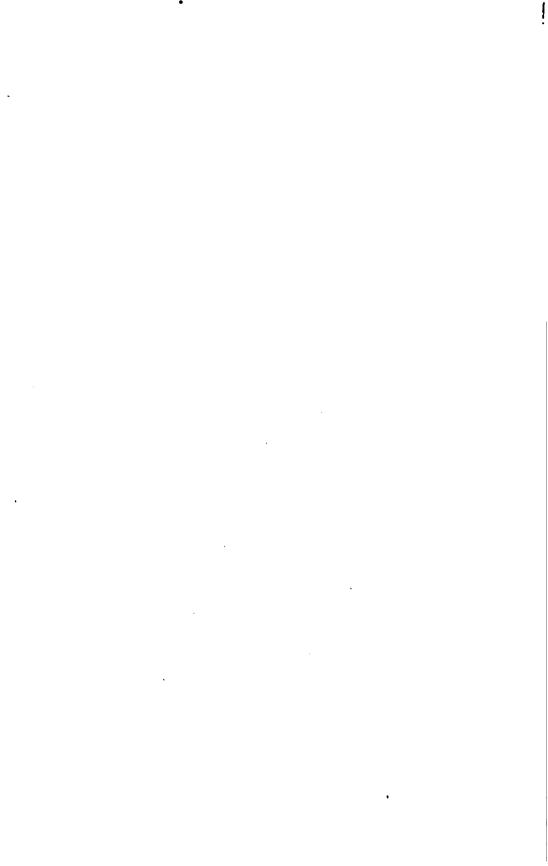


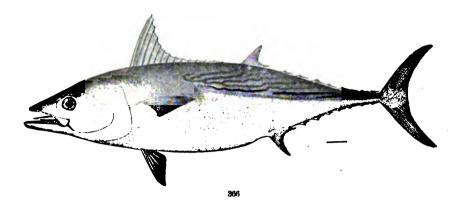


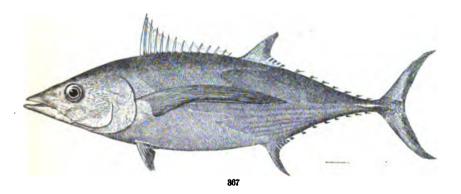


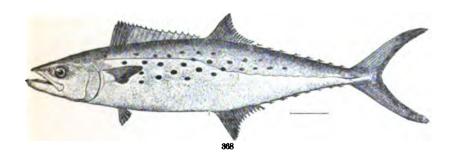


363. SCOMBER SCOMBRUS. (P. 865.) 364. SCOMBER COLIAS. (P. 866.) 365. AUXIS THAZARD. (P. 867.)

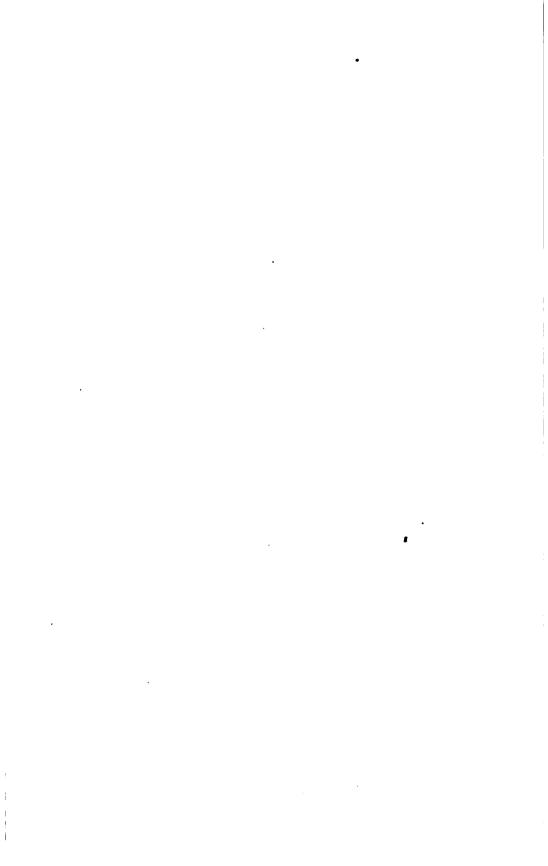


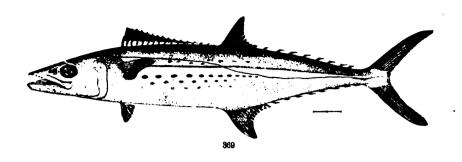




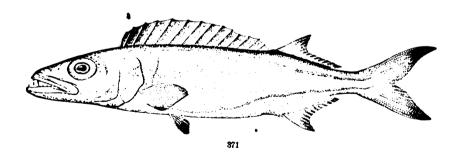


366. GYMNOSARDA ALLETERATA. (P. 869.) 367. GERMO ALALUNGA. (P. 871.) 368. SCOMBEROMORUS MACULATUS. (P. 874.)

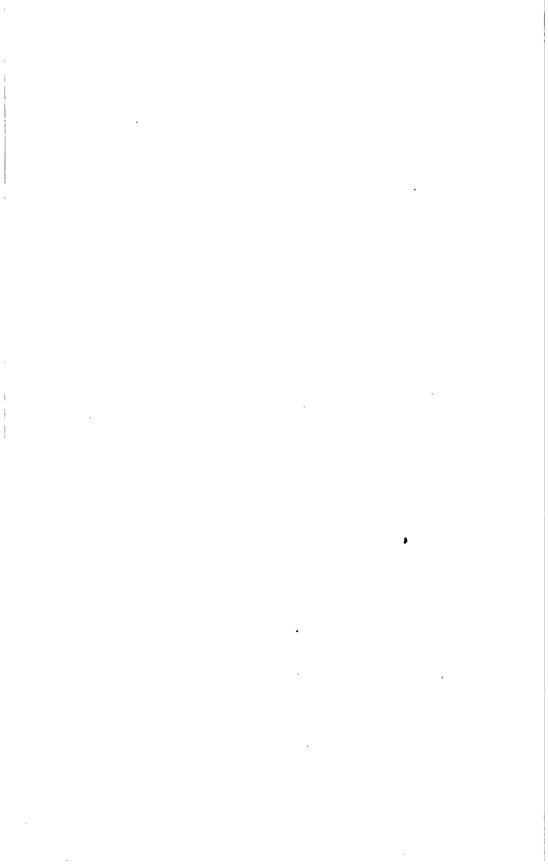


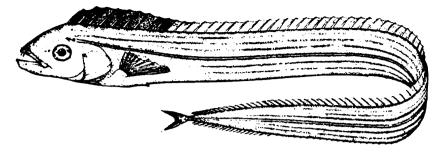


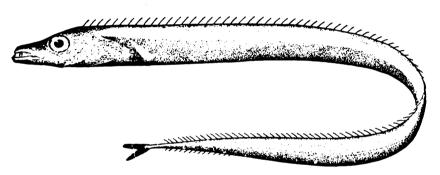




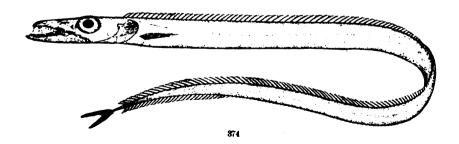
369. SCOMBEROMORUS REGALIS. (P. 875.) 370. ESCOLAR VIOLACEUS. (Pp. 878, 2843.) 371. EPINNULA MAGISTRALIS. (P. 880.)



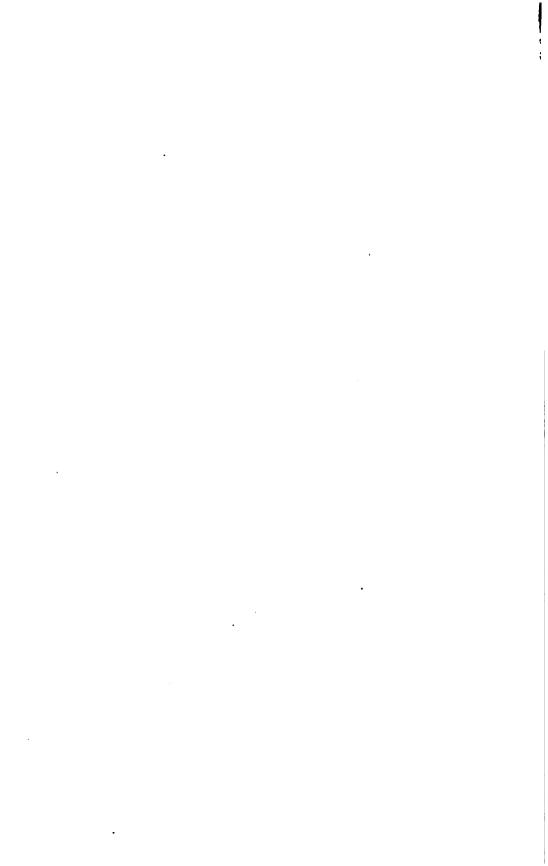


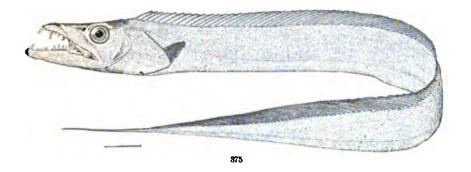


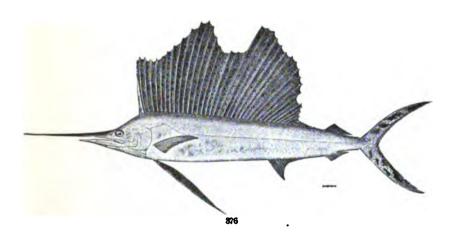
873



- 372. EVOXYMETOPON TÆNIATUS. (P. 886.) 373. LEPIDOPUS CAUDATUS. (P. 886.) 374. BENTHODESMUS ATLANTICUS. (P. 887.)





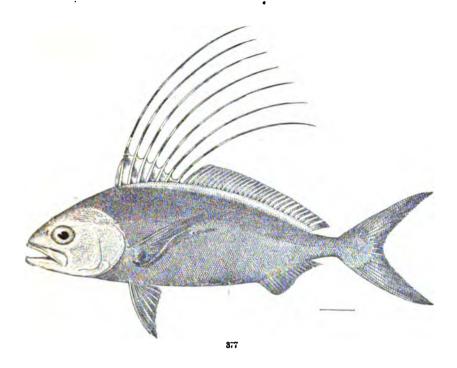


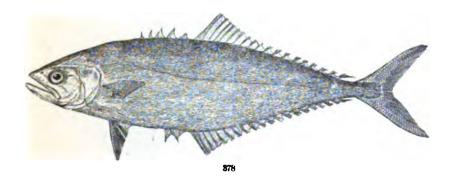
375. TRICHIURUS LEPTURUS. (P. 889.) 376. ISTIOPHORUS NIGRICANS. (P. 891.)

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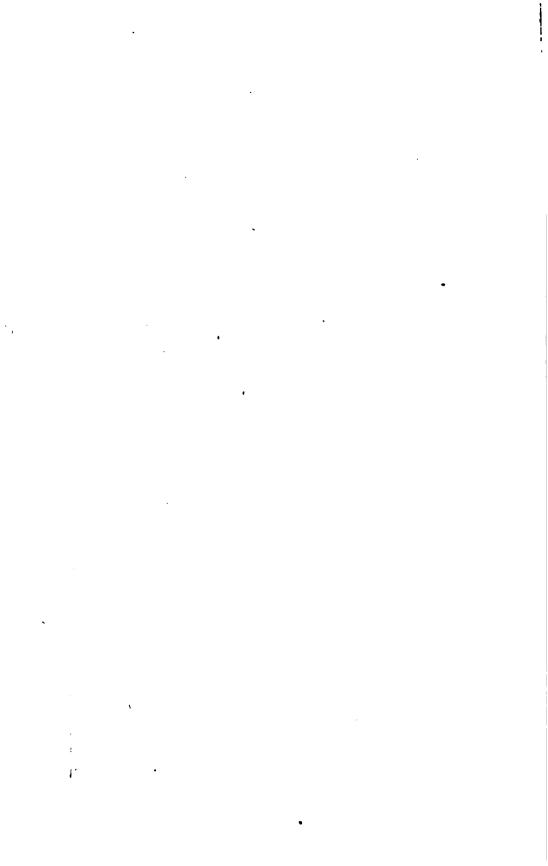
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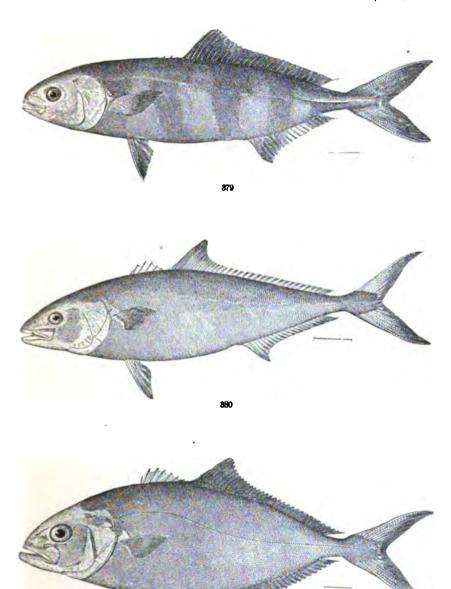
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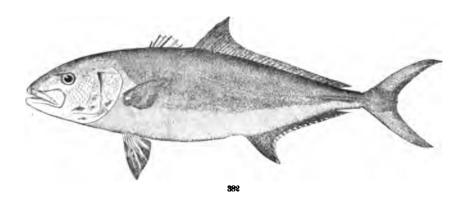
377. Nematistius pectoralis. (P. 895.) 378. Oligoplites saurus. (P. 898.)

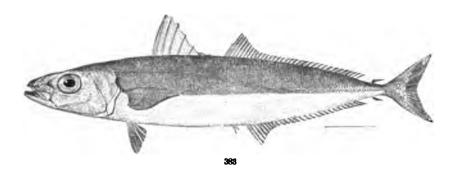


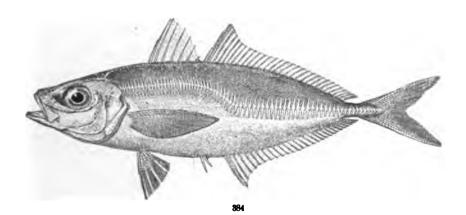


379. NAUCRATES DUCTOR. (P. 900.) 380. SERIOLA DORSALIS. (P. 902.) 381. SERIOLA ZONATA. (P. 902.)

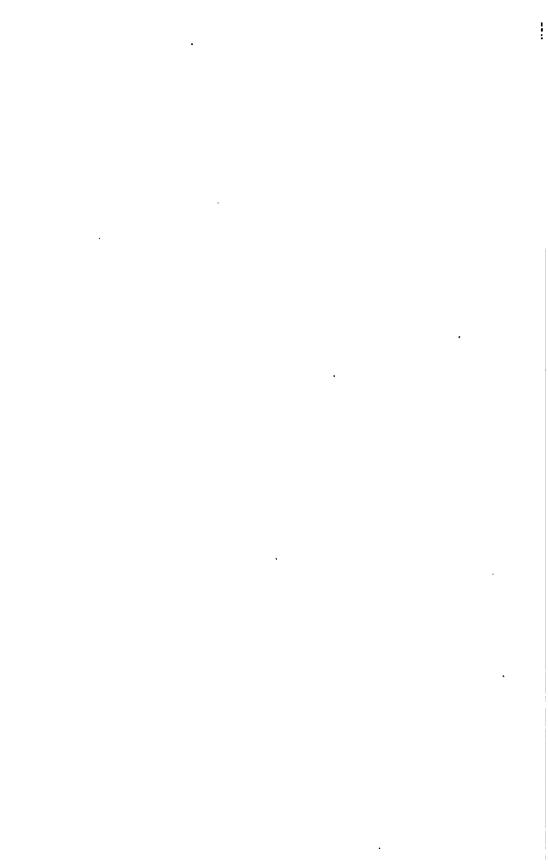


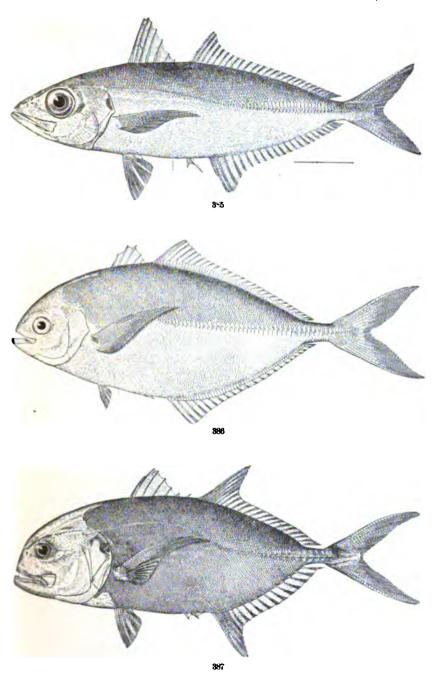






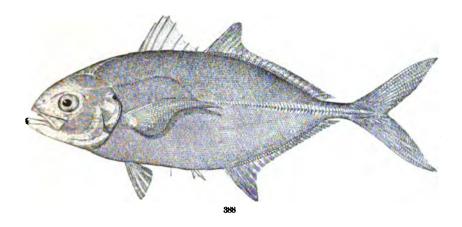
- 382. SERIOLA LALANDI. (P. 903.) 383. DECAPTERUS MACARELLUS. (P. 909.) 384. TRACHURUS TRACHURUS. (P. 910.)

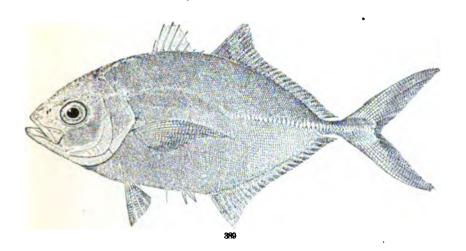




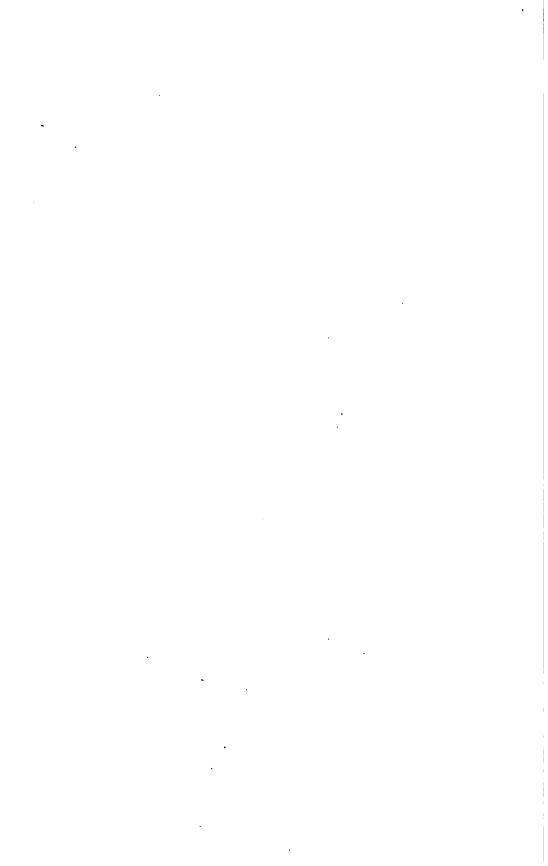
385. Trachurops crumenophthalmus. (P. 911.) 386. Hemicaranx amblyrhynchus. (P. 912.) 387. Caranx hippos. (P. 920.)

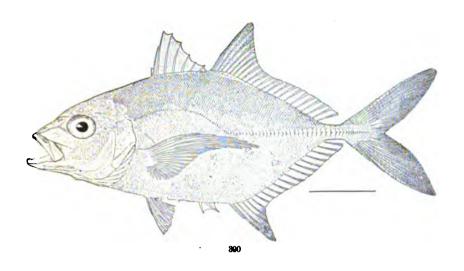


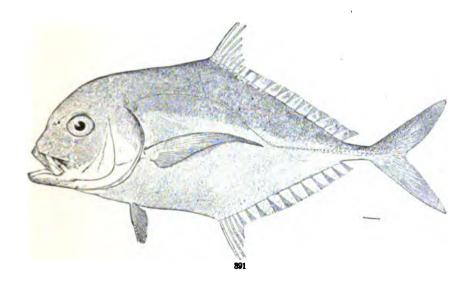




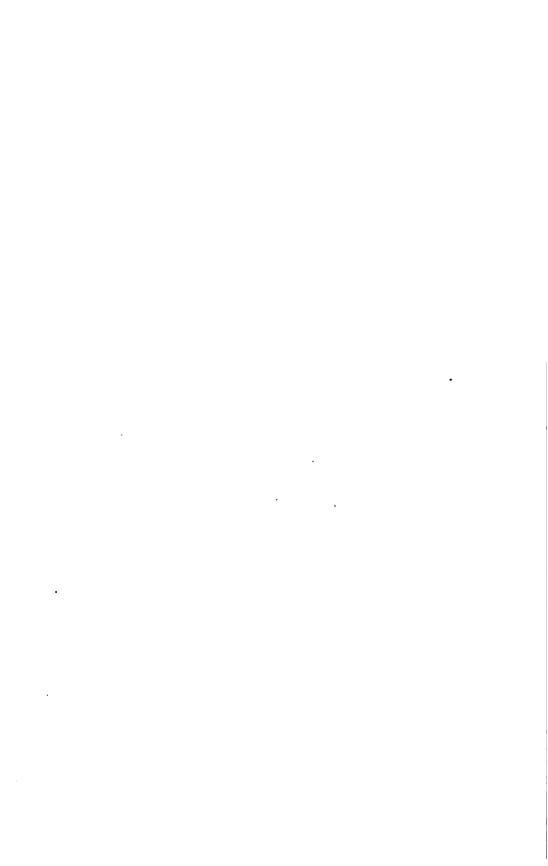
388. Cahanx crysos. (P. 921.) 389. Cahanx latus. (P. 923.)

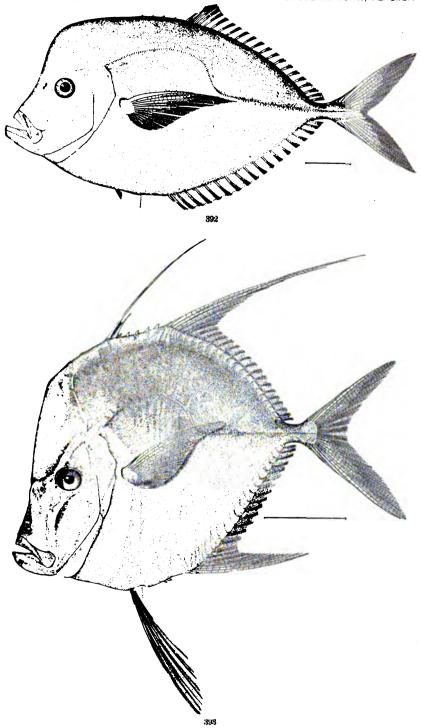






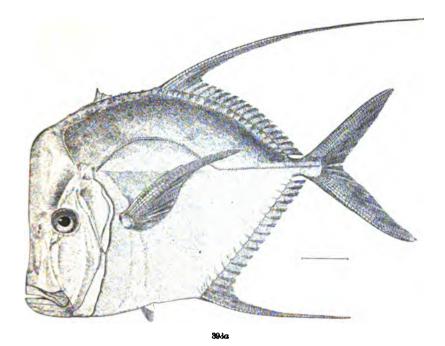
390. CARANX MEDUSICOLA. (P. 924.) 391. HYNNIS HOPKINSI. (P. 933.)

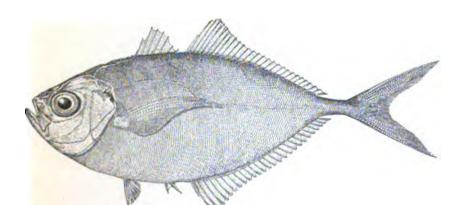




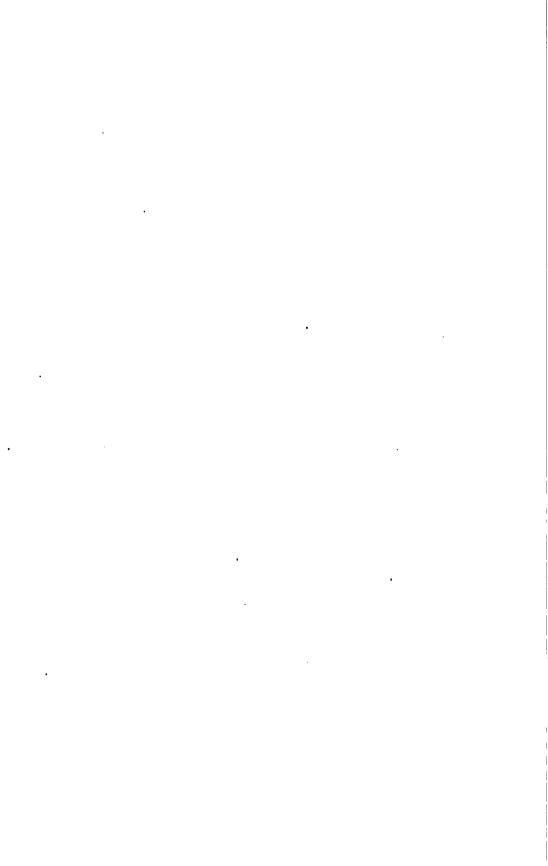
392. Vomer setipinnis. (P. 934.) 393. Selene vomer; young. (P. 936.)

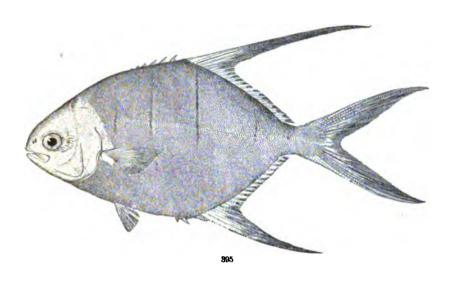
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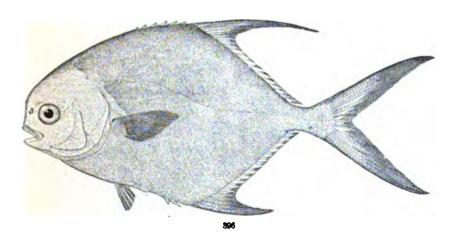




393a. SELENE VOMER; adult. (P. 936.) 394. CHLOROSCOMBRUS CHRYSURUS. (P. 938.)

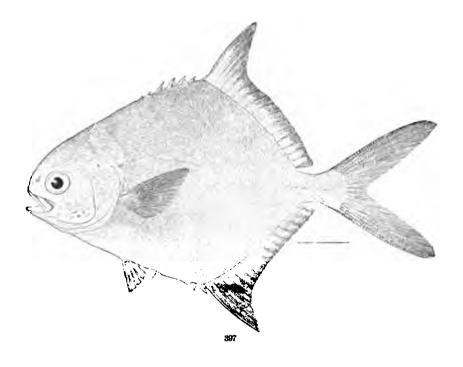


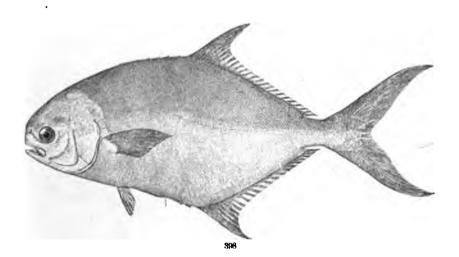




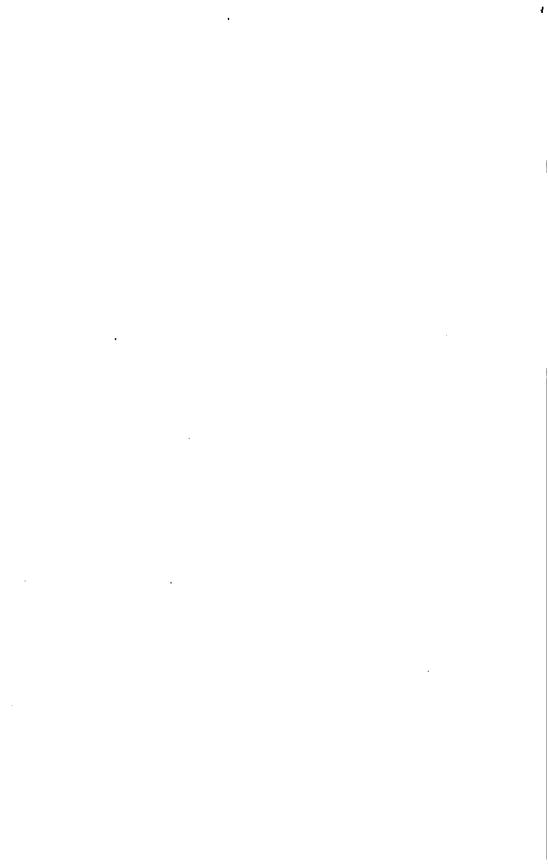
395. Trachinotus glaucus. (P. 940.) 396. Trachinotus falcatus. (P. 941.)

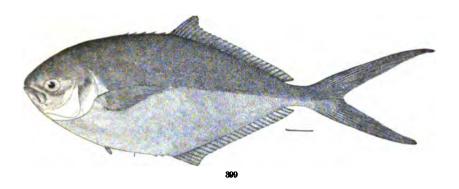
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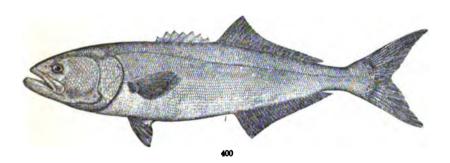


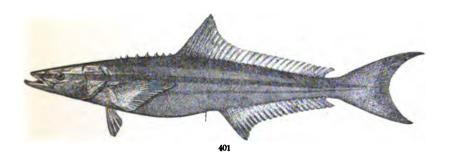


397. Trachinotus culveri. (P. 942.) 398. Trachinotus carolinus. (P. 944.)



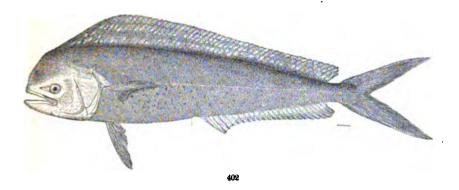


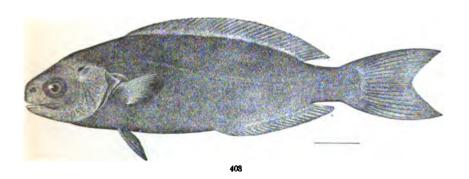




399. ZALOCYS STILBE. (P. 2848.) 400. POMATOMUS SALTATRIX. (P. 946.) 401. RACHYCENTRON CANADUS. (P. 948.)

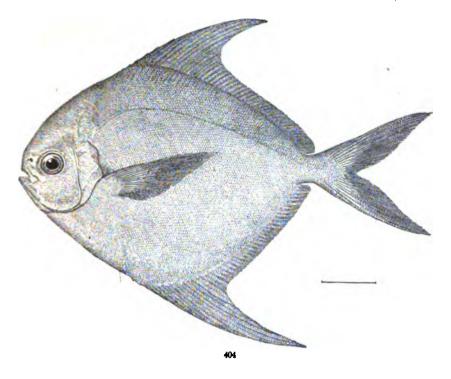


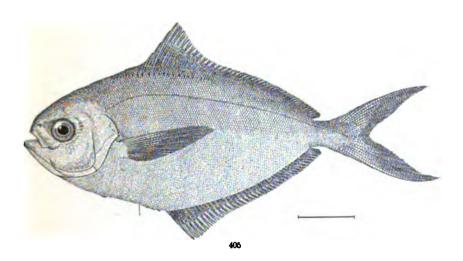




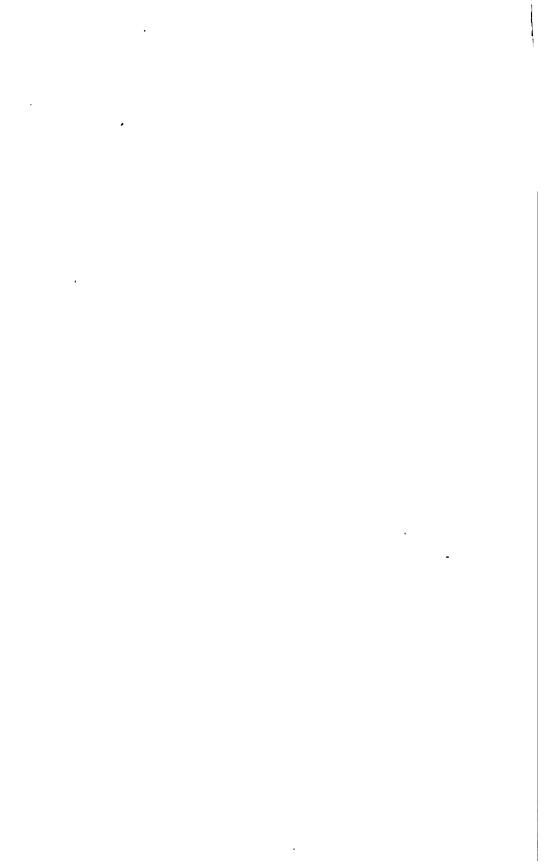
402. Coryphæna hippurus. (P. 952.) 403. Centrolophus niger. (P. 963.)

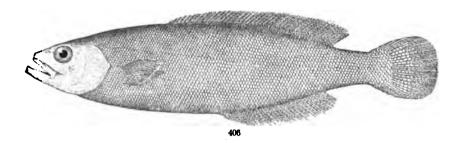


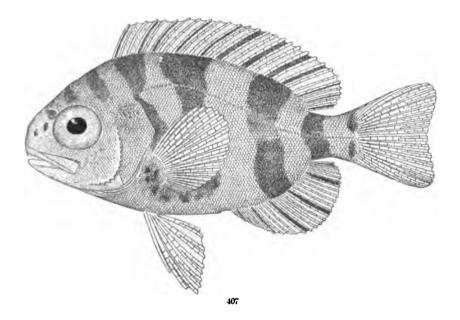


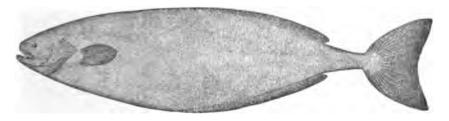


404. Rhombus paru. (P. 965.) 405. Poronotus triacanthus. (Pp. 967, 2849.)



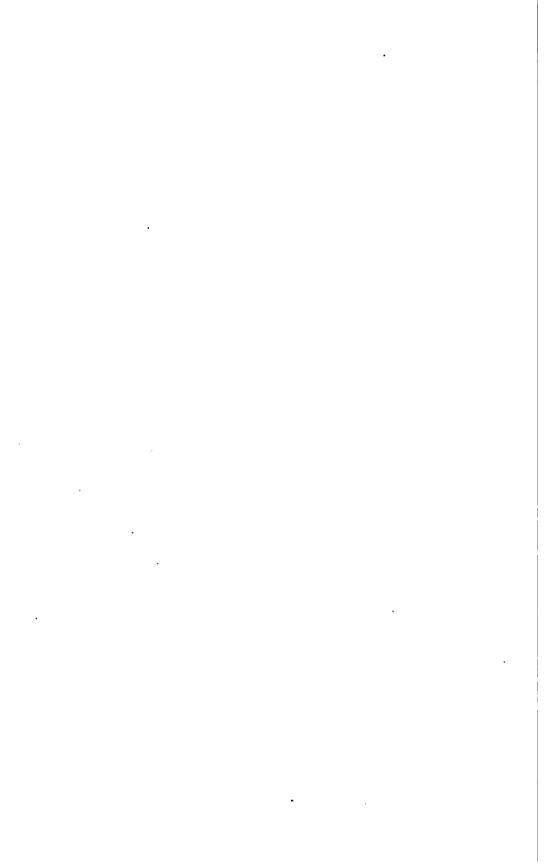


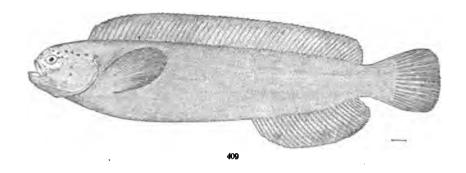


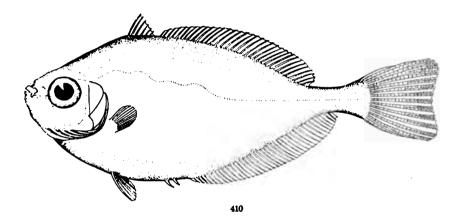


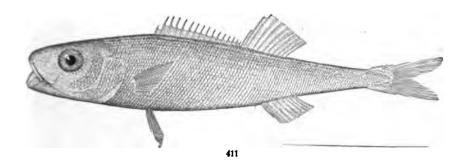
408

406. ICICHTHYS LOCKINGTONI. (P. 969.) 407. SCHEDOPHILUS MEDUSOPHAGUS. (P. 970.) 408. ACROTUS WILLOUGHBYI. (P. 973.)

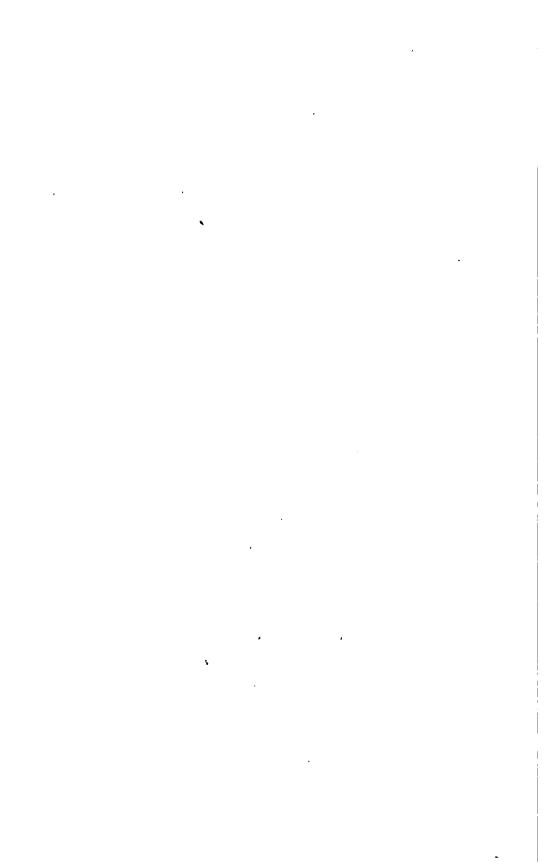


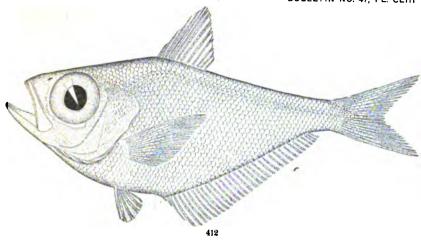


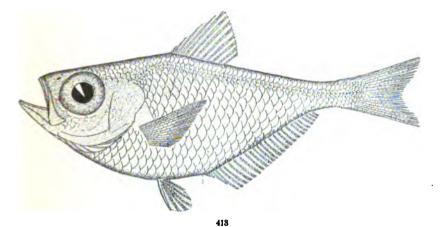


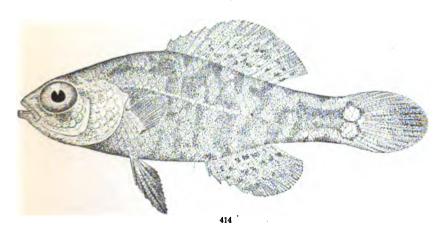


409. Zaprora silenus. (P. 2850.) 410. Grammicolepis brachiusculus. (P. 974.) 411. Tetragonurus cuvieri. (P. 976.)

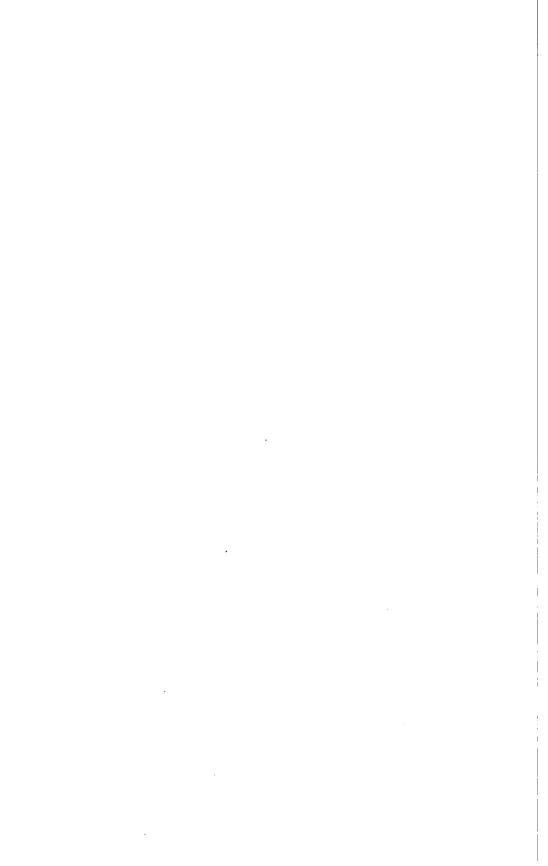


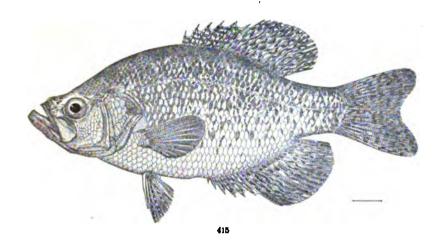


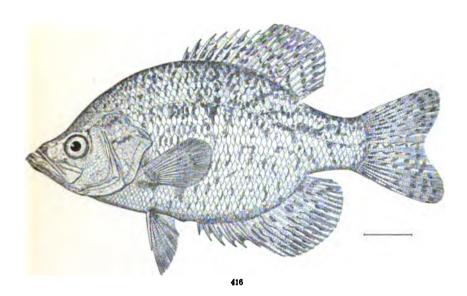




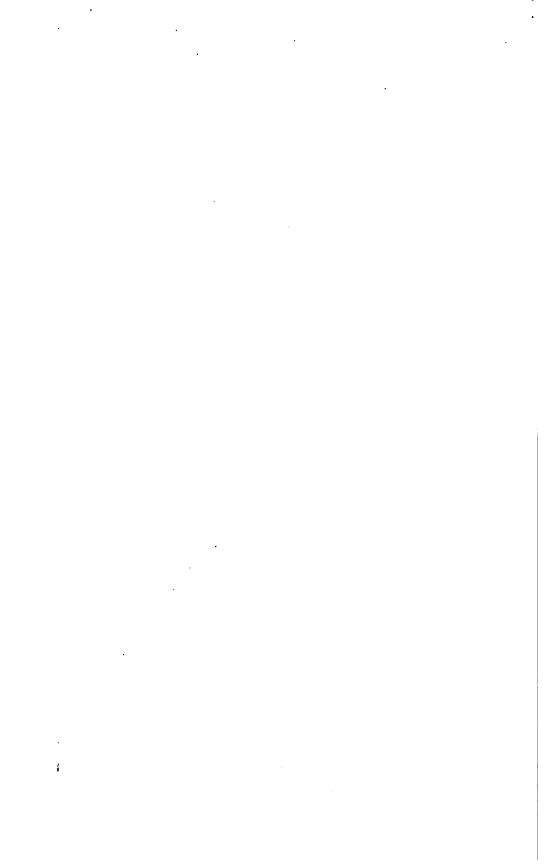
- 412. PEMPHERIS MULLERI. (P. 978.) 413. PEMPHERIS POEYI. (P. 979.) 414. ELASSOMA EVERGLADEI. (P. 982.)

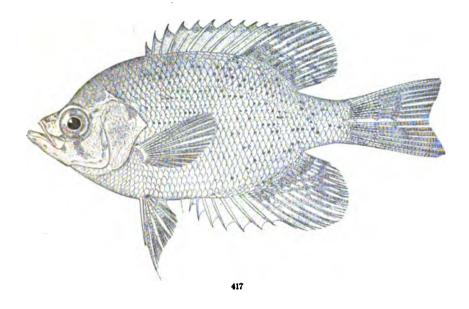


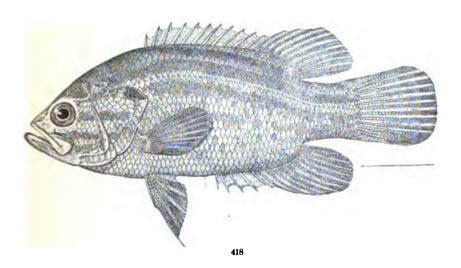




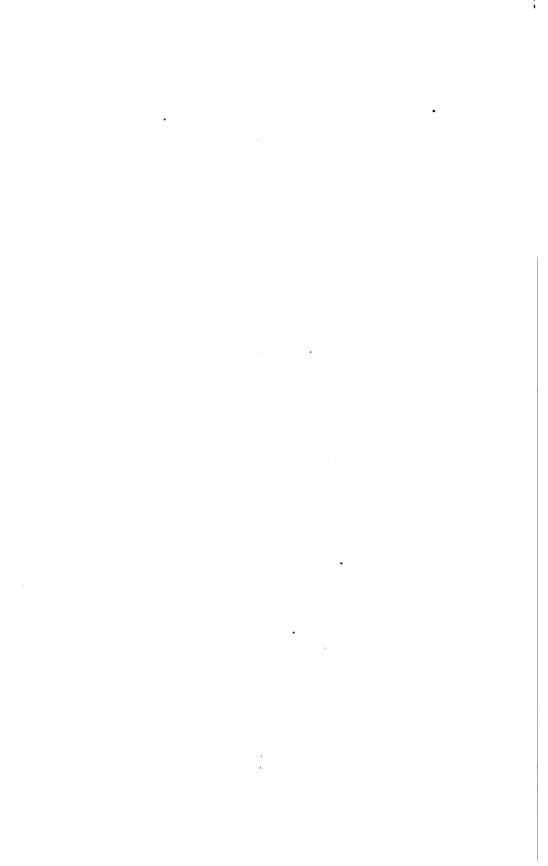
415. Pomoxis annularis. (P. 987.) 416. Pomoxis sparoides. (P. 987.)

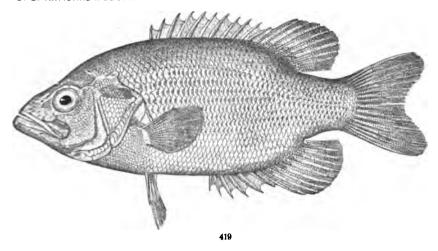


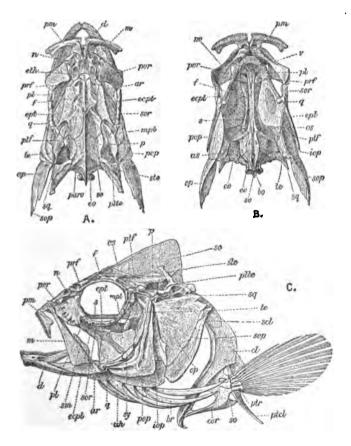




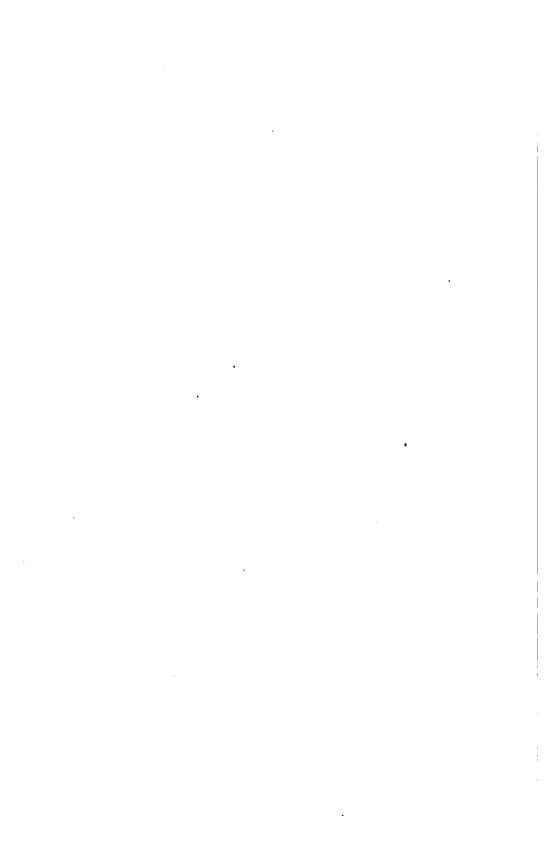
417. CENTRARCHUS MACROPTERUS. (P. 988.) 418. ACANTHARCHUS POMOTIS. (P. 989.)

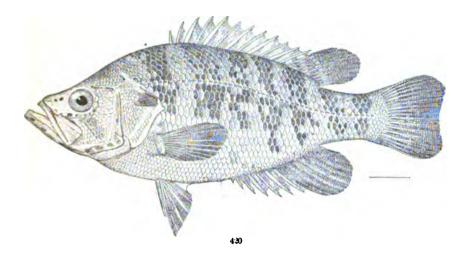


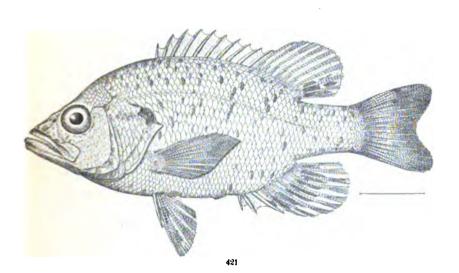




419. Ambloplites rupestris. (P. 990.) A, B, C. Skull of Ambloplites rupestris. (P. 990.)

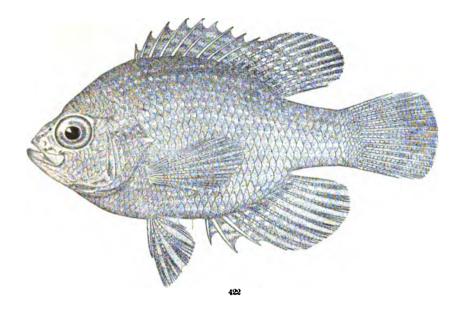


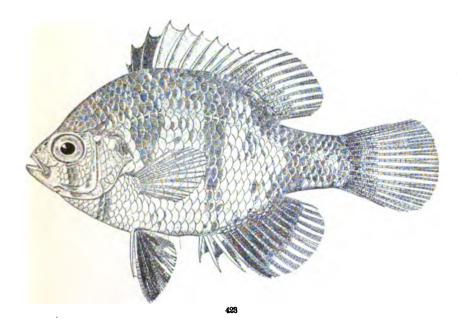




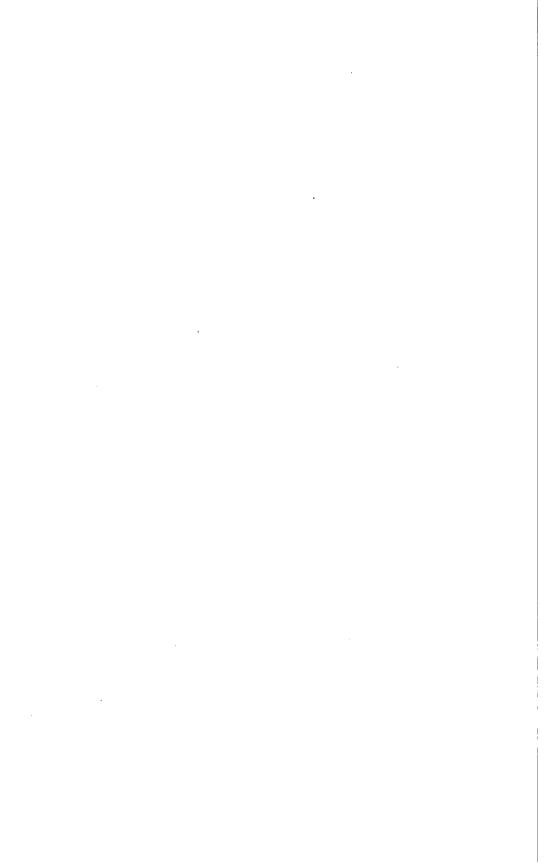
420. Archoplites interruptus. (P. 991.) 421. Chænobryttus gulosus. (P. 992.)

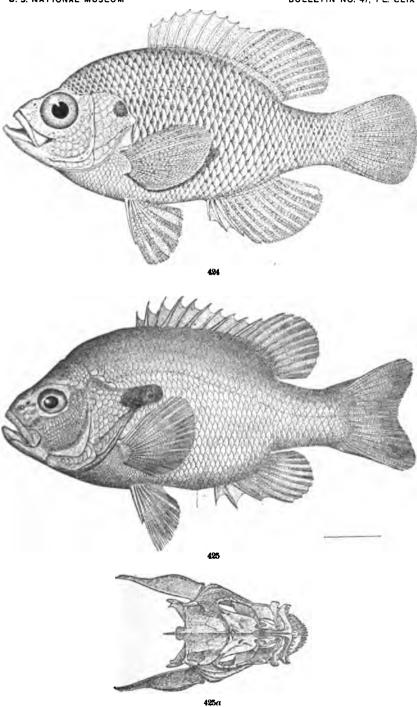




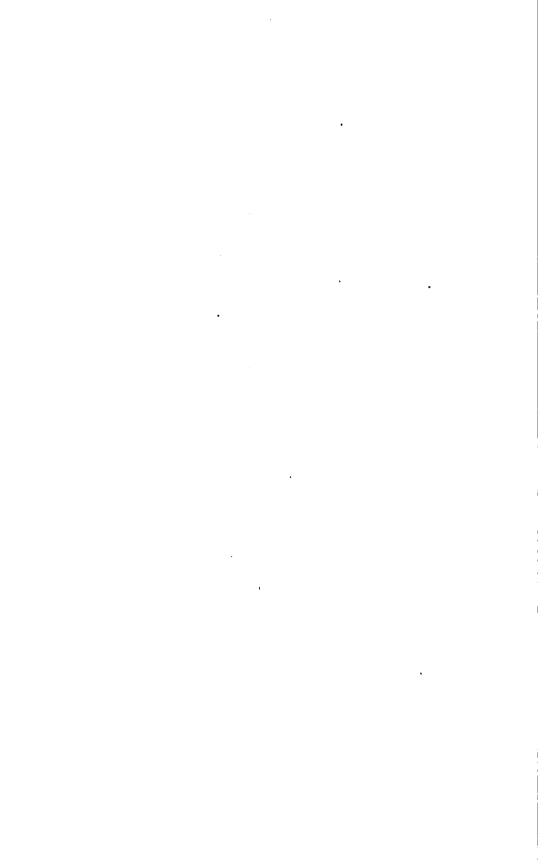


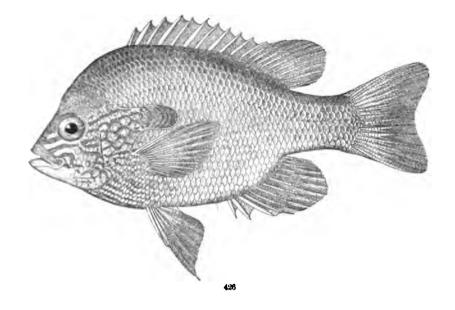
422. Enneacanthus gloriosus. (P. 993.) 423. Mesogonistius chætodon. (P. 995.)

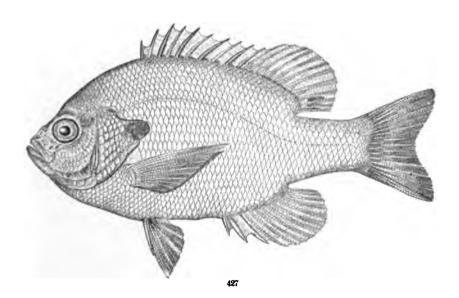




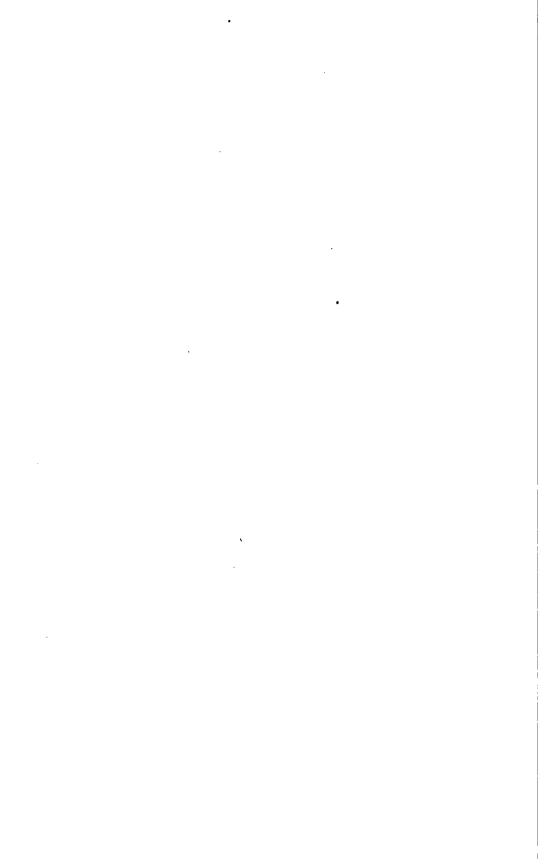
424. Apomotis symmetricus. (P. 998.) 425. Lepomis auritus. (P. 1001.) 425a. Skull of Lepomis auritus. (P. 1001.)

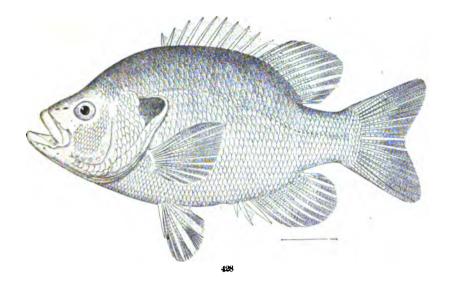


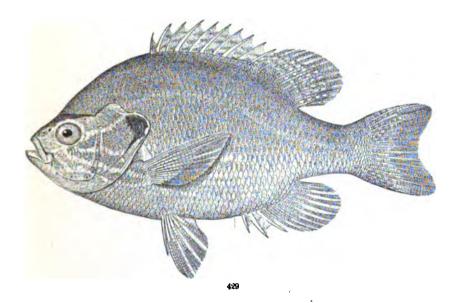




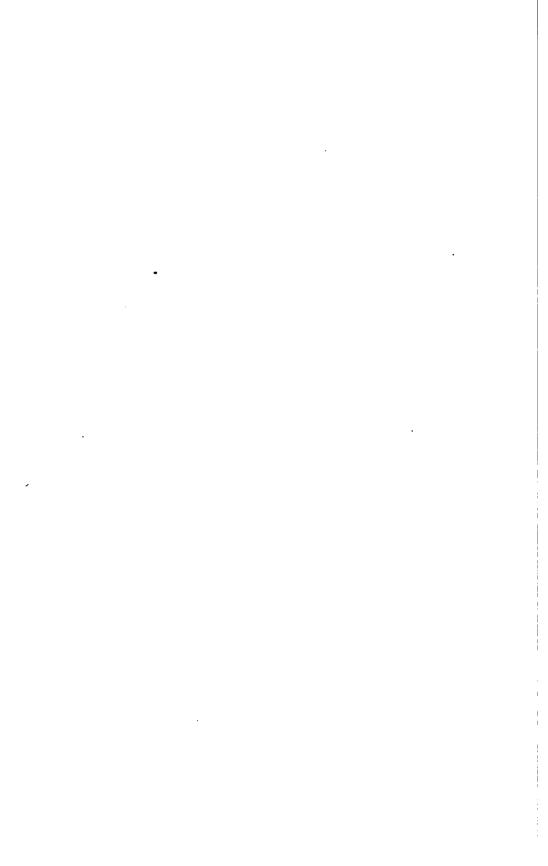
426. Lepomis megalotis. (P. 1002.) 427. Lepomis pallidus. (P. 1005.)

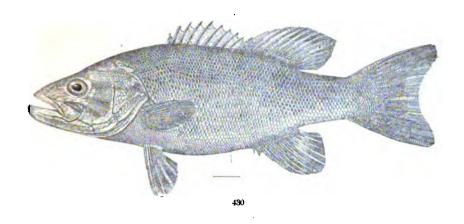


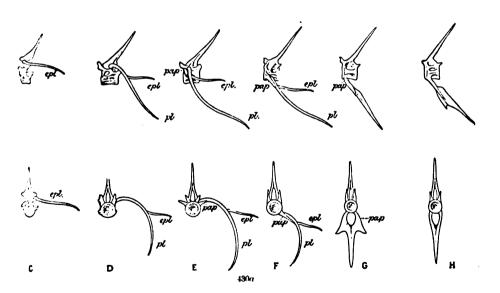




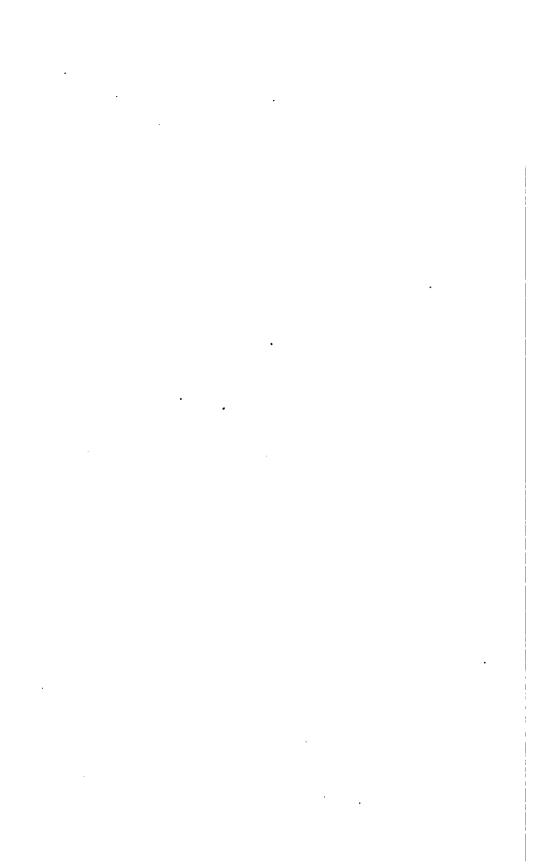
428. Eupomotis euryorus. (P. 1008.) 429. Eupomotis gibbosus. (P. 1009.)

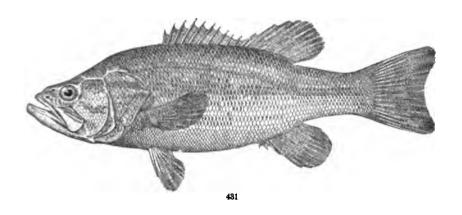


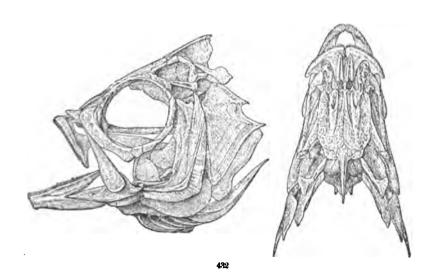




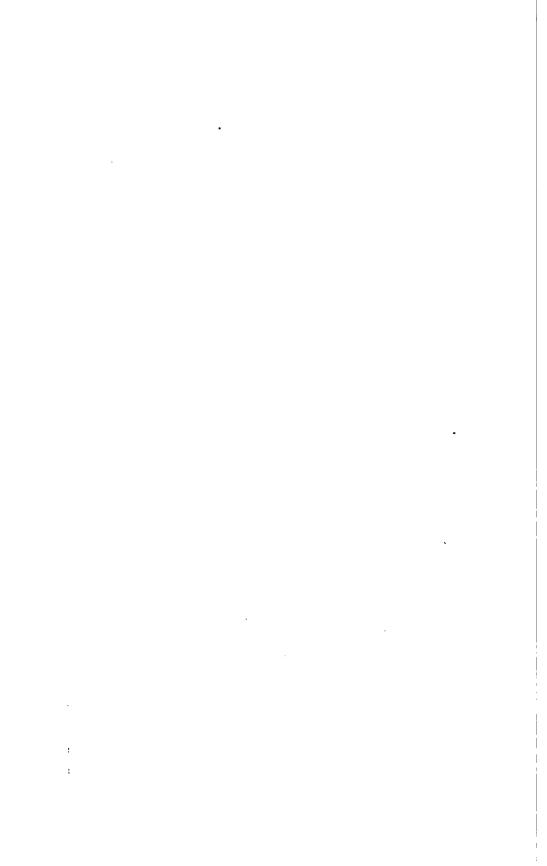
430. MICROPTERUS DOLOMIEU. (P. 1011.) 430a. VERTEBRÆ OF MICROPTERUS DOLOMIEU. (P. 1011.)

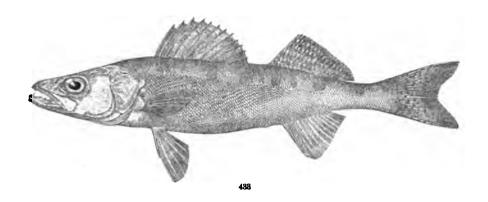


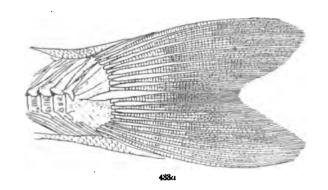


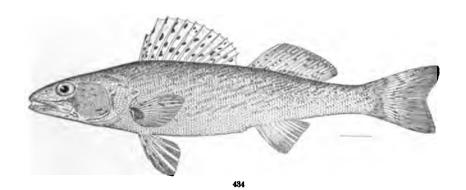


431. MICROPTERUS SALMOIDES. (P. 1012.) 432. SKULL OF KUHLIA RUPESTRIS.

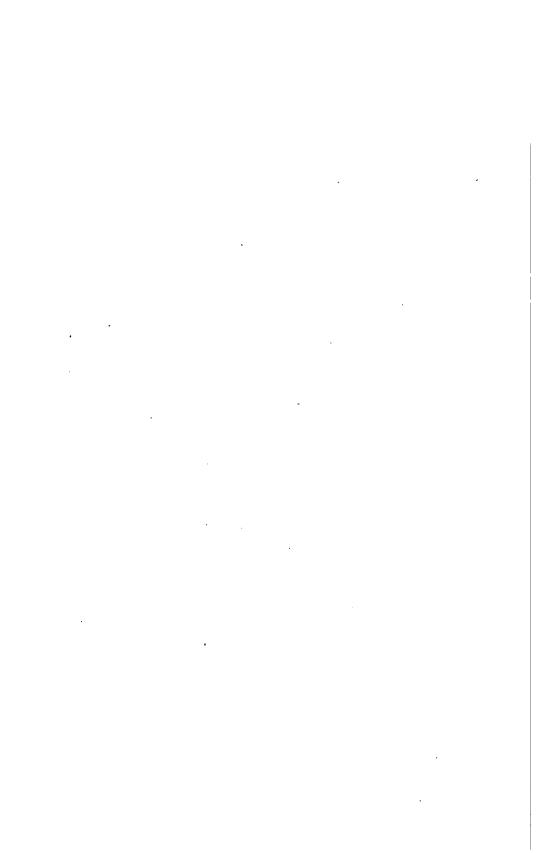


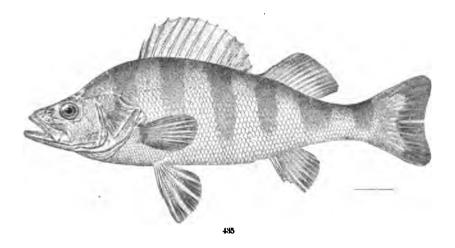


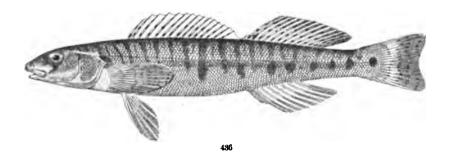


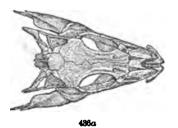


433. STIZOSTEDION VITREUM. (P. 1021.) 433a. TAIL OF STIZOSTEDION VITREUM. (P. 1021.) 434. STIZOSTEDION CANADENSE. (P. 1022.)



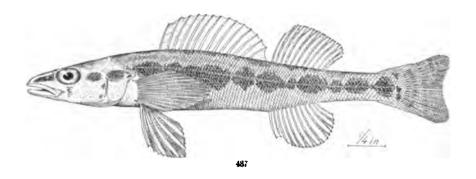


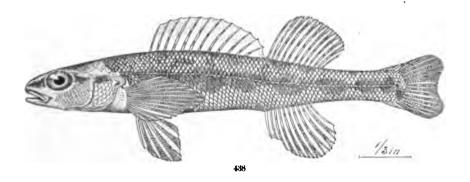




435. PERCA FLAVESCENS. (P. 1023.) 436. PERCINA CAPRODES. (P. 1026.) 4364. SKULL OF PERCINA CAPRODES. (P. 1026.)

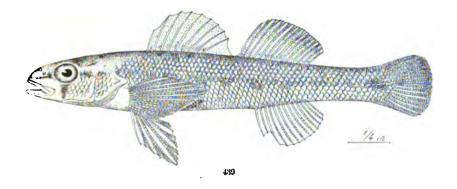
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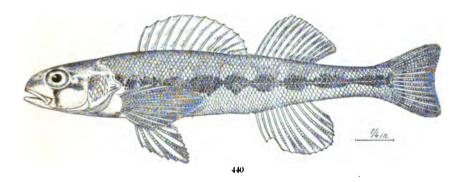


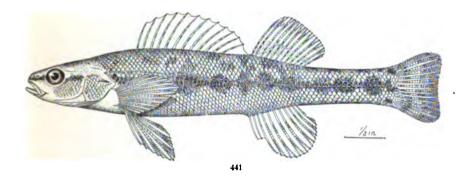


437. HADROPTERUS MACROCEPHALUS. (P. 1031.) 438. HADROPTERUS ASPRO. (P. 1032.)

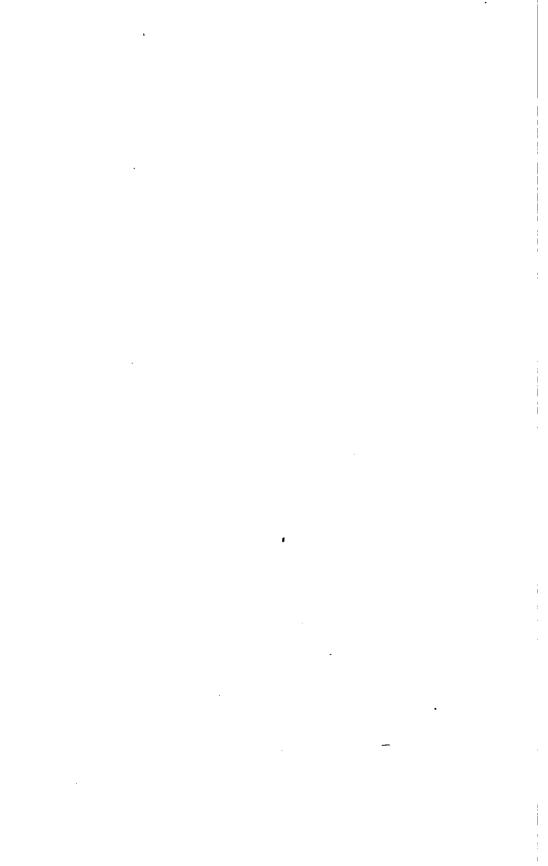
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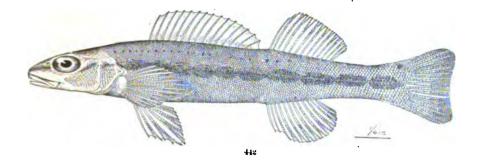


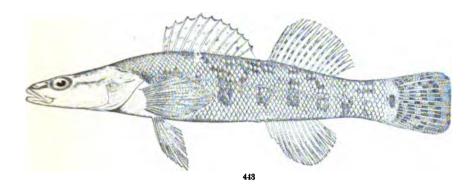


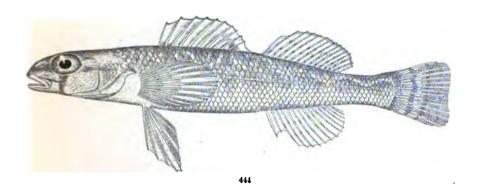


- 439. HADROPTERUS GUNTHERI. (P. 1033.) 440. HADROPTERUS EVIDES. (P. 1036.) 441. HADROPTERUS SCIERUS. (P. 1037.)



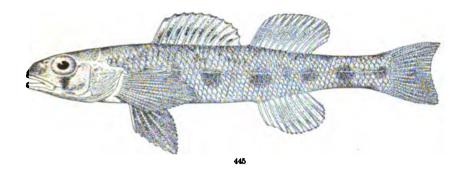


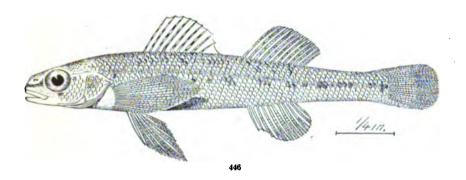


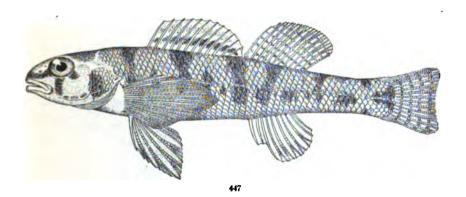


442. HYPOHOMUS AURANTIACUS, (P. 1040.) 443. HYPOHOMUS SPILOTUS. (P. 1043.) 444. COTTOGASTER SHUMARDI. (P. 1046.)

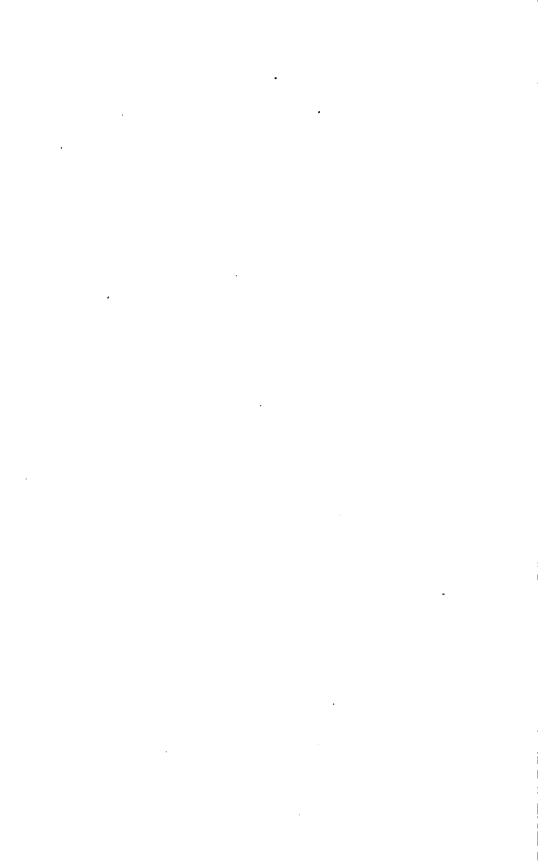


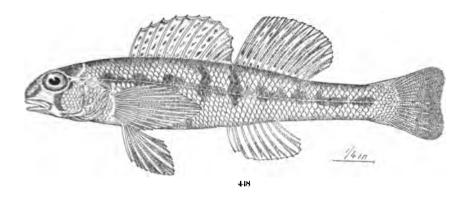


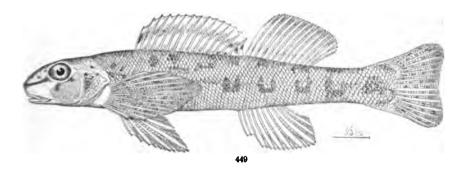


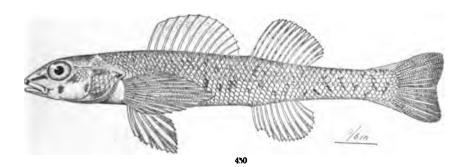


445. COTTOGASTER CHENEYI. (P. 2851.) 446. ULOCENTRA GILBERTI. (P. 1049.) 447. ULOCENTRA MEADLÆ. (P. 2852.)

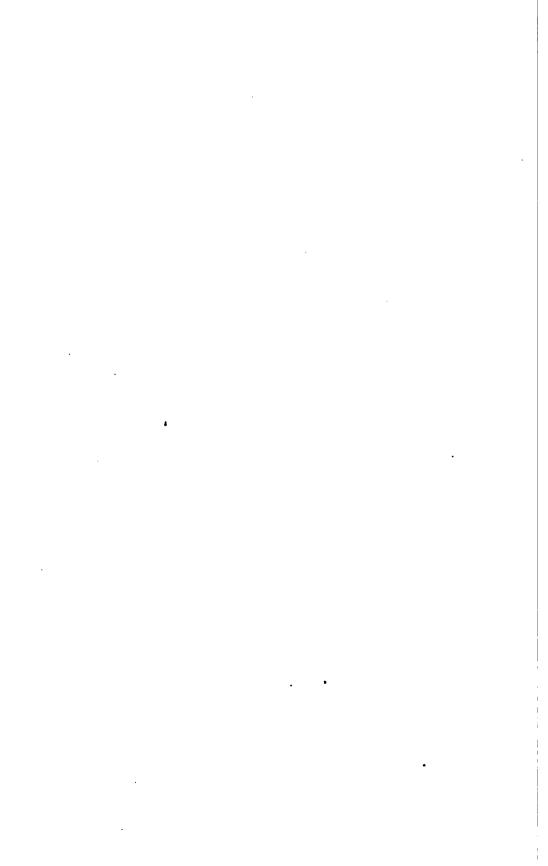


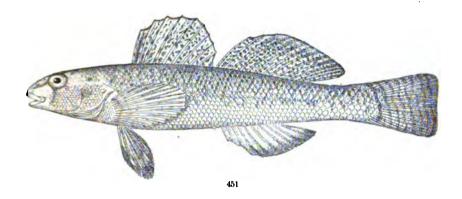


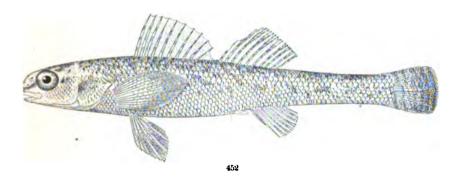


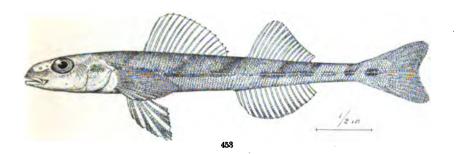


- 448. ULOCENTRA SIMOTERA. (P. 1051.) 449. DIPLESION BLENNIOIDES. (P. 1053.) 450. BOLEOSOMA NIGRUM. (P. 1056.)

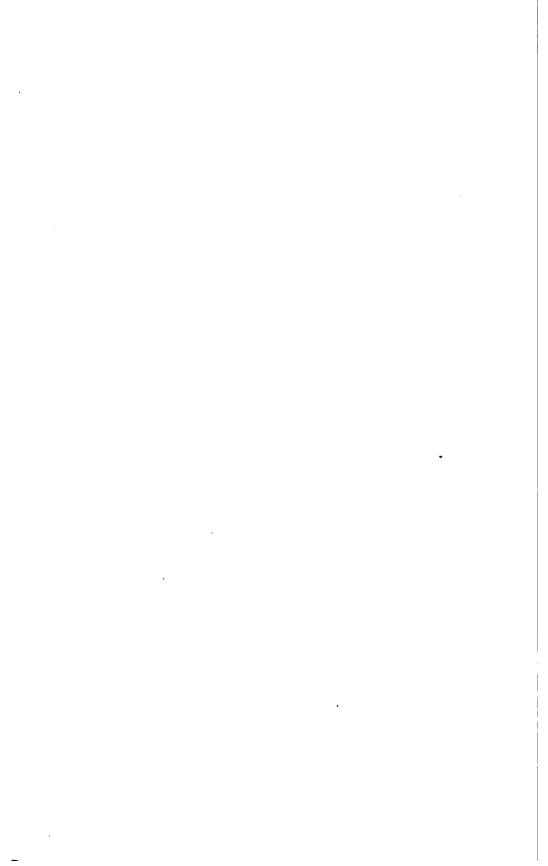


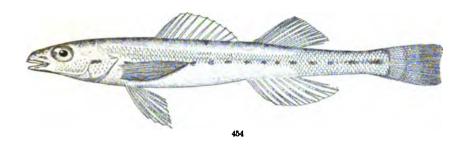


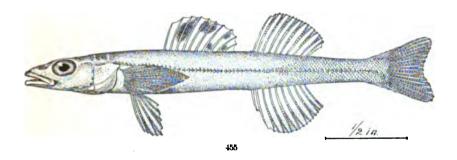


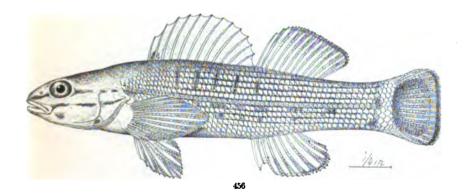


451. BOLROSOMA NIGRUM OLMSTEDI. (P. 1057.) 452. BOLEOSOMA CAMURUM. (P. 1060.) 453. CRYSTALLARIA ASPRELLA. (P. 1061.)

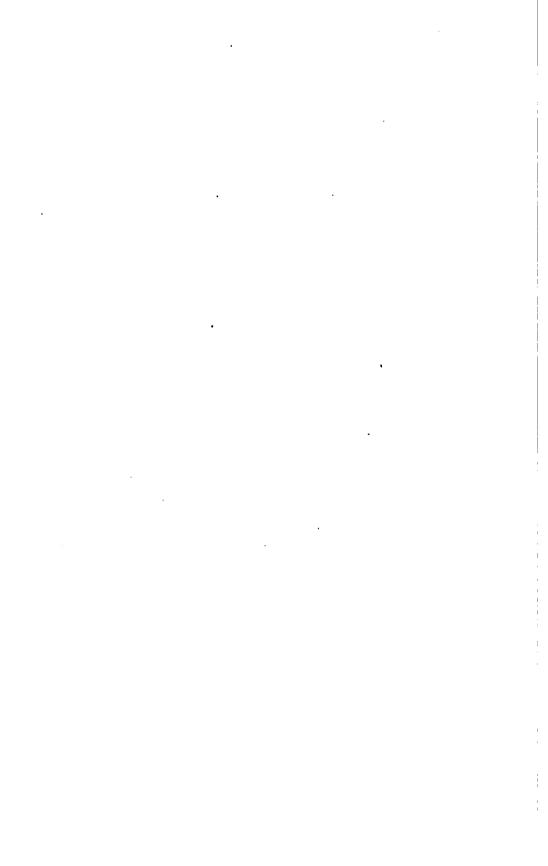


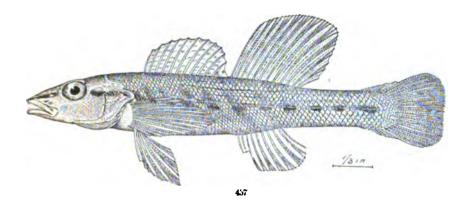


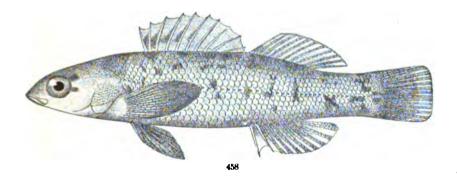


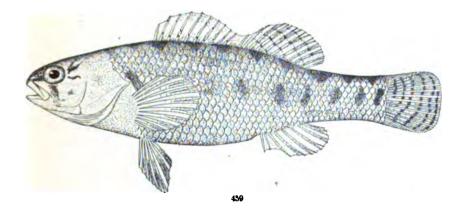


- 454. Ammocrypta pellucida clara. (P. 1063.) 455. Ammocrypta beanii. (P. 1064.) 456. Etheostoma camurum. (P. 1076.)



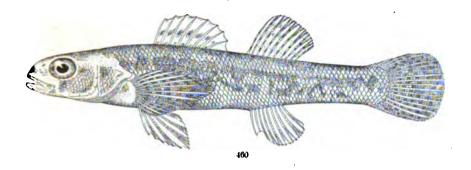


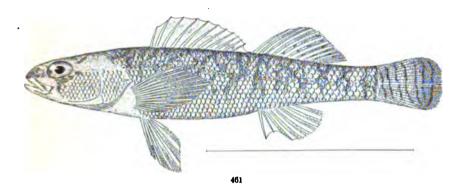


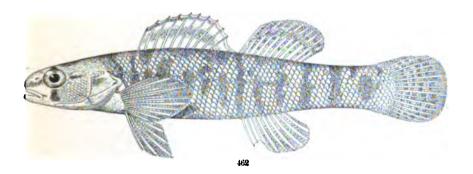


- 457. ETHEOSTOMA CINEREUM. (P. 1078. 458. ETHEOSTOMA JORDANI. (P. 1079.) 459. ETHKOSTOMA POTTSII. (P. 1082.)

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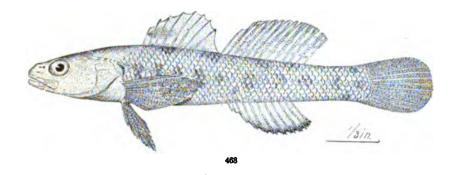


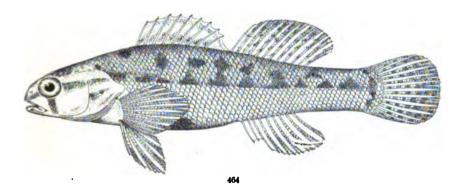


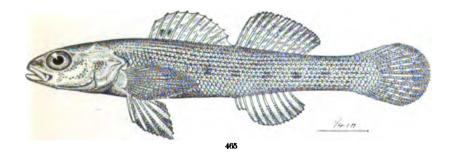


460. ETHROSTOMA IOW.E. (P. 1083.) 461. ETHEOSTOMA JESSI.E. (P. 1084.) 462. ETHEOSTOMA LEPIDOGENYS. (P. 1087.)

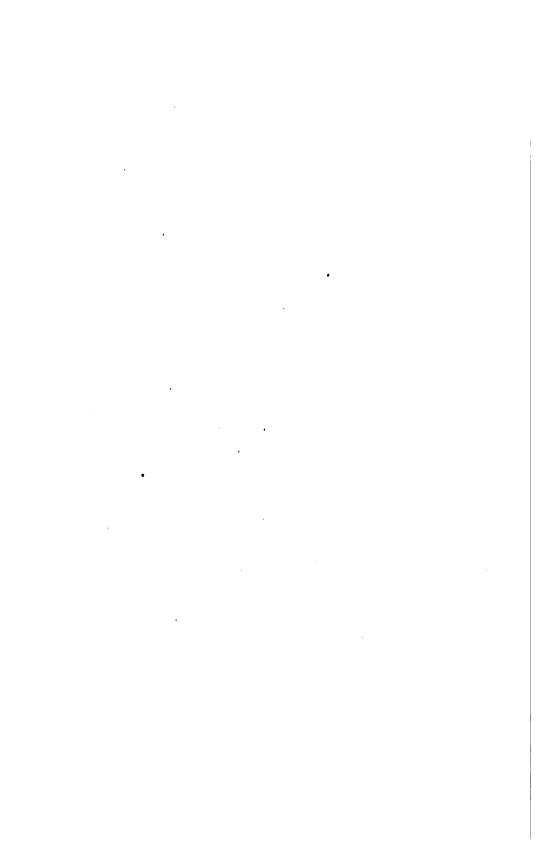
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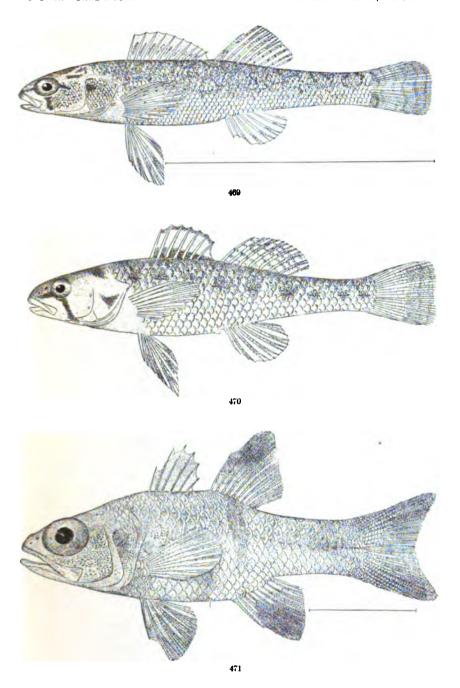






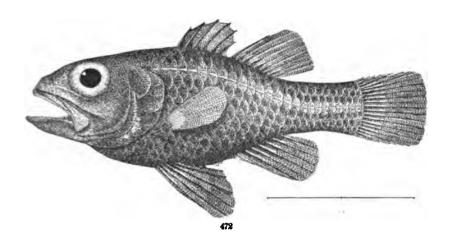
- 463. ETHEOSTOMA OBEYENSE. (P. 1092.) 464. ETHEOSTOMA PAGEI. (P. 1092.) 465. ETHEOSTOMA VIRGATUM. (P. 1093.)

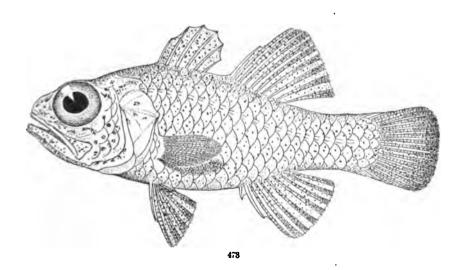




469. BOLEICHTHYS FUSIFORMIS. (P. 1101.) 470. MICROPERCA FONTICOLA. (P. 1104.) 471. APOGON RETROSELLA. (P. 1108.)

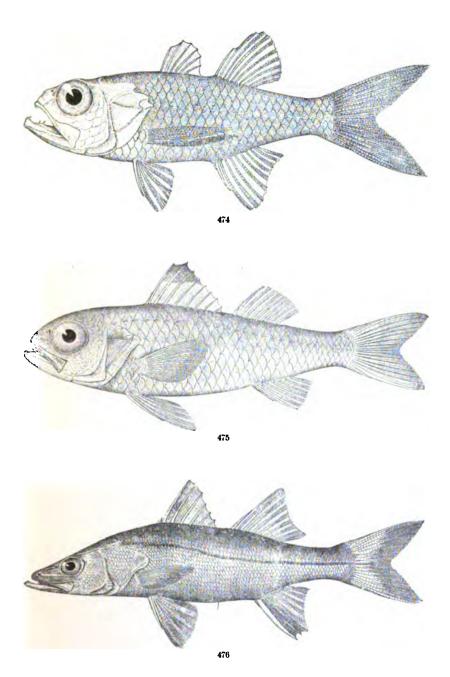
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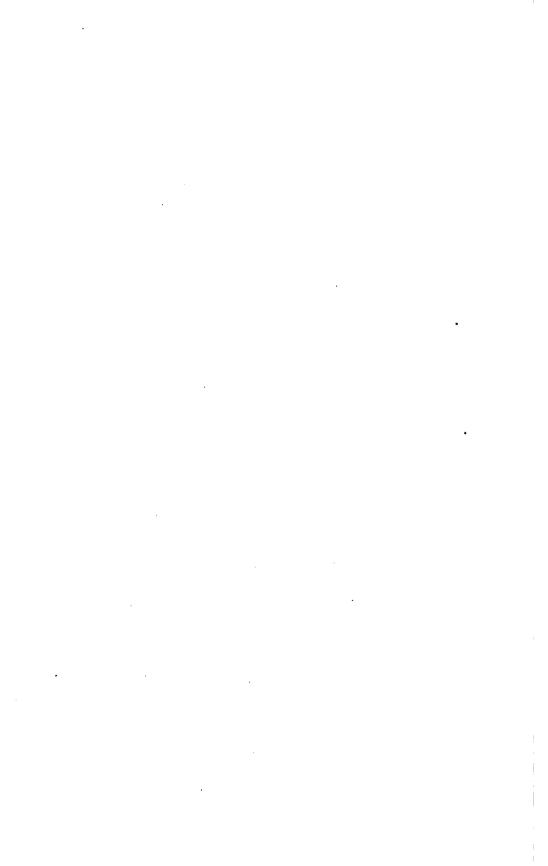


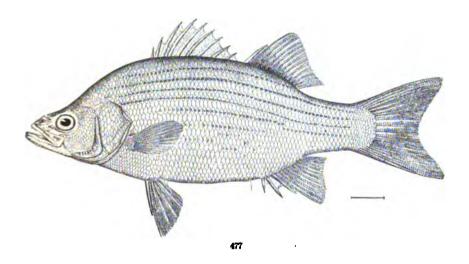
472. Apogon pigmentarius. (P. 1109.) 473. Apogonichthys alutus. (P. 1110.)

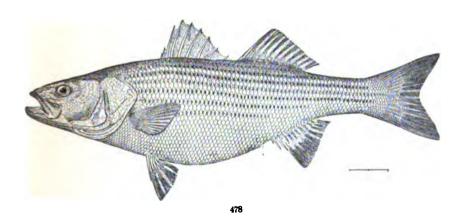




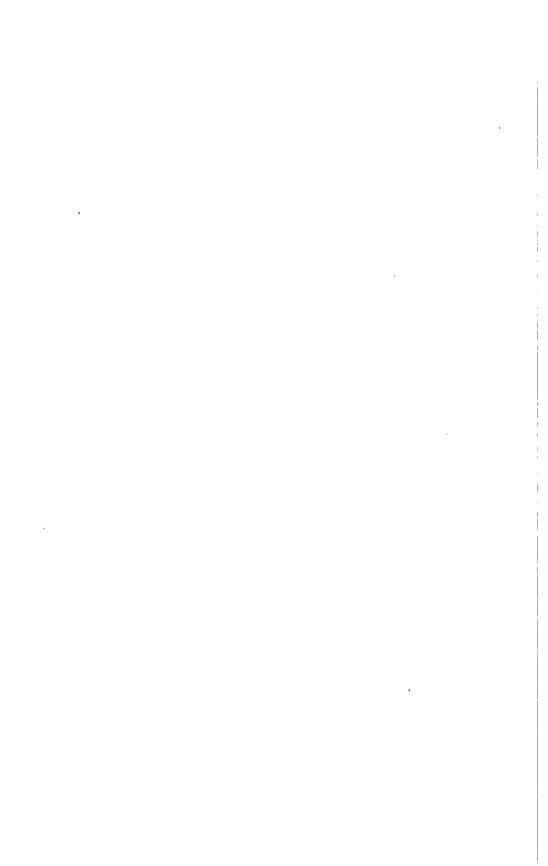
474. CHEILODIPTERUS AFFINIS. (P. 1113.) 475. HYPOCLYDONIA BELLA. (P. 1115.) 476. CENTROPOMUS UNDECIMALIS. (P. 1118.)

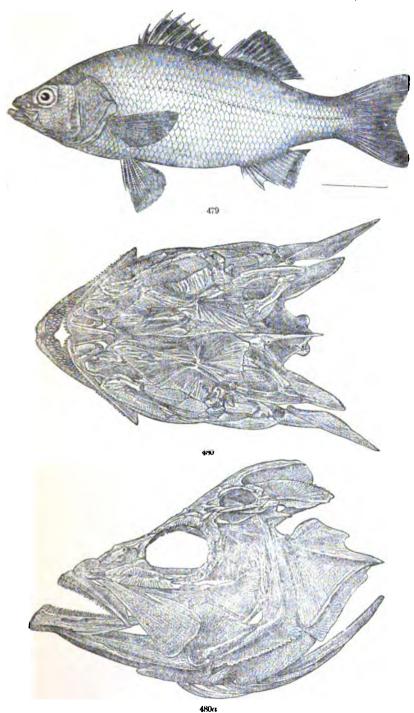






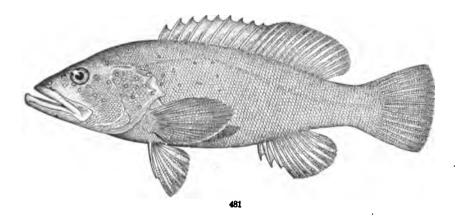
477. ROCCUS CHRYSOPS. (P. 1132.) 478. ROCCUS LINEATUS. (P. 1132.)

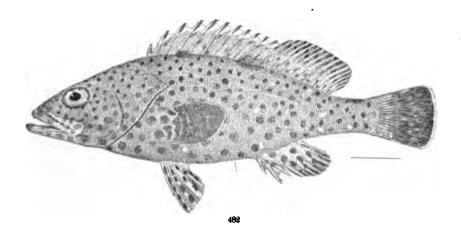




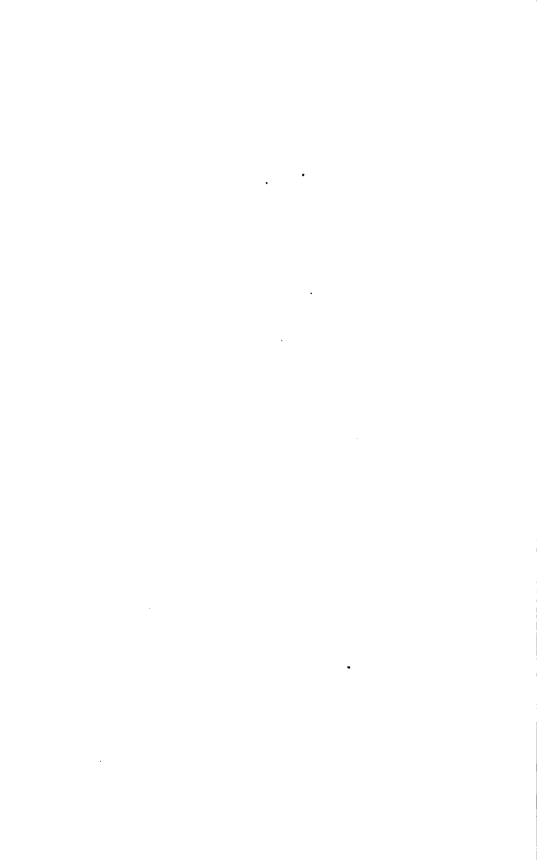
479. MORONE AMERICANA. (P. 1134.) 480, 480a. SKULL OF POLYPRION AMERICANUS. (P. 1139.)

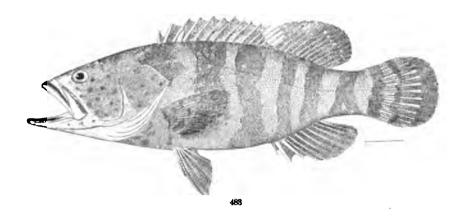
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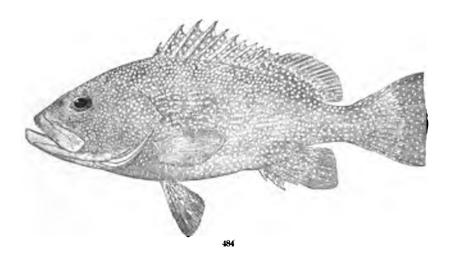




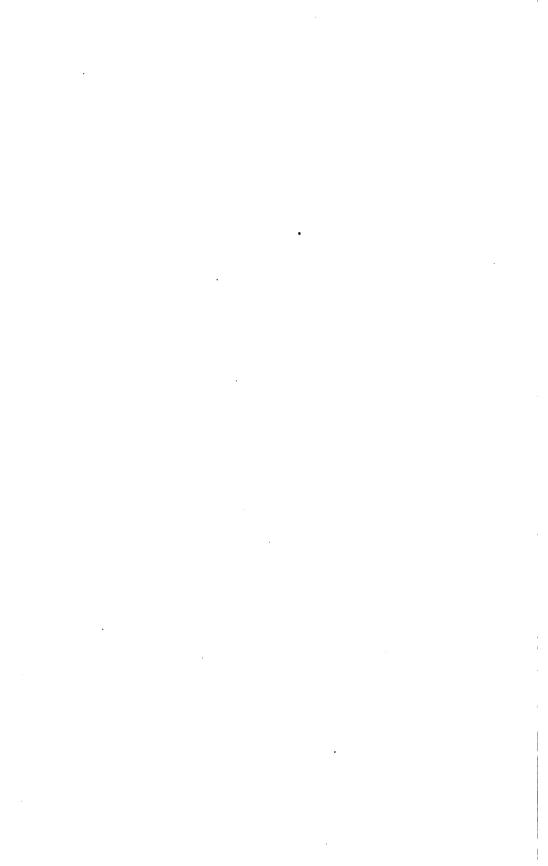
481. BODIANUS FULVUS PUNCTATUS. (P. 1146.) 482. EPINEPHELUS ADSCENSIONIS. (P. 1152.)

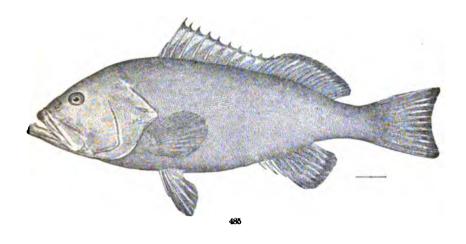


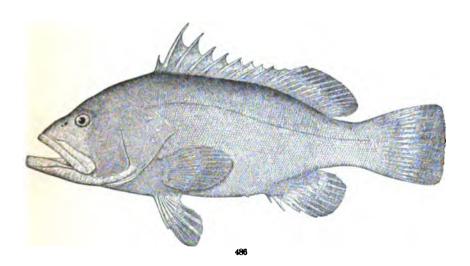




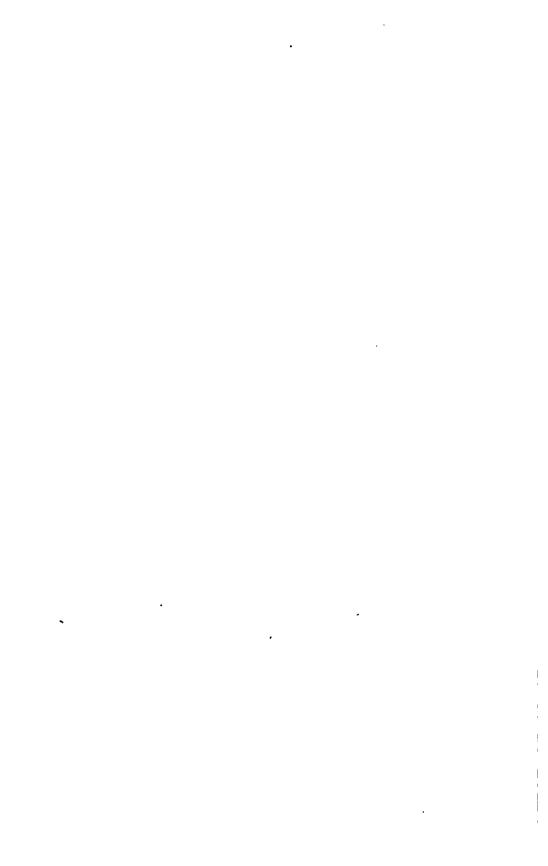
483. EPINEPHELUS STRIATUS. (P. 1157.) 484. EPINEPHELUS DRUMMOND-HAYI. (P. 1159.)

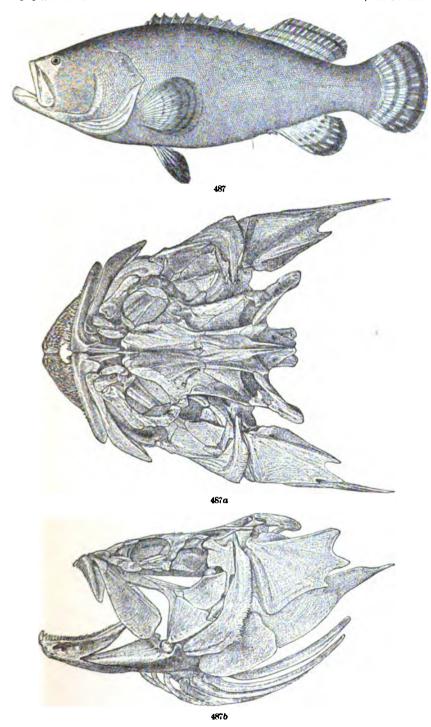




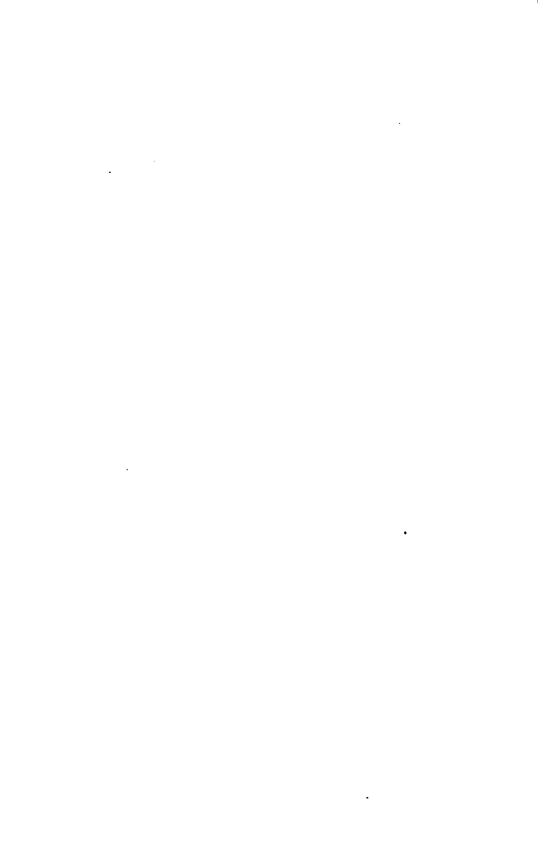


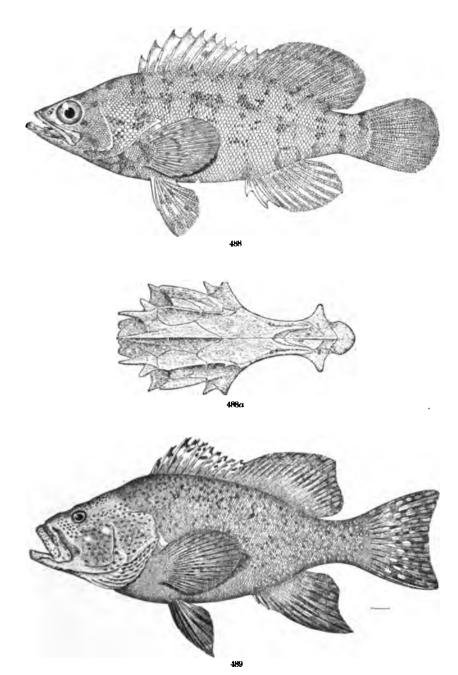
485. Epinephelus morio. (P. 1160.) 486. Garrupa nigrita. (P. 1161.)





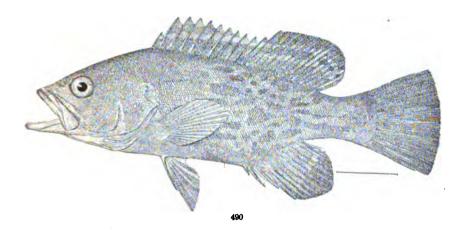
487, 487a, 487b. Promicrops guttatus. (P. 1162.)

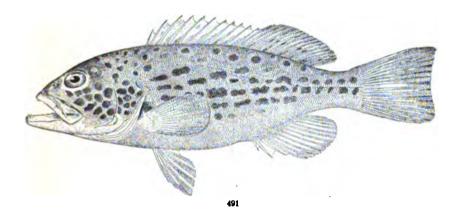


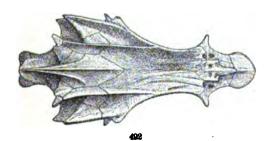


488. ALPHESTES AFER. (P. 1164.) 488a. SKULL OF ALPHESTES AFER. (P. 1164.) 489. DERMATOLEPIS ZANCLUS. (P. 2854.)

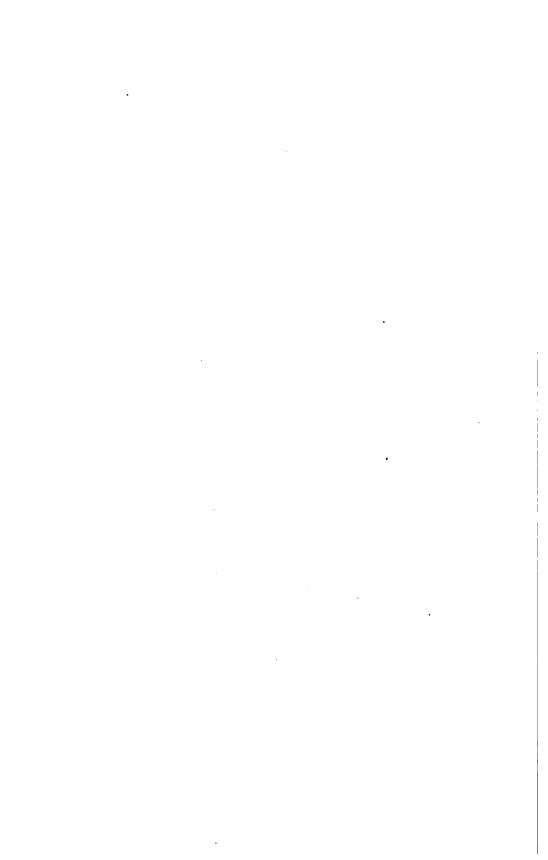


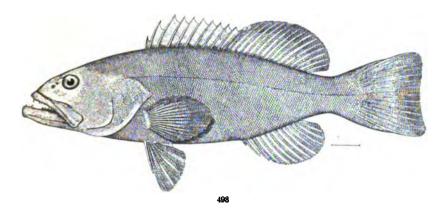


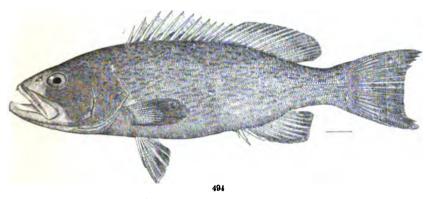


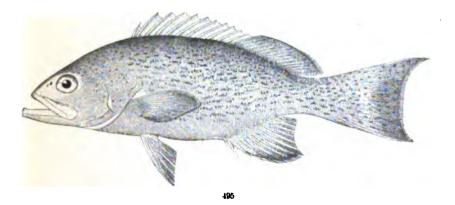


- 490. MYCTEROPERCA BOULENGERI. (P. 1171.) 491. MYCTEROPERCA VENENOSA. (P. 1172.) 492. SKULL OF MYCTEROPERCA BONACI. (P. 1174.)



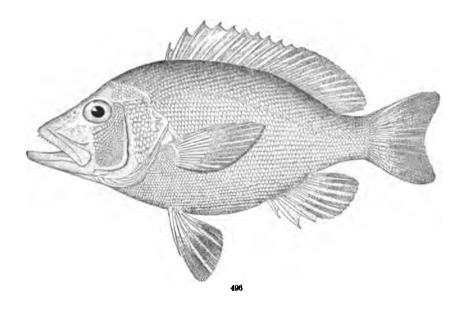


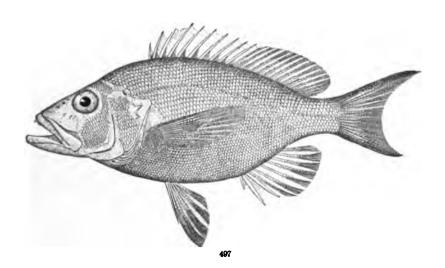




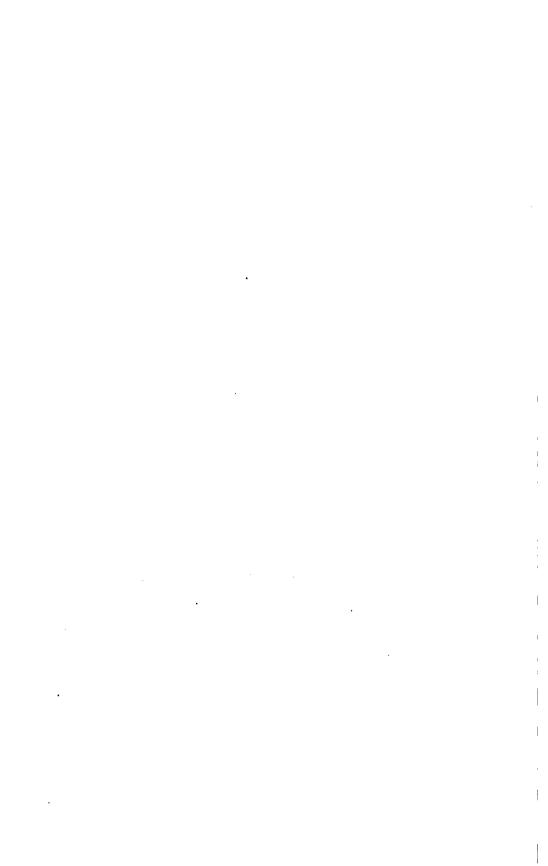
493. MYCTEROPERCA JORDANI. (P. 1176.) 494. MYCTEROPERCA MICROLEPIS. (P. 1177.) 495. MYCTEROPERCA FALCATA PHENAX. (P. 1185.)

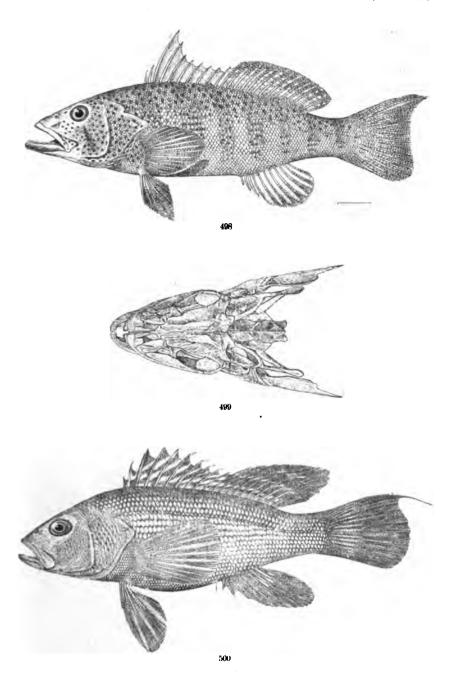




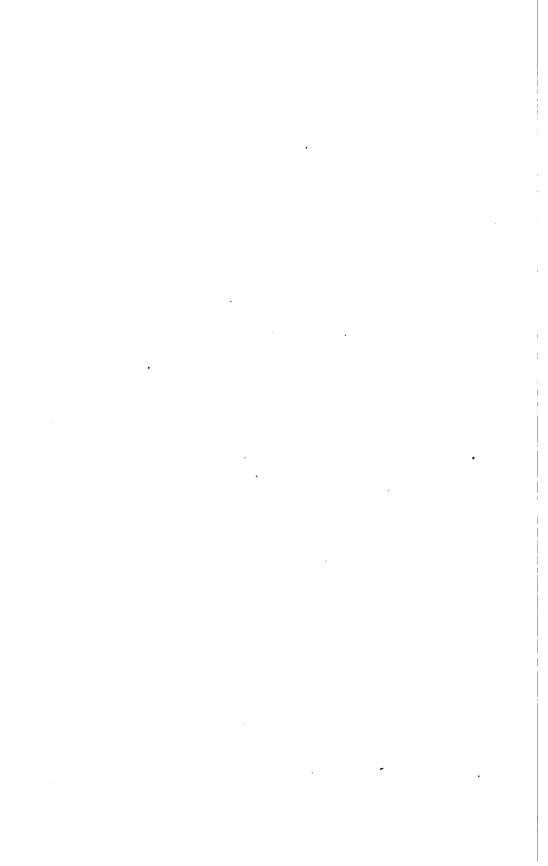


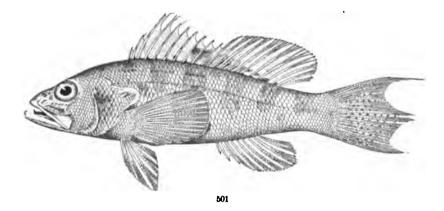
496. Hypoplectrus unicolor nigricans. (P. 1193.) 497. Hypoplectrus grmma. (P. 1193.)

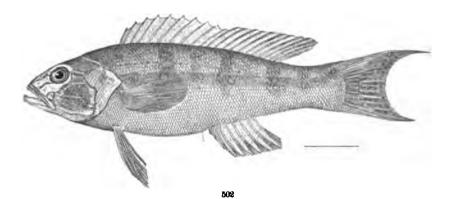


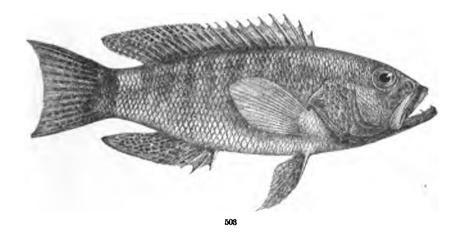


- 498. Paralabrax maculatofasciatus. (P. 1196.) 499. Paralabrax humeralis. (P. 1196.) 500. Centropristes striatus. (P. 1199.)

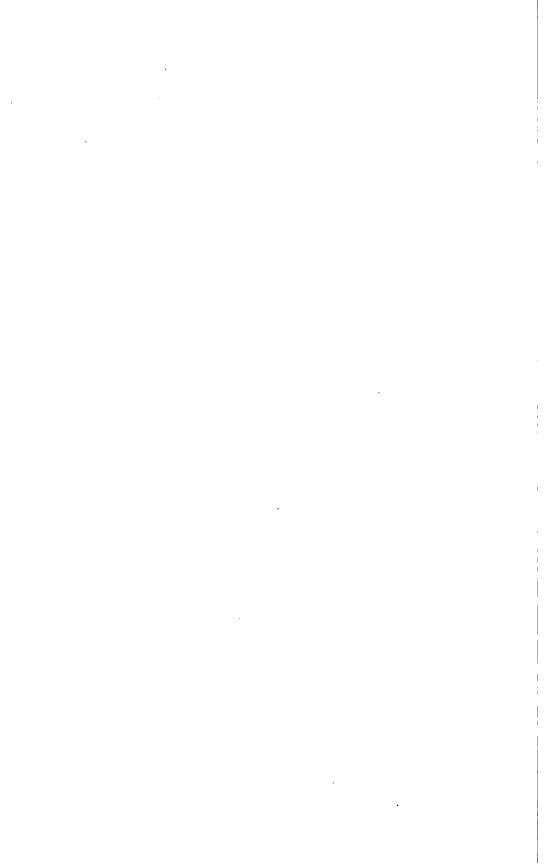


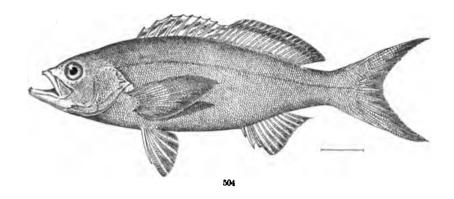


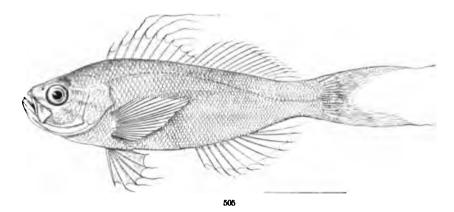


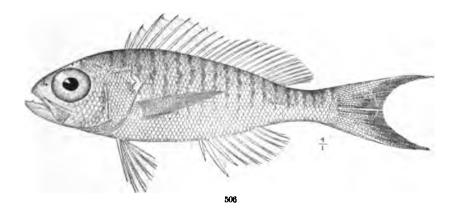


501. CENTROPRISTES PHILADELPHICUS. (P. 1201.) 502. DIPLECTRUM FORMOSUM. (P. 1207.) 503. PRIONODES BULLERI. (P. 1213.)

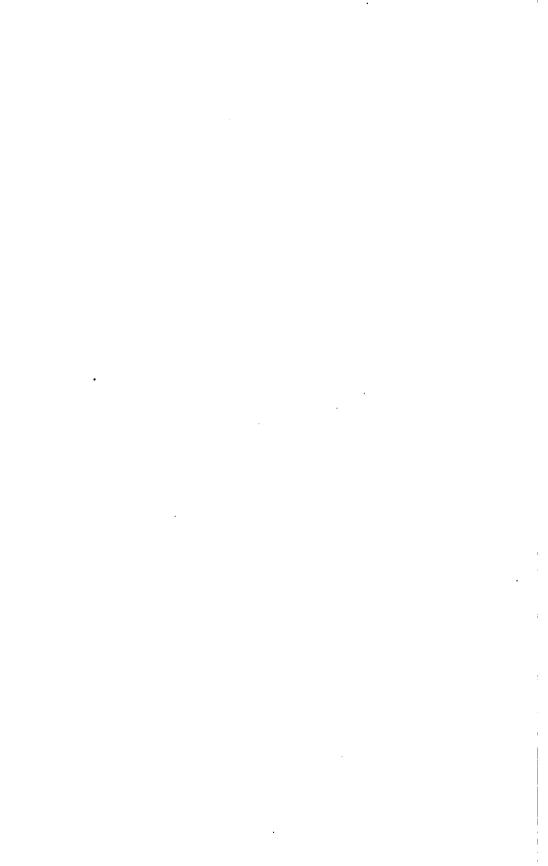


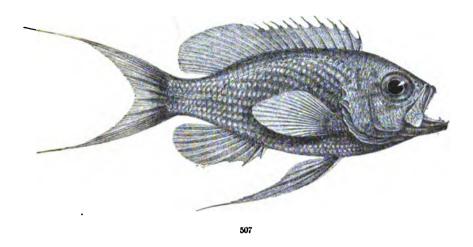


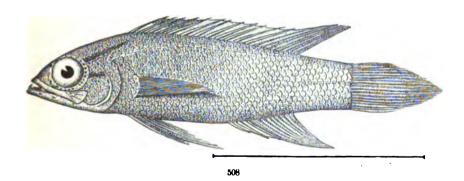




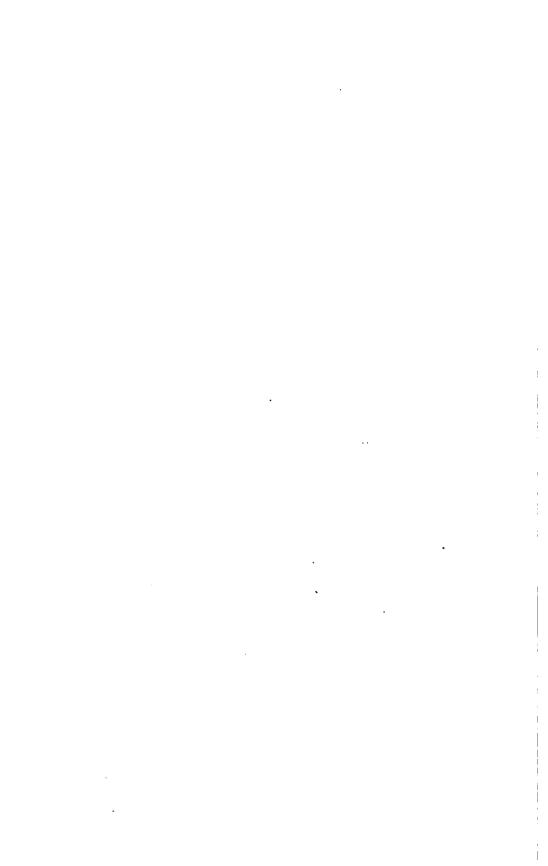
504. PARANTHIAS FURCIFER. (P. 1221.) 505. HEMIANTHIAS VIVANUS (P. 1223.) 506. PRONOTOGRAMMUS MULTIFASCIATUS. (P. 1226.)

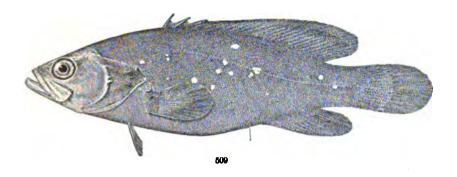


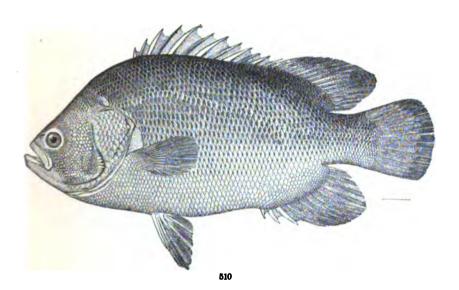




507. Anthias asperilinguis. (P. 1227.) 508. Gramma loreto. (P. 1229.)

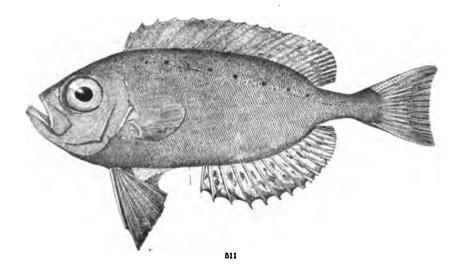


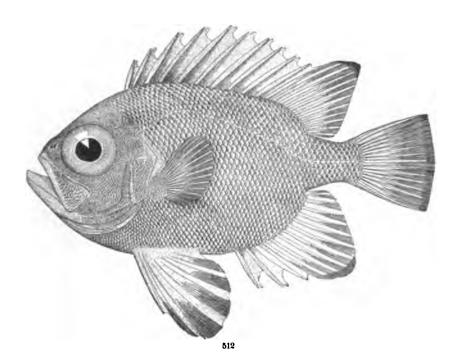




509. Rypticus bistrispinus. (P. 1233.) 510. Lobotes surinamensis. (P. 1235.)

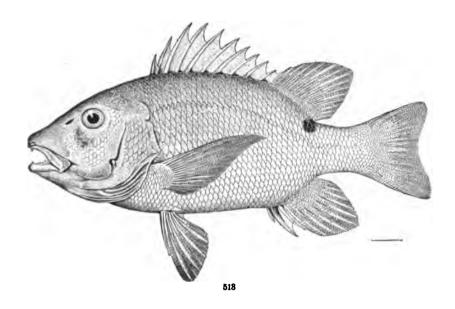
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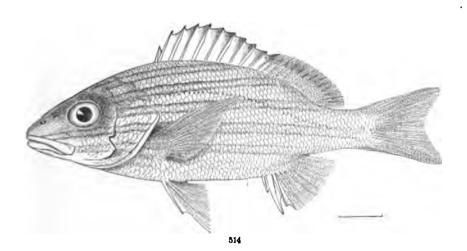




511. PRIACANTHUS ARENATUS. (P. 1237.) 512. PSEUDOPRIACANTHUS ALTUS. (P. 1239.)

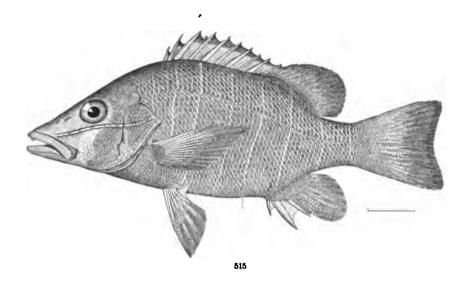


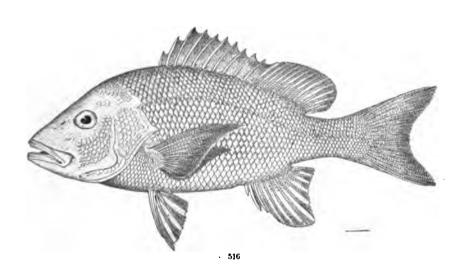




513. HOPLOPAGRUS GUNTHERI. (P. 1244.) 514. EVOPLITES VIRIDIS. (P. 1246.)

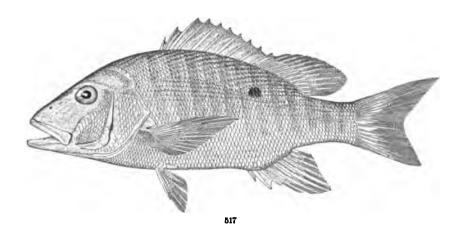


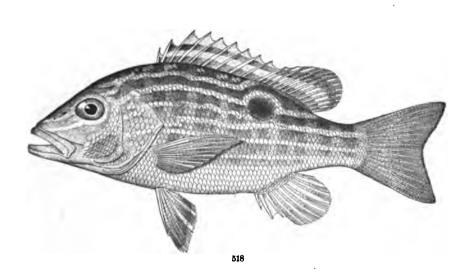




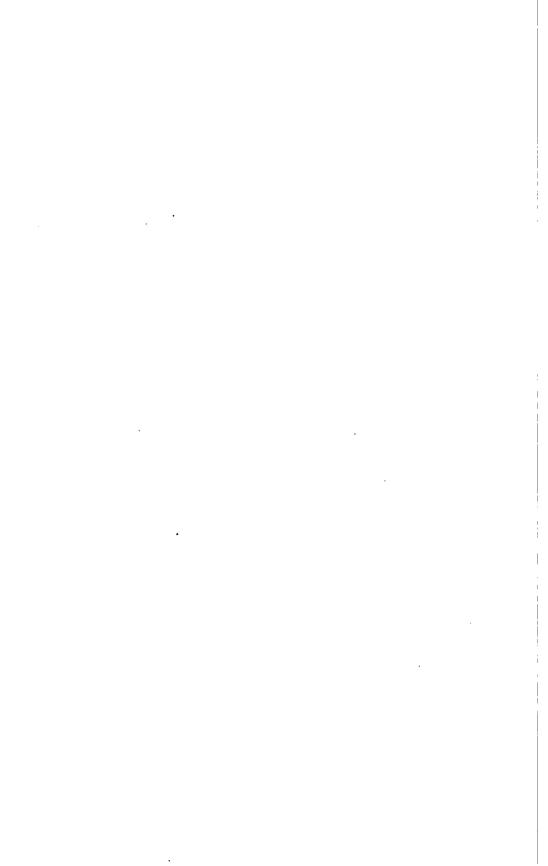
515. Neomænis apodus. (P. 1258.) 516. Neomænis aya. (P. 1264.)

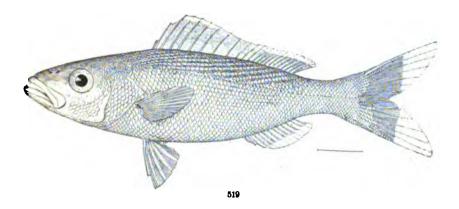


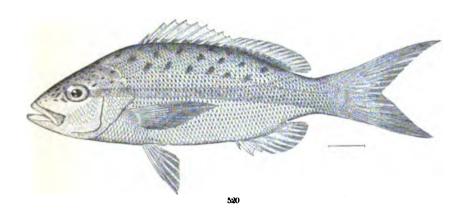




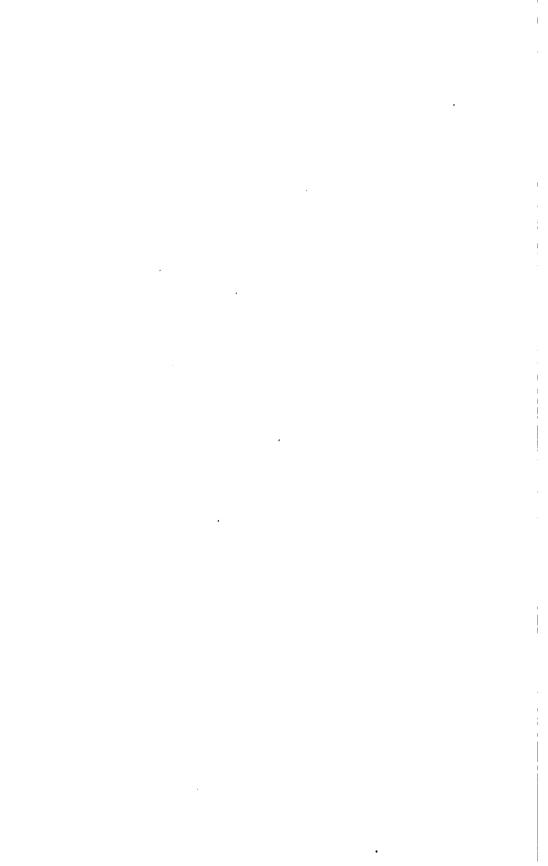
517. NEOMÆNIS ANALIS. (P. 1265.) 518. NEOMÆNIS SYNAGRIS. (P. 1270.)

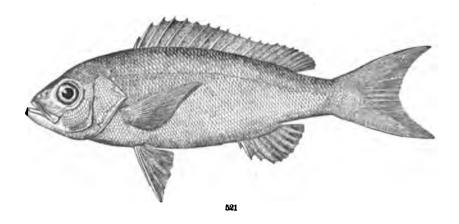


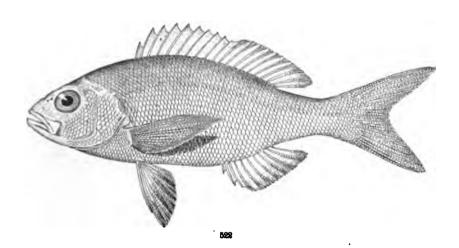




519. Rabirubia inermis. (P. 1274.) 520. Ocyurus chrysurus. (P. 1275.)

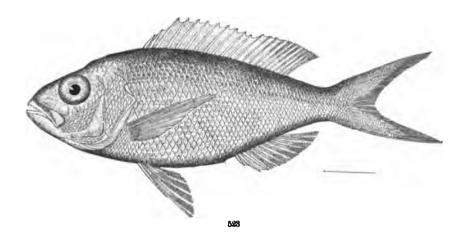


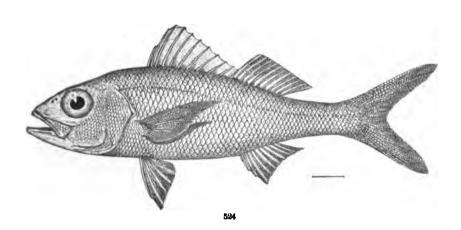




521. RHOMBOPLITES AURORUBENS. (P. 1277.) 522. APSILUS DENTATUS. (P. 1278.)

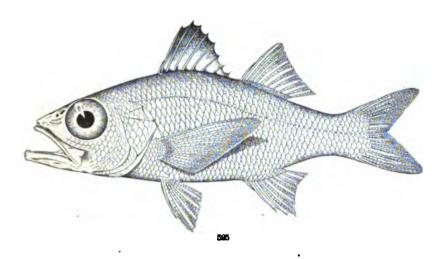


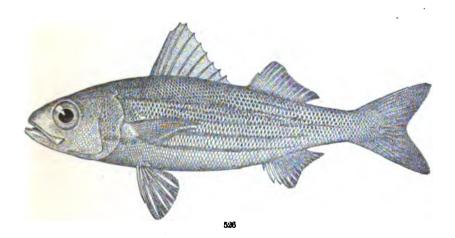




523. Aprion macrophthalmus. (P. 1280.) 524. Etelis oculatus. (P. 1282.)

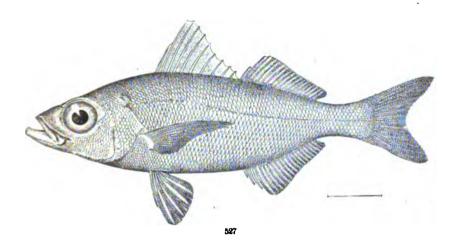
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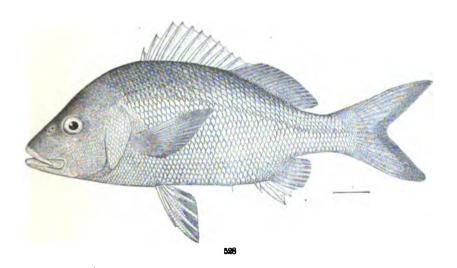




525. Verilus sordidus. (P. 1284.) 526. Xenocys jessle. (P. 1285.)

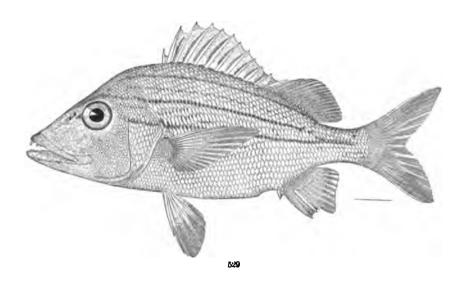


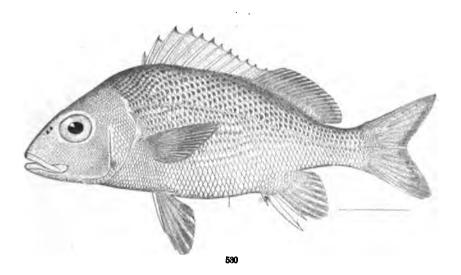




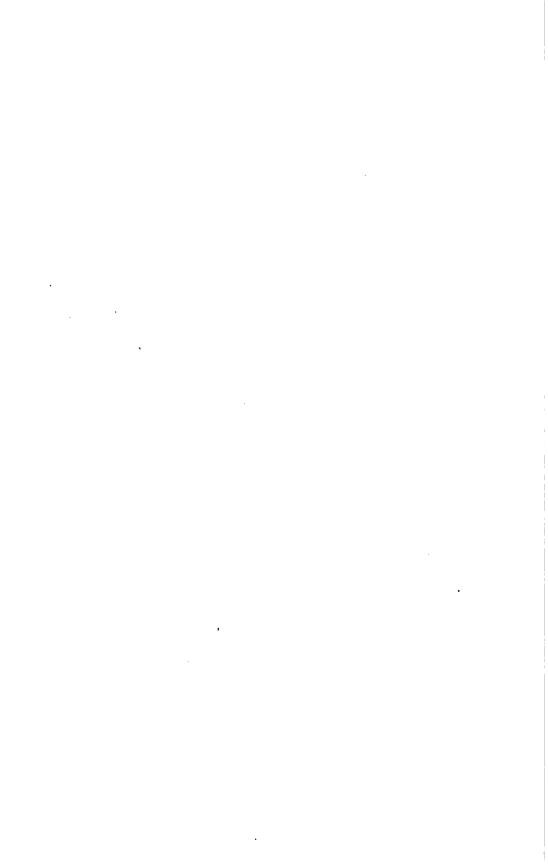
527. XENICHTHYS AGASSIZII. (P. 1287.) 528. HÆMULON ALBUM. (P. 1295.)

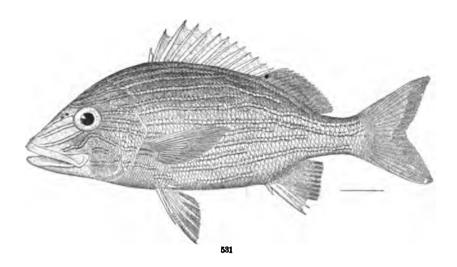


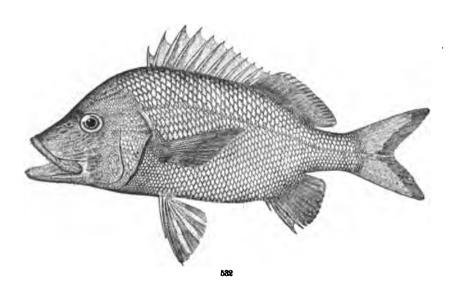




529. Hæmulon macrostomum. (P. 1296.) 530. Hæmulon parra. (P. 1297.)

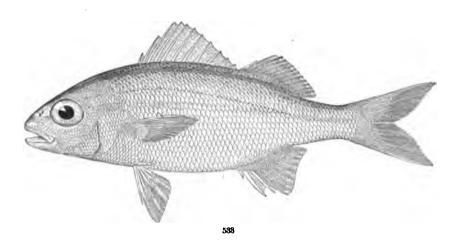


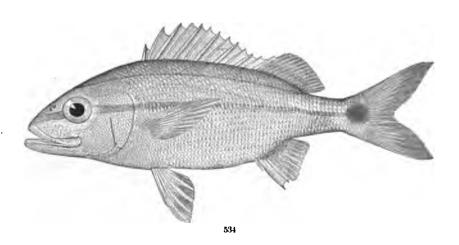




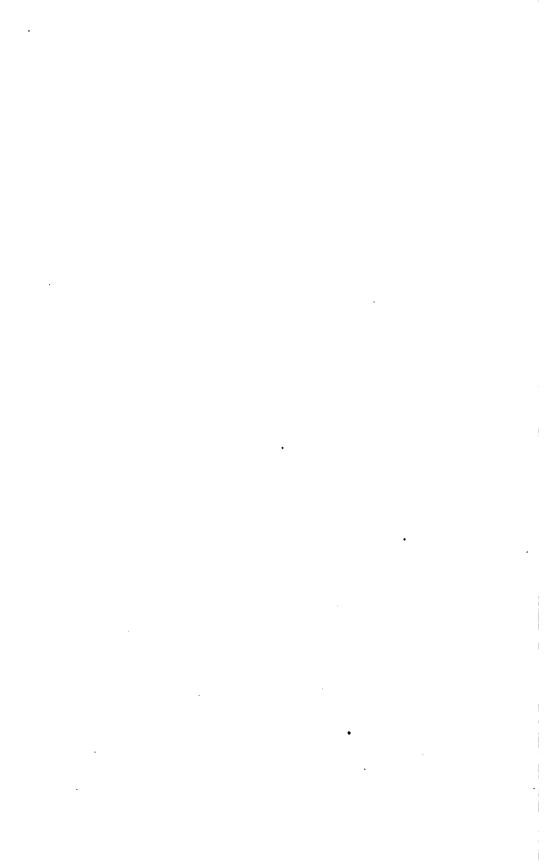
531. Hæmulon sciurus. (P. 1303.) 532. Hæmulon plumieri. (P. 1304.)

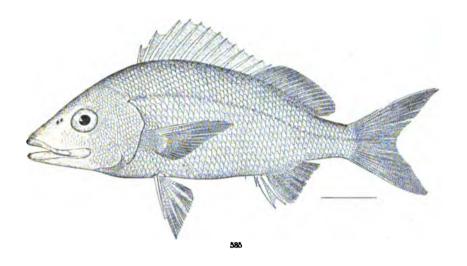


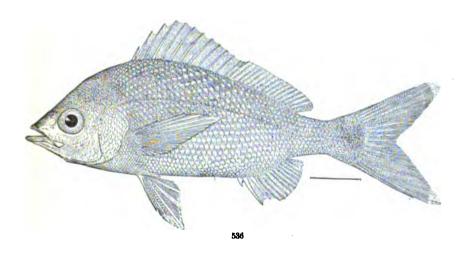




533. Brachygenys chrysargyreus. (P. 1307.) 534. Bathystoma rimator. (P. 1308.)

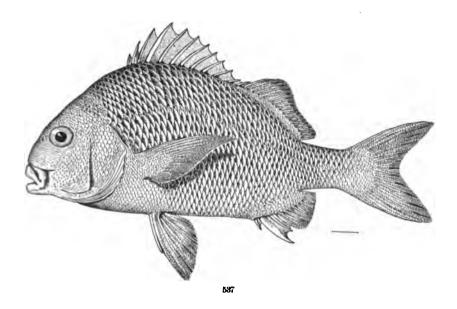


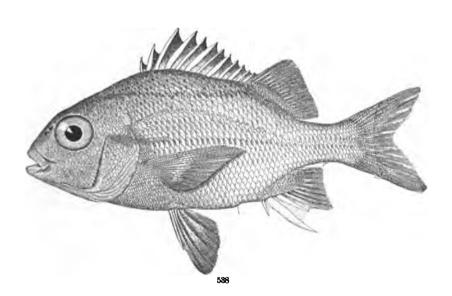




535. BATHYSTOMA AUROLINEATUM. (P. 1310.) 536. LYTHRULON OPALESCENS. (P. 1312.)

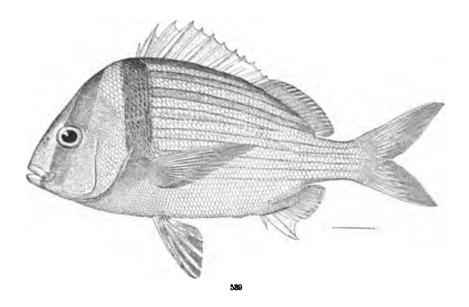
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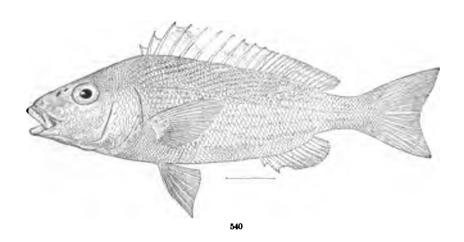




537. Anisotremus surinamensis. (P. 1318.) 538. Anisotremus bilineatus. (P. 1319.)

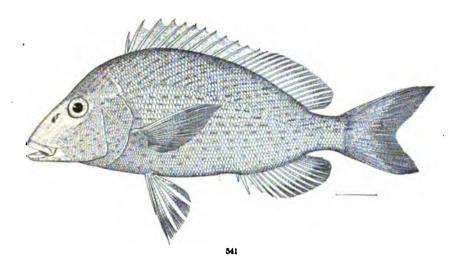


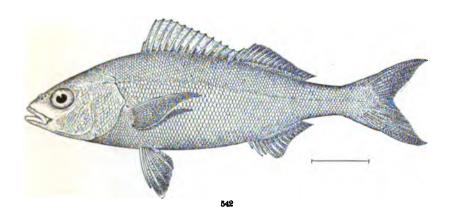




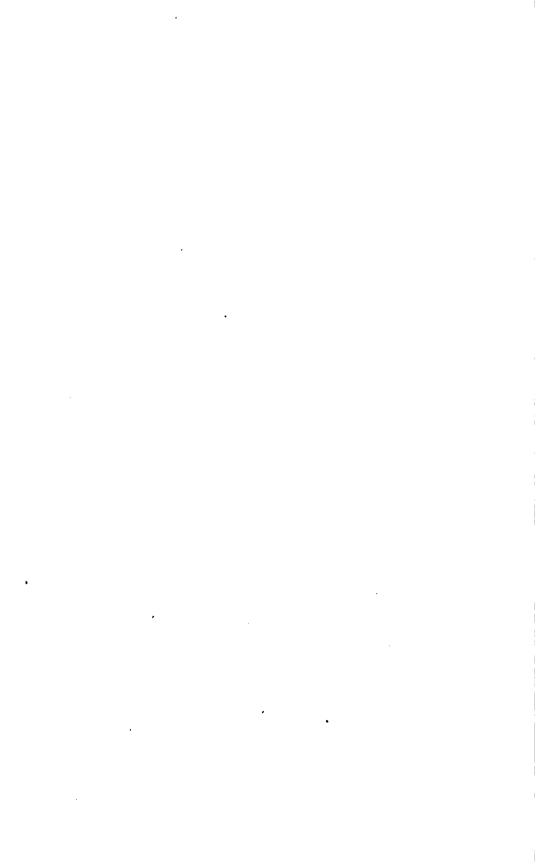
539. Anisotremus virginicus. (P. 1322.) 540. Orthopristis reddingi, (P. 1336.)

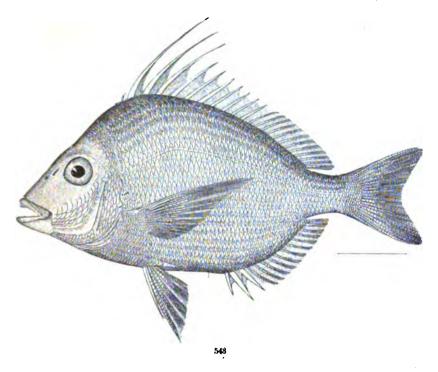


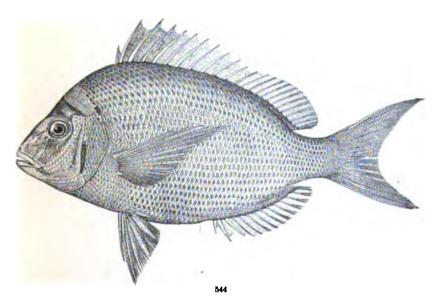




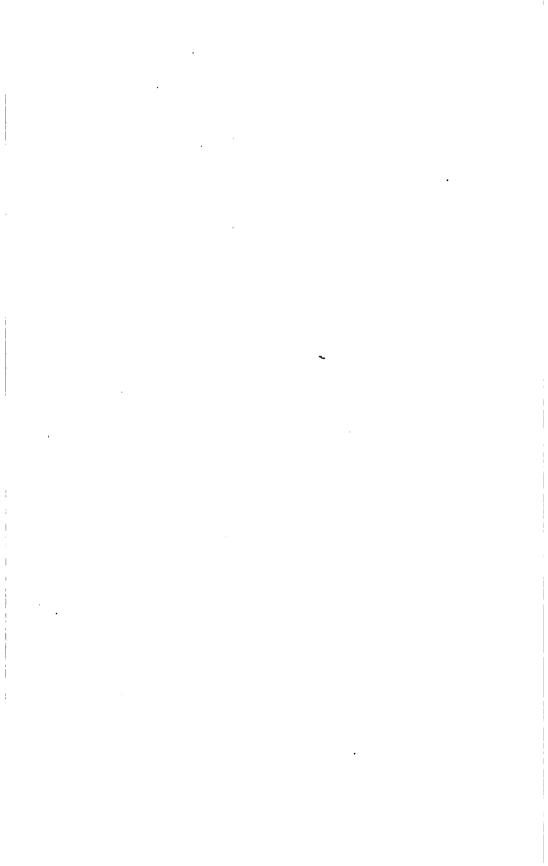
541. Orthopristis chrysopterus. (P. 1338.)542. Microlepidotus inornatus. (P. 1341.)

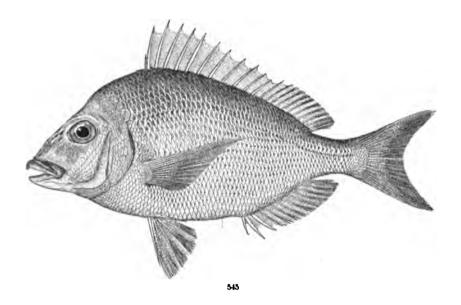


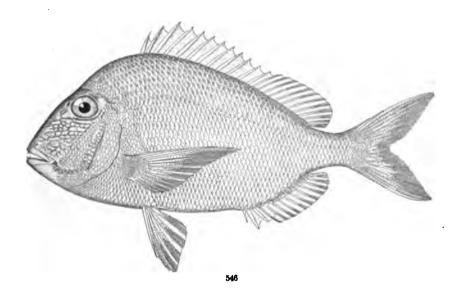




543. OTRYNTER CAPRINUS. (P. 1345.) 544. STENOTOMUS CHRYSOPS. (P. 1346.)

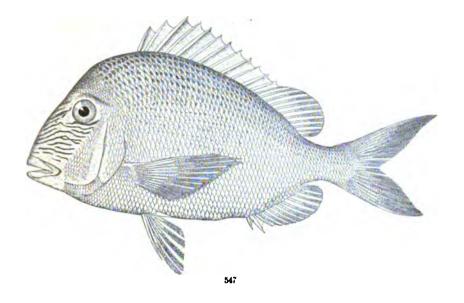


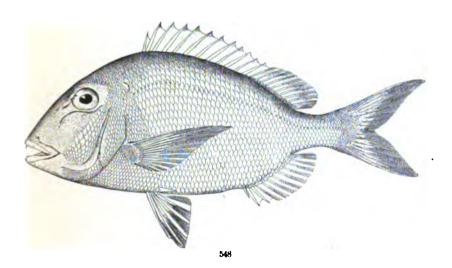




545. STENOTOMUS ACULEATUS. (P. 1346.) 546. CALAMUS CALAMUS. (P. 1349.)

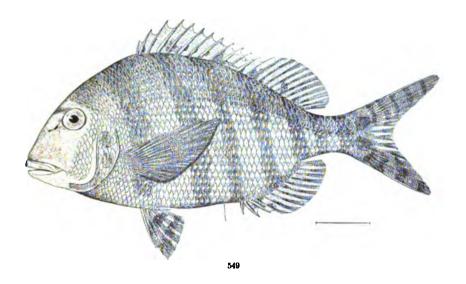


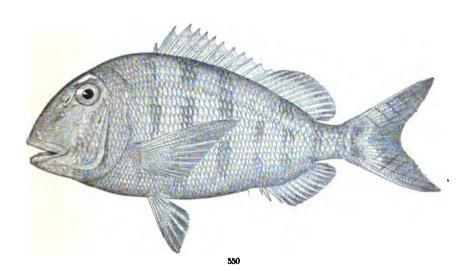




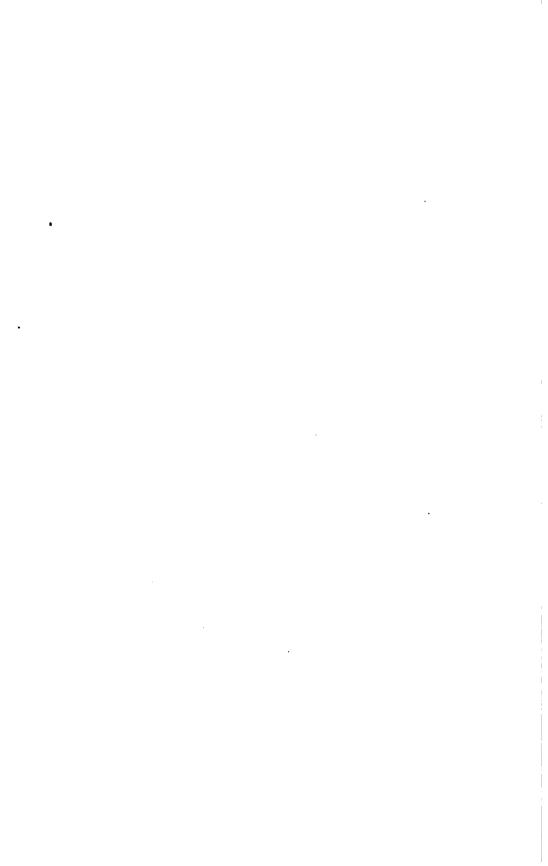
547. Calamus proridens. (P. 1350.) 548. Calamus Bajonado. (P. 1352.)

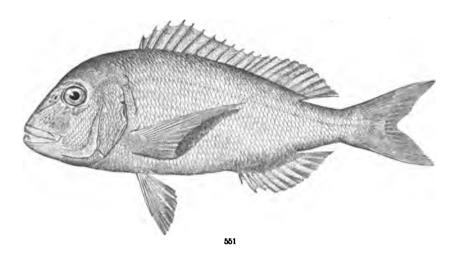
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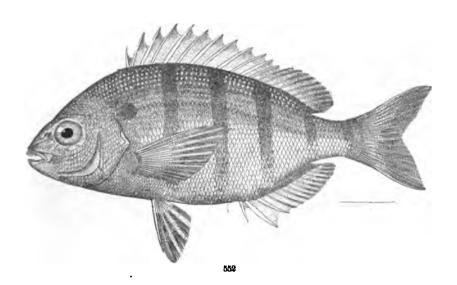




549. Calamus penna. (P. 1354.) 550. Calamus arctifrons. (P. 1355.)

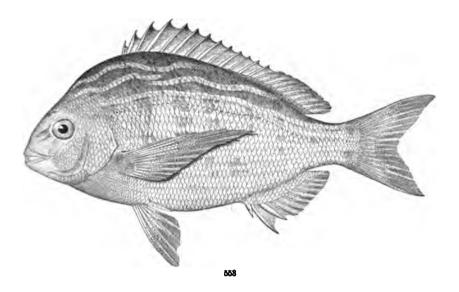


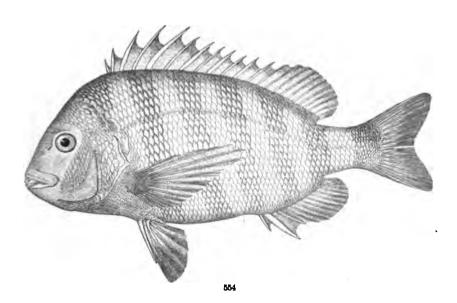




551. PAGRUS PAGRUS. (P. 1356.)552. LAGODON RHOMBOIDES. (P. 1358.)

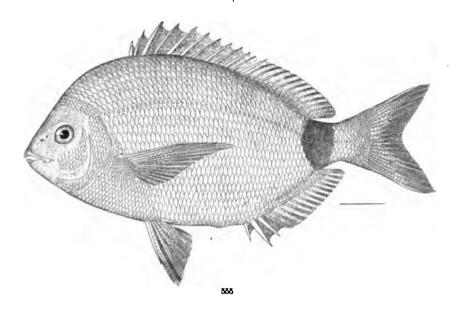


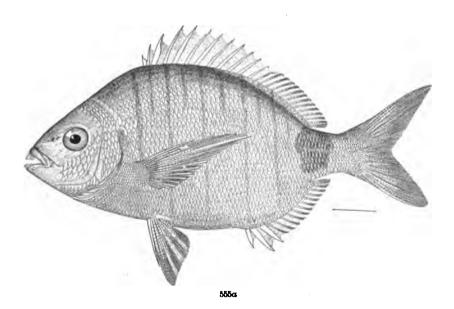




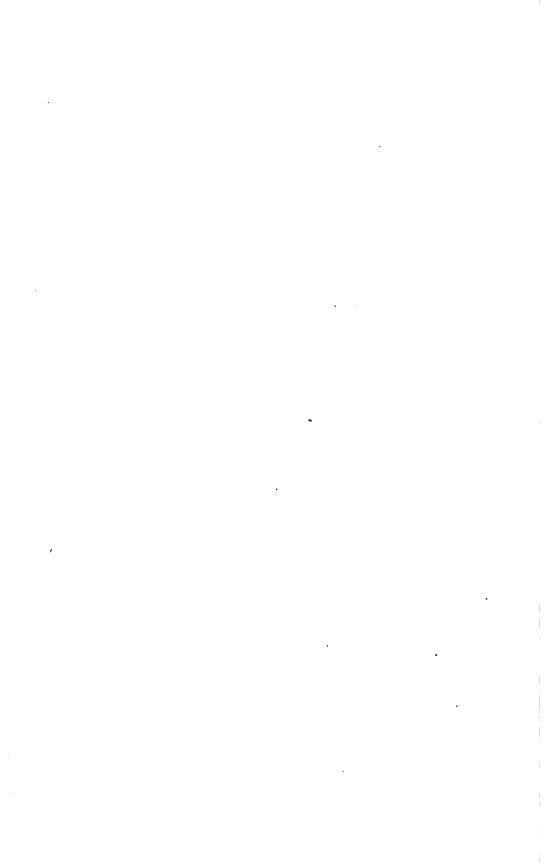
553. Archosargus unimaculatus. (P. 1359.) 554. Archosargus probatocephalus. (P. 1361.)

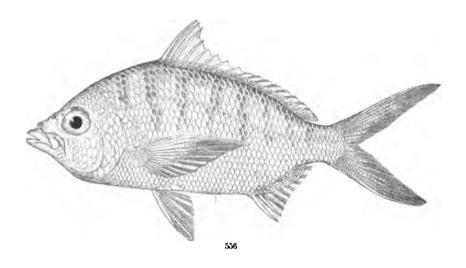


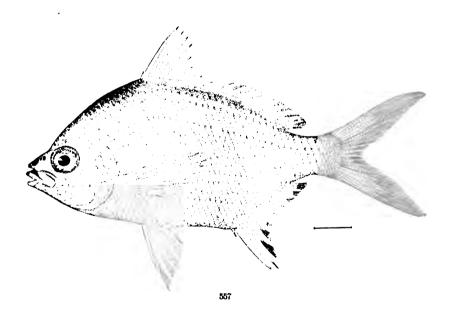




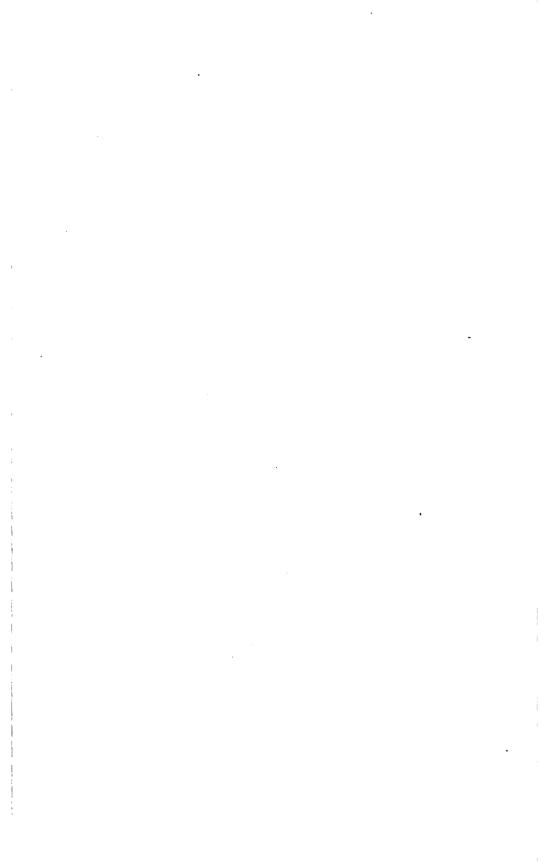
555. DIPLODUS HOLBROOKII. (Р. 1362.) 555a. DIPLODUS HOLBROOKII; young. (Р. 1362.)

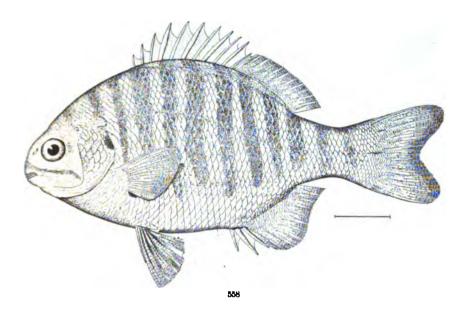


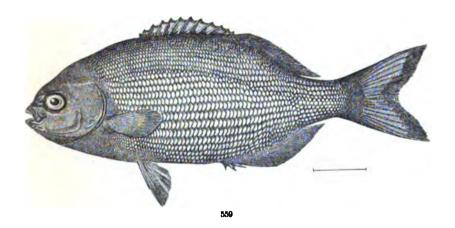




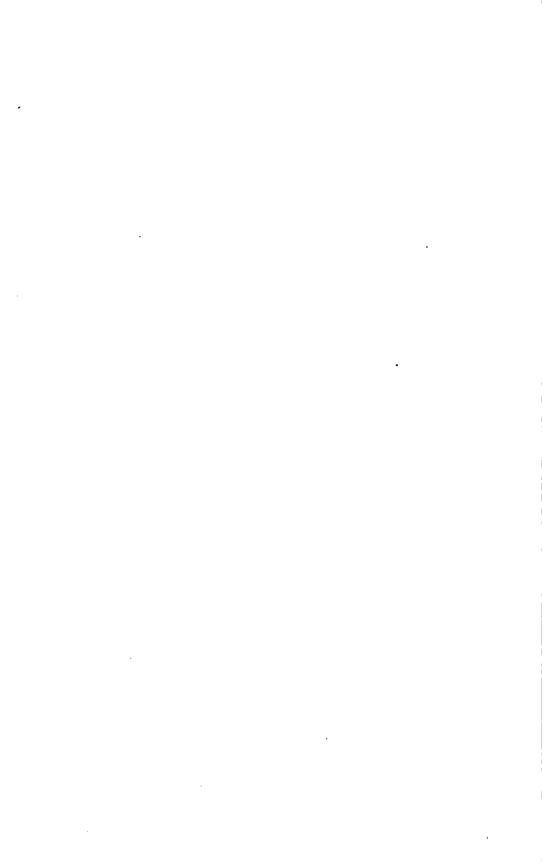
556. XYSTEMA CINEREUM. (P. 1372.) 557. GERRES OLISTHOSTOMUS. (P. 1376.)

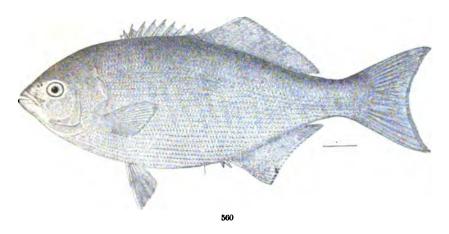


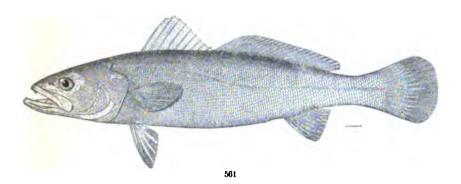


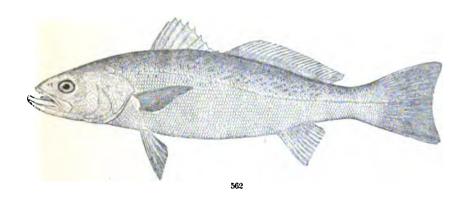


558. Hermosilla azurea. (P. 1383.) 559. Kyphosus sectatrix. (P. 1387.)



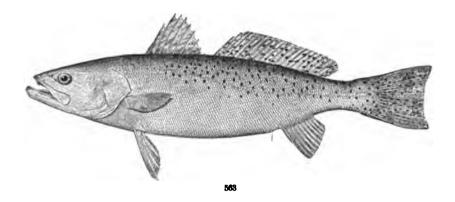


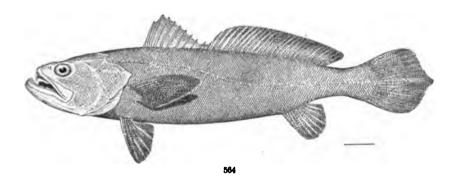




560. Medialuna californiensis. (P. 1391.) 561. Cynoscion nothus. (P. 1406.) 562. Cynoscion regalis. (P. 1407.)



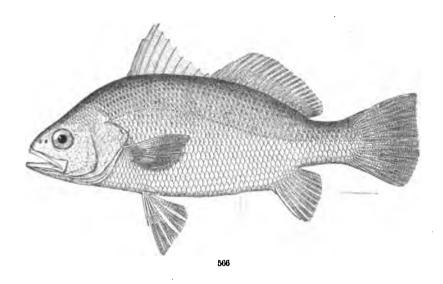


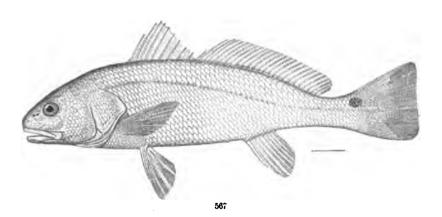




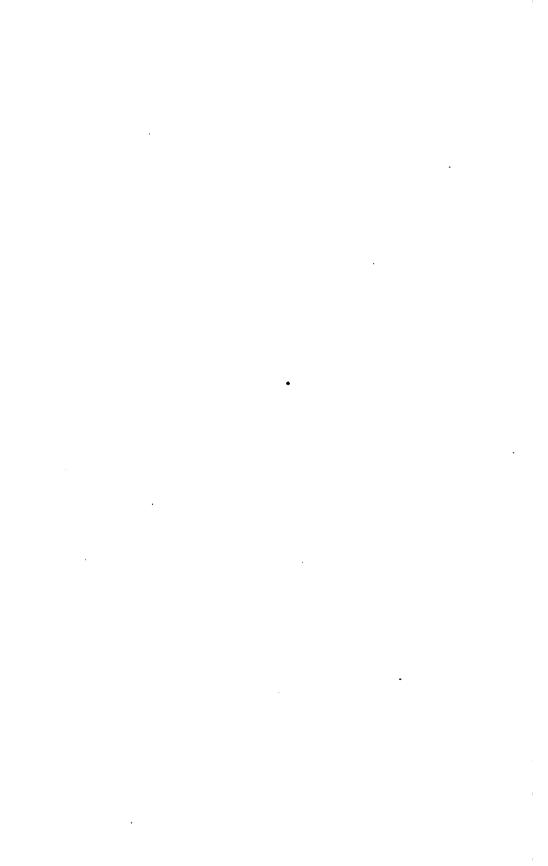
563. CYNOSCION NEBULOSUS. (P. 1409.) 564. SAGENICHTHYS ANCYLODON. (P. 1416.) 565. LARIMUS ARGENTEUS. (P. 1421.)

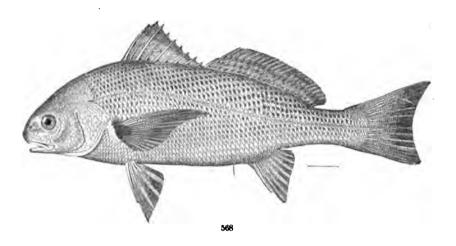
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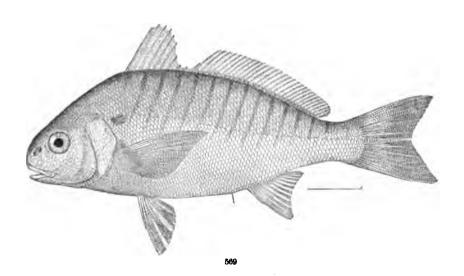




566. BAIRDIELLA CHRYSURA. (P. 1433.) 567. SCIÆNOPS OCELLATUS. (P. 1453.)

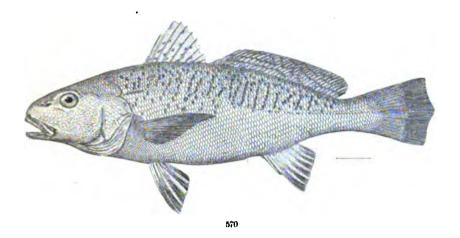


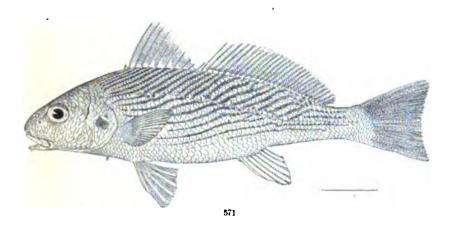




568. Roncador stearnsi. (P. 1457.) 569. Leiostomus xanthurus. (P. 1458.)

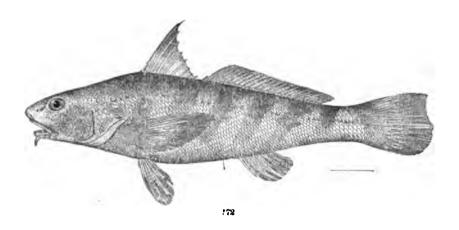
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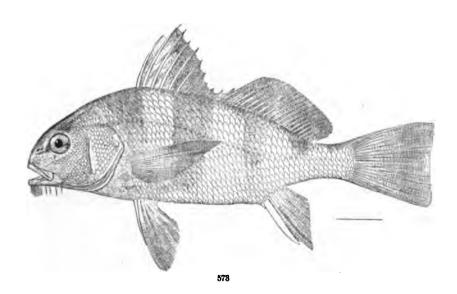




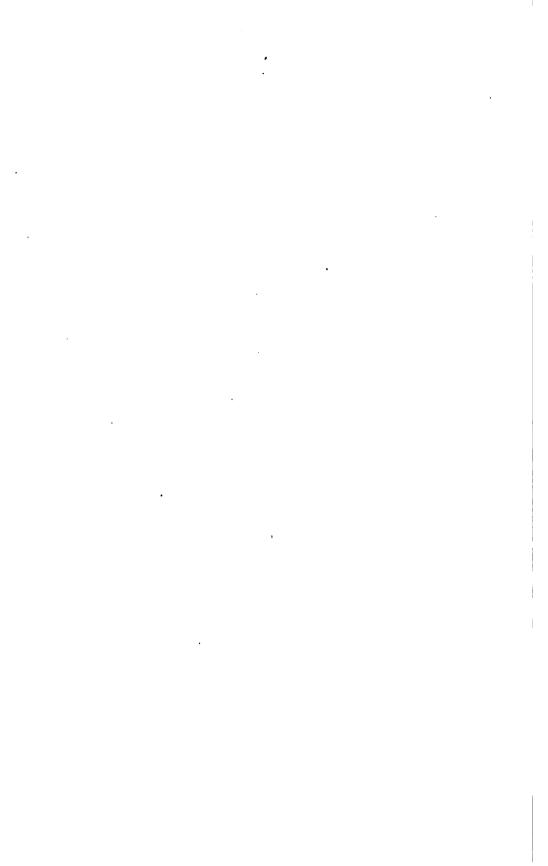
570. MICROPOGON UNDULATUS. (P. 1461.) 571. Umbrina sinaloæ. (P. 1468.)

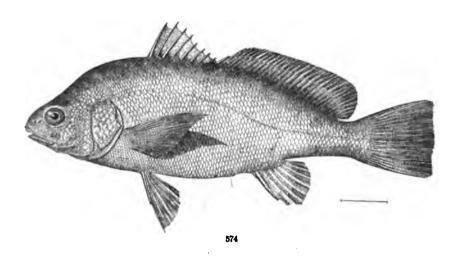


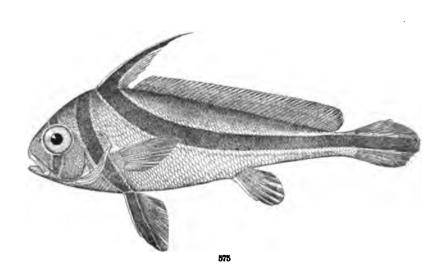




572. Menticirrhus americanus. (P. 1474.) 573. Pogonias chromis. (P. 1482.)

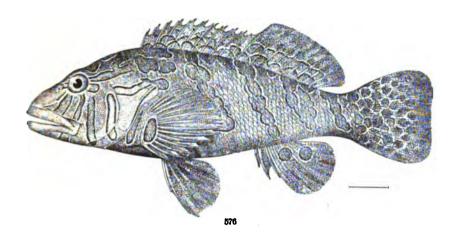


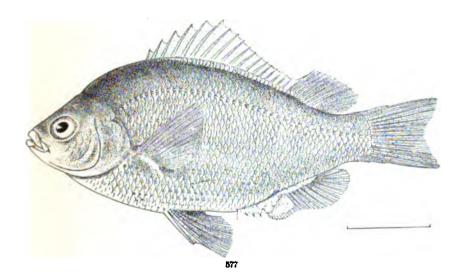




574. APLODINOTUS GRUNNIENS. (P. 1484.) 575. EQUES LANCEOLATUS. (P. 1489.)

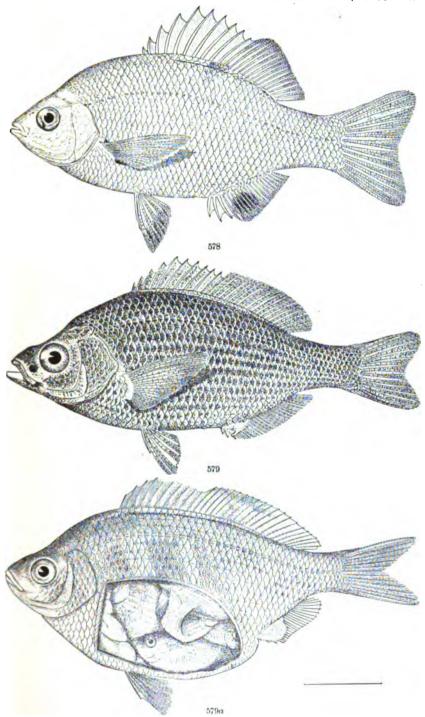
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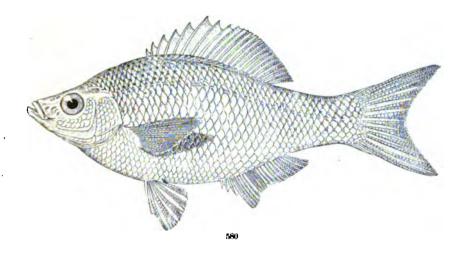
576. CIRRHITES RIVULATUS. (P. 1491.) 577. Hysterocarpus traski. (P. 1496.)

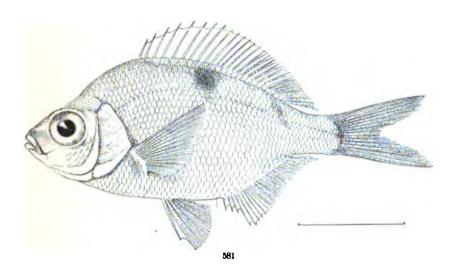




578. ABEONA MINIMA. (P. 1497.) 579. CYMATOGASTER AGGREGATUS. (P. 1498.) 579a. CYMATOGASTER AGGREGATUS; female. (P. 1498.)

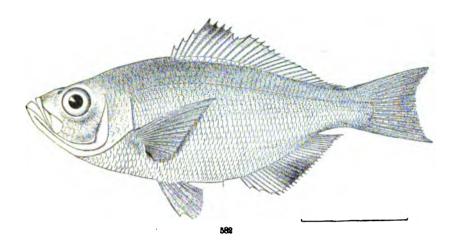
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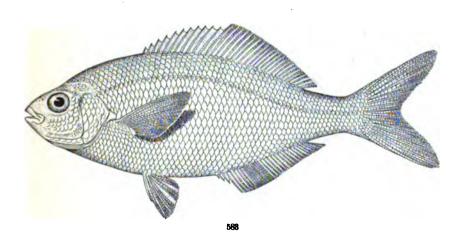




580. Brachyistius frenatus. (P. 1499.) 581. Zalembius rosaceus. (P. 1500.)

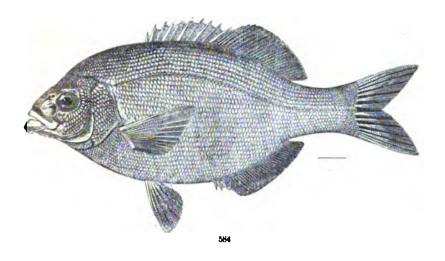


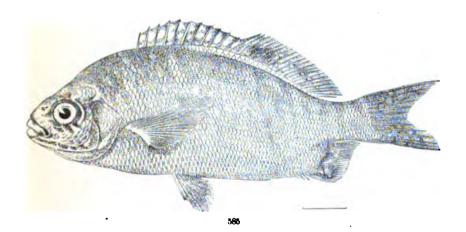




582. Hypocritichthys analis. (P. 1500.) 583. Phanerodon furcatus. (P. 1506.)

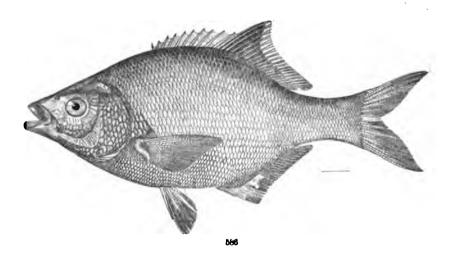
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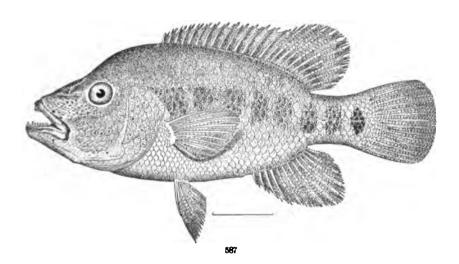




584. Rhacochilus toxotes. (P. 1507.) 585. Hypsurus caryi. (P. 1508.)

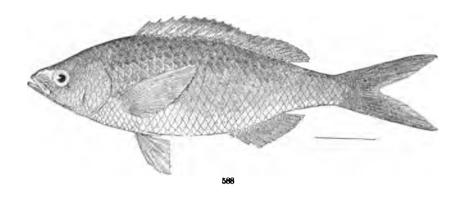


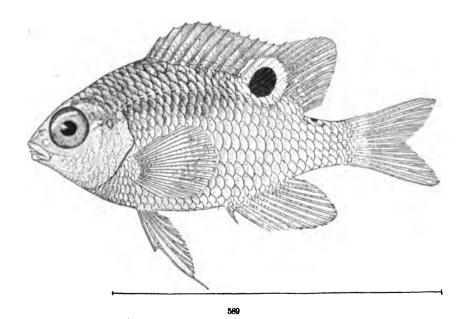




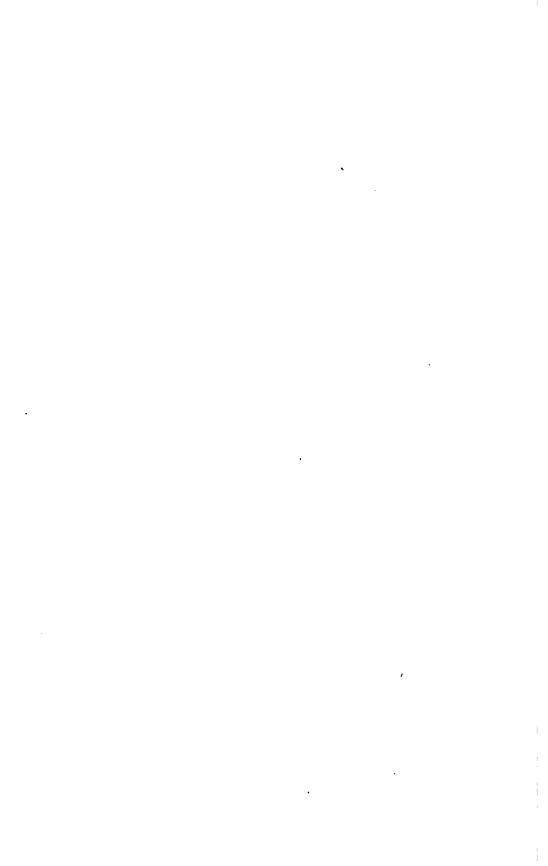
586. Damalichthys argyrosomus. (P. 1509.) 587. Cichlasoma bartoni. (P. 1515.)

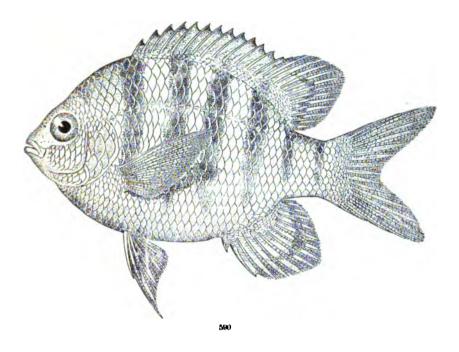
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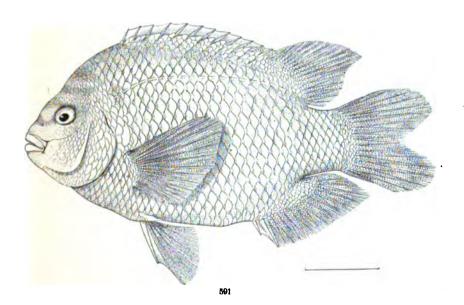




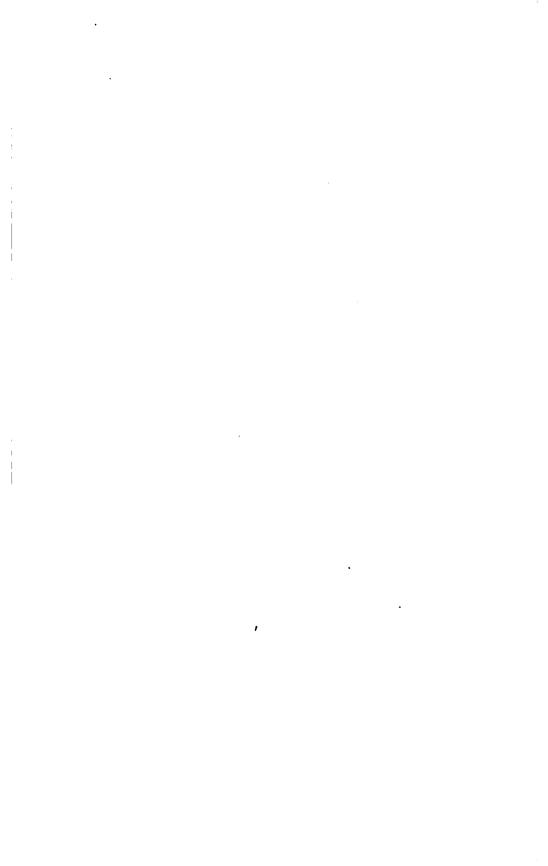
588. AZURINA HIRUNDO. (P. 1544.) 589. EUPOMACENTRUS FLAVILATUS. (P. 1557.)

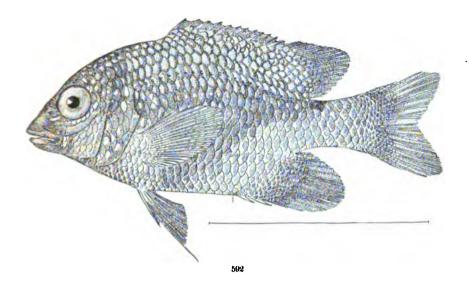


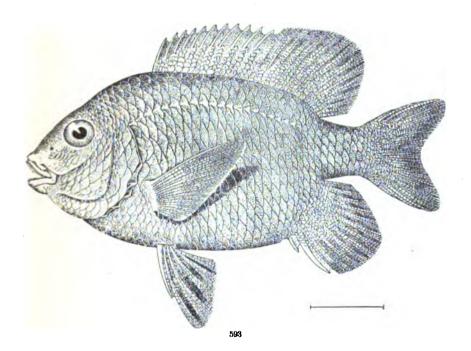




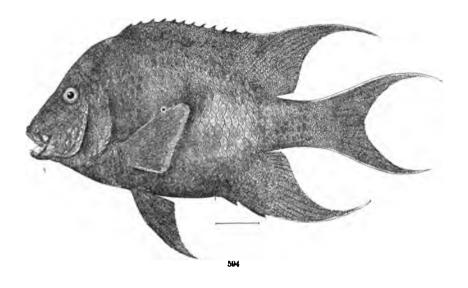
590. Abudefduf saxatilis. (P. 1561.) 591. Hypsypops rubicundus. (P. 1564.)

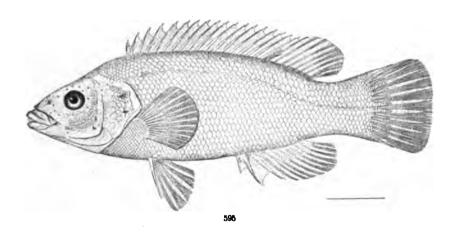




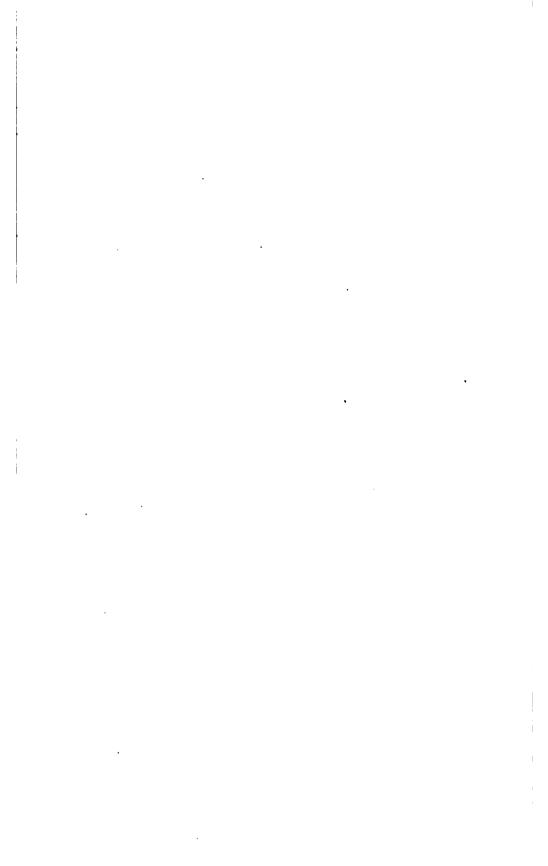


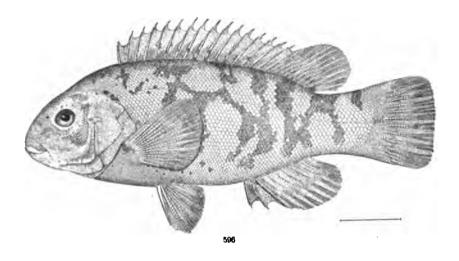
592. MICROSPATHODON BAIRDII. (P. 1566.) 593. MICROSPATHODON CHRYSURUS. (P. 1567.)

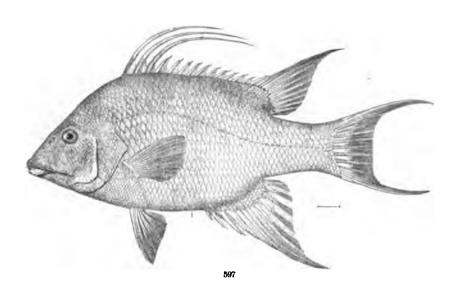




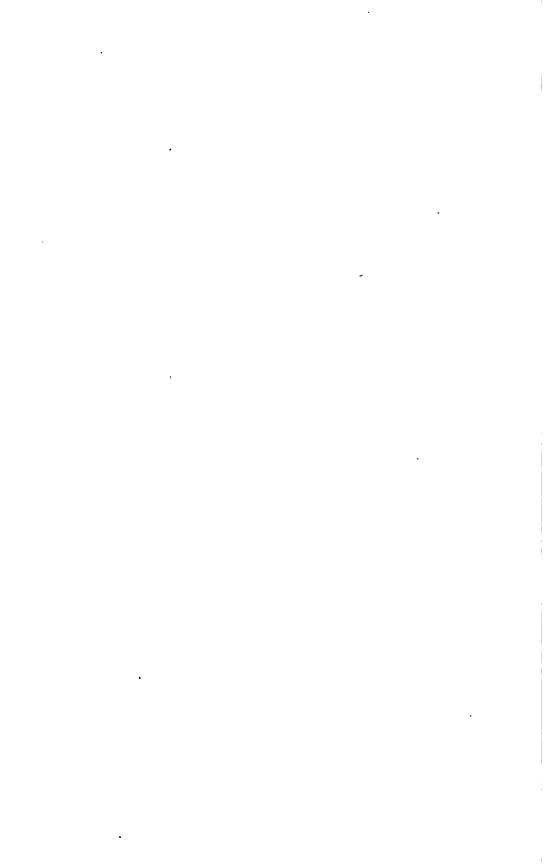
594. MICROSPATHODON DORSALIS. (P. 1568.) 595. TAUTOGOLABRUS ADSPERSUS. (P. 1577.)

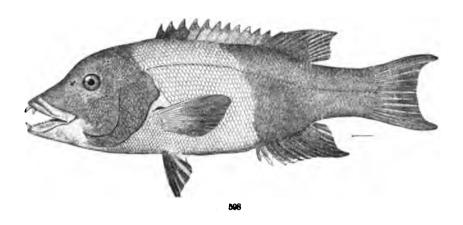


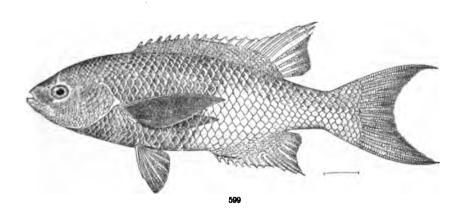




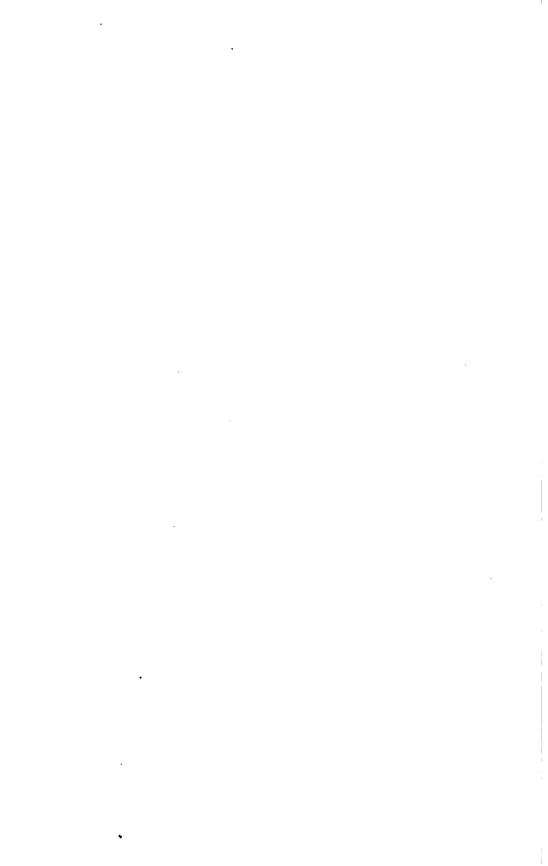
596. TAUTOGA ONITIS. (P. 1578.)597. LACHNOLAIMUS MAXIMUS. (P. 1579.)

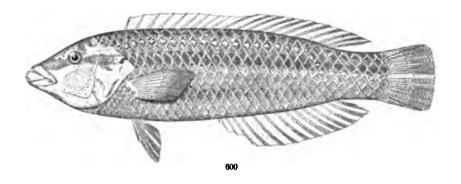


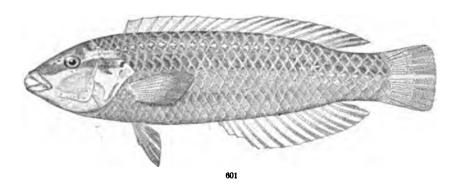




598. Pimelometopon pulcher. (P. 1585.) 599. Clepticus parræ. (P. 1586.)

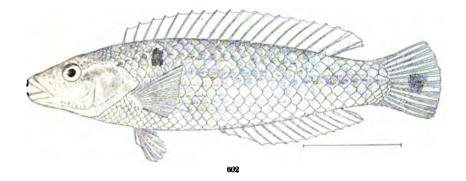


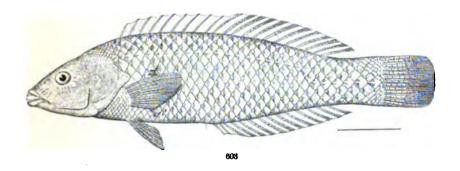




600. IRIDIO RADIATUS. (P. 1590.) 601. IRIDIO BIVITTATUS. (P. 1595.)

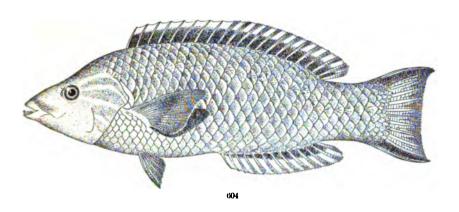
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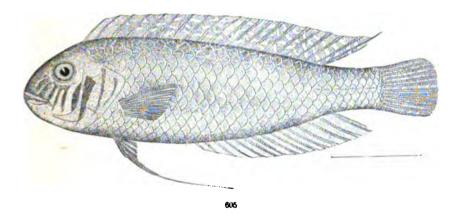


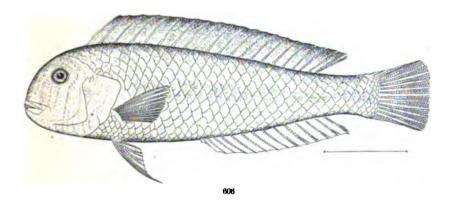


602. Iridio dispilus. (P. 1597.) 603. Emmeekia venusta. (P. 1602.)



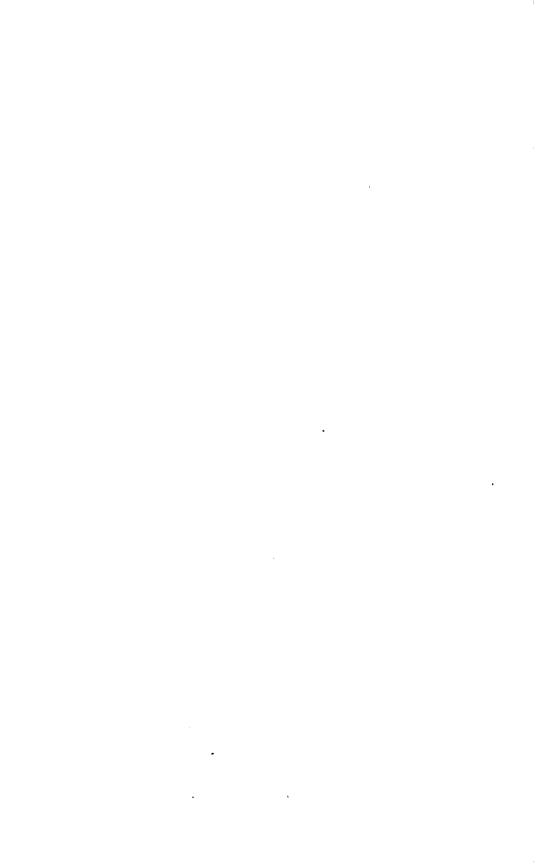


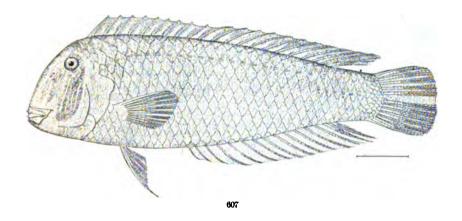


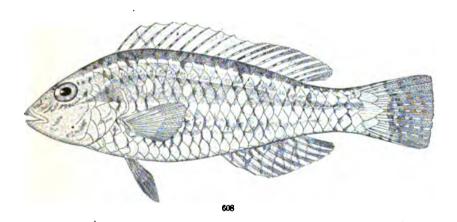


604. CHLORICHTHYS GRAMMATICUS. (P. 1610.) 605. NOVACULICHTHYS VENTRALIS. (P. 1615.) 606. NOVACULICHTHYS INFIRMUS. (P. 1616.)

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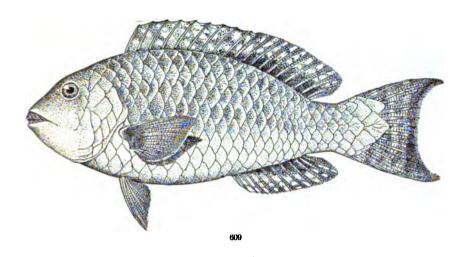


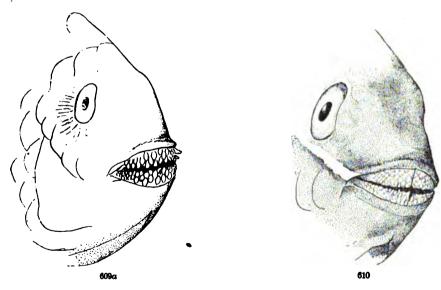




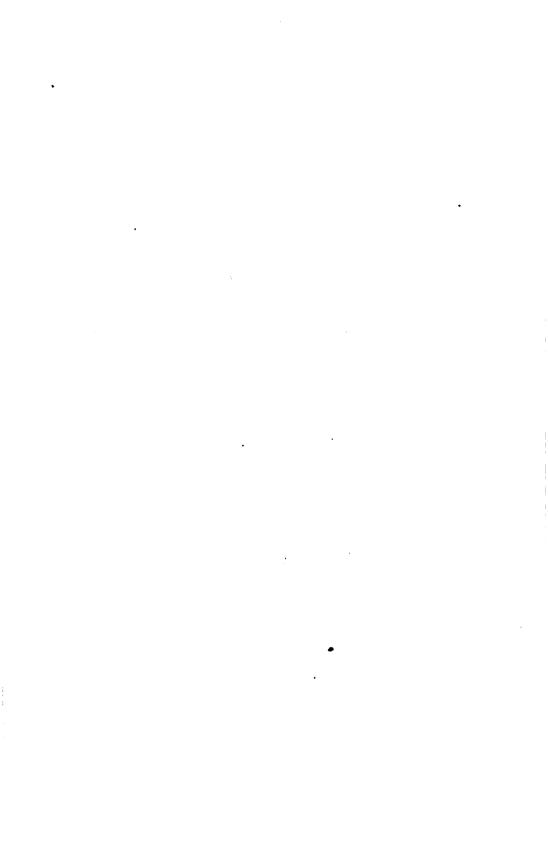
607. XYRICHTHYS PSITTACUS. (P. 1618.). 608. CRYPTOTOMUS BERYLLINUS. (P. 1625.)

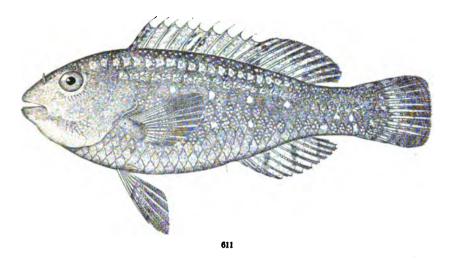




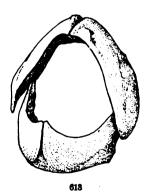


609, 609a. CALOTOMUS XENODON. (P. 1626.) 610. SPARISOMA AUROFRENATUM. (P. 1634.)

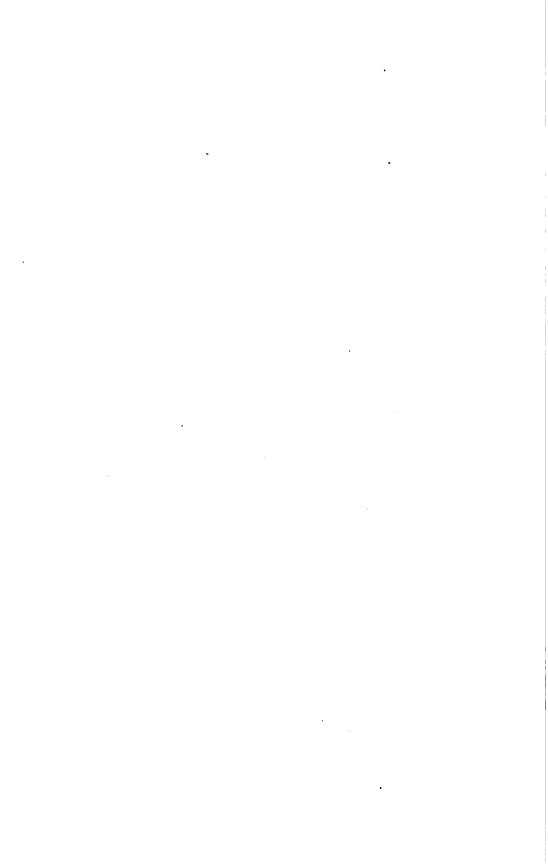


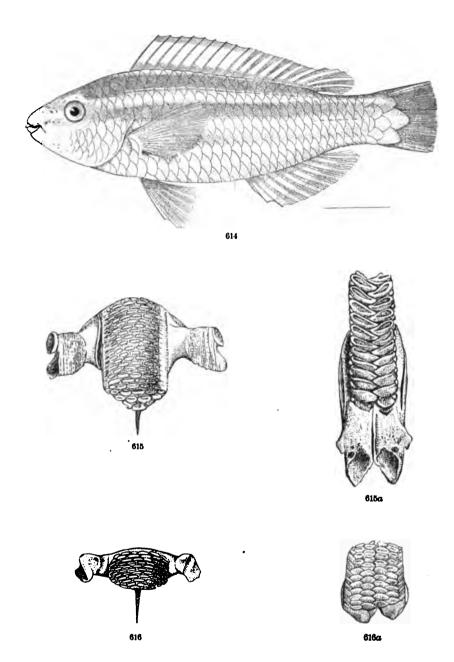


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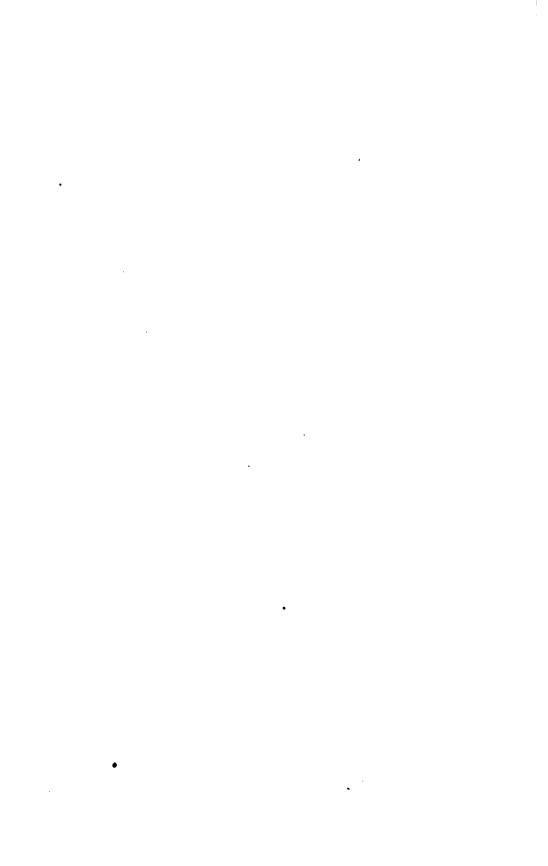


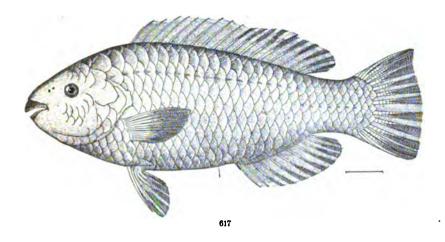
- 611. Sparisoma hoplomystax. (P. 1632.) 612. Scarus cuzamilæ. (P. 1648.) 613. Jaws of Scarus cæruleus. (P. 1652.)

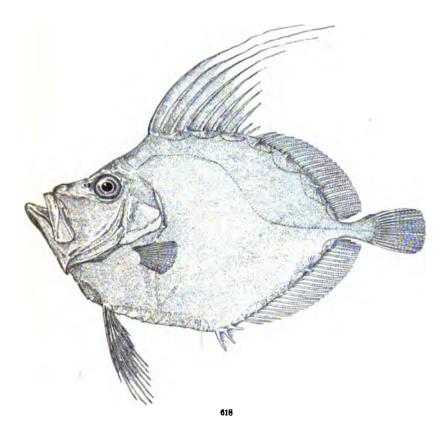




614. SCARUS EMBLEMATICUS. (P. 1654.) 615, 615a. LOWER AND UPPER PHARYNGEAL BONES OF SCARUS STRONGYLOCEPHALUS. 616, 616a. LOWER AND UPPER PHARYNGEAL BONES OF SPARISOMA CRETENSE.

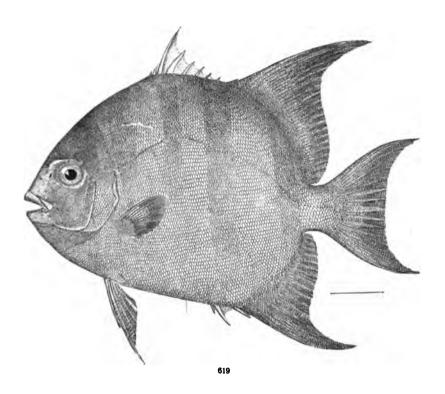






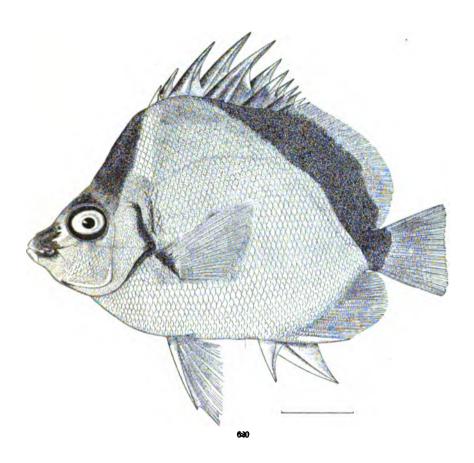
617. PSEUDOSCARUS GUACAMAIA. (P. 1657.) 618. ZENOPSIS OCELLATUS. (P. 1660.)



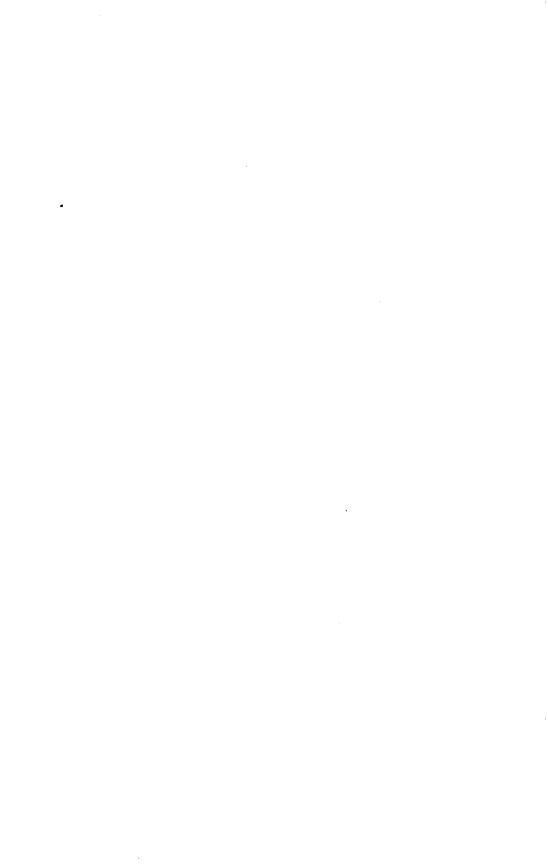


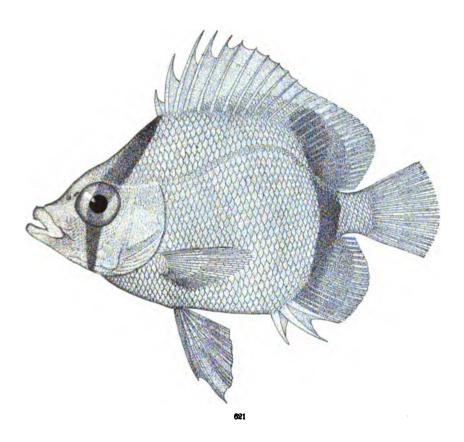
619. CHÆTODIPTERUS FABER. (P. 1668.)



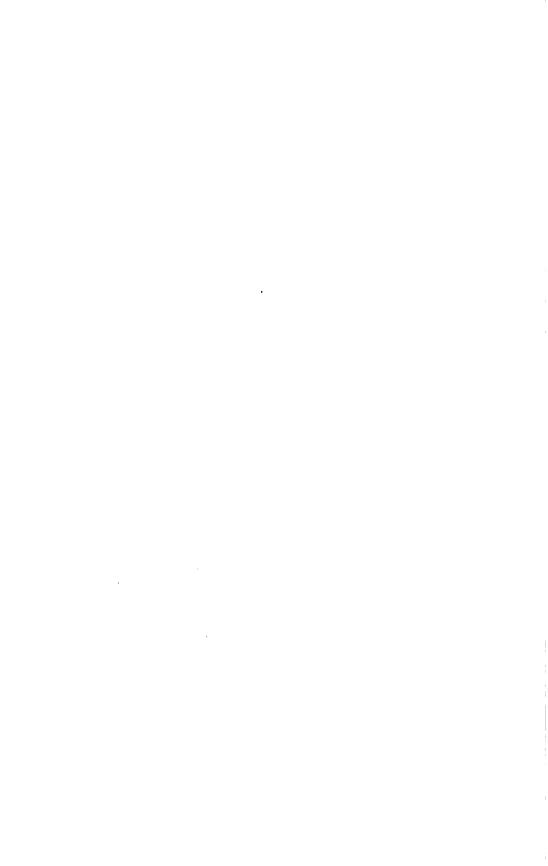


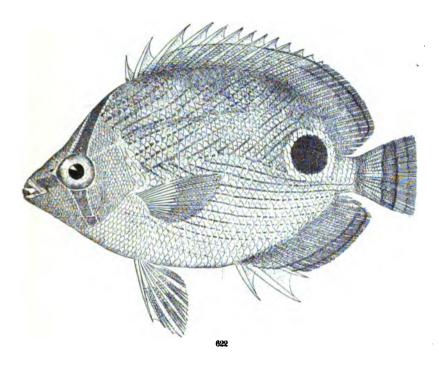
620. CHÆTODON NIGRIROSTRIS. (P. 1673.)





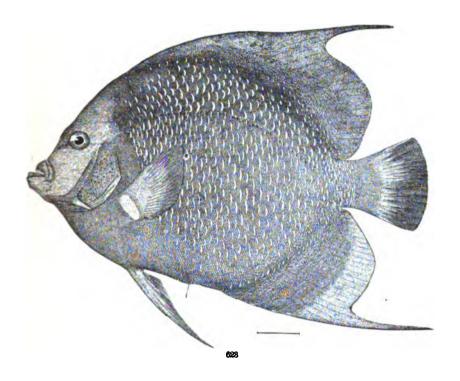
621. CHÆTODON OCELLATUS. (P. 1674.)





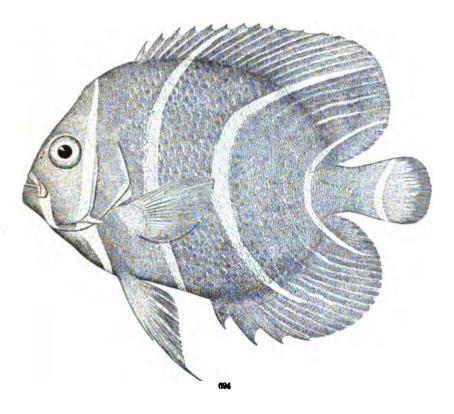
622. CHÆTODON CAPISTRATUS. (P. 1677.)



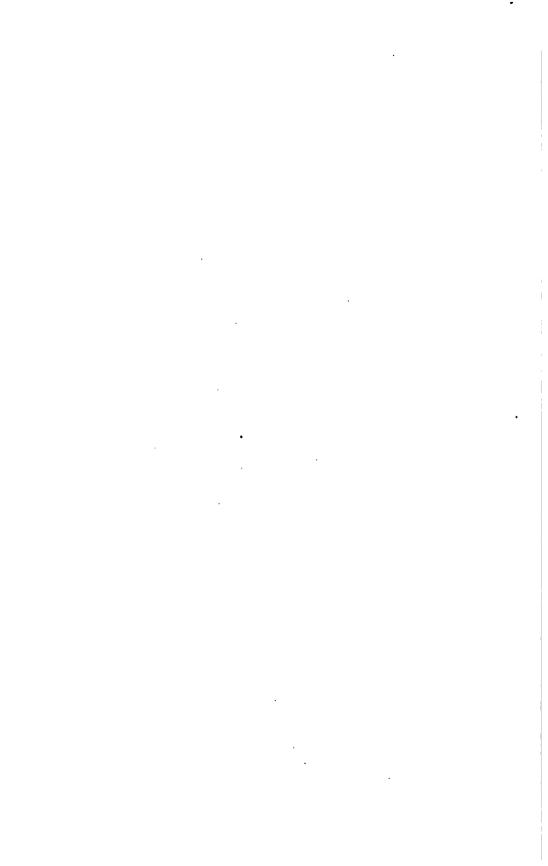


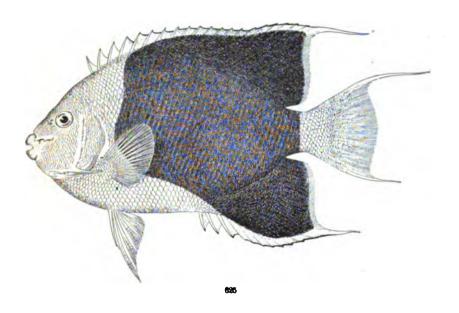
623. Pomacanthus arcuatus. (P. 1679.)



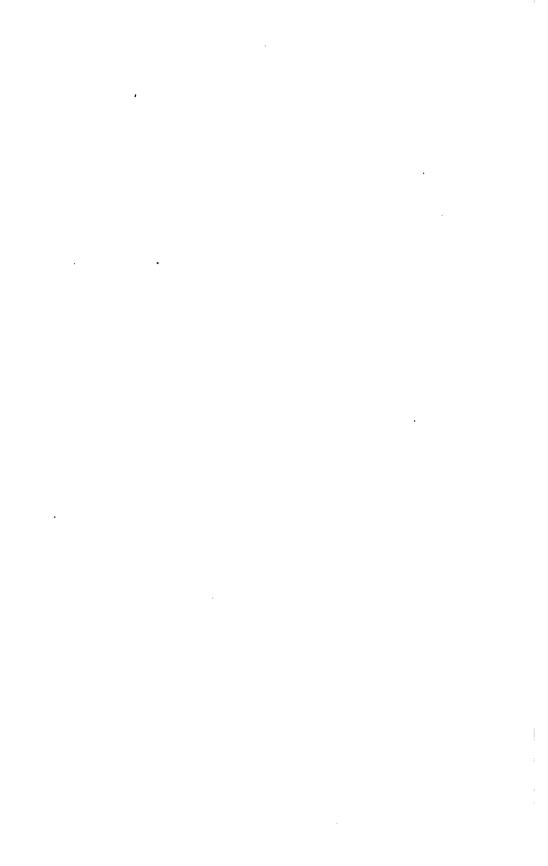


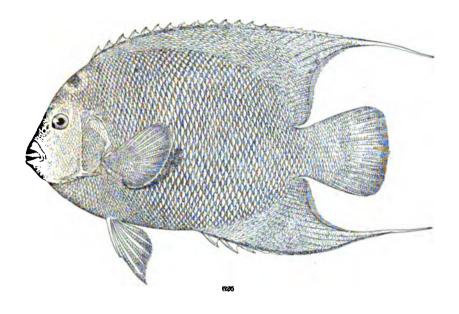
624. POMACANTHUS ZONIPECTUS; YOUNG. (P. 1681.)

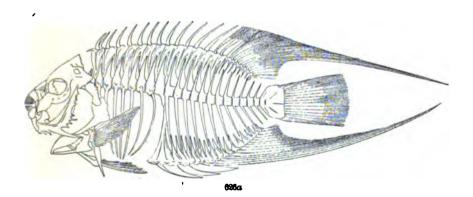




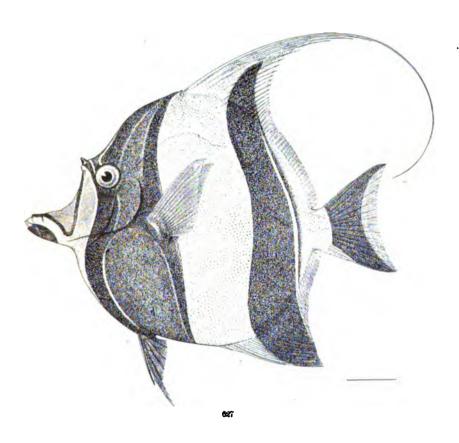
625. HOLACANTHUS TRICOLOR. (P. 1684.)



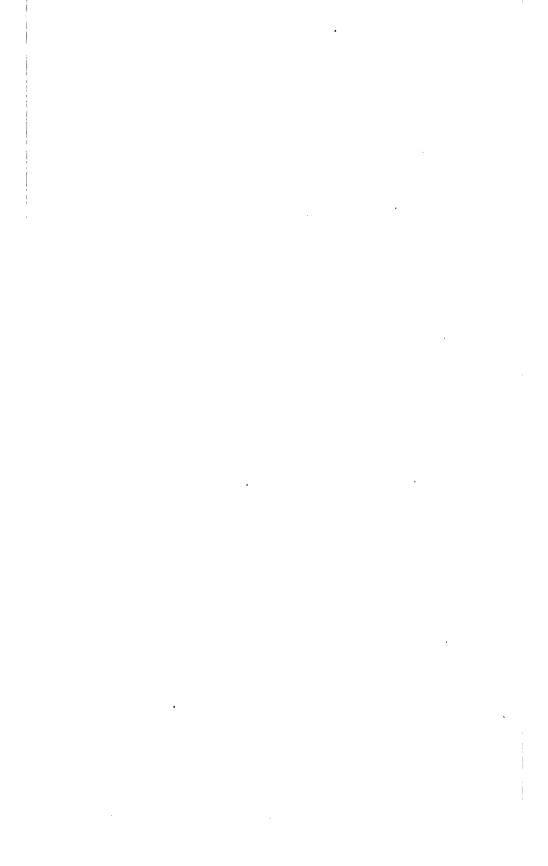


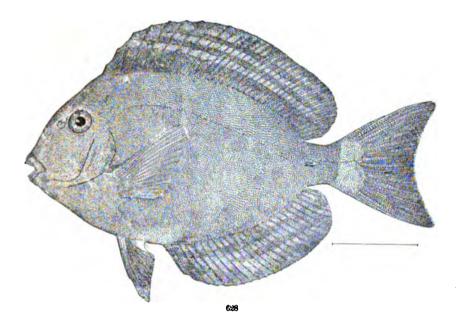


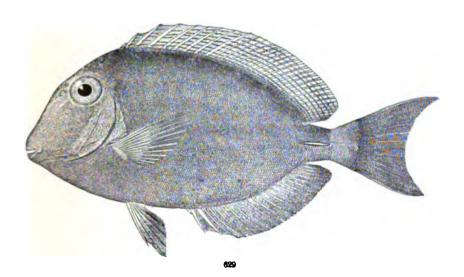
626, 626a. ANGELICHTHYS CILIARIS. (P. 1684.)



627. ZANCLUS CORNUTUS. (P. 1687.)

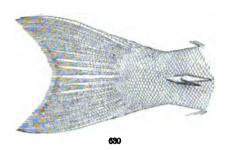


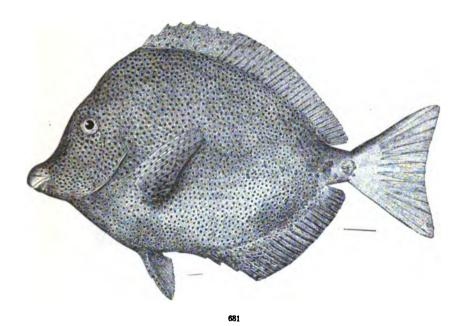




628. TEUTHIS CRESTONIS. (P. 1692.) 629. TEUTHIS BAHIANUS. (P. 1693.)

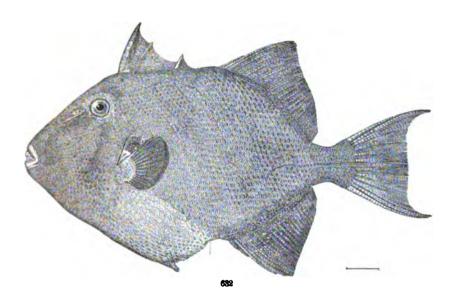


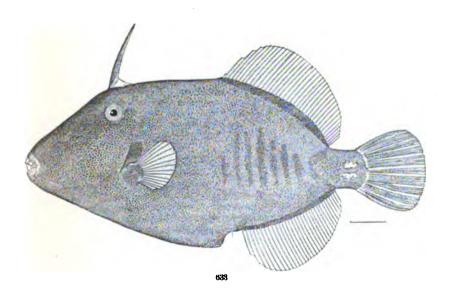




630. Tail of Teuthis Bahianus. (P. 1693.) 631. Xesurus punctatus. (P. 1694.)

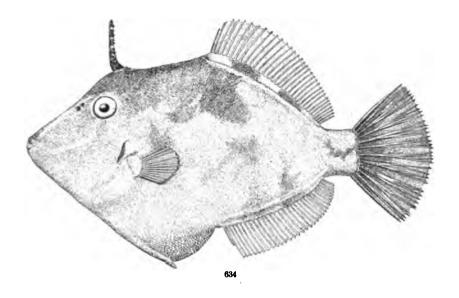


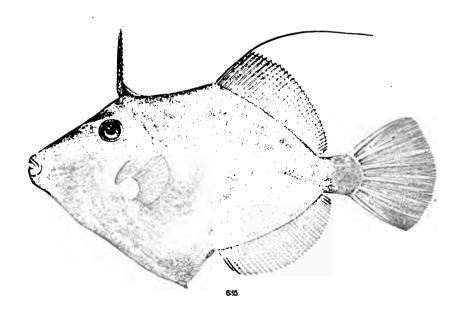




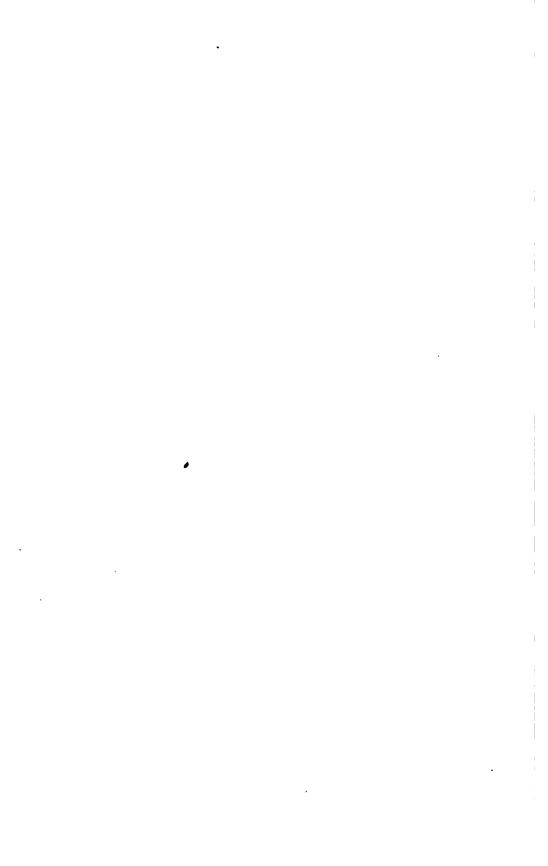
632. Balistes carolinensis. (P. 1701.) 633. Cantherines carolæ. (P. 1713.)

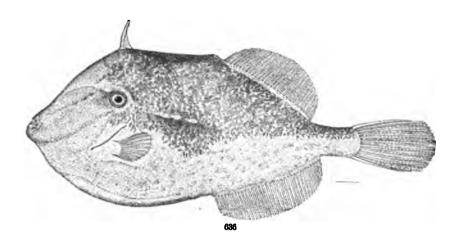
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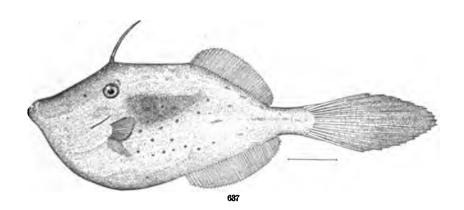




634. Monocanthus ciliatus. (P. 1714.) 635. Monocanthus hispidus. (P. 1715.)

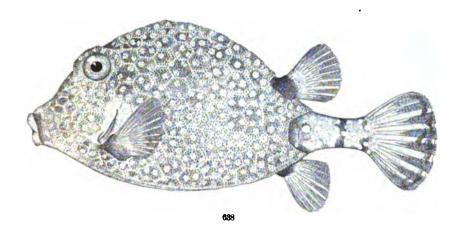


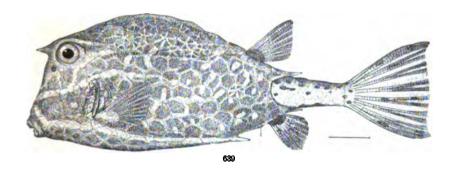




636. ALUTERA SCHŒPFII. (P. 1718.) 637. ALUTERA SCRIPTA. (P. 1719.)

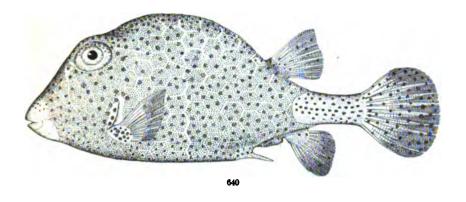
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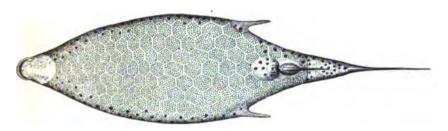




638. Lactophrys triqueter. (P. 1722.) 639. Lactophrys tricornis. (P. 1724.)

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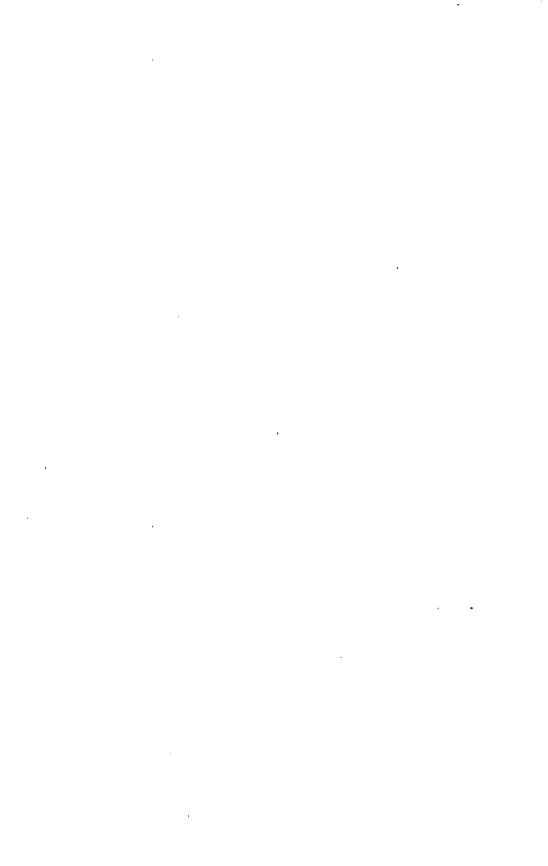


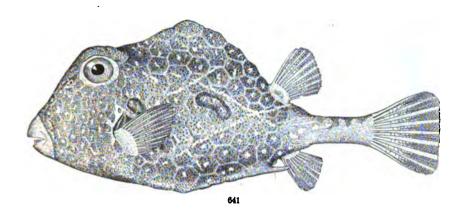


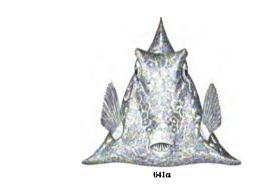
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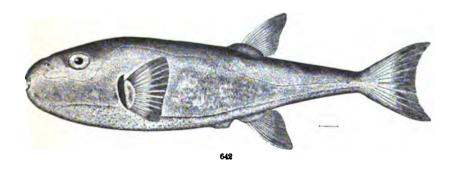


640, 640a, 640b. LACTOPHRYS BICAUDALIS. (P. 1723.)

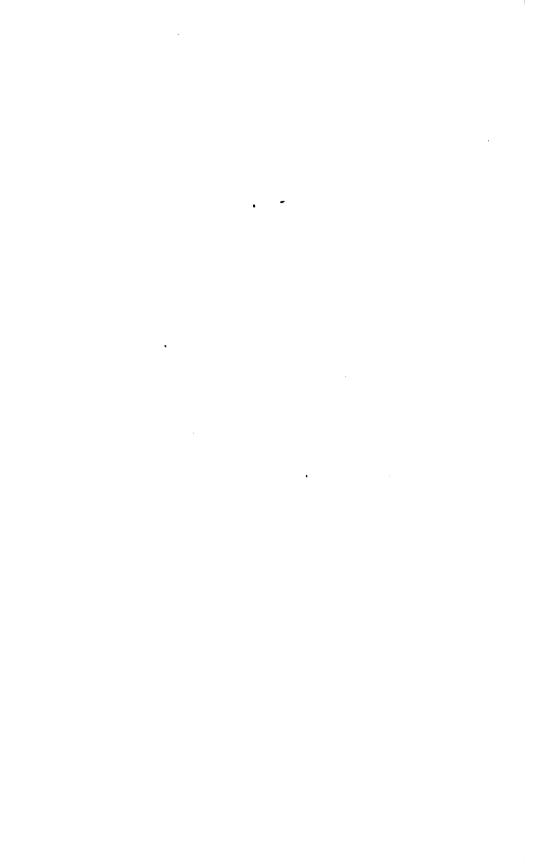


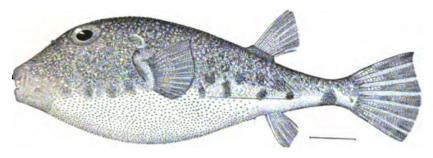




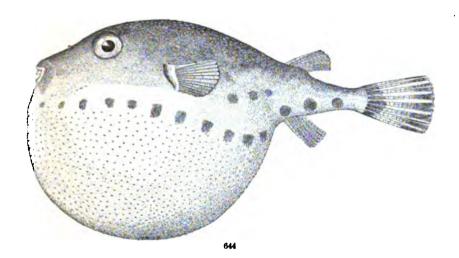


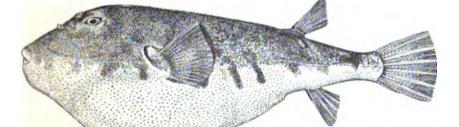
641, 641a. Lactophrys trigonus. (P. 1723.) 642. Lagocephalus Lævigatus. (P. 1728.)



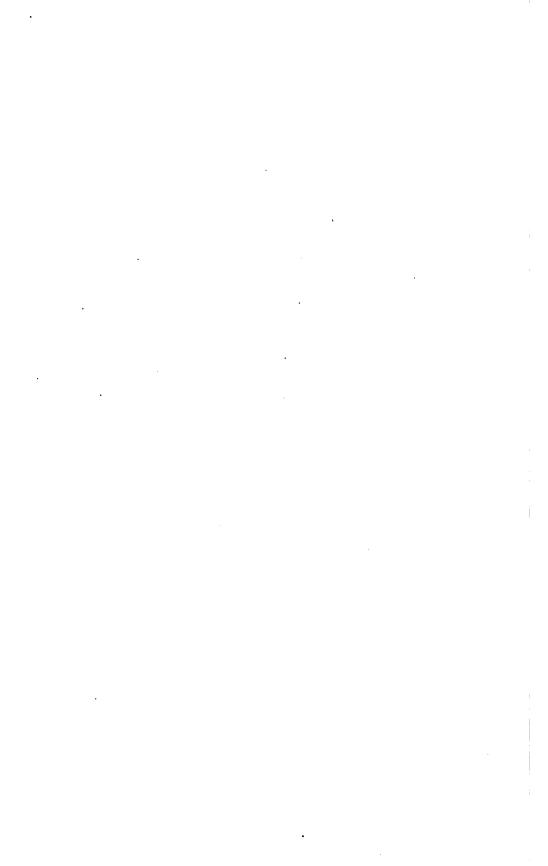


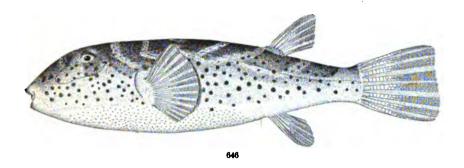
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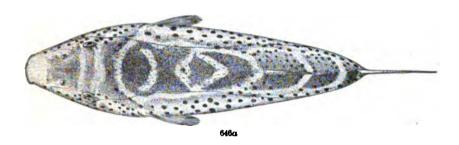


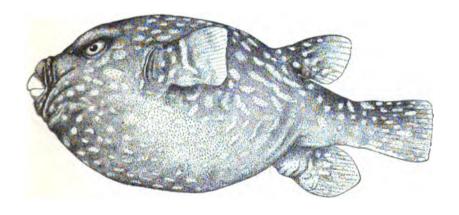


643. SPHEROIDES NEPHELUS. (P. 1732.) 644. SPHEROIDES SPENGLERI. (P. 1732.) 645. SPHEROIDES MACULATUS. (P. 1733.)





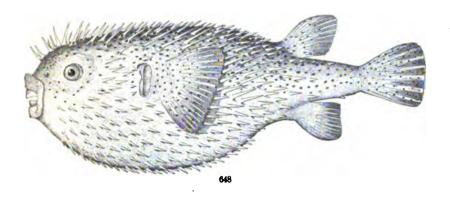


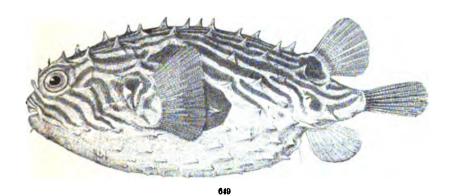


647

646, 646a. Spheroides testudineus. (P. 1734.) **647.** Ovoides setosus. (P. 1739.)

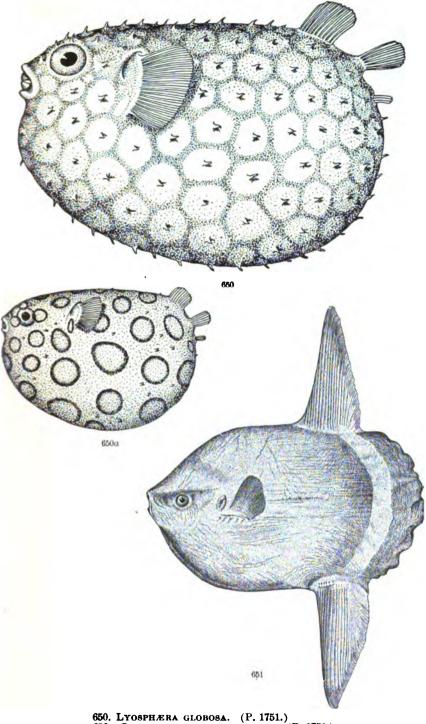
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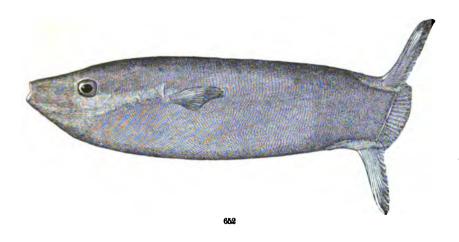
648. DIODON HYSTRIX. (P. 1745.) 649. CHILOMYCTERUS SCHEPFI. (P. 1748.)

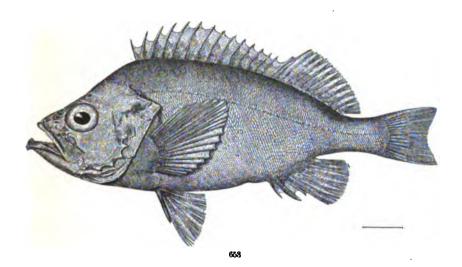
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650. LYOSPHÆRA GLOBOSA. (P. 1751.) 650a. LYOSPHÆRA GLOBOSA; young. (P. 1751.) 651. MOLA MOLA. (P. 1753.)

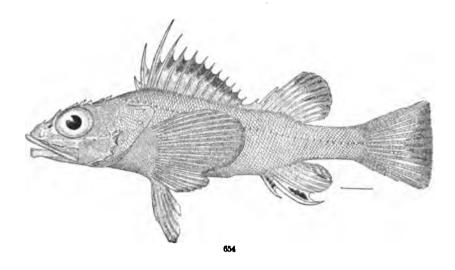
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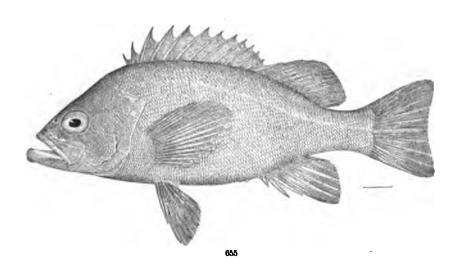




652. RANZANIA TRUNCATA. (P. 1755.) 653. SEBASTES MARINUS. (P. 1760.)

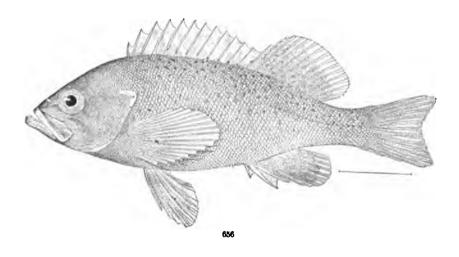


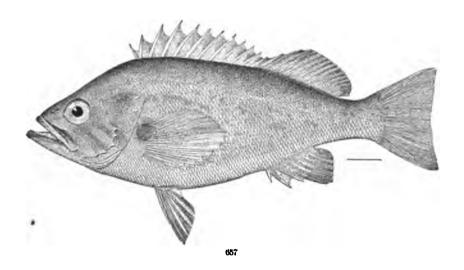




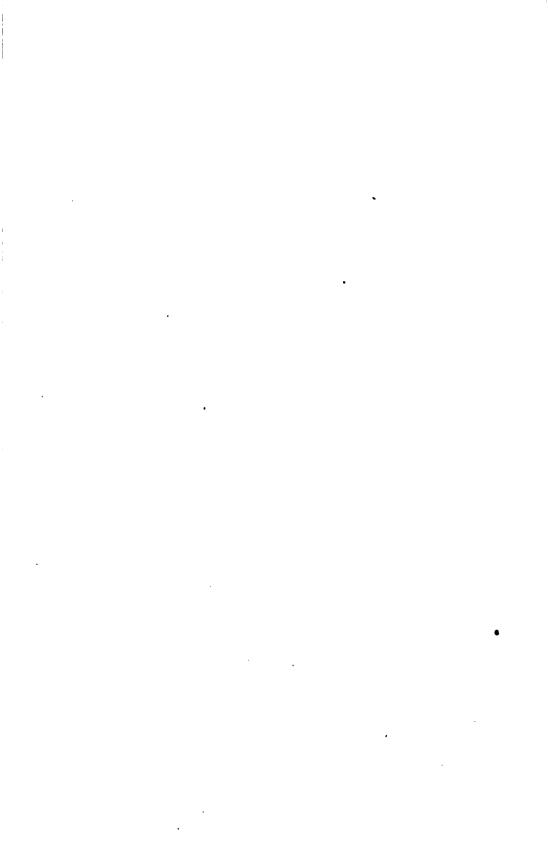
654. Sebastolobus altivelis. (P. 1763.) 655. Sebastodes melanops. (P. 1782.)

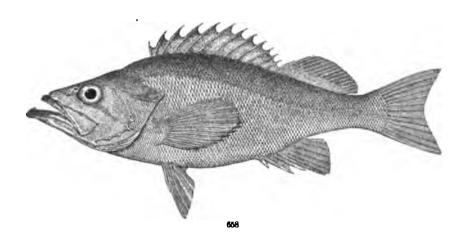


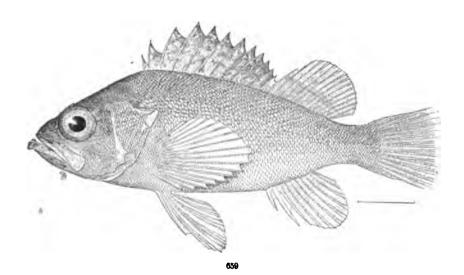




656. Sebastodes chijatus. (P. 1783.) 657. Sebastodes mystinus. (P. 1784.)

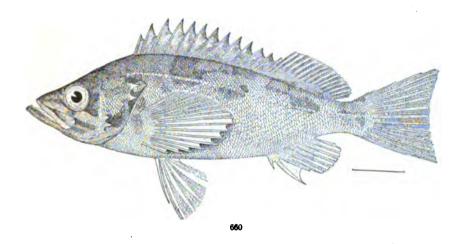


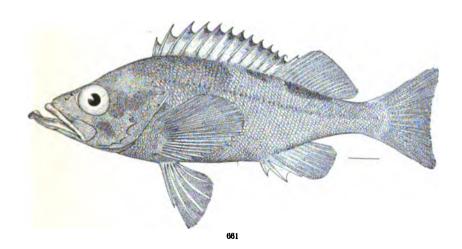




658. Sebastodes brevispinis. (P. 1787.) 659. Sebastodes eigenmanni. (P. 1789.)

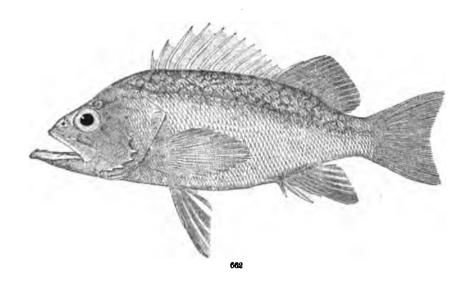
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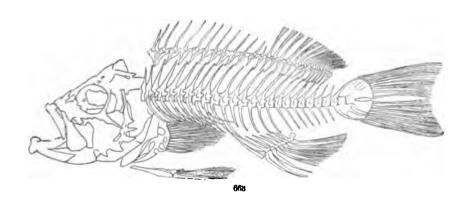




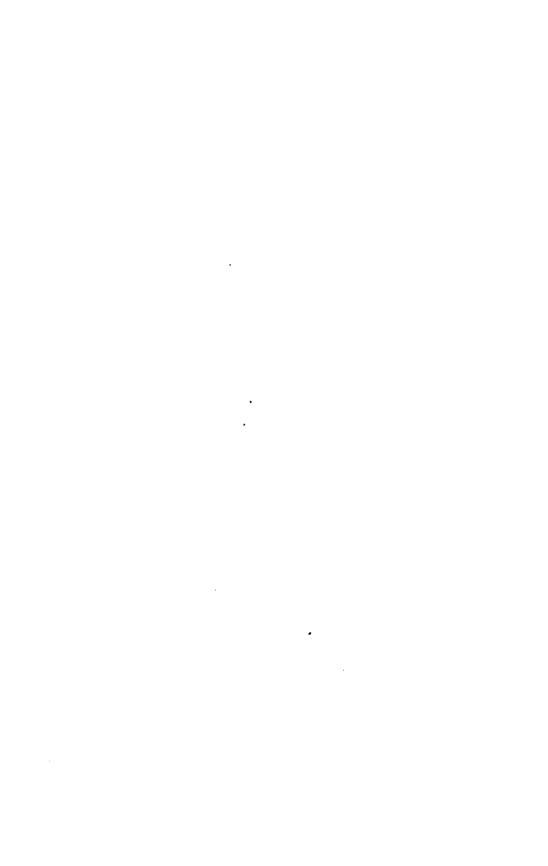
660. Sebastodes hopkinsi. (P. 1789.) 661. Sebastodes alutus. (P. 1790.)

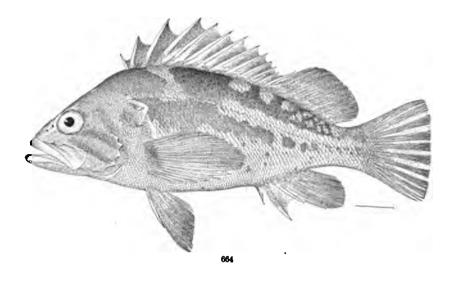


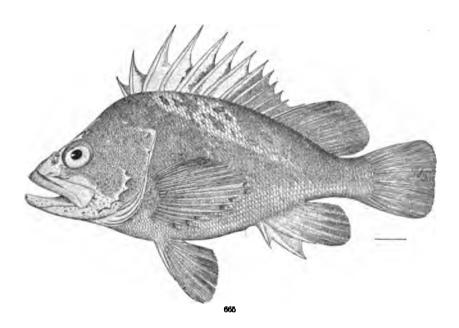




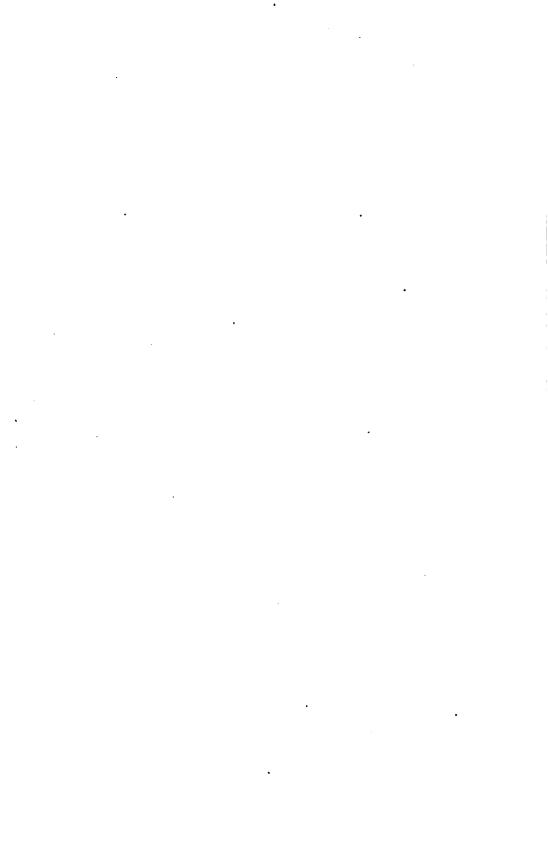
662. Srbastodes pinniger. (P. 1793.) 663. Sebastodes miniatus. (P. 1794.)

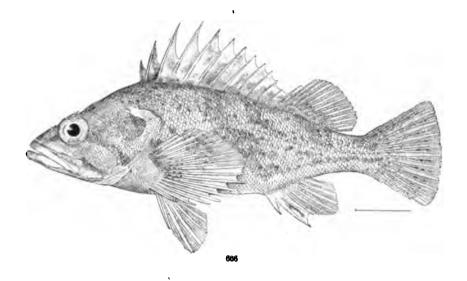


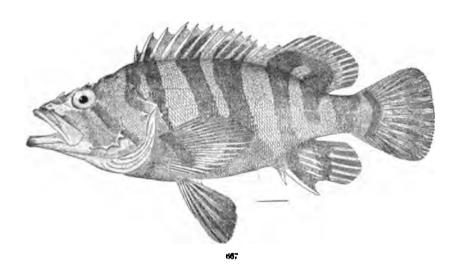




664. SEBASTODES CAURINUS. (P. 1820.) 665. SEBASTODES MALIGER. (P. 1822.)

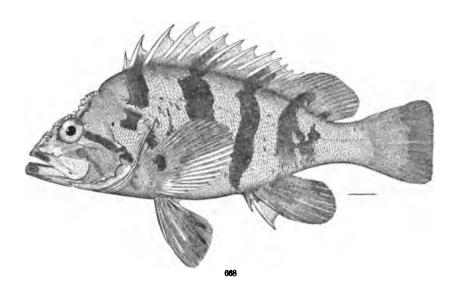


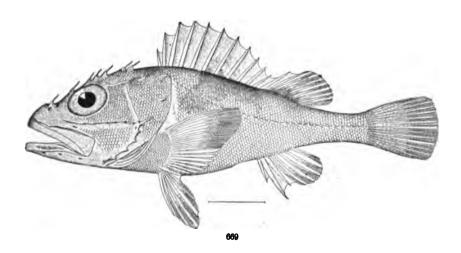




666. Sebastodes gilberti. (P. 1823.) 667. Sebastodes serriceps. (P. 1827.)

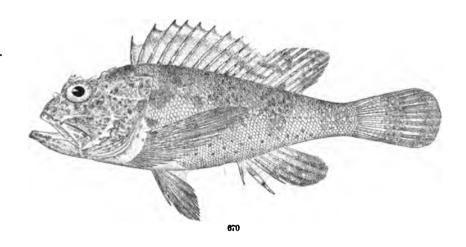


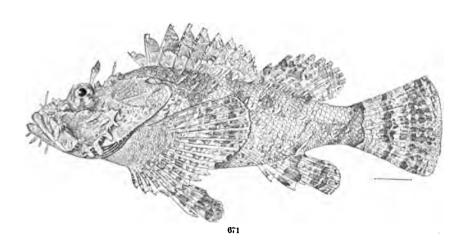




668. Sebastodes nigrocinctus. (P. 1827.) 669. Scorpæna cristulata. (P. 1841.)

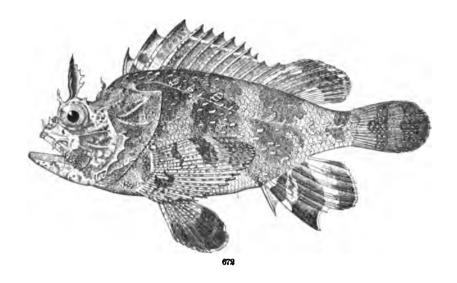


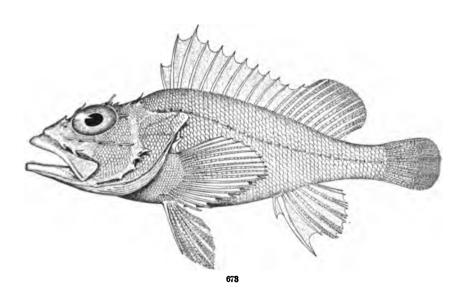




670. SCORPÆNA BRASILIENSIS. (P. 1842.) 671. SCORPÆNA MYSTES. (P. 1849.)

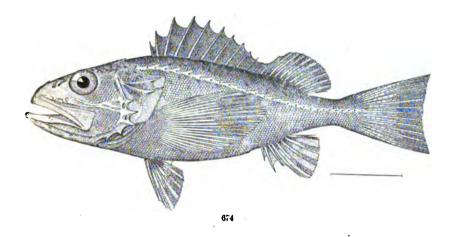


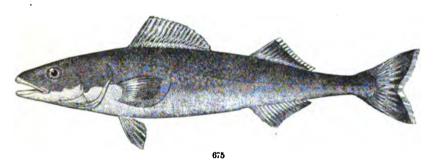


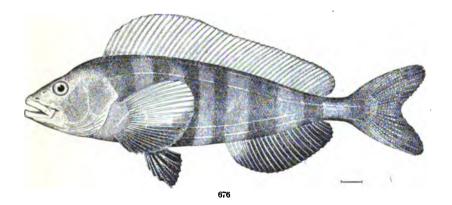


672. SCORPÆNA GRANDICORNIS. (P. 1850.) 673. PONTINUS MACROLEPIS. (P. 1855.)

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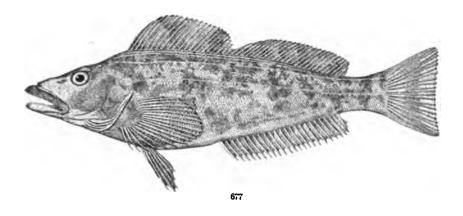


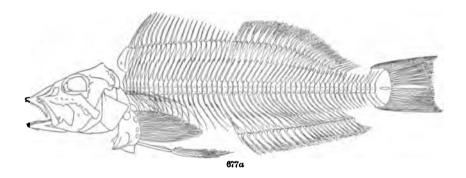


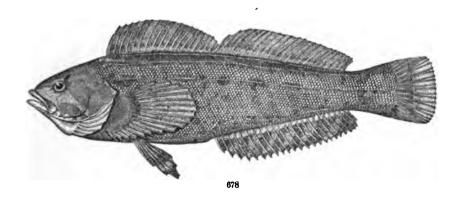


674. SETARCHES PARMATUS. (P. 1860.) 675. ANOPLOPOMA FIMBRIA. (P. 1862.) 676. PLEUROGRAMMUS MONOPTERYGIUS. (P. 1864.)

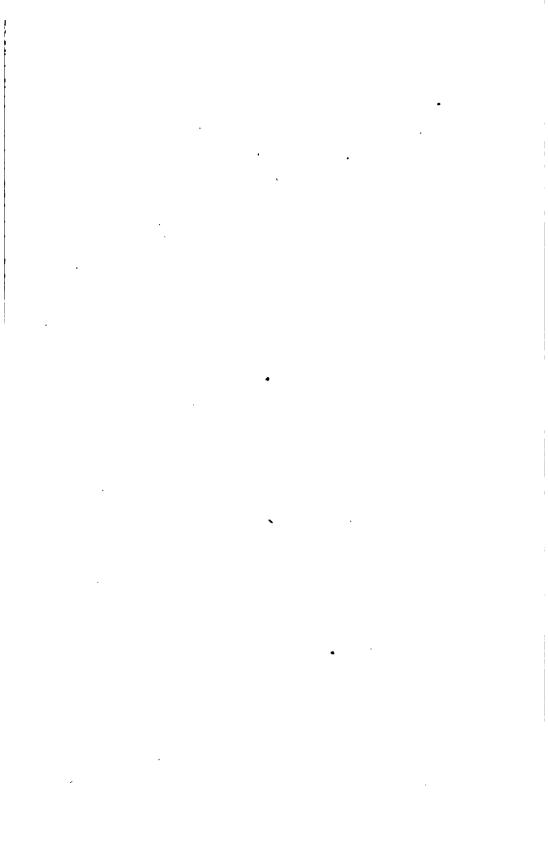


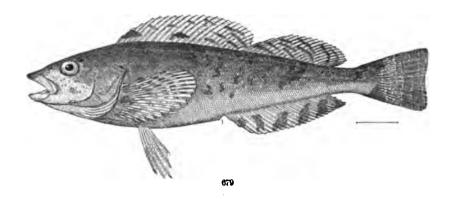


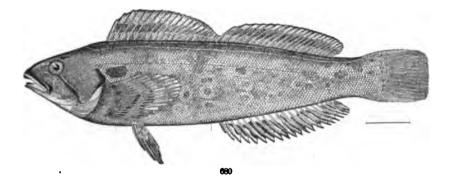


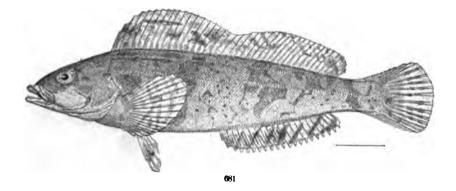


677, 677a. Hrxagrammos decagrammus. (P. 1867.) 678. Hexagrammos octogrammus. (P. 1869.)



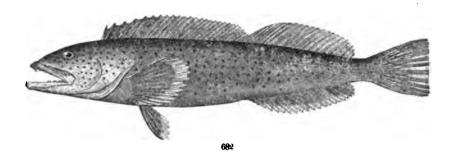


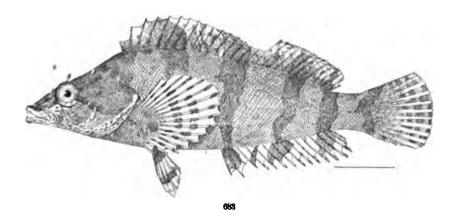


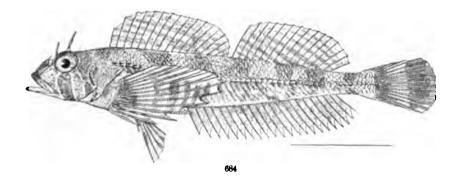


679. HEXAGRAMMOS STELLERI. (P. 1871.) 680. HEXAGRAMMOS SUPERCILIOSUS. (P. 1872.) 681. HEXAGRAMMOS OTAKII. (P. 1867.)

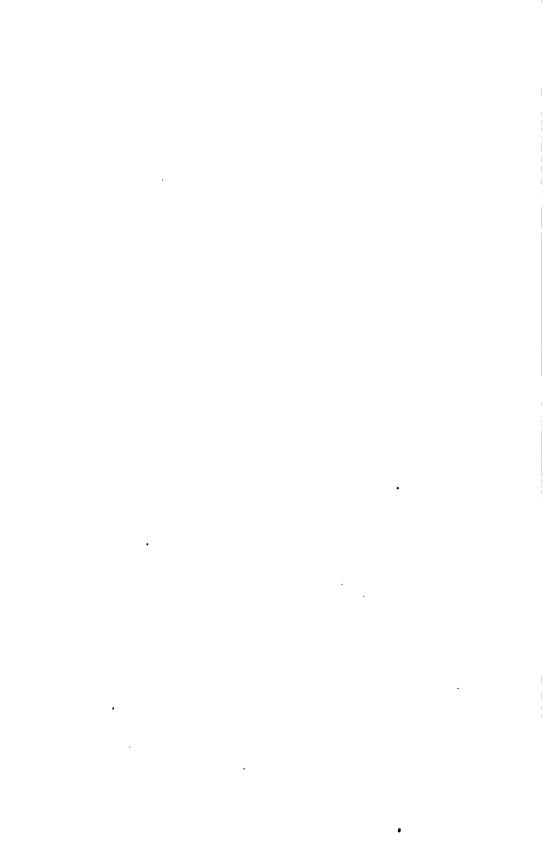


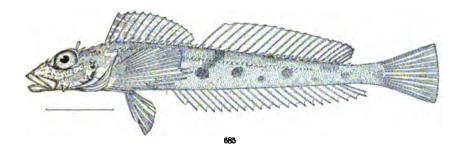


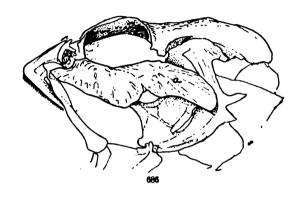


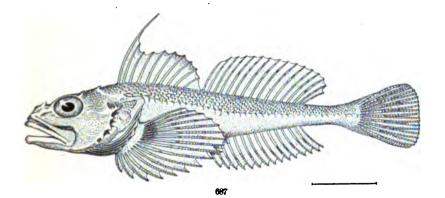


682. OPHIDION ELONGATUS. (P. 1875.) 683. OXYLEBIUS PICTUS. (P. 1878.) 684. JORDANIA ZONOPE. (P. 1884.)

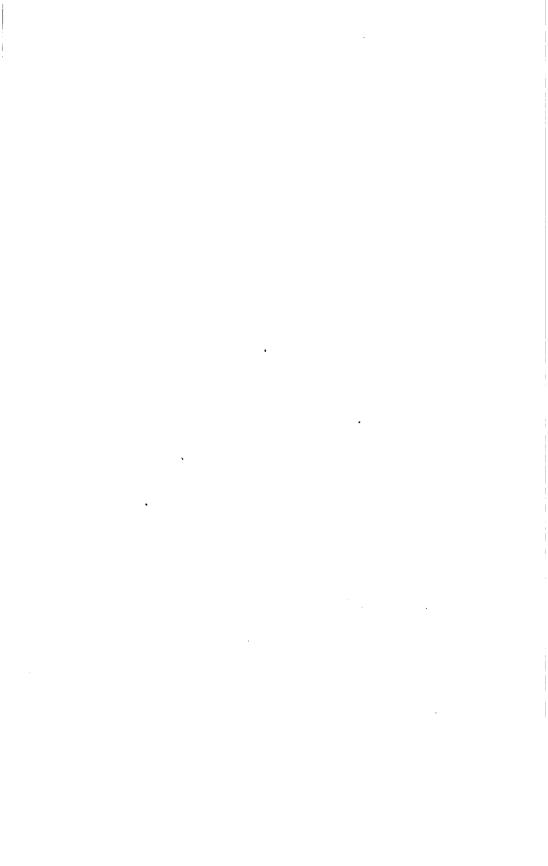


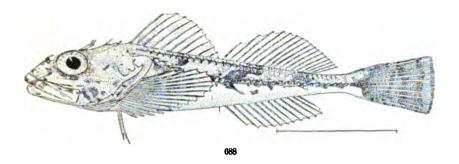


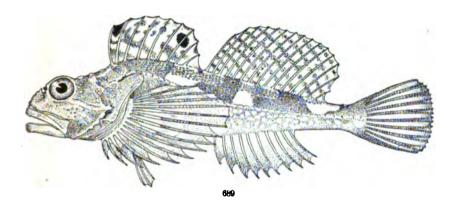


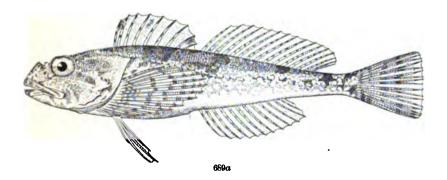


685. Alcidea thoburni. (P. 1887.) 686. Skull of Scorpænichthys marmoratus. (P. 1889.) 687. Chitonotus pugetensis. (P. 1890.)



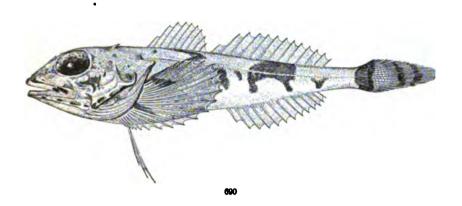


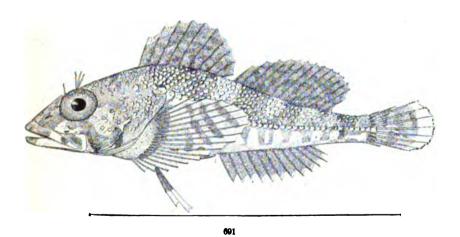




688. ICELINUS BOREALIS. (P. 1896.) 689. ASTROLYTES NOTOSPILOTUS. (P. 1899.) 689a. ASTROLYTES NOTOSPILOTUS; young? (P. 1899.)

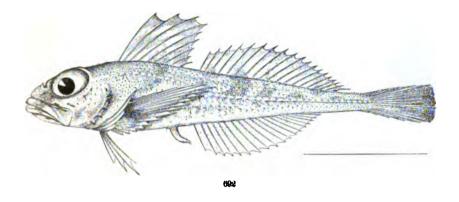


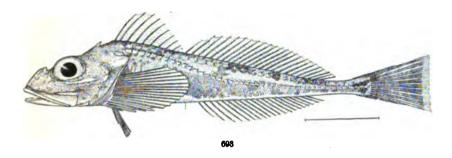


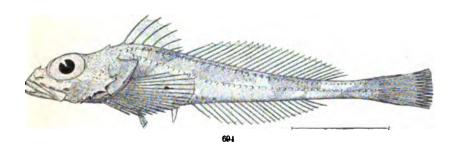


690. Artediellus atlanticus. (P. 1906.) 691. Ruscarius meanyi. (P. 1908.)

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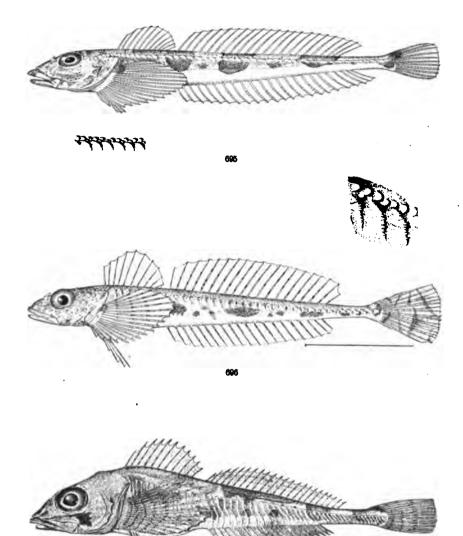






692. RASTRINUS SCUTIGER. (P. 1909.) 693. ICELUS SPINIGER. (P. 1914.) 694. ICELUS CANALICULATUS. (P. 1917.)

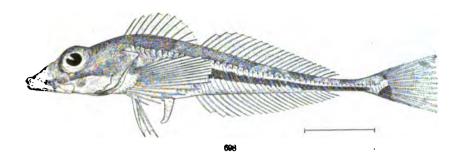
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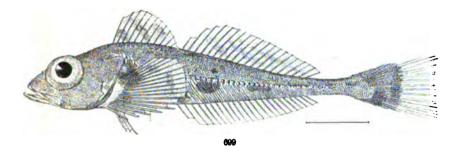


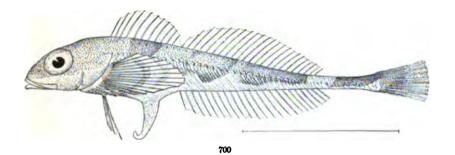
695. RADULINUS BOLEOIDES. (P. 1919.) 696. RADULINUS ASPRELLUS. (P. 1920.) 697. TRIGLOPS PINGELI. (P. 1923.)

697





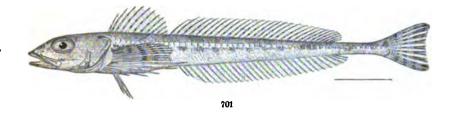


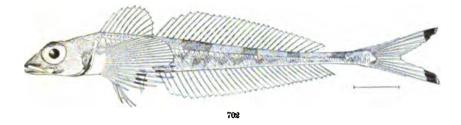


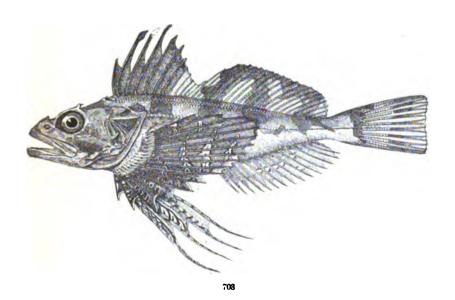


698. TRIGLOPS BRANI. (P. 1924.) 699. TRIGLOPS SCEPTICUS. (P. 1925.) 700, 700a. STERNIAS XENOSTETHUS. (P. 1927.)

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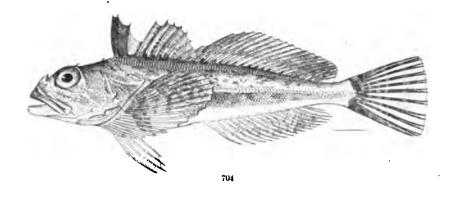


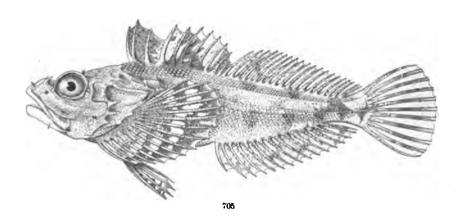


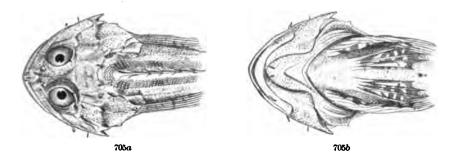


701. PRIONISTIUS MACELLUS. (P. 1928.) 702. ELANURA FORFICATA. (P. 1930.) 703. MELLETES PAPILIO. (P. 1932.)

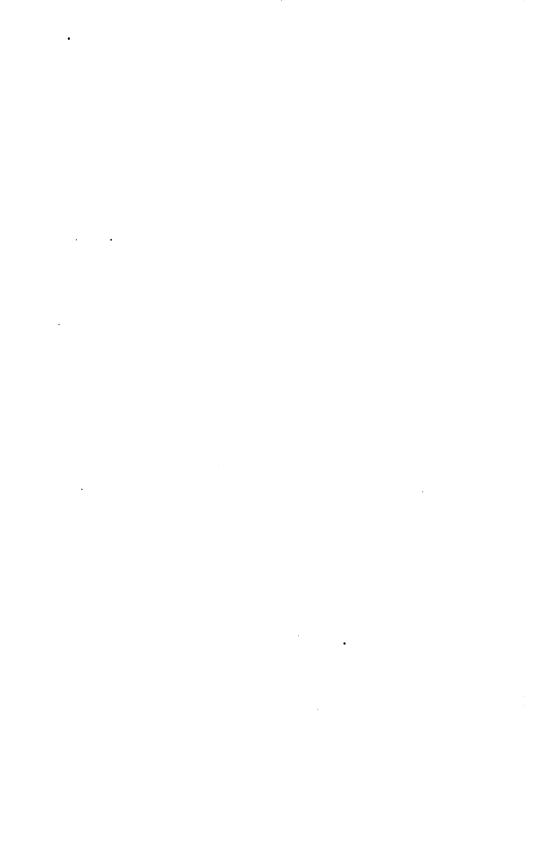


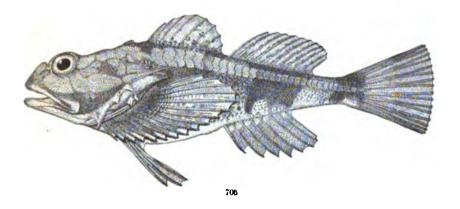


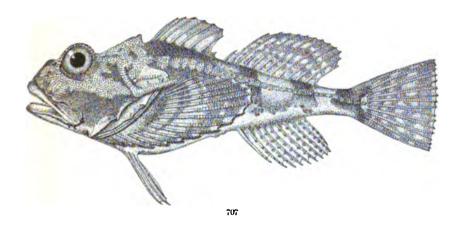




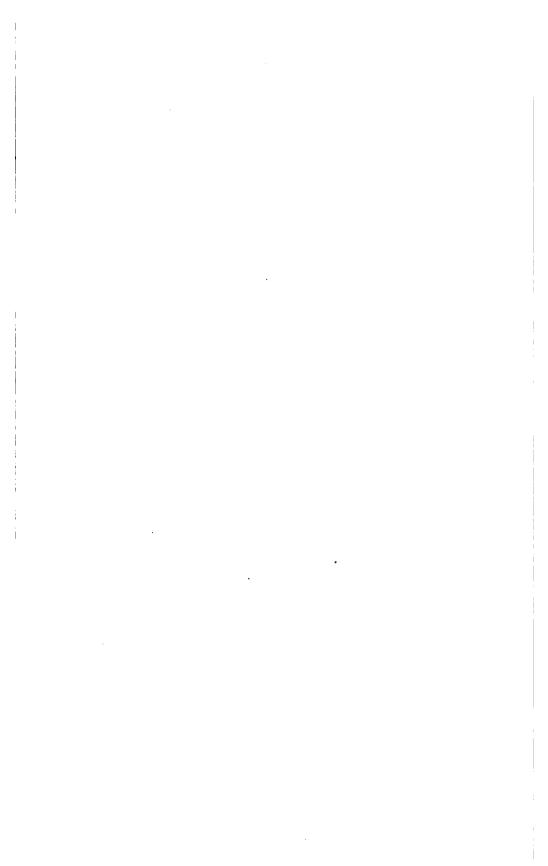
704. Hemilepidotus jordani. (P. 1934.) 705, 705a, 705b. Hemilepidotus hemilepidotus. (P. 1935.)

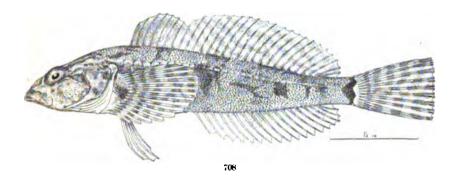


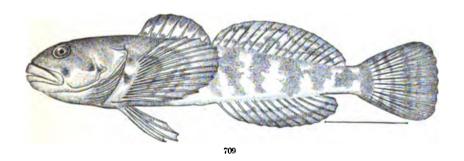




706. Enophrys bison. (P. 1938.) 707. Ceratocottus diceraus. (P. 1940.)

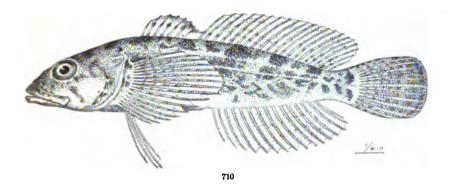


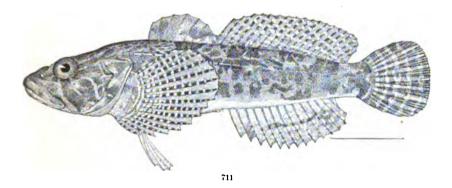


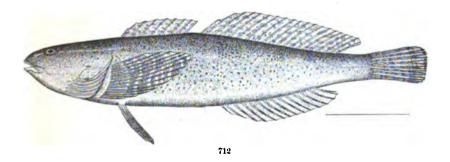


708. Cottus evermanni. (P. 1945.) 709. Cottus punctulatus. (P. 1948.)

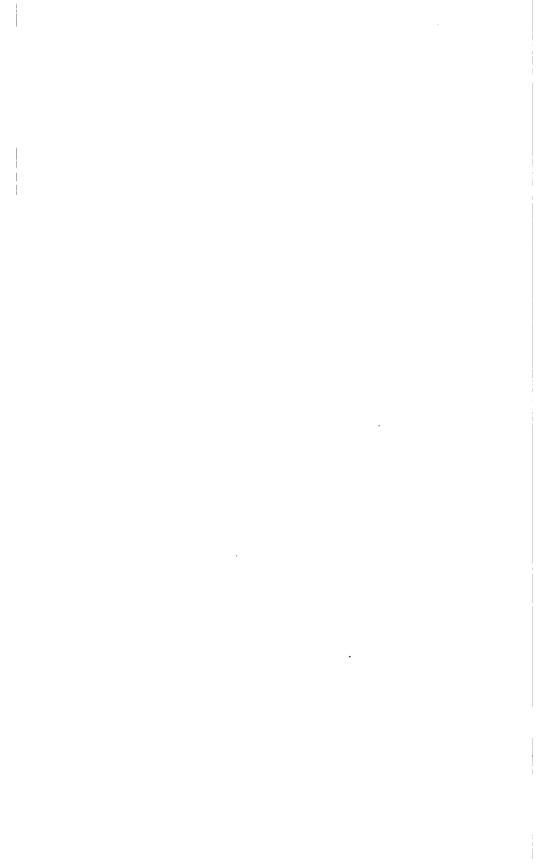


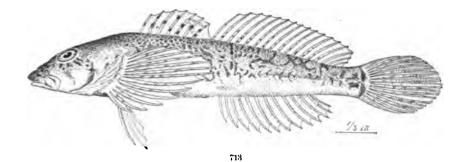


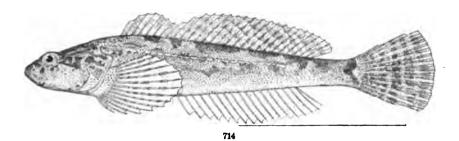


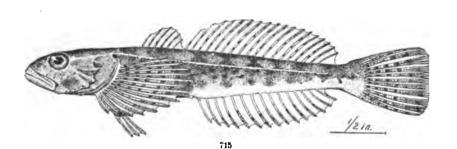


710. COTTUS PERPLEXUS. (P. 1955.) 711. COTTUS KLAMATHENSIS. (P. 1955.) 712. COTTUS ALEUTICUS. (P. 1957.)

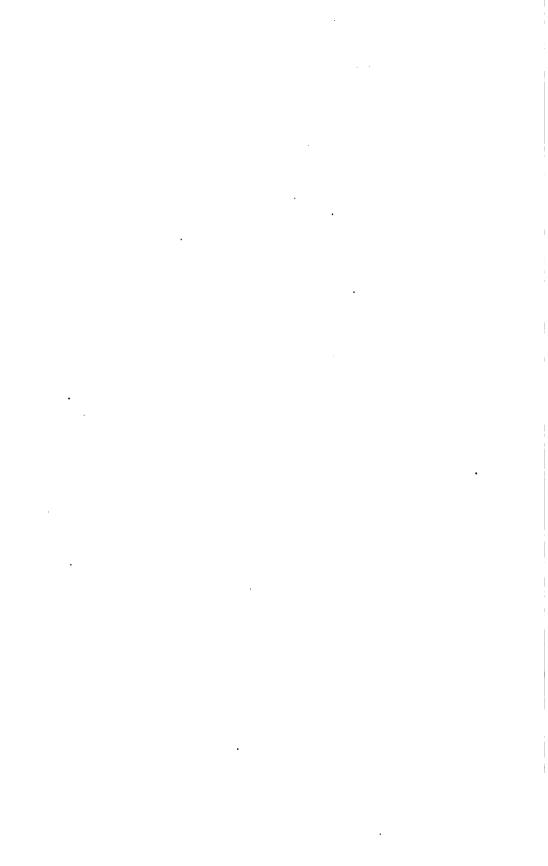


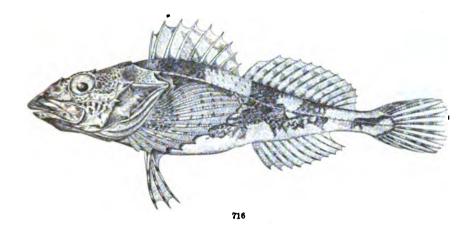




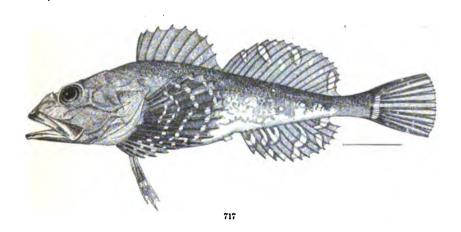


713. COTTUS LEIOPOMUS. (P. 1962.) 714. COTTUS PRINCEPS. (P. 1962.) 715. URANIDEA TENUIS. (P. 1966.)



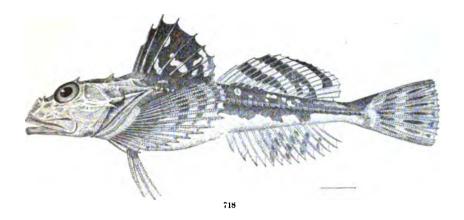


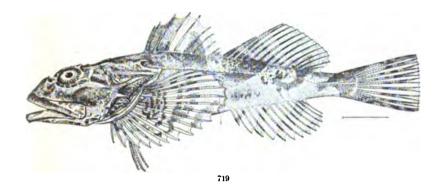


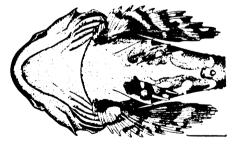


716, 716a. Myoxocephalus æneus. (P. 1972.) 717. Myoxocephalus scorpius. (P. 1974.)



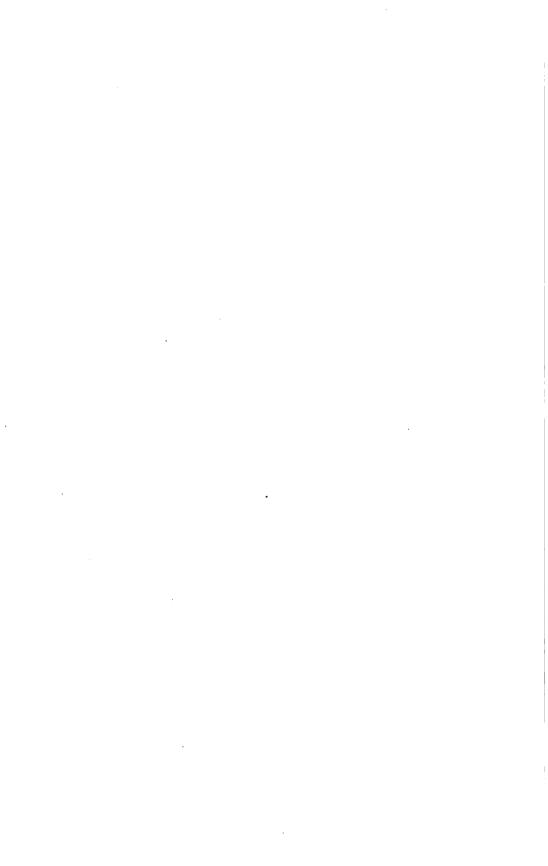


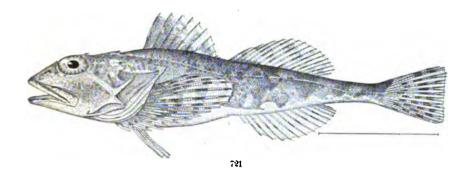


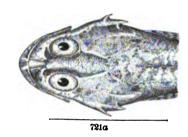


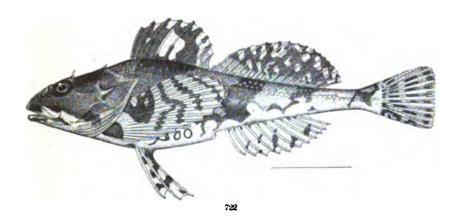
720

718. MYOXOCEPHALUS OCTODECIMSPINOSUS. (P. 1976.) 719. MYOXOCEPHALUS POLYACANTHOCEPHALUS. (P. 1976.) 720. MYOXOCEPHALUS JAOK. (P. 1977.)







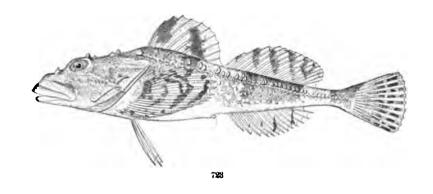


721, 721a. Myoxocephalus verrucosus. (P. 1979.) 722. Myoxocephalus axillaris. (P. 1980.)

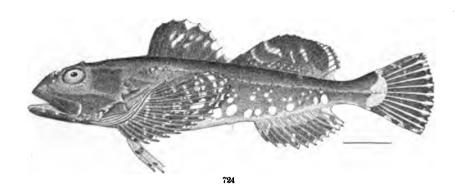
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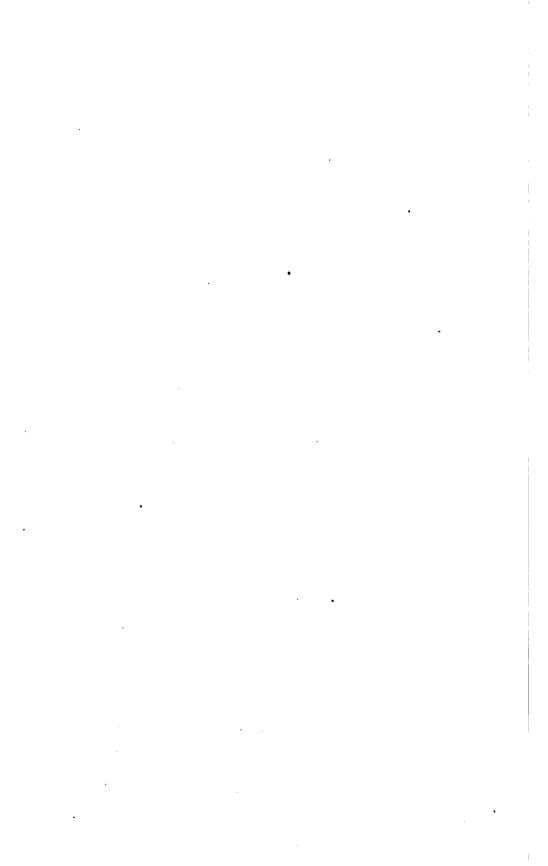
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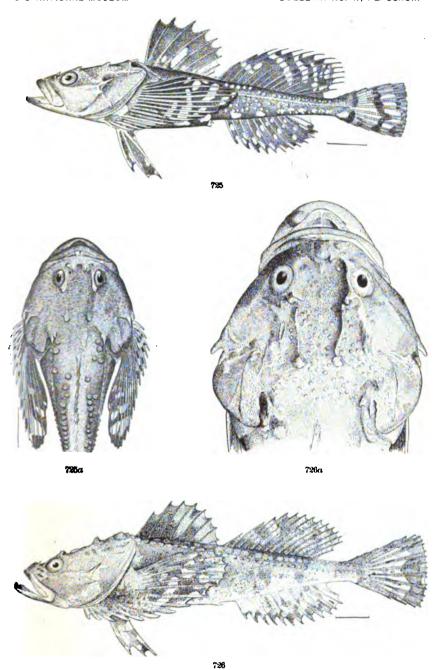




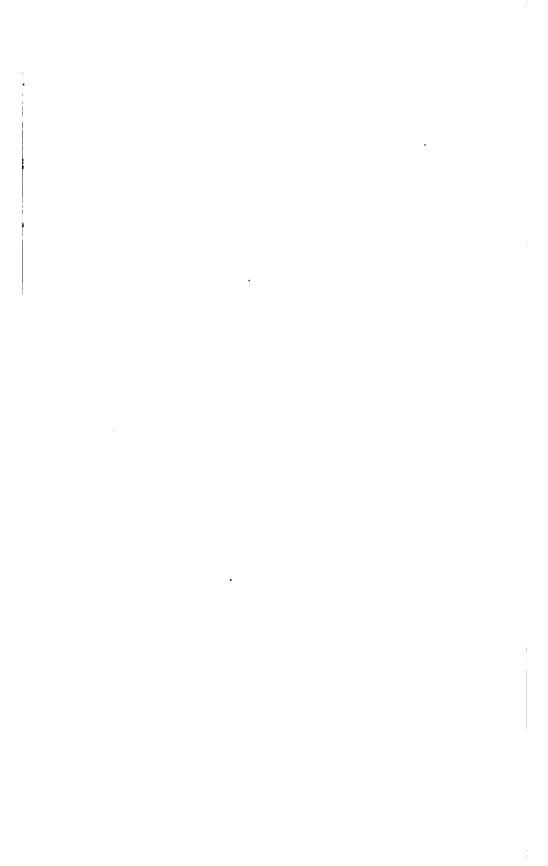


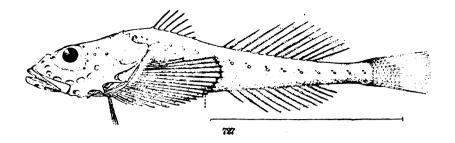
723, 723a, 723b. MYOXOCEPHALUS STELLERI. (P. 1981.) 724. MYOXOCEPHALUS NIGER. (P. 1985.)

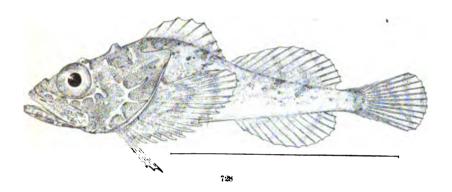


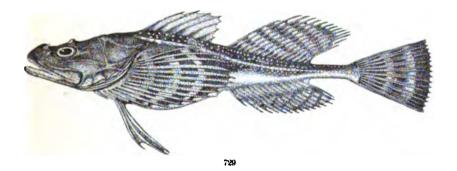


725, 725a. MEGALOCOTTUS PLATYCEPHALUS. (P. 1987.) 726, 726a. MEGALOCOTTUS LATICEPS. (P. 1988.)

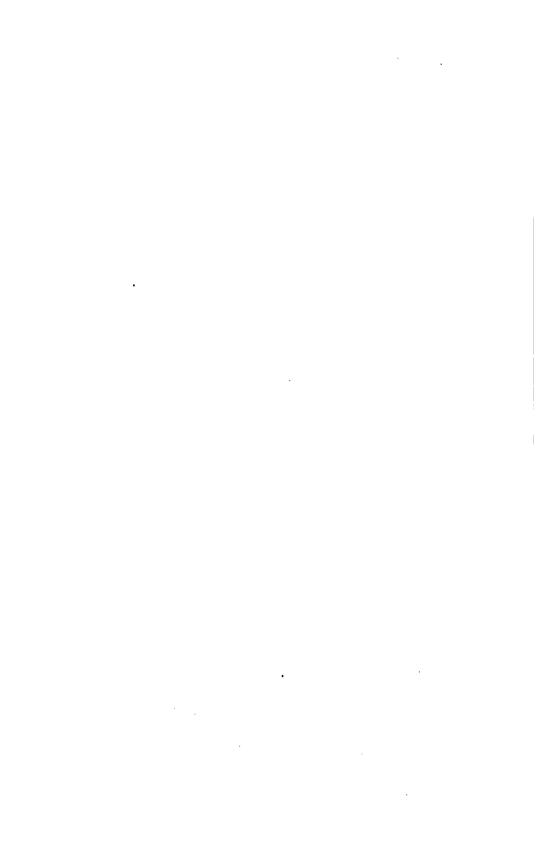


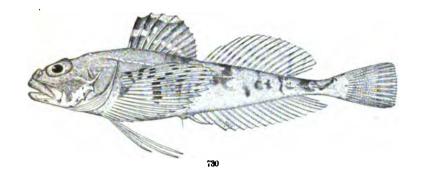






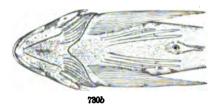
727. ZESTICELUS PROFUNDORUM. (P. 1990.) 728. DASYCOTTUS SETIGER. (P. 1991.) 729. ONCOCOTTUS QUADRICORNIS. (P. 2001.)

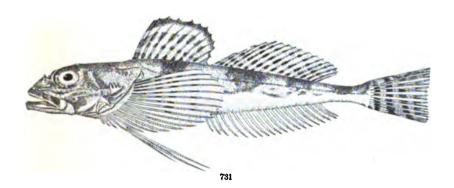






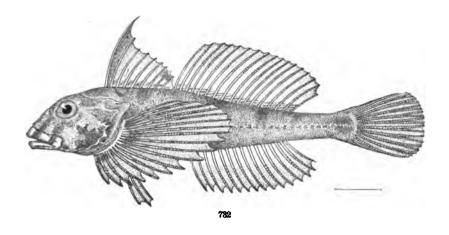


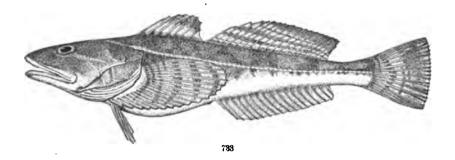


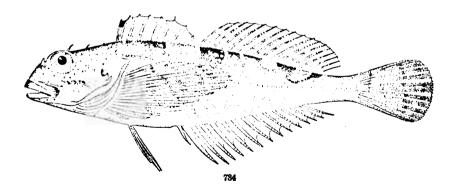


730, 730a, 730b. GYMNOCANTHUS PISTILLIGER. (P. 2006.) 731. GYMNOCANTHUS GALEATUS. (P. 2010.)

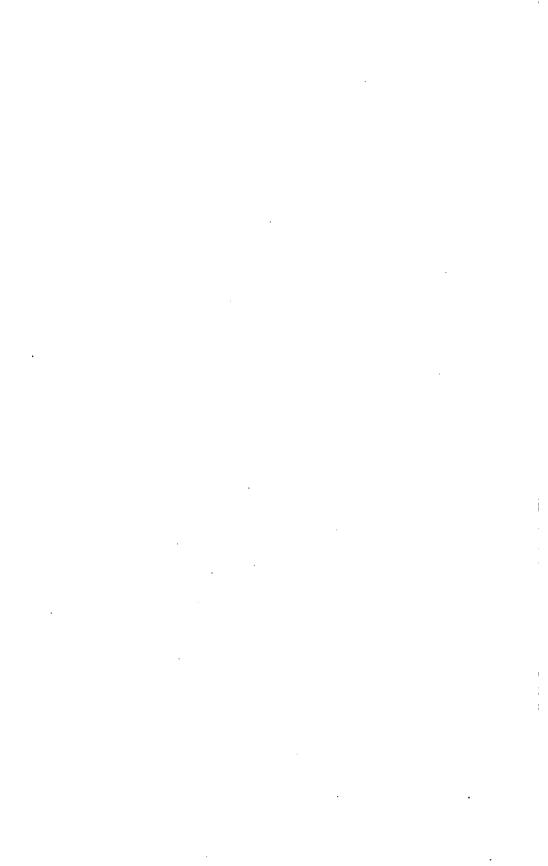
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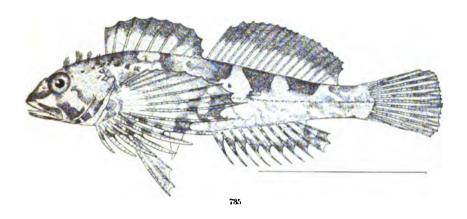


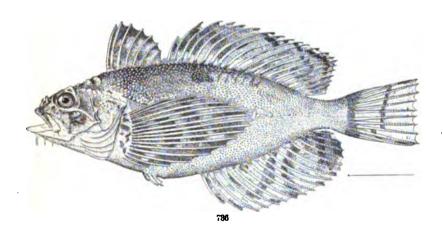




732. LEIOCOTTUS HIRUNDO. (P. 2011.)
733. LEPTOCOTTUS ARMATUS. (P. 2012.)
734. OLIGOCOTTUS MACULOSUS. (P. 2013.)

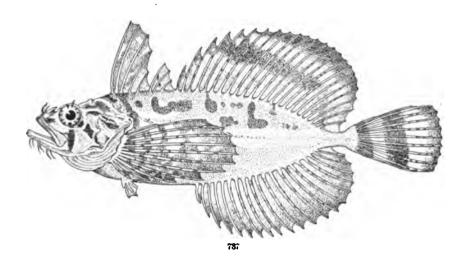


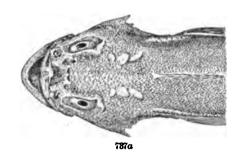


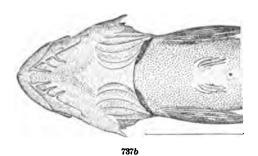


735. Blennicottus embryum. (Pp. 2016, 2864.) 736. Histiocottus bilobus. (P. 2018.)

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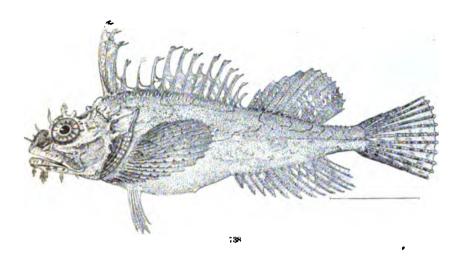


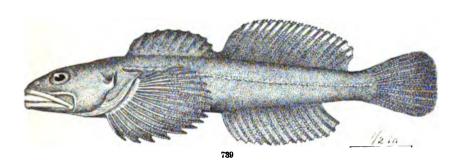




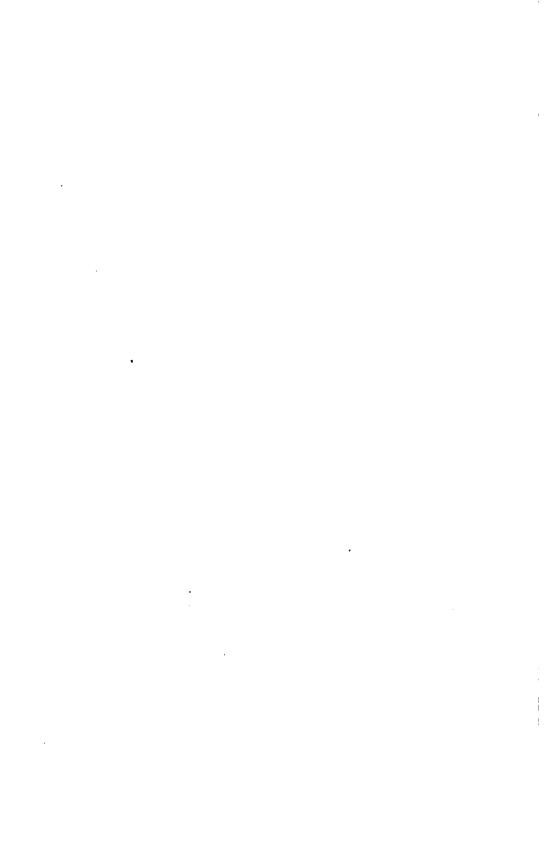
737, 737a, 737b. BLEPSIAS CIRRHOSUS. (P. 2018.)

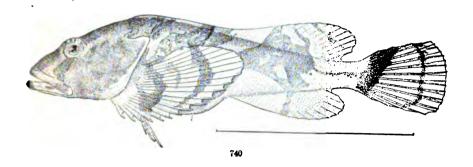


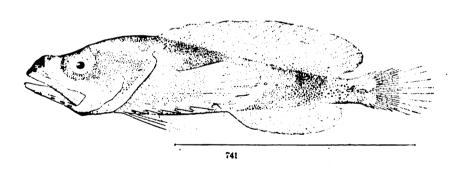




738. Hemitripterus americanus. (P. 2023.) 739. Ascelichthys rhodorus. (P. 2025.)

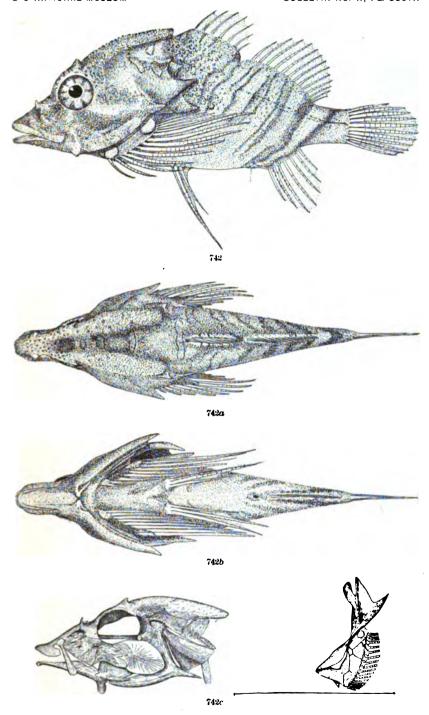




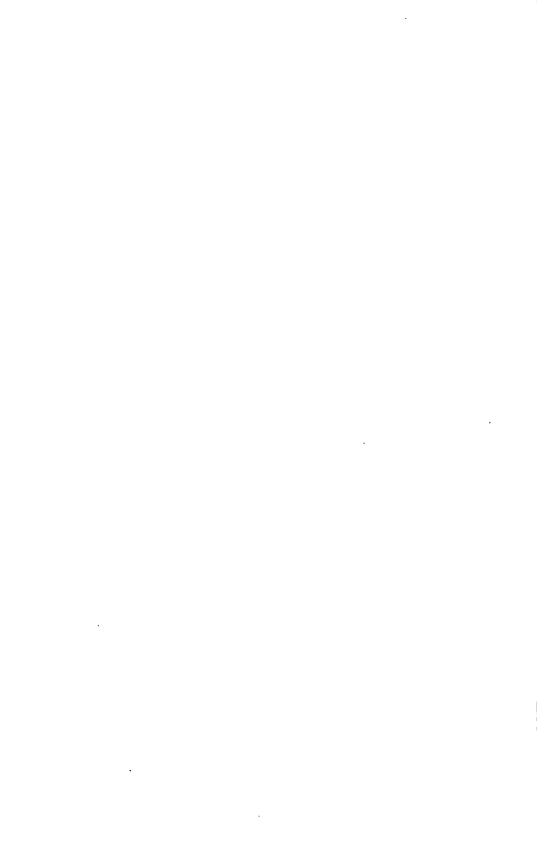


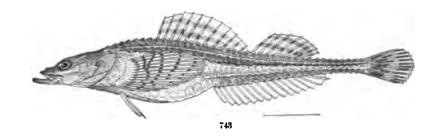
740. PSYCHROLUTES PARADOXUS. (P. 2026.) 741. GILBERTIDIA SIGOLUTES. (P. 2028.)

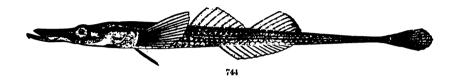


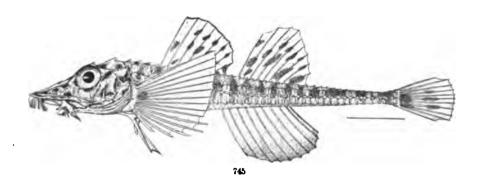


742, 742a, 742b, 742c. Rhamphocottus richardsoni. (P. 2030.)





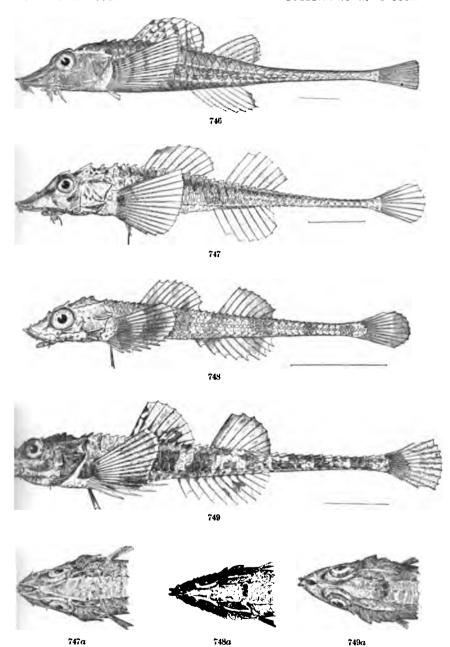




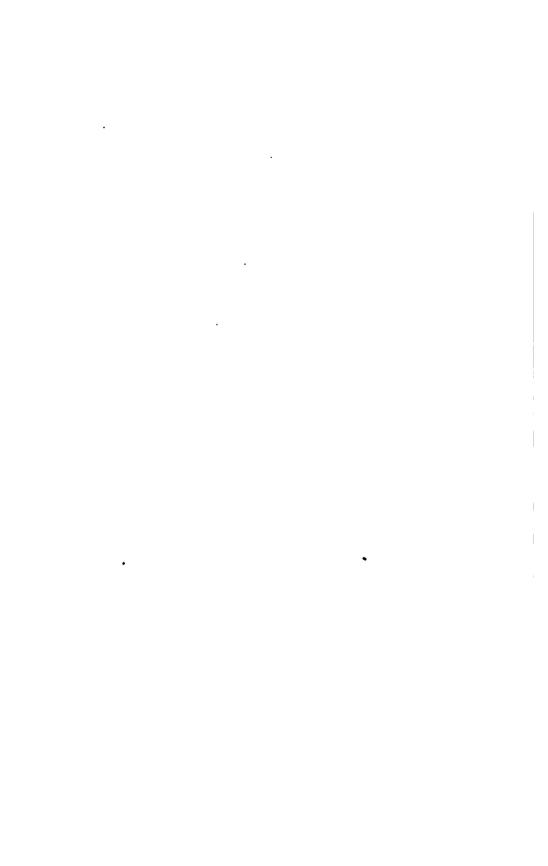


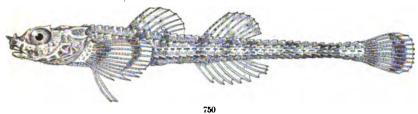
743. OCCA DODECAEDRON. (P. 2044.) 744. PALLASINA BARBATA. (P. 2049.) 745, 745a. PODOTHECUS ACCIPITER. (P. 2055.)

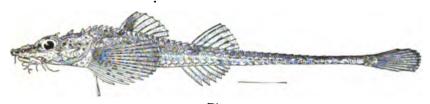




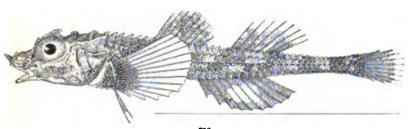
746. PODOTHECUS ACIPENSERINUS. (P. 2061.) 747, 747a. PODOTHECUS VETERNUS. (P. 2063.) 748, 748a. STELGIS VULSUS. (P. 2067.) 749, 749a. AVERRUNCUS EMMELANE. (P. 2069.)



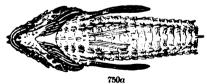




751



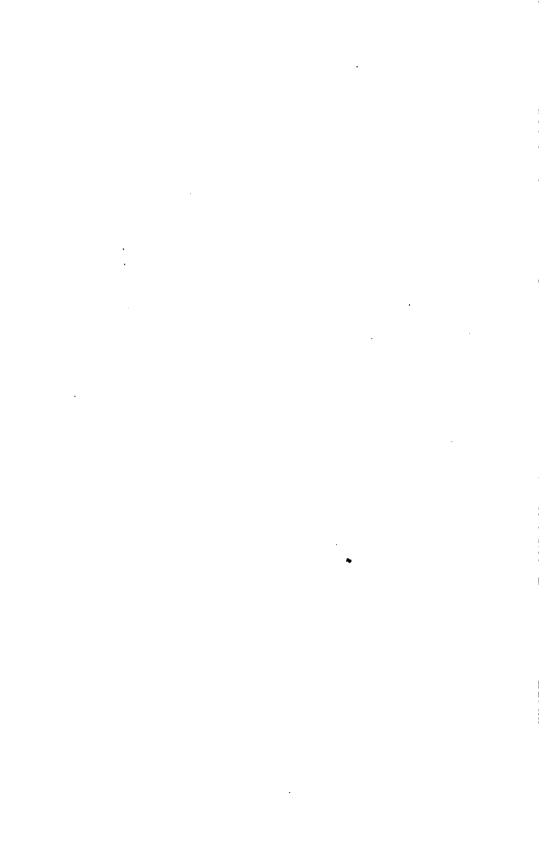
752



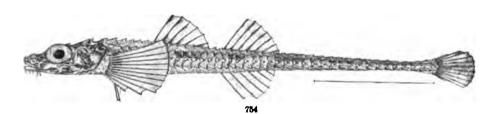


752a

750, 750a. AVERRUNCUS STERLETUS. (P. 2071.) 751. SARRITOR FRENATUS. (P. 2073.) 752, 752a. XYSTES AXINOPHRYS. (P. 2076.)

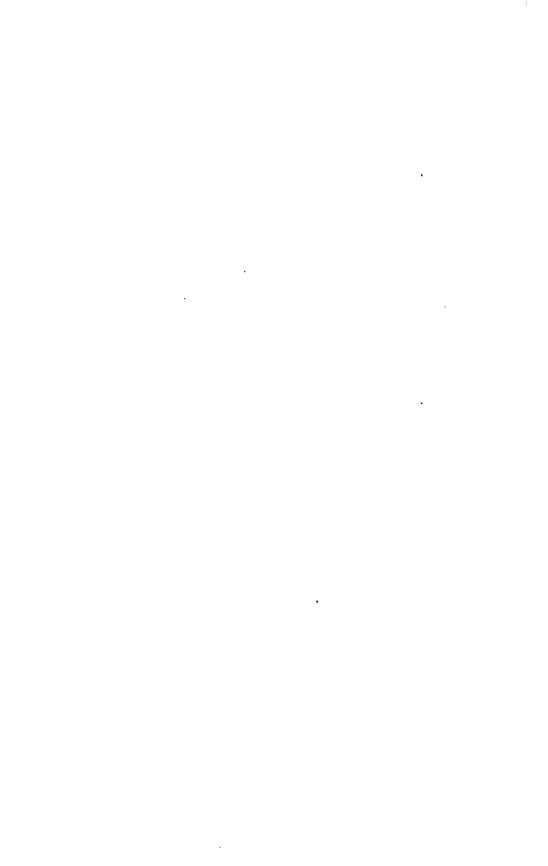


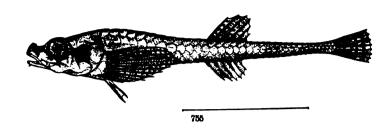


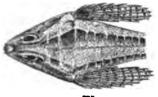




753. Bathyagonus nigripinnis. (P. 2078.) 754, 754a. Xenochirus triacanthus. (P. 2084.)











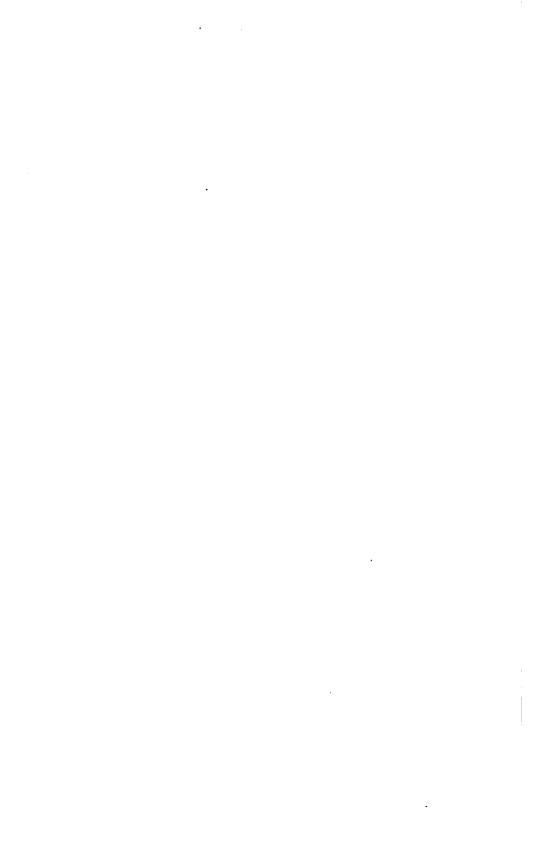
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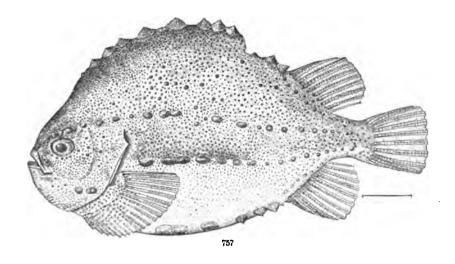


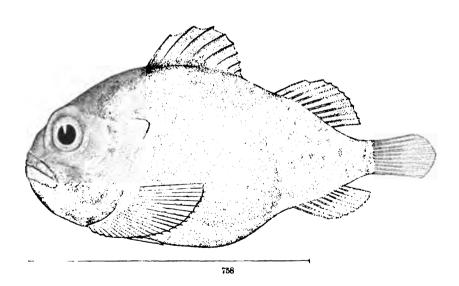


756a

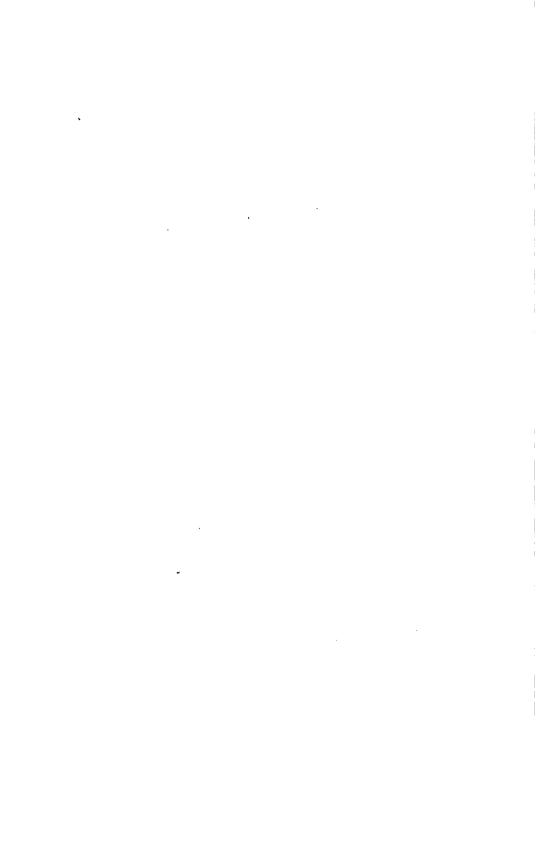
755, 755a, 755b. Aspidophoroides guntheri. (P. 2090.) 756, 756a. Aspidophoroides monopterygius. (P. 2091.)

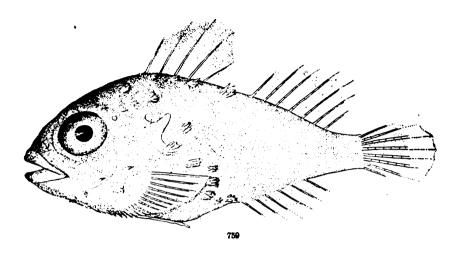


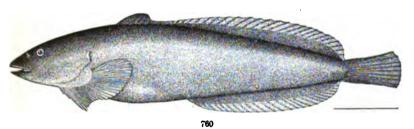




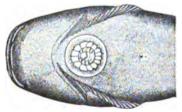
757. CYCLOPTERUS LUMPUS. (P. 2096.) 758. LETHOTREMUS MUTICUS. (P. 2101.)





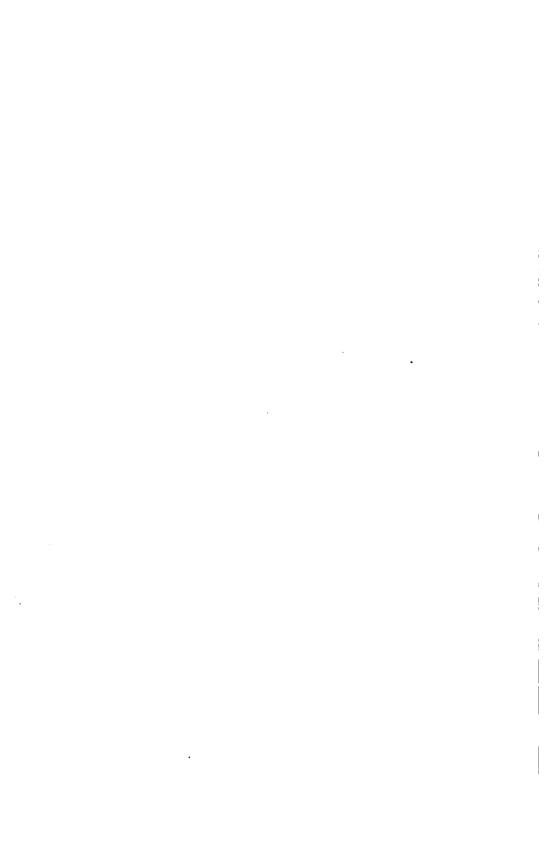


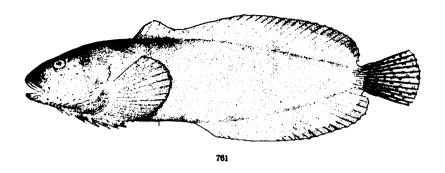


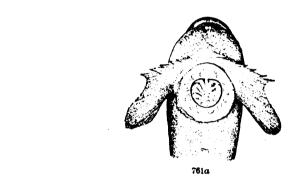


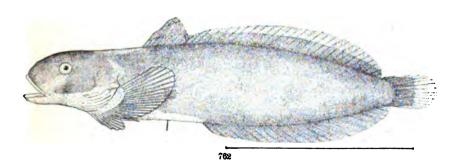
760a

759. Lethotremus vinolentus. (P. 2101.) 760, 760a. Neoliparis callyodon. (P. 2110.)



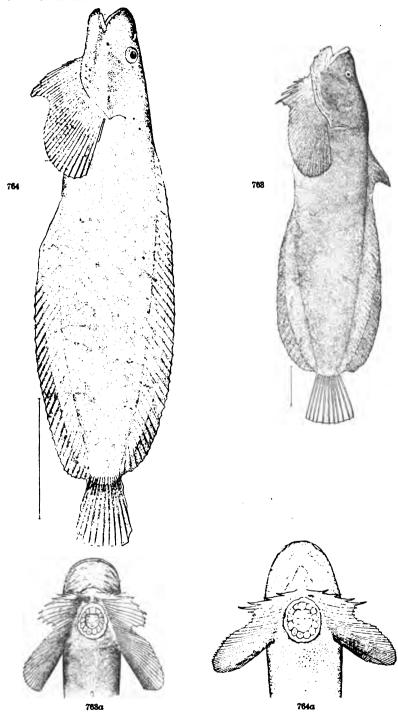




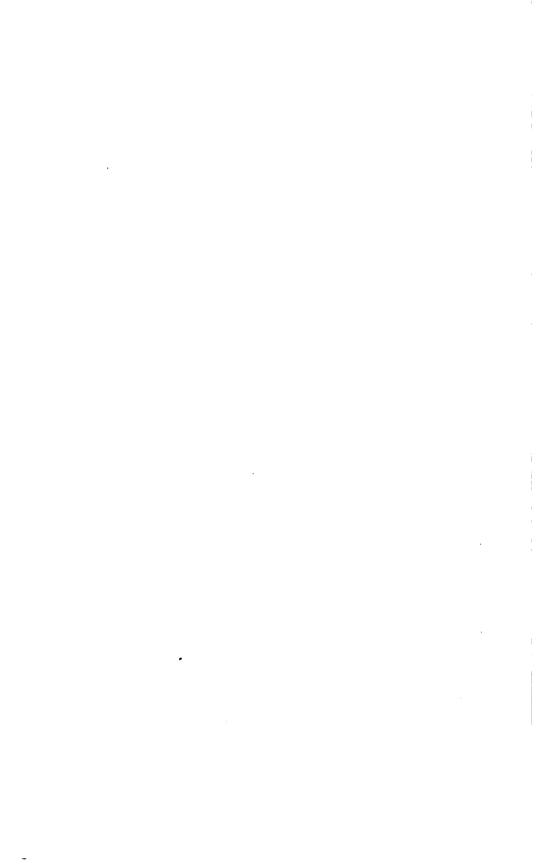


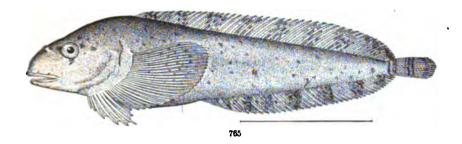
761, 761a. NEOLIPARIS MUCOSUS. (P. 2111.) 762. NEOLIPARIS FLORÆ. (P. 2111.)

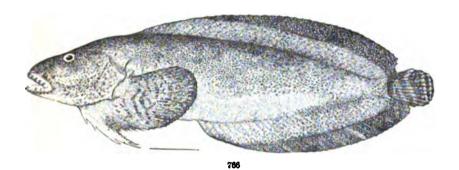
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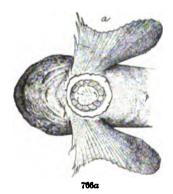


763, 763a. Neoliparis greeni. (P. 2112.) 764, 764a. Liparis cyclopus. (P. 2118.)



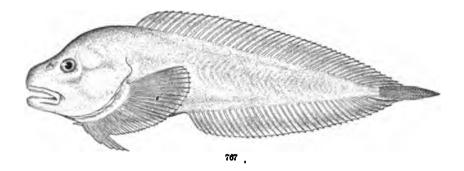


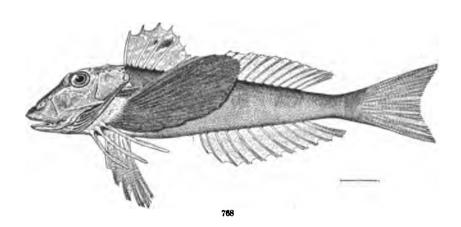




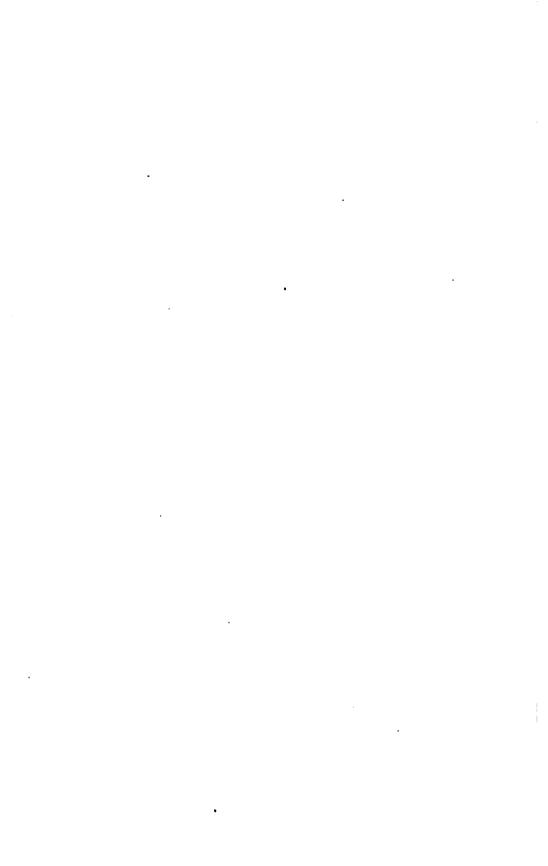
765. Liparis agassizii. (P. 2121.) 766, 766a. Liparis dennyi. (P. 2124.)

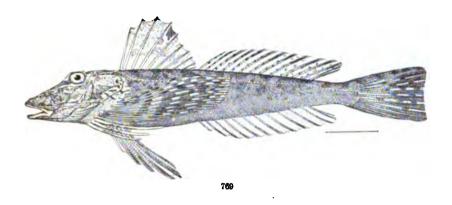
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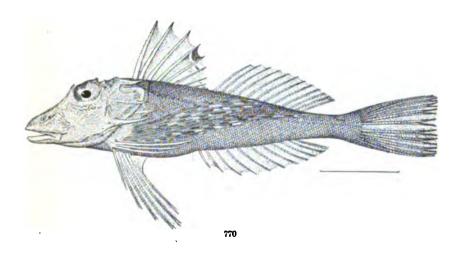




767. BATHYPHASMA OVIGERUM. (P. 2128.) 768. PRIONOTUS CAROLINUS. (P. 2156.)

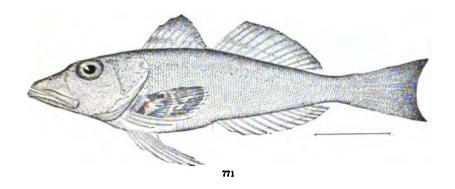


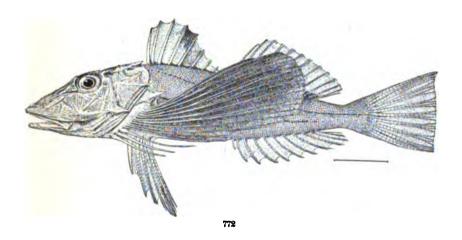




769. PRIONOTUS SCITULUS. (P. 2157.) 770. PRIONOTUS ALATUS. (P. 2159.)

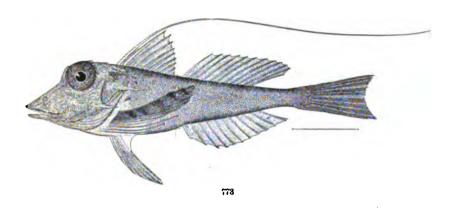


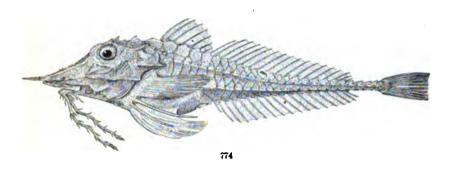


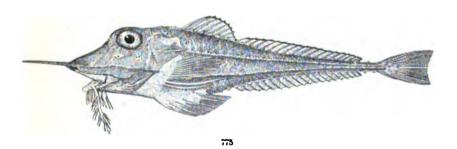


771. PRIONOTUS STEARNSI. (P. 2166.) 772. PRIONOTUS EVOLANS. (P. 2168.)

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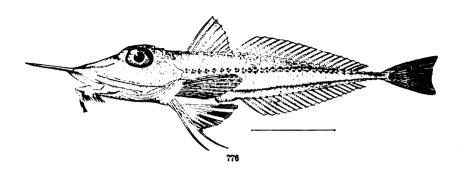


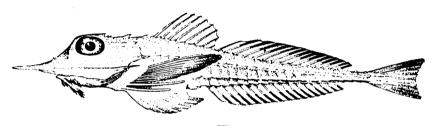




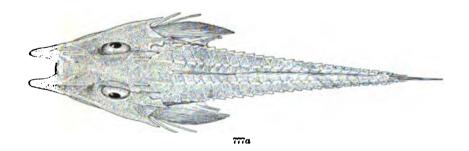
773. BELLATOR EGRETTA. (P. 2174.) 774. PERISTEDION MINIATUM. (P. 2178.) 775. PERISTEDION LONGISPATHUM. (P. 2178.)

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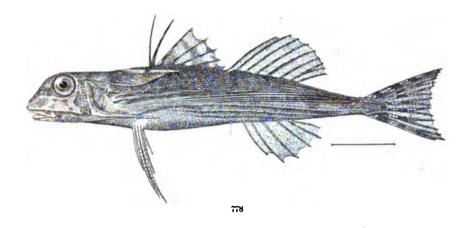


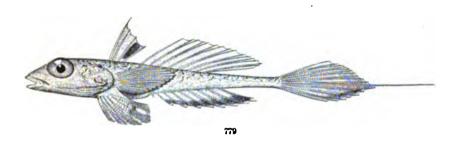
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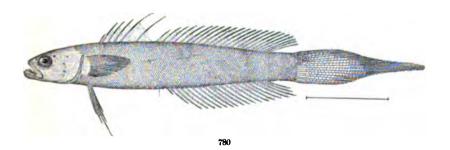


776. PERISTEDION GRACILE. (P. 2179.) 777, 777a. PERISTEDION PLATYCEPHALUM. (P. 2180.)



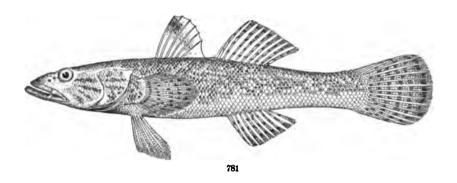


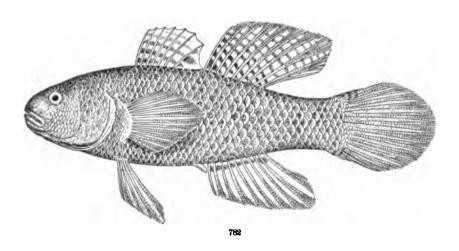




778. CEPHALACANTHUS VOLITANS. (P. 2183.) 779. CALLIONYMUS AGASSIZII. (P. 2186.) 780. IOGLOSSUS CALLIURUS. (P. 2193.)

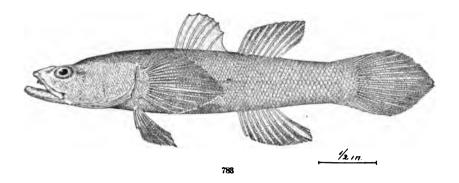


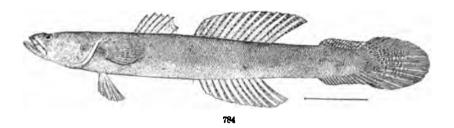


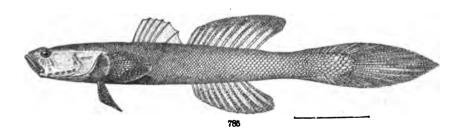


781. PHILYPNUS DORMITOR. (P. 2194.) 782. DORMITATOR MACULATUS. (P. 2196.)



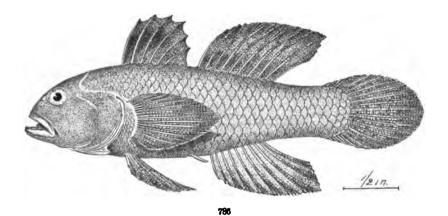


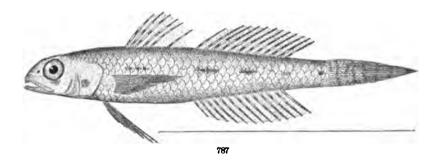


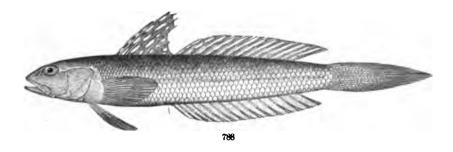


783. ELEOTRIS PISONIS. (P. 2200.) 784. ALEXURUS ARMIGER. (P. 2203.) 785. EROTELIS SMARAUDUS. (P. 2204.)

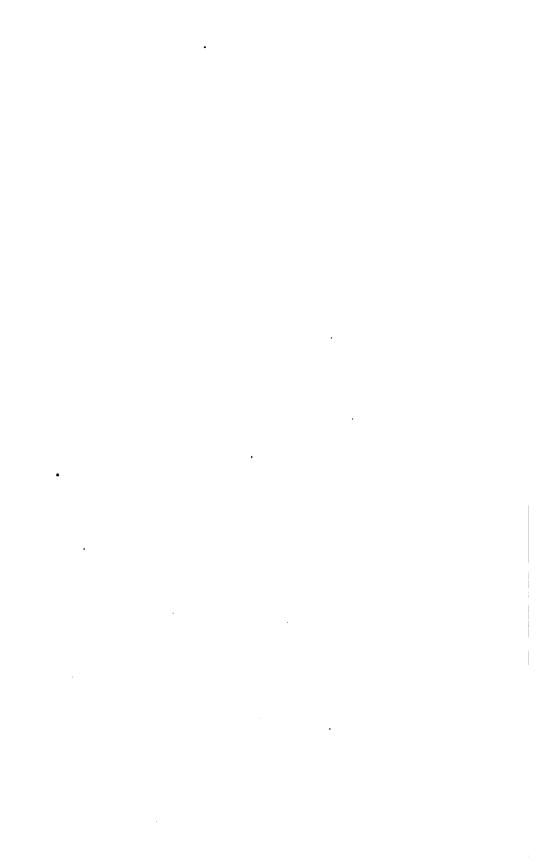
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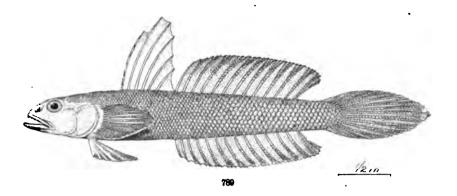


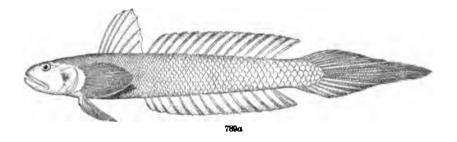


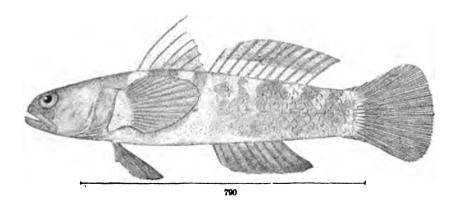


786. LOPHOGOBIUS CYPRINOIDES. (P. 2209.) 787. GOBIUS STIGMATICUS. (P. 2224.) 788. GOBIUS HASTATUS. (P. 2229.)



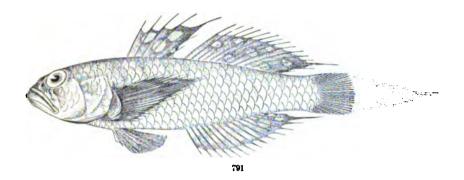


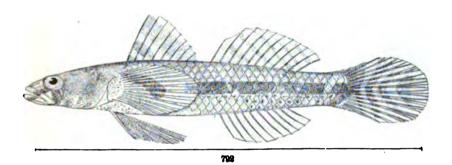


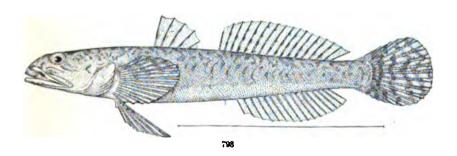


789 789a. Gobius oceanicus. (P. 2230.) 790 Garmannia paradoxa. (P. 2232.)



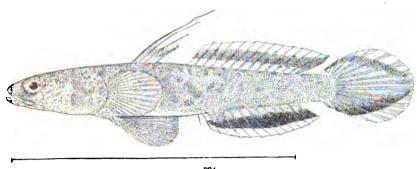




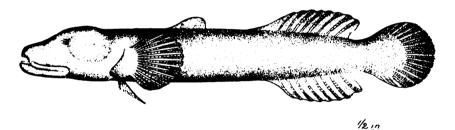


791. BOLLMANNIA CHLAMYDES. (P. 2238.)792. ABOMA ETHROSTOMA. (P. 2240.)793. CLEVELANDIA 108. (P. 2254.)

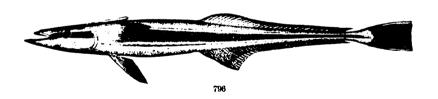




794

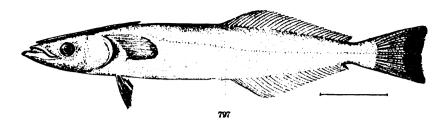


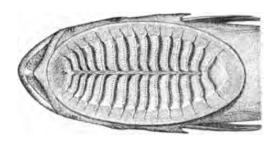
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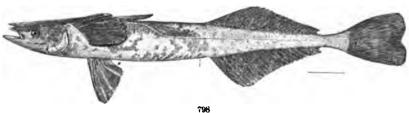
794. EVERMANNIA ZOSTERURA. (P. 2256.) 795. TYPHLOGOBIUS CALIFORNIENSIS. (P. 2262.) 796. ECHENEIS NAUCRATES. (P. 2269.)

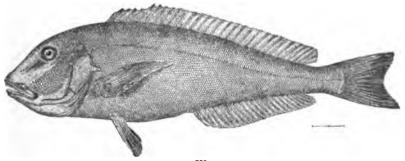
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797 a

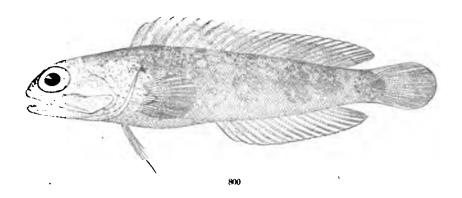


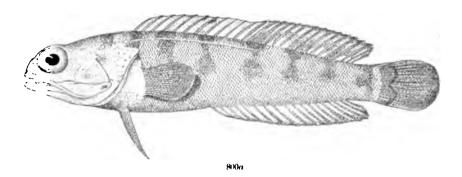


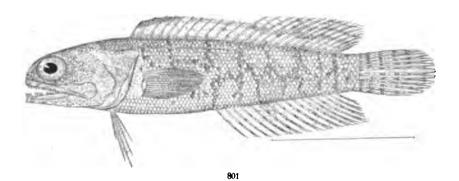
799

797, 797a. REMORA BRACHYPTERA. (P. 2272.) 798. RHOMBOCHIRUS OSTEOCHIR. (P. 2273.) 799. CAULOLATILUS MICROPS. (P. 2277.)



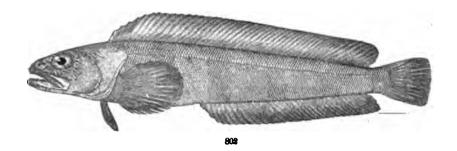


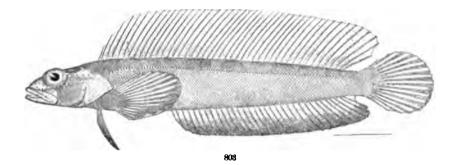


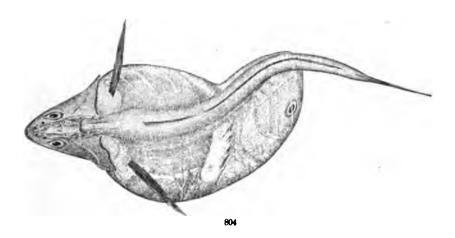


800, 800a. Opisthognathus macrognathum. (P. 2281.) 801. Gnathypops maxillosa. (P. 2284.)

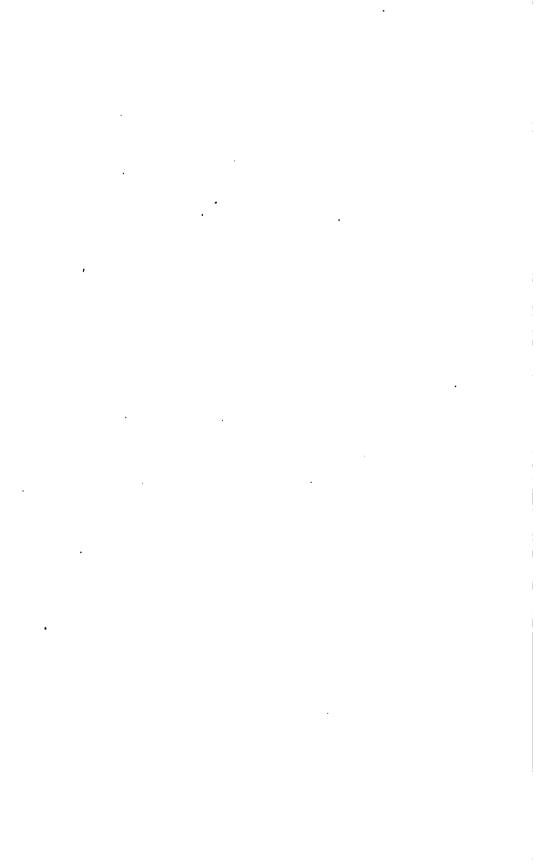
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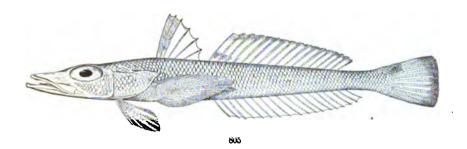


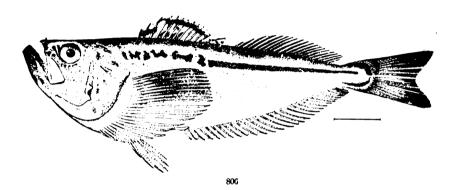


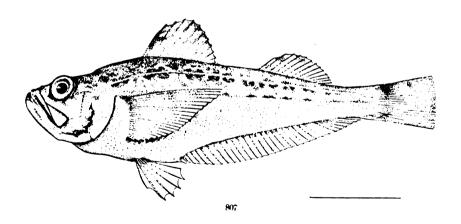


802. BATHYMASTER SIGNATUS. (P. 2288.) 803. RONQUILUS JORDANI. (P. 2289.) 804. CHIASMODON NIGER. (P. 2291.)



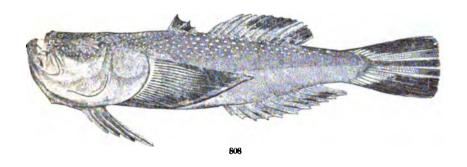


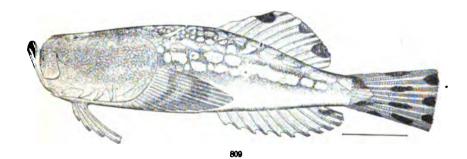




805. Hypsicometes gobioides. (P. 2294.) 806. Trichodon trichodon. (P. 2295.) 807. Arctoscopus japonicus. (P. 2297.)

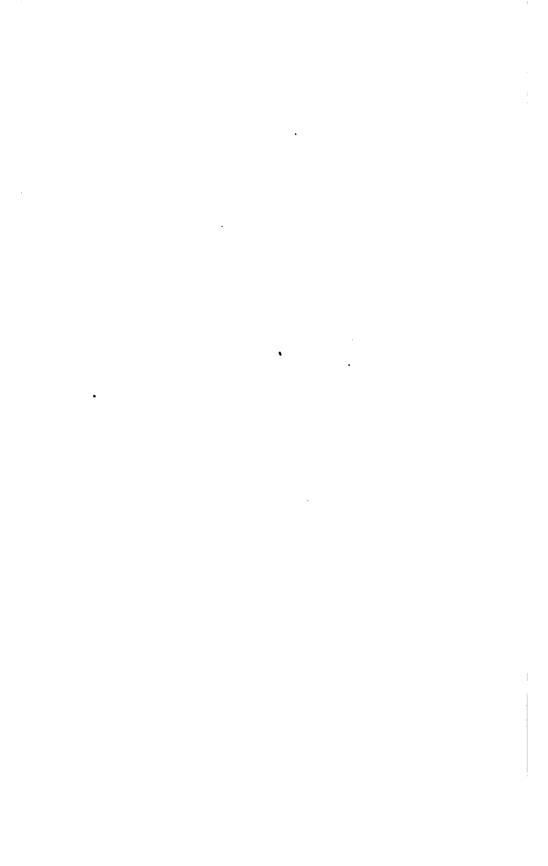


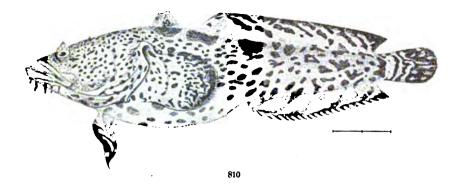


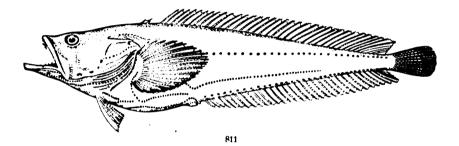


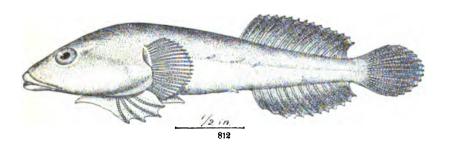


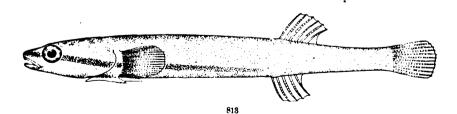
808. Astroscopus y.græcum. (P. 2307.) 809, 809a. Kathetostoma albigutta. (P. 2312.)





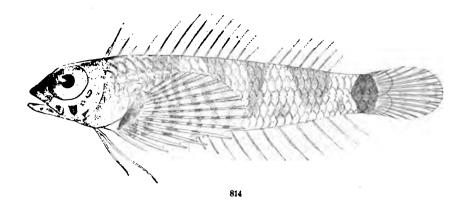


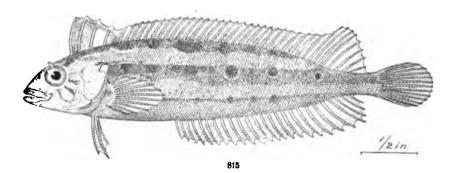


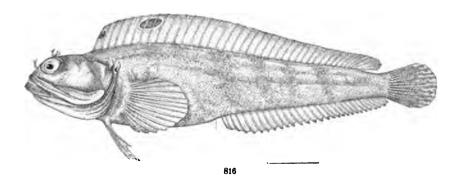


- 810. Opsanus pardus. (P. 2316.) 811. Porichthys porosissimus. (P. 2319.) 812. Caularchus mæandricus. (P. 2328.) 813. Rimicola muscarum. (P. 2338.)



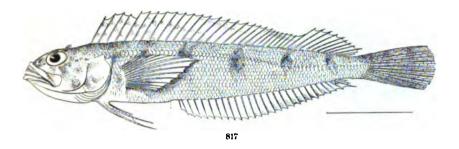


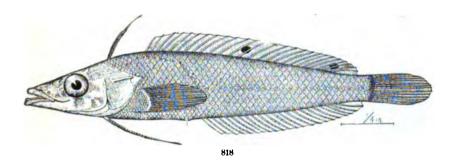


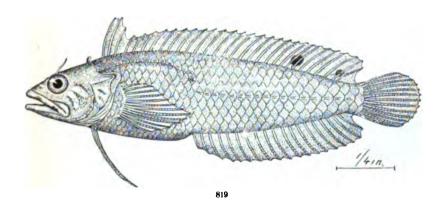


- 814. Enneanectes carminalis. (P. 2350.) 815. Gibbonsia elegans evides. (P. 2352.) 816. Neoclinus satiricus. (P. 2355.)

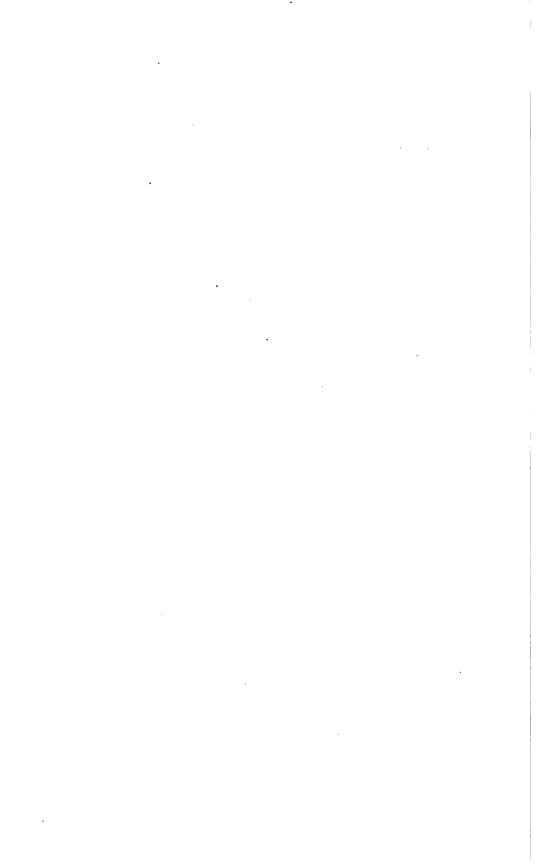


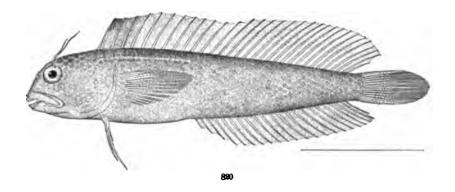


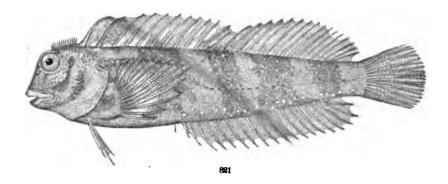


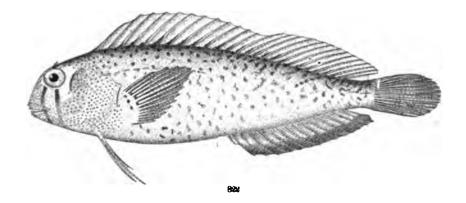


817. CRYPTOTREMA CORALLINUM. (P. 2366.) 818. EXERPES ASPER. (P. 2367.) 819. AUCHENOPTERUS NOX. (P. 2373.)



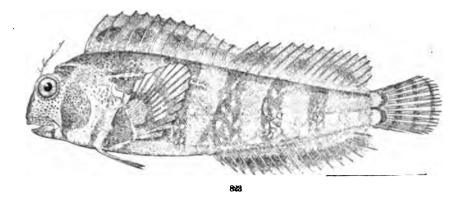


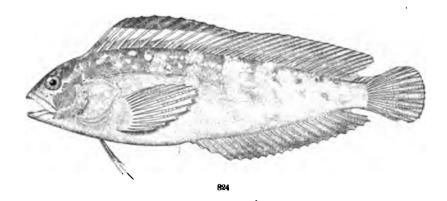


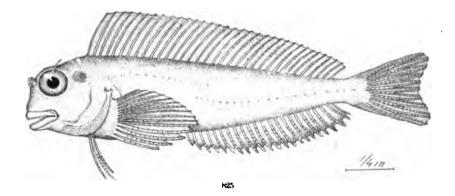


820. Blennius favosus. (P. 2380.) 821. Blennius cristatus. (P. 2382.) 822. Hypsoblennius ionthas. (P. 2388.)

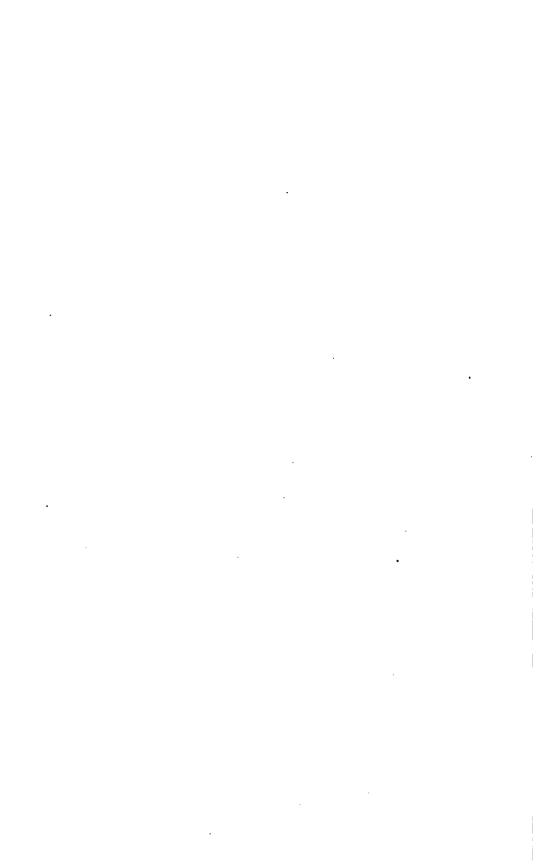


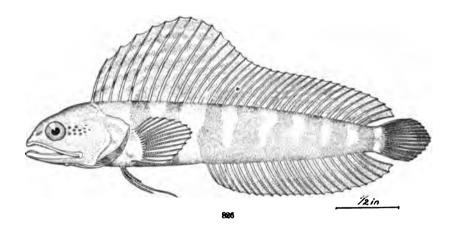






823. Hypsoblennius hentz. (P. 2390.) 824. Chasmodes saburræ. (P. 2392.) 825. Rupiscartes atlanticus. (P. 2397.)

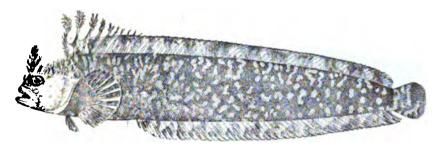




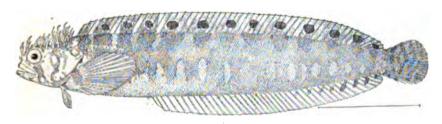


826. Emblemaria atlantica. (P. 2402.) 827. Stathmonotus hemphilli. (P. 2407.)





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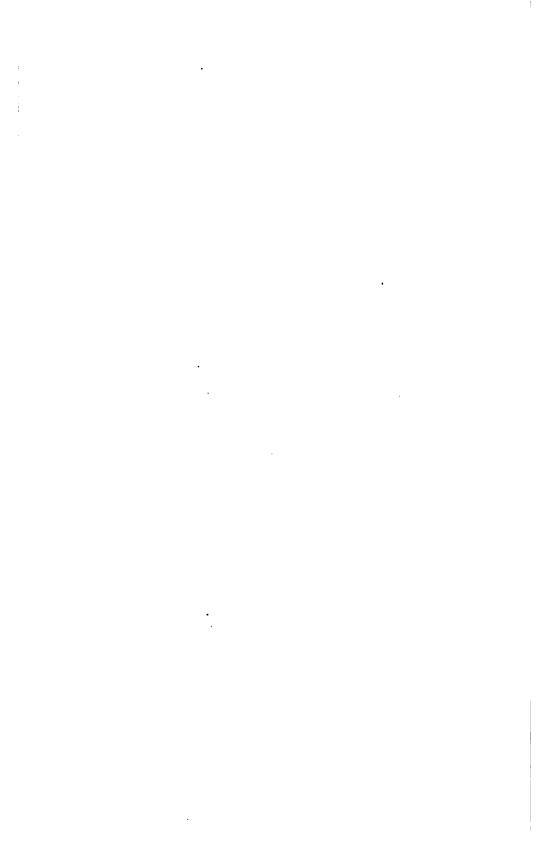


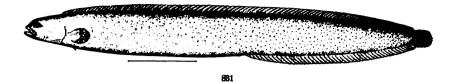
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828. BRYOSTEMA POLYACTOCEPHALUM. (P. 2408.) 829. BRYOSTEMA NUGATOR. (P. 2410.) 830. APODICHTHYS FLAVIDUS. (P. 2411.)





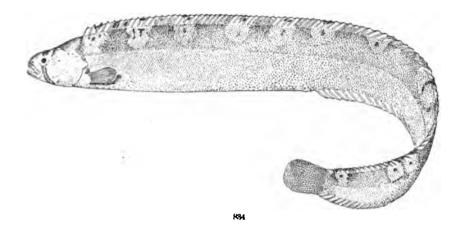


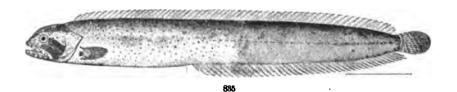
882



831. PHOLIS DOLICHOGASTER. (P. 2416.) 832. PHOLIS GUNNELLUS. (P. 2419.) 833. PHOLIS ORNATUS. (P. 2419.)

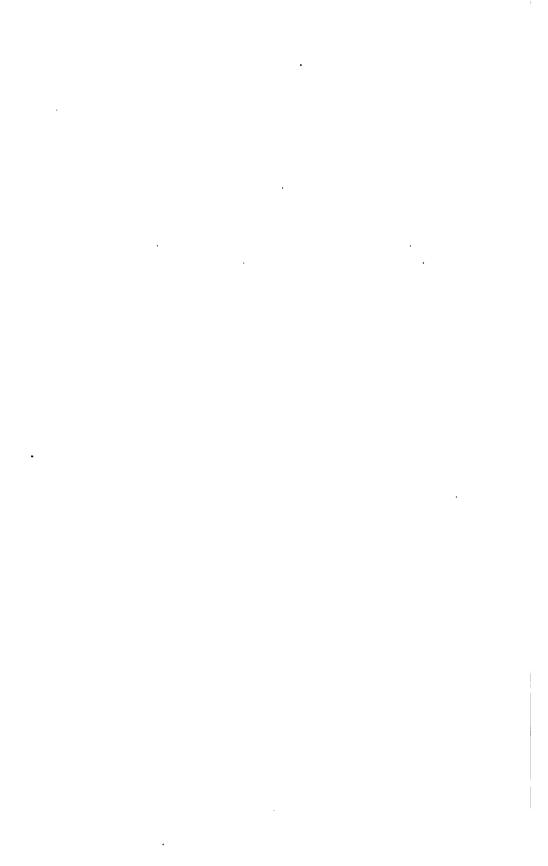
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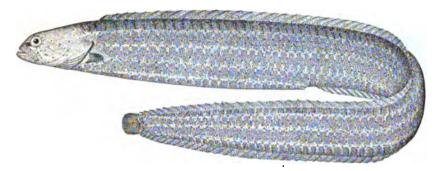


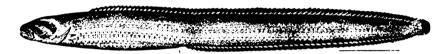




834. ASTERNOPTERYX GUNNELLIFORMIS. (P. 2420.) 835. Anoplarchus atropurpureus. (P. 2422.) 836. Xiphistes ulvæ. (P. 2423.)







838



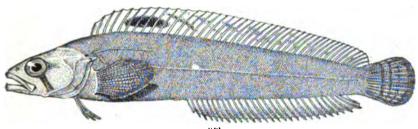


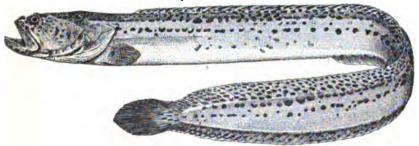
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837. XIPHISTES CHIRUS. (P. 2424.) 838. XIPHIDION RUPESTRE. (P. 2426.) 839. LUMPENUS MACKAYI. (P. 2436.) 840. LUMPENUS LAMPETRÆFORMIS. (P. 2438.)







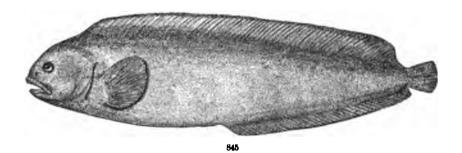


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841. STICHÆUS PUNCTATUS. (P. 2439.) 842. ULVARIA SUBBIFURCATA. (P. 2440.) 843. CRYPTACANTHODES MACULATUS. (P. 2443.)

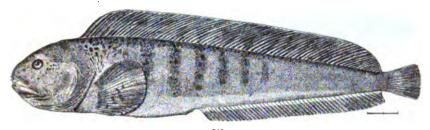






844. Lyconectes albutensis. (P. 2444.) 845. Anarhichas latifrons. (P. 2446.)

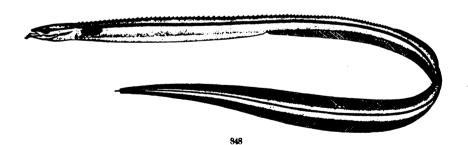




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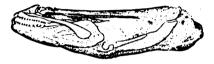
847



846. Anarhichas lupus. (P. 2446.) 847. Anarhichas lepturus. (P. 2447.) 848. Ptilichthys goodei. (P. 2452.)







849a



849ბ



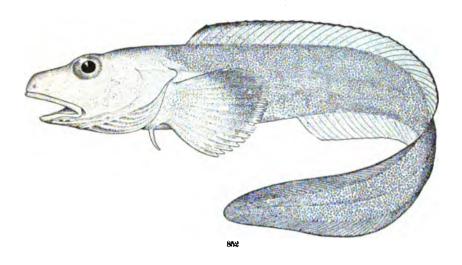
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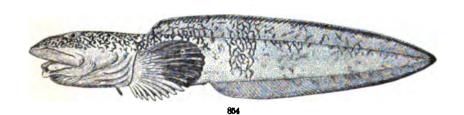
851

849, 849a, 849b. SCYTALINA CERDALE. (P. 2454.) 850. ZOARCES ANGUILLARIS. (P. 2457.) 851. EMBRYX CROTALINUS. (P. 2458.)

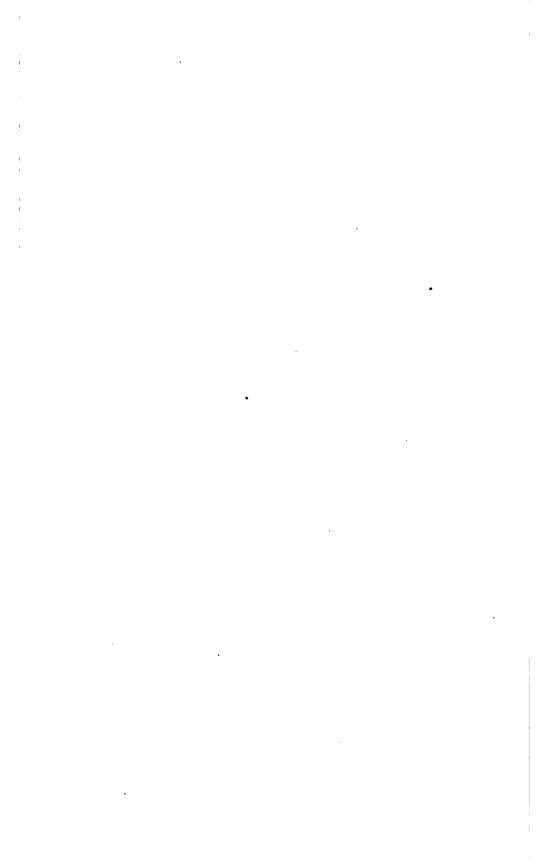
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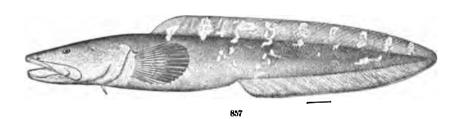


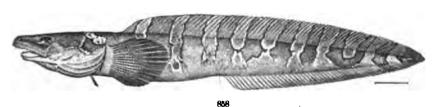
852. APRODON CORTEZIANUS. (P. 2461.) 853. LYCODES ZOARCHUS. (P. 2464.) 854. LYCODES RETICULATUS. (P. 2465.)



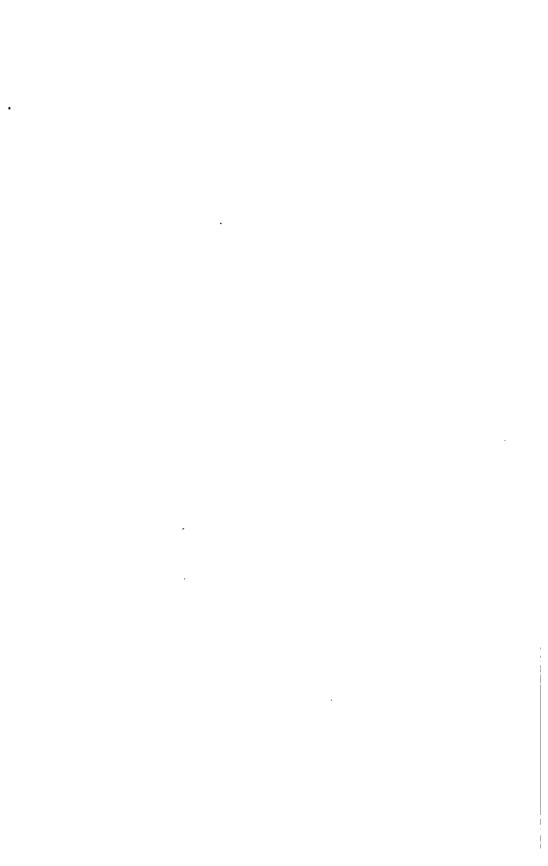








855. LYCODES PERSPICILLUM. (P. 2465.) 856. LYCODES FRIGIDUS. (P. 2465.) 857. LYCODALEPIS POLARIS. (P. 2468.) 858. LYCODALEPIS TURNERI. (P. 2468.)







860



860a



860c



8604



8605



861

859. LYCENCHELYS VERRILLII. (P. 2470.) 860, 860a, 860b, 860c, 860d. LYCENCHELYS PAXILLUS. (P. 2471.) 861. FURCIMANUS DIAPTERUS. (P. 2472.)









864



864a



864b



864c

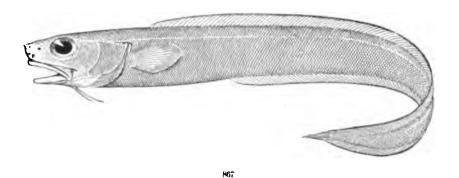


865

862. Lycodonus mirabilis. (P. 2474.) 863. Lyconema barbatum. (P. 2474.) 864, 864*a*, 864*b*, 864*c*. Gymnelis viridis. (P. 2477.) 865. Melanostigma pammelas. (P. 2479.)

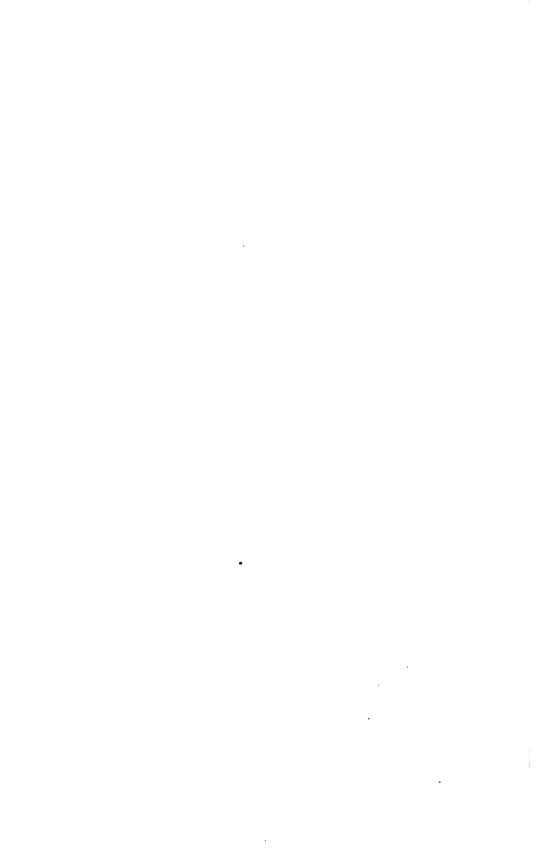
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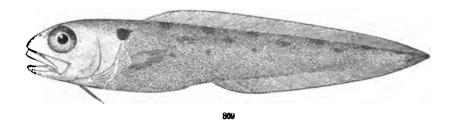




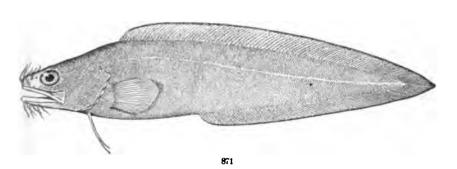


866. LEPOPHIDIUM MARMORATUM. (P. 2482.) 867. LEPOPHIDIUM PROFUNDORUM. (P. 2484.) 868. RISSOLA MARGINATA. (P. 2489.)



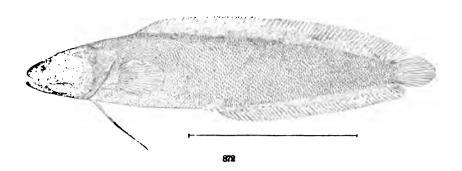


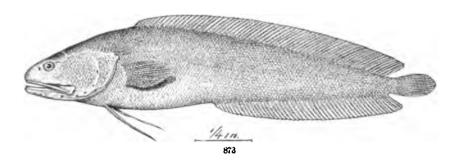


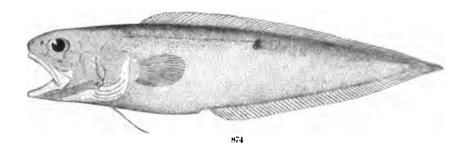


869. Otophidium omostigmum. (P. 2490.) 870. Lycodapus dermatinus. (P. 2492.) 871. Brotula barbata. (P. 2500.)

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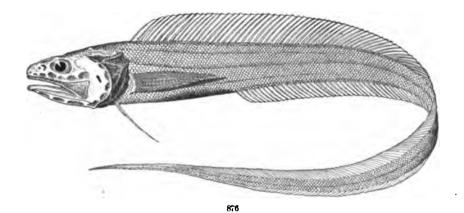




872. OGILBIA VENTRALIS. (P. 2503.) 873. OGILBIA CAYORUM. (P. 2503.) 874. DICROMITA AGASSIZII. (P. 2506.)





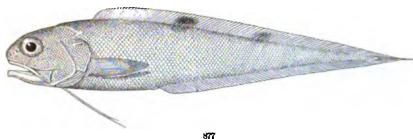


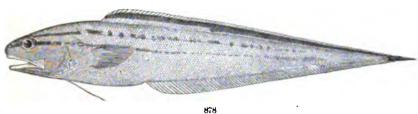


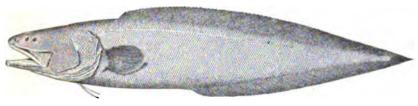
876a

875. BASSOZETUS NORMALIS. (P. 2507.) 876, 876a. BASSOZETUS CATENA. (P. 2509.)

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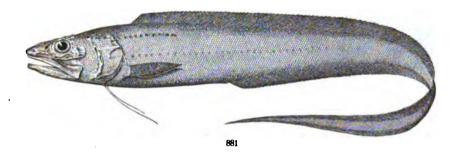


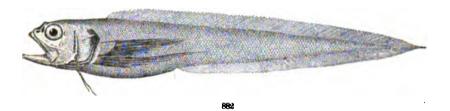


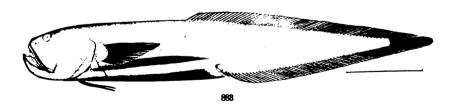
840

877. NEOBYTHITES GILLII. (P. 2512.) 878. NEOBYTHITES MARGINATUS. (P. 2513.) 879. Bassogigas gillii. (P. 2515.) 880. Barathrodemus manatinus. (P. 2517.)



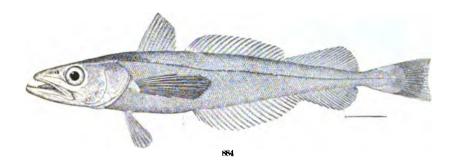


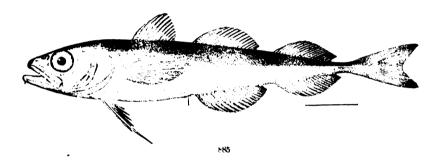


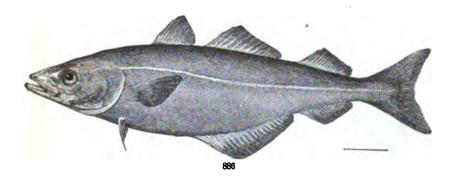


881. POROGADUS MILES. (P. 2520.) 882. DICROLENE INTRONIGRA. (P. 2522.) 883. BARATHRONUS BICOLOR. (P. 2524.)







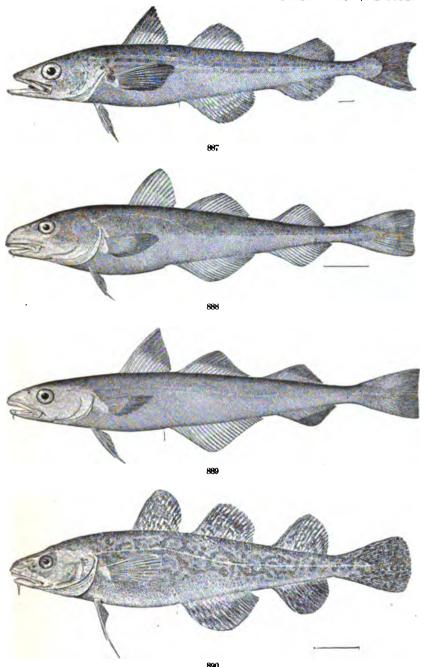


884. Merluccius productus. (P. 2531.) 885. Borogadus saida. (P. 2533.) 886. Pollachius virens. (P. 2534.)



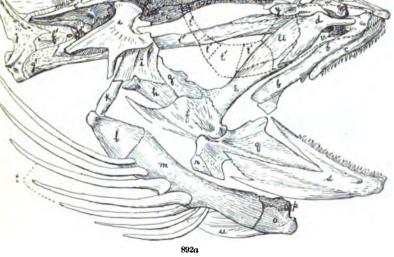


BULLETIN NO. 47, PL. CCCLX

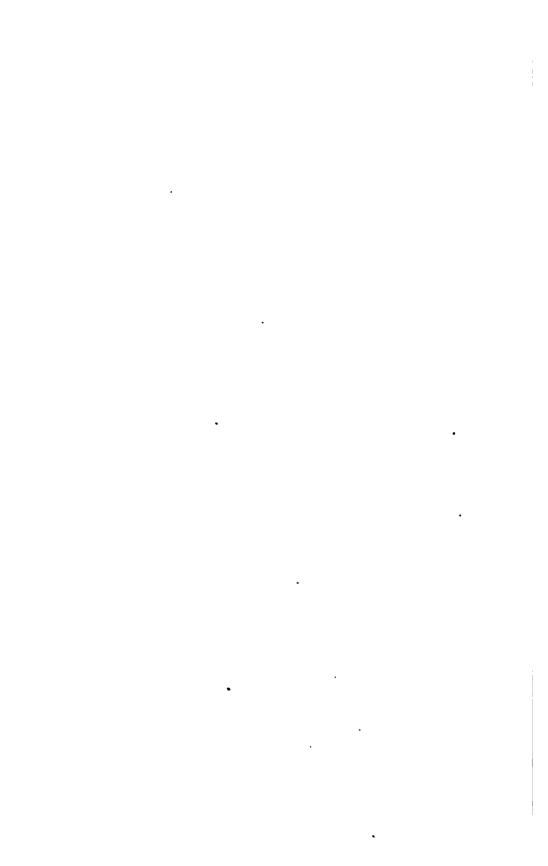


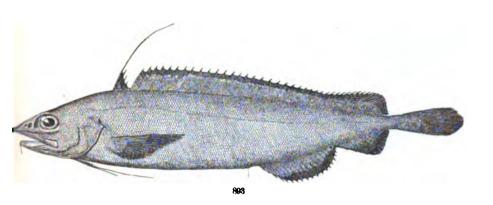
887. THERAGRA CHALCOGRAMMA. (P. 2535.) 888. ELEGINUS NAVAGA. (P. 2537.) 889. MICROGADUS PROXIMUS. (P. 2539.) 890. MICROGADUS TOMCOD. (P. 2540.)



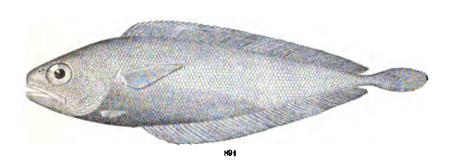


891. Gadus collarias. (P. 2541.) 892. Melanogrammus leglefinus, (P. 2542.) 892a. Melanogrammus leglefinus; skull. (P. 2542.)



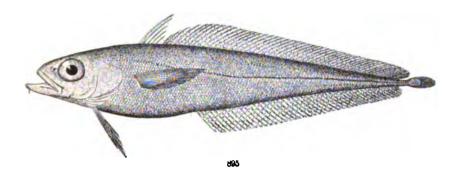


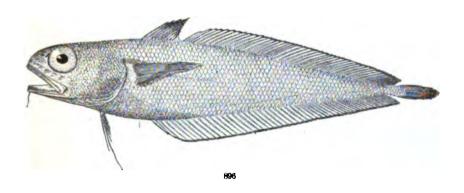




893, 893a. Antimora viola. (P. 2544.) 894. Uraleptus malardi. (P. 2545.)



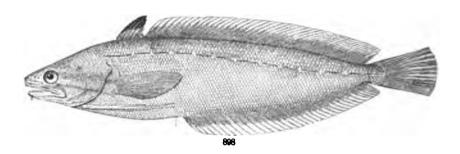


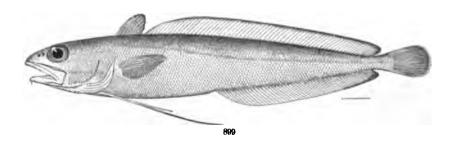


895. LOTELLA MAXILLARIS. (P. 2546.) 896. Physiculus fulvus. (P. 2547.)

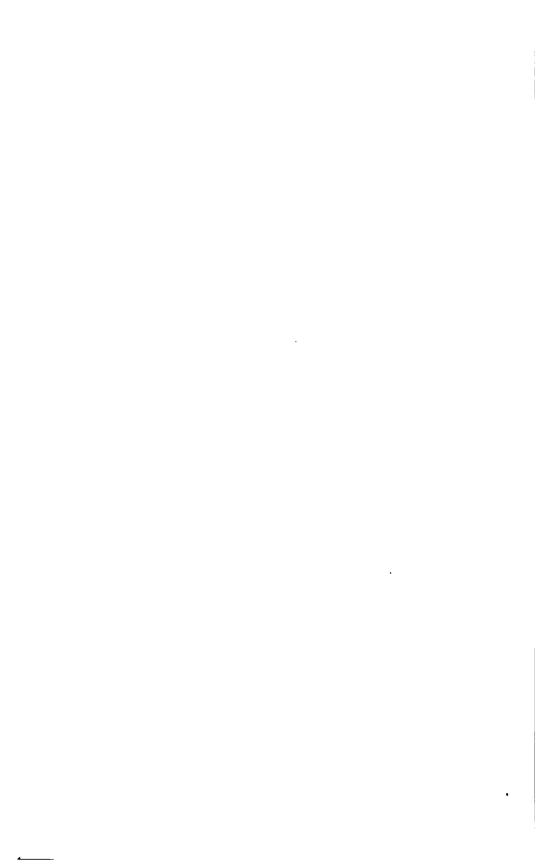
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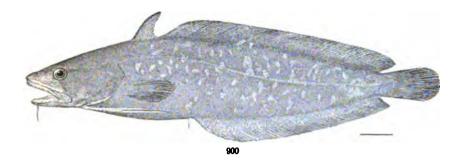


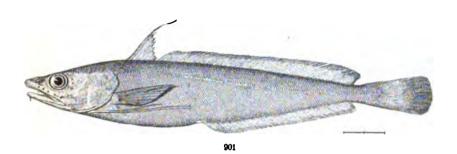


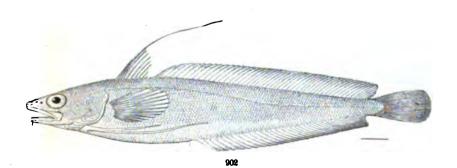


897. LOTA MACULOSA. (P. 2550.) 898. UROPHYCIS REGIUS. (P. 2553.) 899. UROPHYCIS CIRRATUS. (P. 2553.)



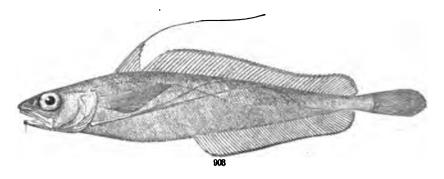


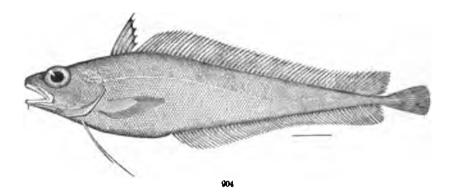


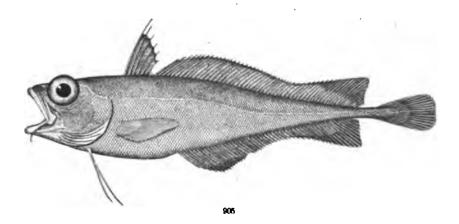


900. UROPHYCIS EARLLI. (P. 2554.) 901. UROPHYCIS TENUIS. (P. 2555.) 902. UROPHYCIS CHUSS. (P. 2555.)

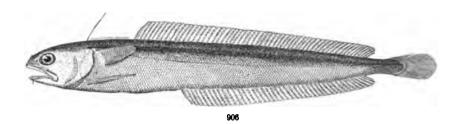


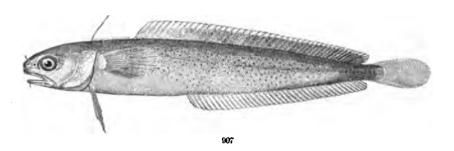


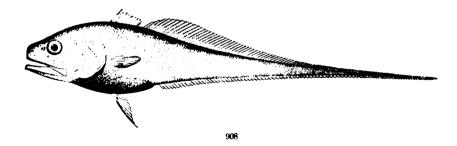




903. UROPHYCIS CHESTERI. (P. 2556.) 904. LEMONEMA BARBATULUM. (P. 2556.) 905. LEMONEMA MBLANURUM. (P. 2557.) . •

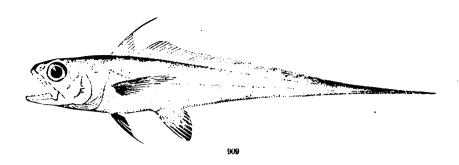


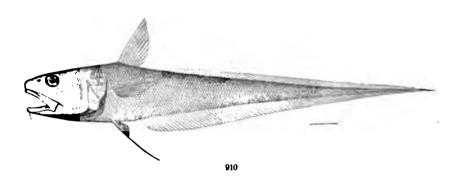


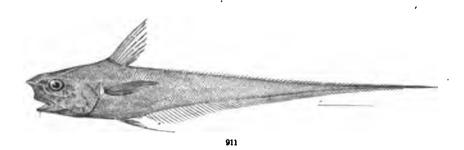


906. GAIRDROPSARUS ARGENTATUS. (P. 2559.) 907. ENCHELYOPUS CIMBRIUS. (P. 2560.) 908. BATHYGADUS FAVOSUS. (P. 2565.)



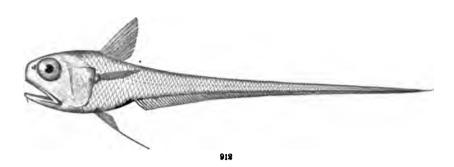


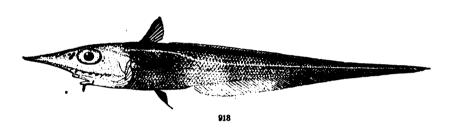


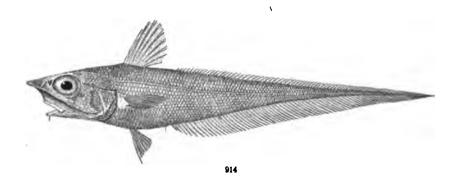


909. STEINDACHNERIA ARGENTEA. (P. 2568.) 910. CHALINURA SIMULA. (P. 2578.) 911. CORYPHÆNOIDES CARAPINUS. (P. 2579.)

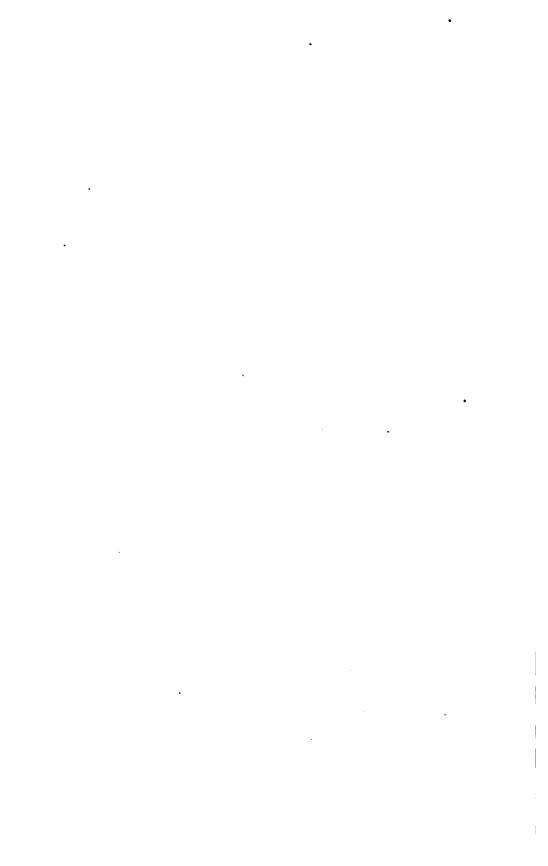


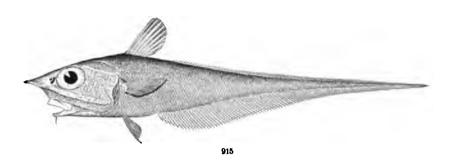


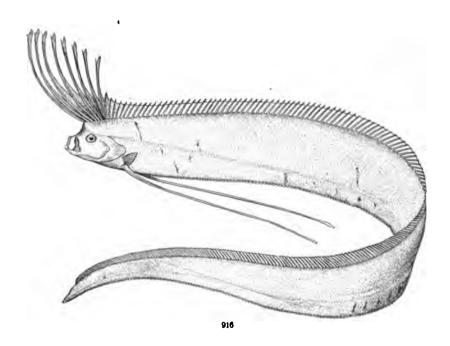




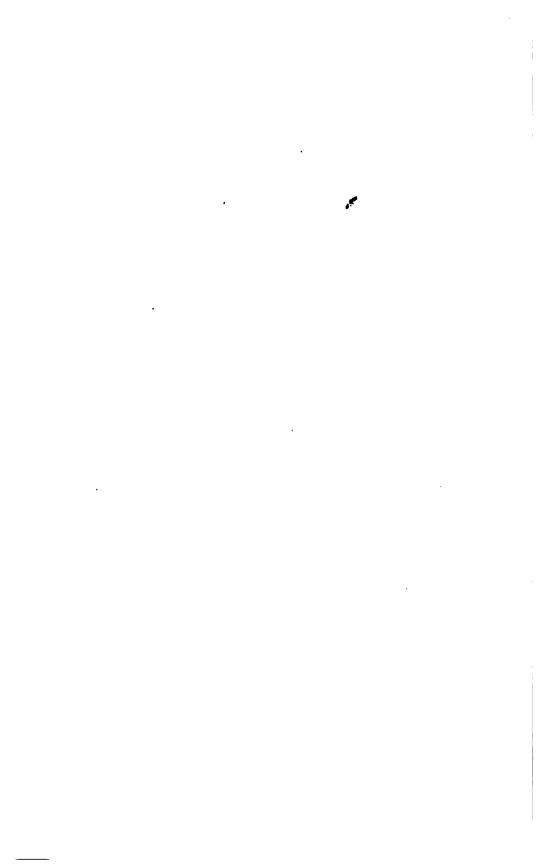
912. Hymenocephalus cavernosus. (P. 2580.) 913. Cœlorhynchus occa. (P. 2588.) 914. Cœlorhynchus carminatus. (P. 2588.)

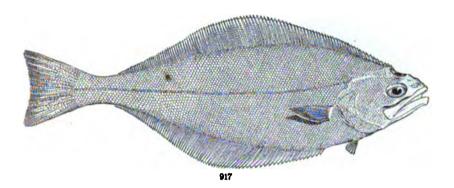


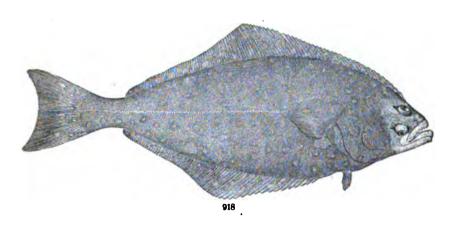




915. CŒLORHYNCHUS CARIBBÆUS. (P. 2589.) 916. REGALECUS GLESNE. (P. 2596.)

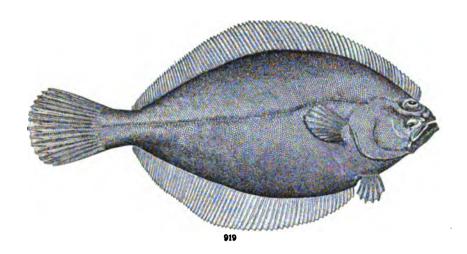


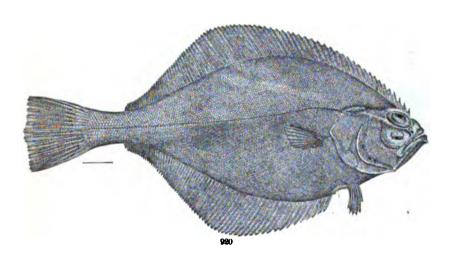




917. ATHERESTHES STOMIAS. (P. 2609.) 918. HIPPOGLOSSUS HIPPOGLOSSUS. (P. 2611.)

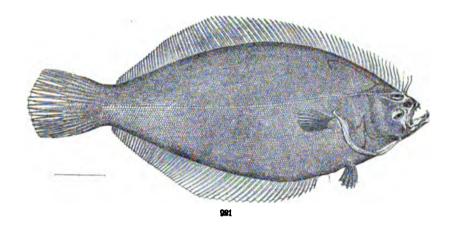
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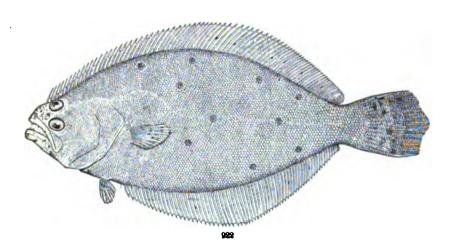




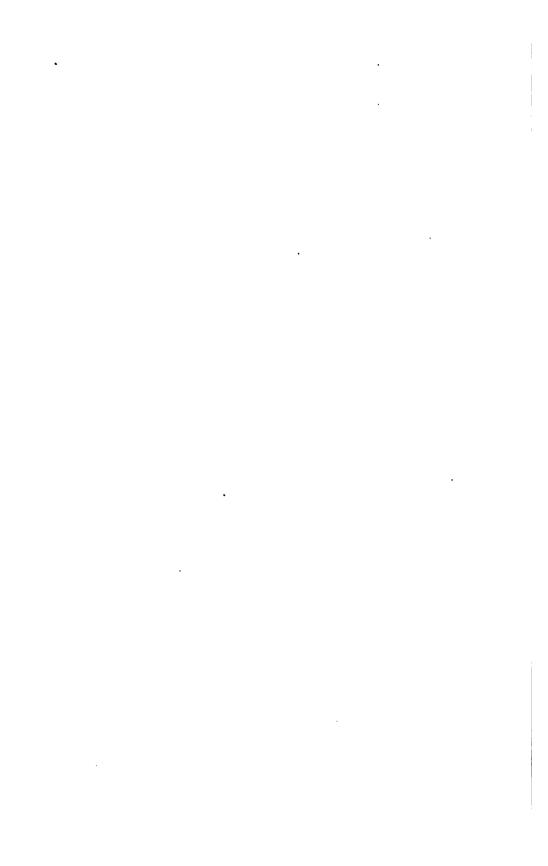
919. HIPPOGLOSSOIDES PLATESSOIDES. (P. 2614.) 920. HIPPOGLOSSOIDES ELASSODON. (P. 2615.)

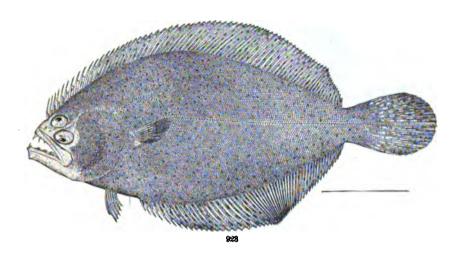
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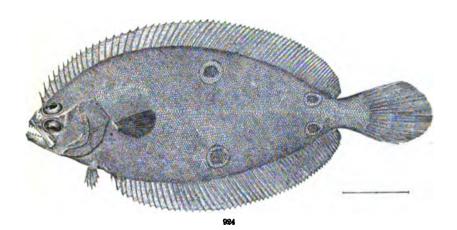




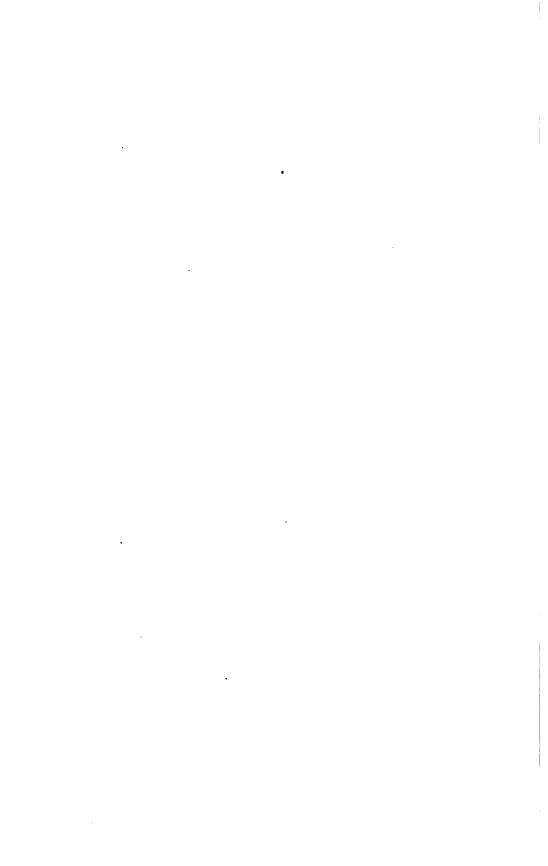
921. PSRTTICHTHYS MELANOSTICTUS. (P. 2618.) 922. PARALICHTHYS DENTATUS. (P. 2629.)

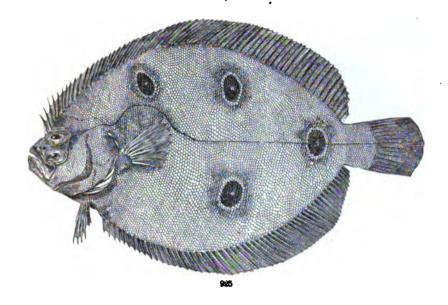


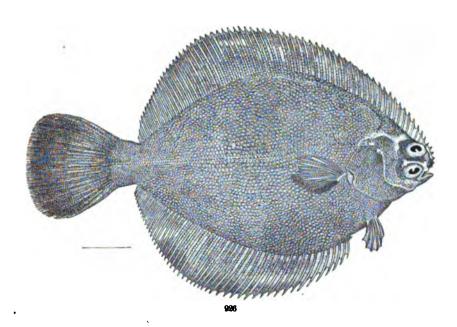




923. Paralichthys squamilentus. (P. 2631.) 924. Paralichthys oblongus. (P. 2632.)

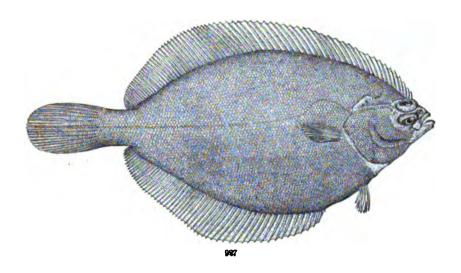


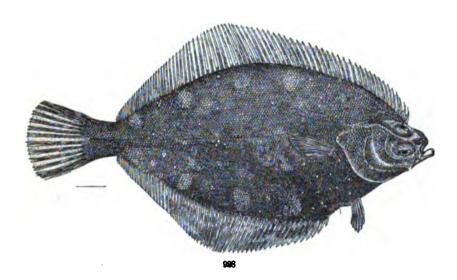




925. Ancylopsetta quadrocellata. (P. 2634.) 926. Pleuronichthys decurrens. (P. 2637.)

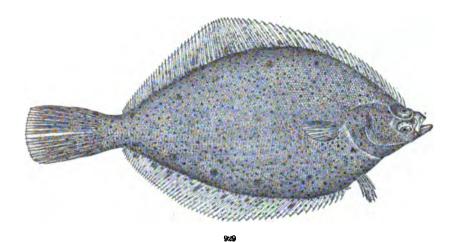


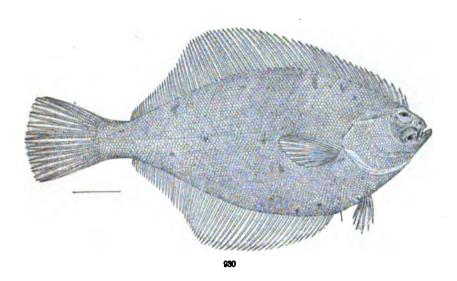




927. Inopsetta ischyra. (P. 2641.) 928. Lepidopsetta bilineata. (P. 2643.)

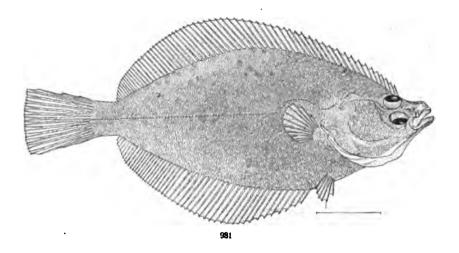


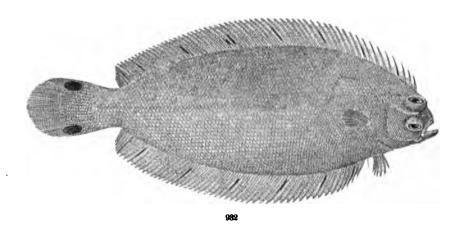




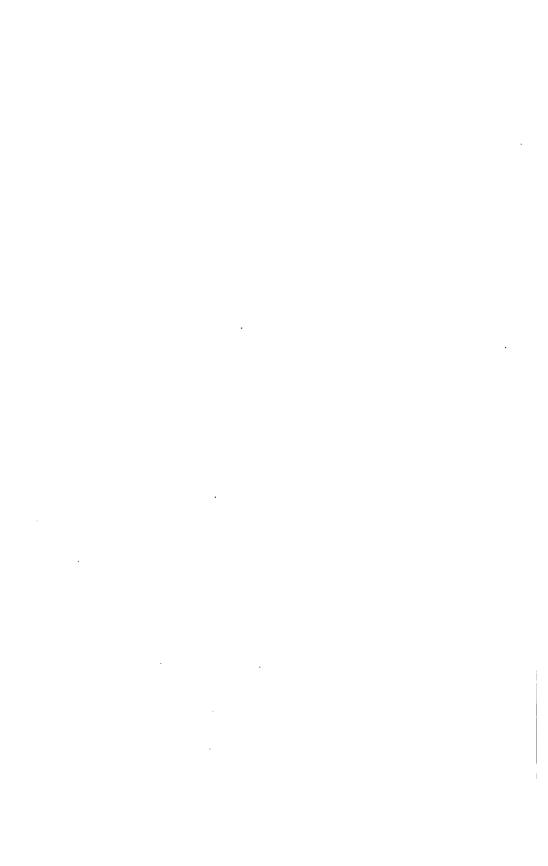
929. Limanda ferruginea. (P. 2644.) 930. Limanda aspera. (P. 2645.)

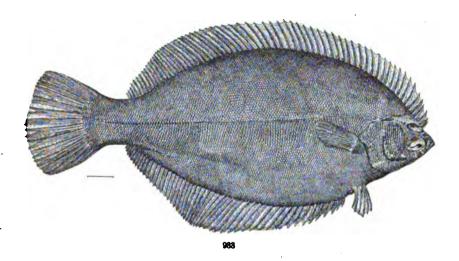


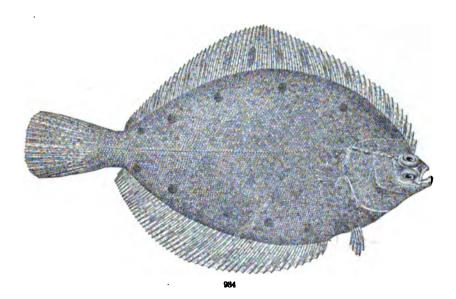




931. LIMANDA PROBOSCIDEA. (P. 2645.) 932. LIMANDA BEANII. (P. 2646.)

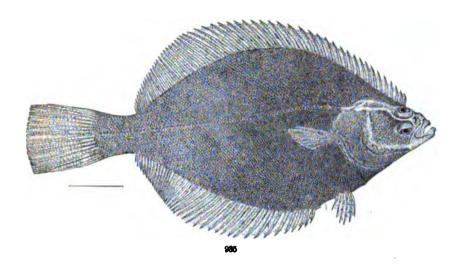


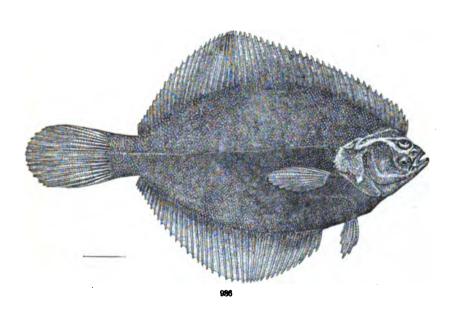




933. PSEUDOPLEURONECTES AMERICANUS. (P. 2647.) 934. PLEURONECTES QUADRITUBERCULATUS. (P. 2648.)

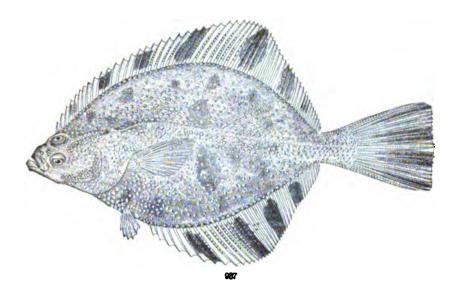
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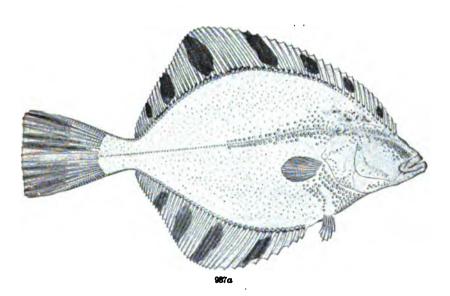




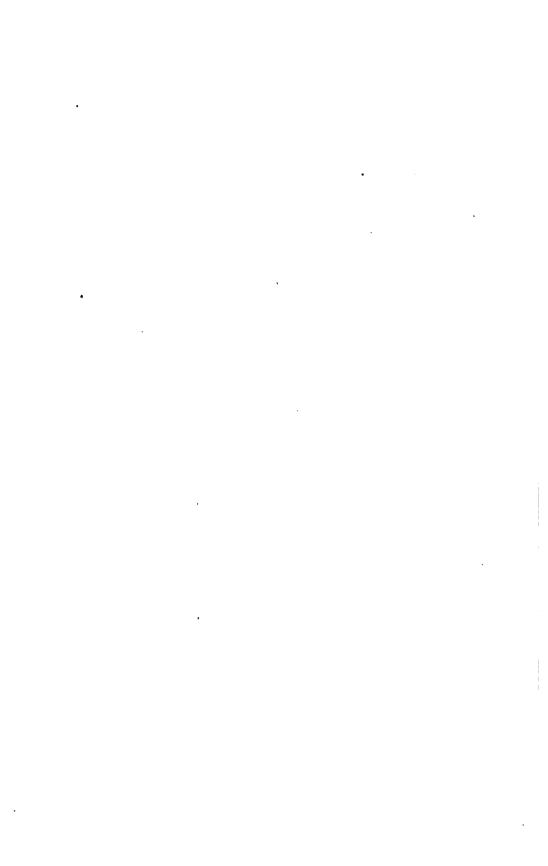
935. LIOPSETTA GLACIALIS. (P. 2649.) 936. LIOPSETTA PUTNAMI. (P. 2650.)

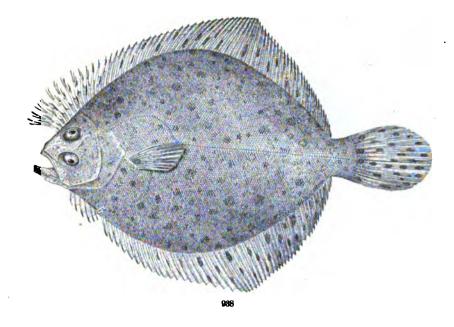
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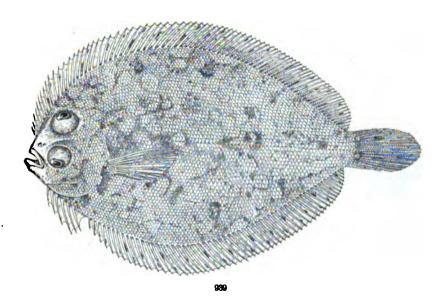




937, 937a. PLATICHTHYS STELLATUS. (P. 2652.)

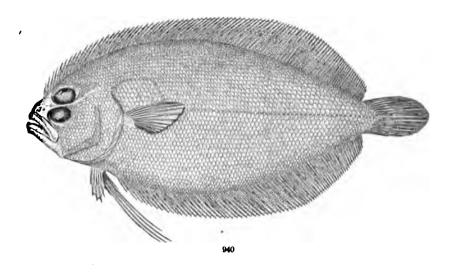


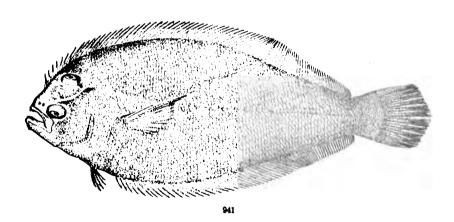




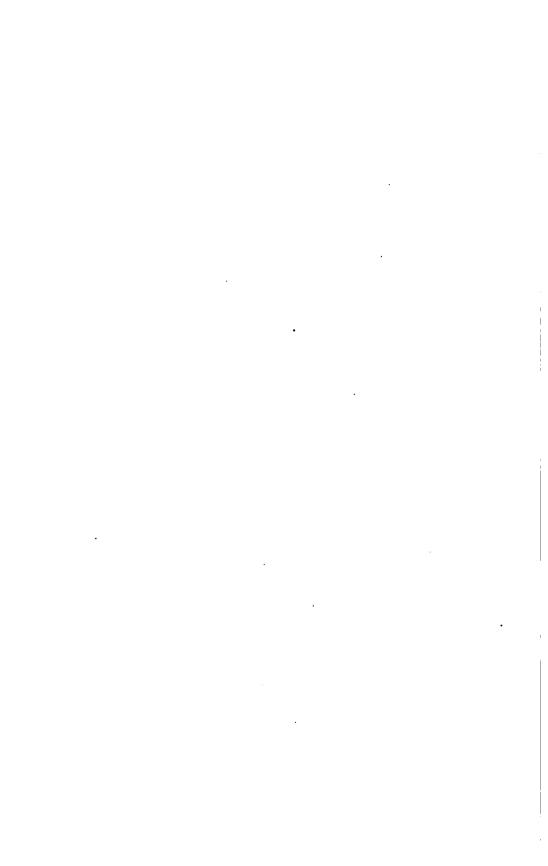
938. LOPHOPSETTA MACULATA. (P. 2660.) 939. PLATOPHRYS OCELLATUS. (P. 2663.)

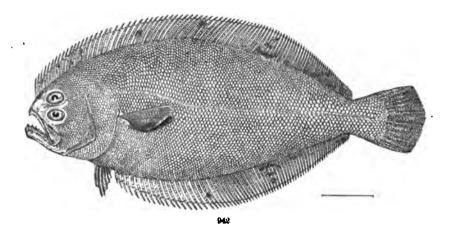


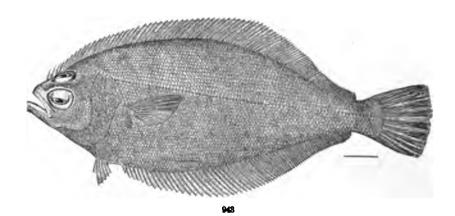




940. TRICHOPSETTA VENTRALIS. (P. 2669.) 941. SYACIUM PAPILLOSUM. (P. 2671.)

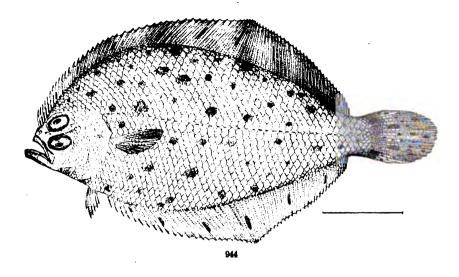


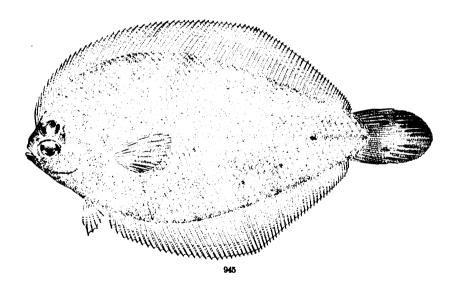




942. Azevia panamensis. (P. 2677.) 943. Citharichthys sordidus (P. 2679.)

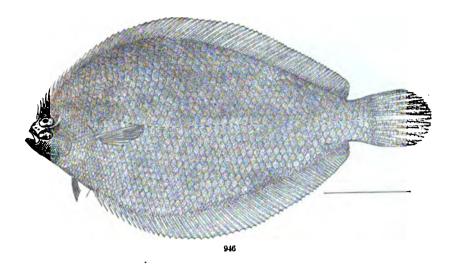


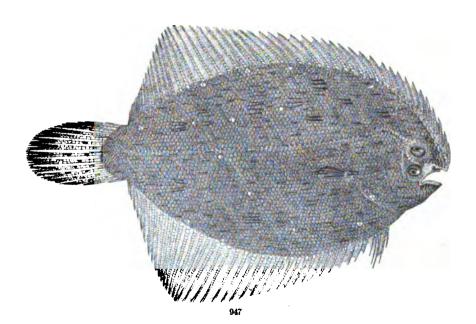




944. CITHARICHTHYS MACROPS. (P. 2684.) 945. ETROPUS RIMOSUS. (P. 2688.)

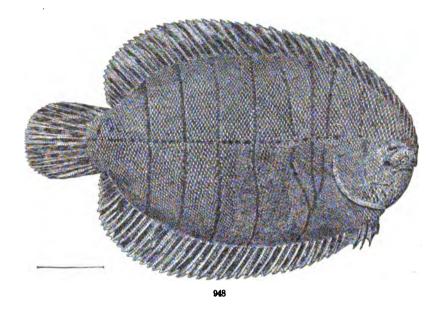


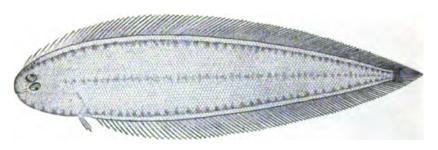




946. Etropus crossotus. (P. 2689.) 947. Achirus lineatus. (P. 2697.)

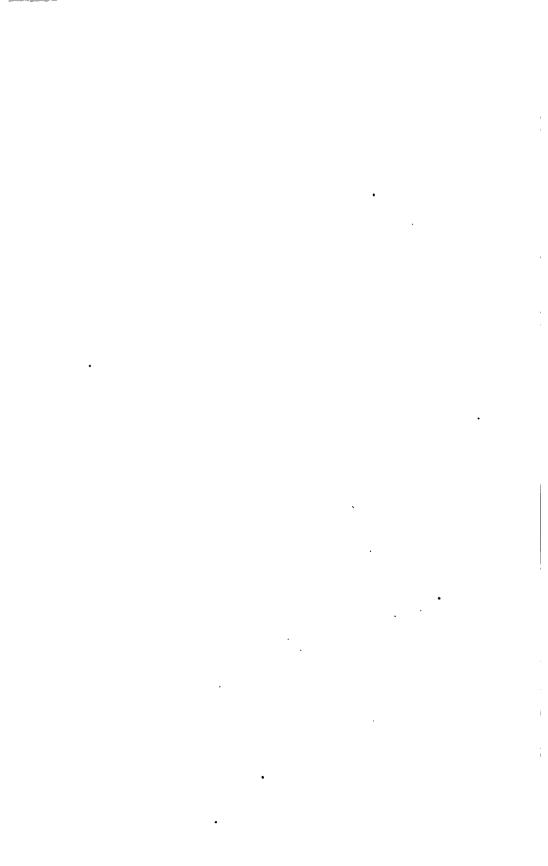


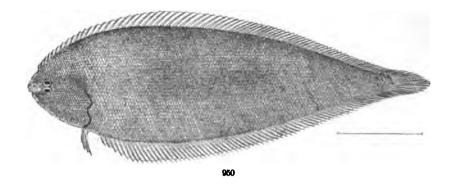


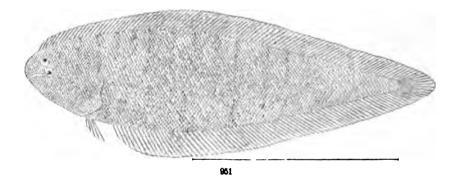


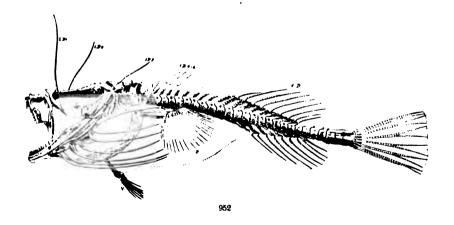
949

948. Achirus fasciatus. (P. 2700.) 949. Symphurus marginatus. (P. 2706.)



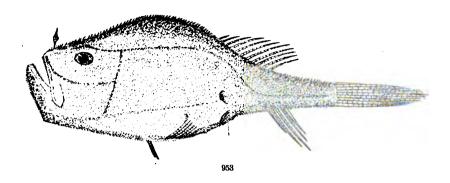


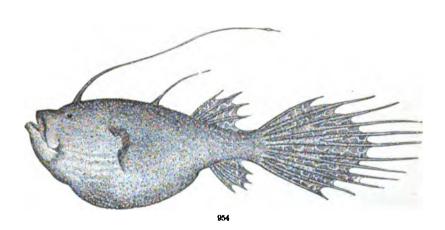




950. Symphurus plagiusa. (P. 2710.) 951. Symphurus williamsi. (P. 2711.) 952. Lophius piscatorius. (P. 2713.)

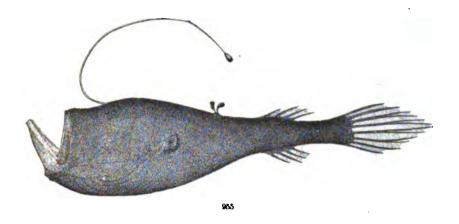


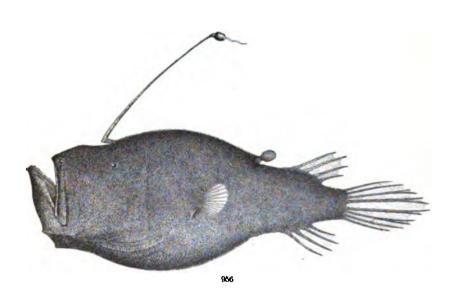




953. Chaunax pictus. (P. 2726.) 954. Ceratias holbolli. (P. 2729.)

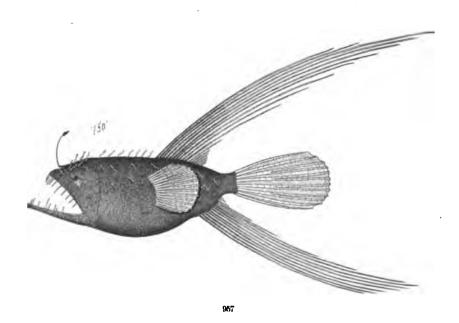
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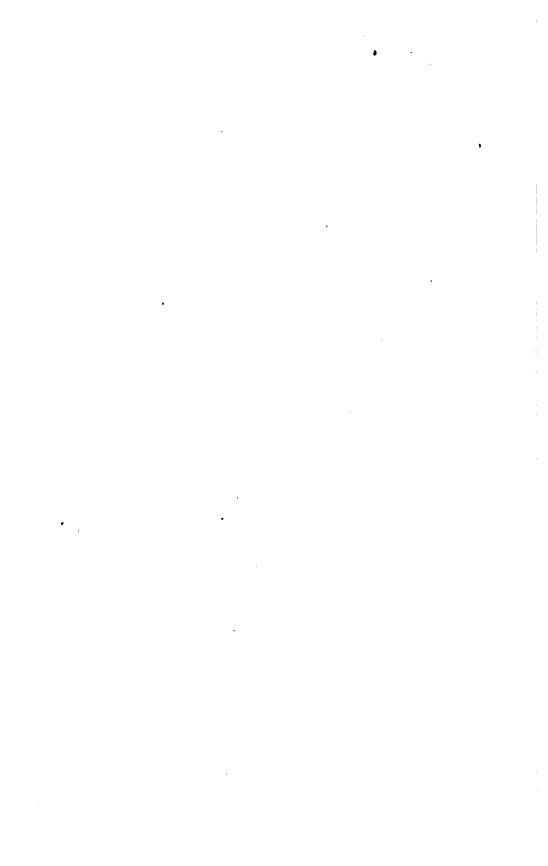


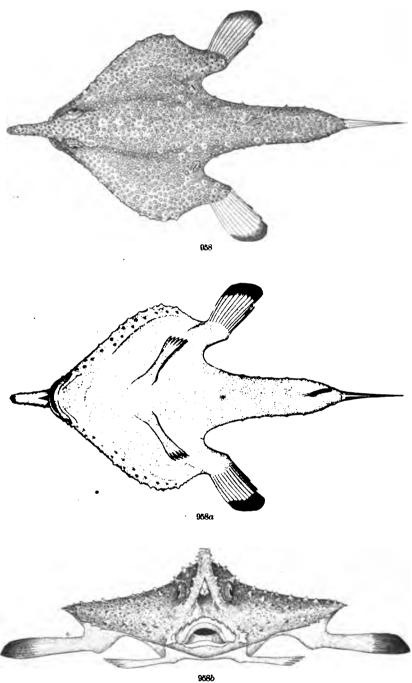
955. Mancalias shufeldti. (P. 2730.) 956. Cryptopsaras couesii. (P. 2731.)

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957. CAULOPHRYNE JORDANI. (P. 2735.)

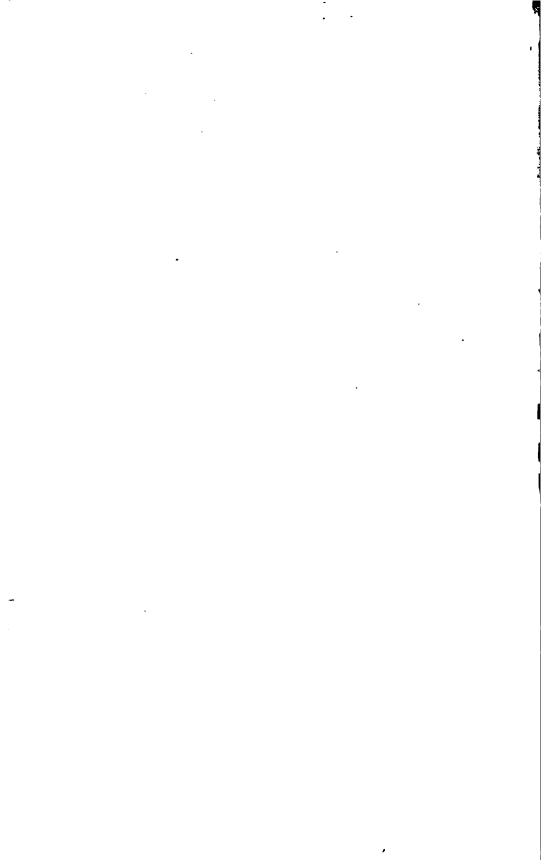


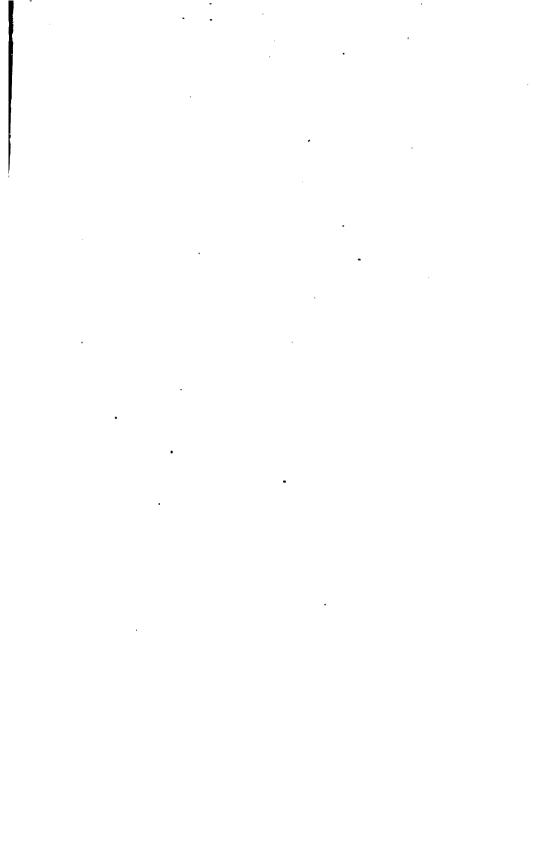


958, 958a, 958b. Ogcockphalus vespertilio. (P. 2737.)

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